"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; west and southwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 67; Min., 45.
☞ For weather report see page 30 last page.

VOL. LXXIV... No. 24,381. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1924. TWO CENTS In Greater New York; THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles; FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

SLUSH FUND DATA GIVEN IN SECRET BY UNTERMYER

Counsel, Declaring New Story Sensational, Reveals It to Borah Committee.

IS NOT YET CORROBORATED

Would Greatly Hurt Republicans, if True, He Says—May Be Given Out Monday.

ATTERBURY IS A WITNESS

Insists on Pennsylvania Road's Right to Attack La Follette on Menus.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 24.—Samuel Untermyer, counsel for Senator La Follette, brought to the attention of the Senate campaign fund investigating committee this afternoon a line of testimony which, he said, was of such startling character that it would greatly injure the Republican Party if it could be substantiated.

Then he went on: "There are two witnesses and also an affidavit or two. The story seems to be borne out strongly by circumstantial evidence in hand so far. It may or may not turn out to be true. I do not care to take the responsibility of spreading this before the country until the committee has run down leads these witnesses will be able to give you."

Mr. Untermyer then asked that two witnesses from Chicago be heard behind closed doors.

"We will hear your statement in executive session," ruled Chairman Borah, "but if witnesses are heard it will be at an open session Monday."

After a secret session lasting half an hour Chairman Borah said: "The matter is still under consideration."

It was made known that under an agreement at the secret meeting no member of the committee would discuss the new development. Mr. Untermyer and Frank P. Walsh, attorneys for Senator La Follette, also declined to talk about it.

It was indicated by members of the committee, however, that the circumstantial evidence submitted was of high importance and if corroborated by the "leads" furnished today there might be startling disclosures Monday. It is a remarkable story if it is corroborated, newspaper men were told.

It is believed that witnesses from Chicago and other places will be summoned and that a mass of telegrams will be demanded from telegraph companies.

Four Witnesses Are Examined.

At the hearing today, W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad; George W. Simmons, Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals Bank of New York City, and Dr. David A. Ferguson and Joseph R. Pollock, two colored representatives of the "lily-black" wing of the Republican Party in Virginia, were examined. The inquiry was then adjourned until next week.

Mr. Atterbury's testimony concerned the right of the Pennsylvania Railroad to print on the back of its dining car menus editorial expressions opposing La Follette as President. Mr. Atterbury took the position that the road was entirely justified in printing this matter, but some of the committee members and the La Follette counsel criticised him pointedly, not only from a standpoint of moral right, but because they did not think "the people's money" should be used for this purpose. They meant, they said, that the people eventually paid for this printed matter in freight and passenger fares.

Mr. Untermyer and Mr. Walsh, the La Follette lawyers, asked Mr. Simmons about a letter he had sent out asking for funds. Mr. Simmons replied that he wrote this purely on his own responsibility, that it was directed to junior officers of banks, and that he had collected only $217.

The other two witnesses said that Joseph L. Crupper, Republican State Chairman in Virginia, and head of the "lily-white" faction, of which the President's secretary, C. Bascom Slemp, is a member, had sent them a check for $200 in an effort to conciliate the negro vote.

Brings Up Paid Advertisements.

Mr. Untermyer, in furthering his charge that millions of dollars are being spent by the Republicans for advertising, which is not charged up to the National Committee, offered some page advertisements in newspapers and magazines as evidence. One of these was a full page advertisement from THE NEW YORK TIMES of today headed: "How Much Is $3,000,000?" and stating at the bottom, "The cost of this advertisement has been contributed by Republican advertising men who believe in advertising." Mr. Untermyer ventured the opinion that the advertisement cost between $1,500 and $2,000.

"It is a question whether the money paid for these advertisements is not 'slush funds,'" said Mr. Untermyer. "Certainly, they are used for the Republican cause, and as they are not disbursed by the Republican National Committee, they are not charged against the organization."

A page advertisement in newspapers of articles in The Saturday Evening Post was brought to the attention of the committee by the La Follette counsel, who asked that Cyrus H. K. Curtis, head of the Curtis Publishing Company, be summoned. Senator Borah agreed to issue the subpoena. In addition to the list of twenty-eight names published this morning the La Follette counsel will

Continued on Page Seven.

GADSKI-TAKKA-TAKKA.
Mme. Johanna Gadski makes her first vaudeville appearance at the Hippodrome next week in a remarkable bill, which includes Takka-Takka, the great Javanese dancer ever exhibited.—Advt.

To Use a $500,000 Device To Stop Trains in Danger

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 24.—The Atlantic City division of the Reading Railroad is being equipped with an automatic train control which will make rear-end collisions practically impossible, according to an announcement made here today. The device will cost $500,000 and will be placed in operation early in 1925.

It consists of a high-tension system along the entire route. It will bring trains to a stop without any action on the part of the engineer when cars enter the danger zone.

SWEEPING VICTORY FORECAST BY DAVIS

He Not Only Predicts His Election, but Also Says Congress Will Be Democratic.

HOME FROM WESTERN TOUR

Bases Opinion on Meetings With Thousands on His 6,000-Mile Journey.

Returning from a second Western trip of approximately six thousand miles, John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, predicted yesterday on his arrival in New York that the Democratic Party would win the Presidential election and elect a majority of both houses of Congress.

Mr. Davis based his optimistic prediction both on his personal observations during the campaign and on information from party leaders throughout the country. He asserted that the large registration was a clear indication of dissatisfaction on the part of the voters with the present Republican Administration and declared that the suggestion that no candidate would receive a majority of the Electoral College and the election would be thrown into the House of Representatives, with the possibility of the election of Governor Charles W. Bryan, was "defeatist propaganda" inspired by Republicans in a "forlorn hope attack" to reclaim some usually Republican States in which the Third Party movement for Senator La Follette had made headway.

Mr. Davis declared that the independent voters of the country had become convinced that the only way to bring about the reforms they demanded was by the election of the Democratic national ticket, as they realized that Senator La Follette could not obtain the 266 electoral votes needed to make him the choice of the Electoral College. The Democratic nominee added that every Democrat who had studied the situation was convinced that the drift in the West and Middle West would not give the Senator the necessary electoral majority.

Renews Pledge of Reforms.

In asserting that the Democrats were certain to elect a majority in the House of Representatives and a majority in the Senate, Mr. Davis renewed his pledge to put his promised legislative reforms into effect as soon as possible. These pledges, as stated in his speeches, include revision of the tariff downward, reduction of taxation, enactment of a farm relief program and development of inland waterways and the cooperation of the United States in international movements to maintain the peace of the world and rehabilitate and stabilize Europe so that foreign markets might be restored to American producers.

During his campaign since early in September, Mr. Davis has traveled more than 13,000 miles and has spoken in seventeen States, New York, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming.

In his statement, given out on his arrival at the Pennsylvania Station, Mr. Davis said:

"The Democratic Party will win the Presidential election. I am firmly convinced of this. I make the claim only after a very careful investigation of the situation—a first-hand inquiry which has taken me more than 12,000 miles. My opinion is not based on what politicians have told me. It comes from direct contact with the individual voters themselves.

"When I first started out to carry to the voters of the country the message of the Democratic Party, the campaign was in its infancy. Even then there were indications that the people were deeply interested. That interest has increased from day to day, until at the present moment the coming election, a week from next Tuesday, is the chief subject of discussion everywhere.

Says Voters Will Order Change.

"When I make the statement that the Democrats will carry the election and will elect their national ticket and a Congress to uphold the new Administration, I do so because of my knowledge of the exact conditions that prevail in this country. Personal contact with the voters has demonstrated that they will not excuse the corruption and maladministration that have prevailed at Washington during the recent years of Republican misrule.

"The people are making ready to order a change. This is indicated probably more than anywhere else in the greatly increased registration reported from one end of the country to the other. It does not take any great familiarity with political affairs to understand that such heavy increase bodes ill to the party in power. When the voters are satisfied it is a very hard task to get them to take an interest in politics. They see little reason for a change and defy the efforts of the party workers to persuade them to qualify to discharge their duties at the polls.

"This year, however, we find reported an increased registration that has astonished the wisest of politicians. It

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ZIEGFELD "KID BOOTS" EDDIE CANTOR, Mary Eaton. Reduced Price Matinee Today! Selwyn Thea.—Advt.

BRITAIN DENOUNCES SOVIET PROPAGANDA IN NOTE TO MOSCOW

Cites Secret Zinoviev Letter to British Reds, Urging Revolution and Subversion of Army.

HOLDS SOVIET RESPONSIBLE

And Says if It Can't Control the Red International It Can't Make Agreements.

DEMANDS ANSWER AT ONCE

London Papers Say Zinoviev Note Leaked Out, Forcing the Government's Hand.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Great Britain today addressed a stiff note to the Russian Soviet Government, denouncing Communist propaganda in this country—of which the evidence is supplied—as a direct breach of Moscow assurances given both at the time recognition was extended and embodied in the treaties now awaiting ratification.

The note was addressed to Christian Rakovsky, Soviet Chargé d'Affaires in London, and was signed by J. D. Gregory, a permanent official of the Foreign Office, "in the absence of the Secretary of State." The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs is Premier MacDonald.

Great Britain holds the Soviet Government responsible for the actions of the Communist International, and the note asserts that there can be no doubt of the connection between the two bodies. It adds that if the Soviet Government cannot control this "irresponsible" Red International it has no right to make agreements, and "no nations will make agreements with it."

With the Foreign Office protest is published a letter from Zinoviev, head of the Red International, marked "very secret." This document, addressed to the British Communist Party, openly orders and incites violence, sedition, subversion of the army and navy, the formation of a nucleus of a Red army and general preparations looking to crippling the nation in war and thus giving the "proletariat the opportunity to turn an imperialist war into a class war."

According to The Daily Mail copies of the letter were delivered to the Foreign Secretary of Premier MacDonald immediately after it was received several weeks ago. It goes on to say:

"On Wednesday afternoon copies were officially circulated by the executive authorities to high officers of the army and navy. A copy of the document came into the possession of The Daily Mails and we felt it our duty to make it public. We circulated printed copies to the other London morning newspapers yesterday afternoon. Later on the Foreign Office decided to issue it together with the protest dated yesterday."

Christian Rakovsky, the Russian Chargé d'Affaires here, suggested tonight that the Zinoviev letter, "at first glance looks like a crude forgery."

Text of the British Note.

The text of the letter of the Chargé d'Affaires of the Soviet Union, as issued by the British Foreign Office tonight, follows:

The Foreign Office,
London, Oct. 24, 1924.

Sir: (1) I have the honor to invite your attention to the enclosed copy of a letter which has been received by the Central Committee of the British Communist Party from the Presidium of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, over the signature of Monsieur Zinoviev, its President, dated Sept. 15. The letter contains instructions to British subjects to work for the violent overthrow of existing institutions in this country, and for the subversion of his Majesty's armed forces as means to that end.

(2) It is my duty to inform you that his Majesty's Government cannot allow this propaganda, and must regard it as direct interference from the outside in British domestic affairs.

(3) No one who understands the constitution and relationships of the Communist International will doubt its intimate connection and contact with the Soviet Government. No Government will ever make an arrangement with a foreign Government by which the latter is in formal diplomatic relations of a correct kind with it, while at the same time a propagandist body organically connected with that foreign Government encourages and even orders the subjects of the former to plot and plan revolutions for its overthrow. Such conduct is not only a grave departure from the rules of international comity, but violation of specific and solemn undertakings re-

Continued on Page Four.

Banks Robbed to Aid Soviet, Secret Service Man Asserts

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—A majority of the big bank robberies committed in the last ten years have been planned and carried out by agents of the Russian Soviet Government, Charles Smith, formerly in the Secret Service of the British Government, declared in a talk before 100 delegates of the State Identification Association in convention today at the Hotel Sherman.

The money, according to Mr. Smith, was used to supplement the funds of the Soviet Government.

Mr. Smith was in the Intelligence Service in Russia for four years and outlined identification methods used by the police in that country.

PRINCE STARTS HOME, SORRY TRIP IS OVER

Plans Another Visit to America in 1926 to Study Manufacturing Developments.

COOLIDGE SENDS GODSPEED

Royal Guest Poses on Olympic and Gives Out Two-Line Farewell Message.

After a two months' vacation in the United States and Canada the Prince of Wales arrived in this city again yesterday and sailed on the White Star liner Olympic at 1 o'clock this morning for Southampton. From his stateroom the Prince gave out the following farewell message:

"My stay in the North American Continent has been a very interesting and happy one. I am very sorry it is over and look forward to returning."

It was said that the Prince planned to visit the United States again in 1926. Next year he will make an extended trip to South America. When he comes to the United States again it will not be a holiday, it was reported, but a self-educational mission, in which the Prince will particularly study great manufacturing developments in this country.

The Prince arrived on his special train from Lowell, Mass., at 3:32 o'clock in the afternoon at the Pennsylvania Station and was taken by Stationmaster Martin H. Egan to a waiting elevator.

Crowds Too Late to See Him.

Only about 100 persons saw the Prince as he walked to an automobile that awaited him on the Thirty-first Street side. As word spread through the building crowds poured out of the restaurants and waiting rooms and down the great staircase, but they were too late.

A large escort of motorcycles with many horns preceded the Prince and his party to Pier 59 at West Twentieth Street, where a small army of policemen were in readiness to keep the crowd at bay. The crowd, however, was a small and quiet one. The Prince rode up on an elevator to the main floor of the pier, where he was greeted by the British Ambassador, Sir Esme Howard, and Captain Frank Howarth, the commander of the ship.

The Prince greeted them both heartily and walked with them up the gangplank. On the main deck he found the crew at attention, forming two lines through which he walked to Suite 52. The Prince was shown to the Regency Room, which is elaborately furnished in mahogany and gold.

"This is too pretty for me," he said, "I'll give this to Trotter."

The Regency Room was then assigned to General G. M. F. Trotter and the Prince took the Empire Room, which is done in white and gold.

The Prince took philosophically the information that a score of photographers would like to see him. He made an appearance on the boat deck for their benefit and posed for several minutes, accepting suggestions that he should look this way and that, that he should put his hat on and that he should shake hands with a member of his party. He smiled, but looked somewhat rueful and embarrassed, as if he was not completely broken to the lens even yet.

Enthusiastic Over His Trip.

As he turned to leave after prolonged posing, he got another summons.

"Look this way."

"My goodness," he said, putting much feeling into the exclamation.

The Prince shook hands with a ship news reporter whom he had met in various parts of the world, inquired after his health and spoke enthusiastically about his trip. When the matter of an

Continued on Page Four.

DUNHILL LONDON CIGARETTES.
A Quarter for Twenty.
Why Not Smoke the Finest?—Advt.

Secretary Wallace in "Very Serious" Condition From Poisoning Following an Operation

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Henry C. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, is in a very serious condition at the Naval Hospital tonight as the result of an operation performed more than a week ago there for the removal of his appendix and gall bladder, toxemia poisoning and other complications setting in.

Following the last of two consultations held today Dr. Joel T. Boone, White House physician, said tonight that the patient's condition was still "very serious," but that there were "certain reasons for encouragement."

Dr. Boone, who performed the operation, became alarmed today at Mr. Wallace's condition and summoned Dr. John M. T. Finney, head of the Surgical Department of Johns Hopkins Hospital, for a consultation. This showed that unless the intestinal poisoning was thrown off, little hope could be held for the patient's recovery because of his weakened condition.

At the second consultation were Dr. Boone, Major James F. Coupal, personal physician to President Coolidge, and Dr. Thomas Boggs of Johns Hopkins. Mrs. Wallace remained at her husband's bedside and Dr. Boone arranged to remain at the hospital throughout the night.

President Coolidge visited the hospital this morning, made inquiry about the condition of Secretary Wallace and left his card.

Mr. Wallace had been ill for some weeks with neuritis and was sent to the hospital for observation. His condition was diagnosed as resulting from a diseased gall bladder and appendix. His physicians decided that it was necessary to perform an operation and removed the diseased organs. He appeared to have gone through the operation nicely, but within the last week has not been responding to treatment and a sudden collapse followed last night.

Wise men think of Writing
Think of Whiting.—Advt.

NATION-WIDE CHAOS ON TAX PUBLICITY; COLLECTORS ARE CONFUSED BY RULINGS; MORE PAYMENTS MADE PUBLIC HERE

WASHINGTON IS AT SEA

Officials Are Vague on Intent of Law Pending Interpretation.

POINT TO CONFLICTS OF LAW

Blair Admits He Did Not Know of Prohibitory Clause When Lists Were Made Public.

PARTISANSHIP IS DENIED

Mellon Insists That the Revealing of Payments Was Only a Matter of Routine.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The operation of the act of Congress providing for publicity of income tax payments has been brought into a state of chaos by the action of the Treasury Department in first holding that lists of such payments were open to public inspection and then virtually countermanding the order so far as it applied to the right of newspapers to print the information thus made public by law.

Today the confusion which existed last night was increased by the course of the Department of Justice in issuing a statement intimating that while one provision of the Federal statute permitted public inspection of the records of income tax payments, another provision makes the publication of such information "a criminal offense."

No clear conception of the attitude of the two departments concerned—the Treasury and Justice—was possible from what was obtained today from formal prepared statements and the oral responses of officials to questions from newspaper men. At the Department of Justice it was said that an opinion as to the intent of the law was being prepared but would be withheld until the return to Washington of Attorney General Stone, who was in Iowa delivering a political address.

Meanwhile Collectors of Internal Revenue throughout the country are in an embarrassing quandary. Some of them are construing their instructions from Washington to mean that lists of income tax payments may be inspected and published and others that these returns are open to the inspection of everybody except newspaper representatives.

Yesterday the Treasury Department issued a notice to the press that by direction of David H. Blair, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, lists of income tax payers were being made available. The notice said that Andrew W. Mellon, the Secretary of the Treasury, had approved this course of Commissioner Blair. Nothing was contained in the notice to give the impression that there was any legal or other restriction on newspaper publication.

Later Bars Publication.

Last evening, at exactly what hour has not been definitely ascertained, but after Government offices throughout the country were closed officially for the day, and after lists of tax payments had already been published, the Treasury Department issued a notice to the press saying it desired to call the attention "of all persons" to provisions of the publicity statute, that "it shall be unlawful for any person to print or publish in any manner whatever not provided by law any income tax return or any part thereof or source of income, profits, losses, or expenditures appearing in any income return." This section, as quoted in the notice, made known that violation of the section quoted was punishable by a fine not exceeding $1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both fine and imprisonment.

Some collectors of internal revenue were dismayed over this eleventh-hour notice, as they had already allowed newspaper representatives to copy lists of income tax payments. Although Federal office hours had ended for the day when the notice was received, a number of internal revenue collection officers kept open to permit newspaper representatives to copy the lists. Those in authority on newspapers were confused over the new attitude of the Treasury Department.

Little of a definite character that would guide collectors of internal revenue and newspapers in their treatment of income tax payment lists came from anybody in authority today. As things stand tonight, collectors and newspapers are left to their own determination of what the law provides, with no help from Federal officials here, pending the return of Attorney General Stone to Washington and his reaction to the legal opinion which is being prepared for his inspection. What line that opinion will follow was not disclosed.

The whole matter appears to hinge on the word "return" in the publicity law. To those not officially concerned who examined the provisions which the authorities appear to regard as conflicting, it appeared to be clear that the provision forbidding the publication of any income tax return "in any manner whatever not provided by law" might apply to the publication of the details of income, not to the amount of income tax paid by the person making the return. In other words, the law may safeguard from publication intimate details of how much income a taxpayer

Continued on Page Three.

ZIEGFELD FOLLIES. Reduced Price Mat. Today. New Amsterdam Thea.—Advt.

Justice Department Studies Tax Publicity Law As Mellon Looks to It for Ruling on Publication

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The attitude of the Department of Justice on the publication of income taxes was explained in a statement issued by James M. Beck, Solicitor General and Acting Attorney General in the absence of Attorney General Stone. It expressed the intention of the department to examine into the provisions of the income tax statute which are construed as conflicting, and warned those who publish income tax payments that they do so on their own responsibility pending an opinion of the department. The statement reads:

Many inquiries have been received by the Department of Justice as to the publication in the press of the income tax records secured from the collectors of taxes offices under the "public inspection provision" of the tax law passed in May last, in view of the provisions of Section 3,167 of the Revised Statutes, which, if unrepealed by the later law, makes such publication a criminal offense.

Officials of the department stated that a careful study of the two provisions would be made, and in due course a conclusion reached as to whether such publication is permissible under the law as now amended.

In the meantime the responsibility for such publications must rest with those who in any way publish the details of individual incomes.

Secretary Mellon told inquirers that it was not the job of the Treasury Department to enforce the prohibitory clause of the law, declaring that its duty ended with the collection of the tax.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 24.—The warning issued at Washington by Acting Attorney General Beck that newspapers which publish income tax returns prior to a definite ruling by the Department of Justice on the uncertainty of the law do so at their own risk has the approval of Attorney General Stone, he announced here today. Mr. Stone declined to give his version of the law until he could study its provisions. He said that the question involved was too important for a hasty decision.

INCOME REVELATION STIRS WALL STREET

Bankers and Corporation Heads Resent the Publication of Tax Figures.

THEN BECOME INTERESTED

Anger at Exposure of Their Own Return Followed by Curiosity as to Others.

Business took second place for a time yesterday in the financial district as financiers, bankers, railroad men, public utility men and industrial magnates read through the papers to find out whether their names and the amount of tax paid by them had been published, and whether the names of their competitors or associates had yet reached print. In every bank visited, every railroad office and in the headquarters of other large corporations and partnerships, the decision to make the tax returns public was roundly scored. At the same time the business men quickly forgot their own vexation as they scanned the list to see what others had paid in taxes.

The Vice President of a prominent bank was accosted upon his arrival at his place of business yesterday morning with the salutation: "Were you the only officer in this shop to pay your income tax last year?" The rest of his time was spent in explaining how it happened that the newspapers had selected his name and not the names of certain fellow Vice Presidents and other officers who had received as large an income, and possibly more.

The President of one of Wall Street's biggest banks said he regarded the publication of income tax returns as an "inexcusable invasion of personal rights and liberties."

Expects Trouble in Explaining.

A moment later he turned the conversation to the experience of a friend of his. "A business associate was just in here to see me. 'I'm in a fine stew,' he said. I asked why, and this is the story he told:

"'Well, all last year my business was only fair and I told the boys working for me to be reasonable; not to ask for too many pay raises all in a bunch. I told them I'd have to close down the works if they bothered me too much, for the margin of profit was small. Well, I got through the year with a quarter million profit—and was lucky. In other enterprises I made four times that amount, and naturally put the whole thing into my income tax return. The figure was published yesterday morning on the first page of THE TIMES.

"'Now my men aren't going to step and figure that part of my income came from other enterprises. They're going to say, 'Well, here we are sweating in this boiler factory while our boss is flying off the gravy.' I'm going to have a fine time explaining. What's more, I'll probably have a strike or two on my hands.'"

The publication worked in another way on a capitalist who was reputed in Wall Street to have an income hitting the higher brackets. Publication of his return showed a relatively small tax, and Wall Street wondered why. The situation, as explained by persons other than the man affected, was simple. He, with associates, had been invited by a large corporation to buy some of its stock. The stock, he and others were told on a pure inside tip, was going higher and there was a wonderful chance of making a big profit. Instead, the stock went down, the capitalist in question took his loss just before income tax filing day, and with this loss whittled out of his income he showed a return that was very small compared with the returns filed by some of his highly priced understudies. At the same time, as is having

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MANY COLLECTORS KEEP TAXES SECRET

Cite Orders From Washington as Authority to Prevent Publication.

UNIFORM RULE LACKING

Tax Information Is Refused in Albany, Cleveland, Indianapolis and Other Cities.

There was a wide diversity yesterday in the attitude of Internal Revenue Collectors throughout the country in making public the taxes paid on 1923 incomes. In most of the large cities there was no great difficulty in obtaining lists. Some collectors kept the books open for only a brief period; others would answer only queries as to specified individuals. In Albany, Cleveland, Indianapolis, Boise, Idaho, and Phoenix, Ariz., no information was made available.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 24.—Demands to see lists of persons who have paid Federal income taxes in this district were met with refusal today at the office of Cyrus Drury, Internal Revenue Collector. Those who applied were questioned specifically as to what names they wished to see and on being informed, the officials said that the lists were "being posted" and that it would be several days before they would be available.

A specific demand for one name was made upon James Sherman, Deputy Collector, this afternoon. "I am very sorry," he said, "but the list is now in use, several clerks are using it, and to stop their work would be impossible. If you will write out the name and address of the person or persons whose income tax amount you wish I will take it and supply the information as speedily as possible."

"How long will it be before this information can be obtained?" Mr. Sherman was asked.

"Tomorrow will be a short day, and I doubt if it would be possible to get at it until Monday or Tuesday at the earliest. You see, it is not at all advisable to stop the work of those who are working on the books."

Earlier in the day Mr. Drury received a telegram from Washington which told him not to give out lists to any one he suspected of wishing to publish it. The telegram said it was a direct violation of the law. It was signed "Craig."

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 24.—Collector here refuses to permit any listing of income tax payments or returns. He has asked Washington for further information on law to determine just what information can be given out.

Special to The New York Times.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 24.—Frank R. Stewart, Collector this Internal Revenue District, declines to furnish list of income taxpayers on ground that law of 1924 does not authorize giving out lists of taxpayers with amounts of their incomes to public; that no part of Section 3167 was repealed by that law. Lists of taxpayers are exposed by inspection by amounts of incomes not given "under circumstances," said Stewart. "I am not at liberty to divulge lists of taxpayers. I would be liable under Section 3167."

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 24.—According to M. Bert Thurman, Collector of Internal Revenue in the State of Indiana, the list of taxpayers will not be exposed for public inspection. It is his interpretation that this is against the ruling coming out of Washington.

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NO RUSH TO SEE BOOKS

Information Seekers Deterred by Difficulty in Finding Names.

COLLECTORS ARE CAUTIOUS

Some Aid Reporters After Deciding That Publication of Payments Is Permissible.

PUBLICITY LAW IS CRITICIZED

Judge E. H. Gary and Nicholas Murray Butler Among Those Who Denounce Legislation.

The veil of secrecy was only partly lifted from income tax payments yesterday, although orders issued in Washington on Thursday by David H. Blair, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, had made them public records.

Collectors in the metropolitan area disagreed in their interpretation of the orders. Some permitted the public to see the books. Others refused the public access to the books. Some gave out information only when supplied with the names and addresses of individuals. Others refused to recognize individual lists. All sought to keep the figures secret and guarded the records so closely that only meagre information was obtained.

The public itself was in the main represented by the newspapers. Some individuals applied to see the records but there were not many of them. Here, too, there was no uniformity of treatment, some getting the information they sought and others being abruptly turned away. On the whole, however, where individuals applied information was given, although reluctantly.

In the case of newspapers the officials considered the applications of reporters as prima facie evidence that the information was sought for purposes of publication. At first they denied the right to publish on the ground that Section 3167 of the act made it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both. When it was pointed out that this section referred specifically to information that was not sought, such as sources of income and the methods of arriving at the amount of payment, and that there was nothing in the law prohibiting the publication of the tax actually paid by an individual or a corporation, the officials took the position, first, that they were going to interpret it as they saw fit and later that the information was so voluminous that it could not be supplied without completely destroying the efficiency of the office. Finally when reporters presented individual names and addresses the information sought was supplied, but so slowly that in one instance it took thirty minutes to learn the tax paid by one individual.

Situation Still Muddled.

Most of the day was spent in a struggle on the part of the public to get access to the records and an effort on the part of the officials to prevent the information from being made public. At 5 o'clock, when the office closed for the day, a small amount of information had been obtained and the situation was still confused. Officials left, however, frankly asserting that they would continue to make it as difficult as possible for the general public and the press to obtain the information sought. They denied that political considerations prompted their actions.

It was pointed out yesterday that the figures being made available represented the original amount of tax payment in each case, before the deduction of 25 per cent. which was allowed this year under a new provision of the income tax law. It also was recalled that the salaries of State and city officials were exempt from taxation under the Federal law and the names of city and State officials, unless they had an income in addition to their salaries, would not appear on the payment records. There was no record in Brooklyn of payment by Mayor Hylan, nor was there any in Jersey City of Mayor Frank Hague, but their names appeared in separate records as persons exempt. Governor Alfred E. Smith's name was on record, representing payment on income other than his official salary.

When orders came from Commissioner Blair on Thursday afternoon making the income tax payment matters of public record Collectors were undecided how to treat the applications of newspapers seeking lists for publication. In the Second and Third Districts here, however, it was finally decided that the public had a right to the information, and in the Second District lists were supplied and in the Third District reporters were permitted to copy from the records such information on tax payments as they desired. Publication yesterday morning, however, and the confusion as to whether the matter was prejudiced or not caused Collectors to hesitate when newspaper men applied as soon as the internal revenue offices opened for business. Finally the following telegram received from Commissioner Blair was posted:

"With reference to mimeograph 3,749 law does not authorize preparation of copies of income tax lists for public. To permit persons to examine duplicate lists of income tax payers

Continued on Page Three.

seriously obstruct efficient management of your office. Post conspicuously and call attention of all persons who wish to examine income tax lists to provisions of section 3,167, Revised Statutes, particularly provisions making it unlawful to print or publish any income tax returns or any part thereof under penalty of a fine of $1,000 or imprisonment for one year, or both."

The Distinction Drawn by the Law.

The argument was made that while section makes it a misdemeanor to publish details concerning a man's source of income, profit or losses, as shown in his income tax return, it does not prohibit publication of the tax he paid, which was the information sought. Some collectors admitted that the section did not apply and permitted reporters to file names and addresses of individuals but others asserted that they would interpret the section as they pleased. This stand was taken in the Third District office at Broadway and Fifty-seventh Street by Collector George W. Anderson, but later Collector Anderson also permitted reporters to file two names at a time.

In the Second District office in the Custom House Collector Frank K. Bowers, after refusing to place the income tax payment records in the hands of private citizens and newspaper reporters, offered to furnish data in cases where names were submitted. Representatives of the newspapers then furnished lists which were turned over to young women clerks. Laboriously they checked the lists and at the end of the day had furnished the desired information on approximately one hundred names.

In refusing to open the payment records to the public Collector Bowers explained that to do so would mean the suspension of business by his office. He further pointed out that the records were being used constantly to make the entries of the December, or last quarter, installments of the income tax.

At 2:30 P. M. it was announced at Mr. Bowers's office that no further search of the records would be made on request of private citizens because it was necessary to use the records exclusively for office purposes.

Newspaper reporters were the first to apply for the payments in the Third District, which comprises all of Manhattan north of Twenty-third Street. On Thursday night reporters received permission to see the books in that office and compiled the list published yesterday morning.

"I would not have permitted that had I been here," Collector Anderson said yesterday.

"My absence was due to leave and I am taking the position today that no information will be given out for publication. So far as I am concerned I would give the information out willingly, but it is not for us to reason why—ours but to do and politically die."

Collector Anderson's Stand.

"But supposing," he was asked, "that a taxpayer came in now and asked to see an individual payment, would you refuse to let him see it?"

"Oh, I guess not." Collector Anderson replied, "but I am going to take it that when newspapers ask for lists they are going to print them and Section 3,167 says they can't."

At this point a formal demand was made upon the Collector to which he replied, "I decline." He said that he would only change this position if instructed to do so by Commissioner Blair.

Later when individuals appeared and applied for information the waiting reporters formed a line with them. They were permitted to file two names at a time, but they were first questioned as to whether the matter was to be published and attempts were made to get them to pledge themselves not to publish any information given out. Although the newspaper men declined the information was given, but with long waits, one clerk absenting himself until late in the afternoon. When the office closed it was announced that today the records would be made public only between 10 A. M. and 12 noon.

When John T. Rafferty, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District, received Commissioner Blair's telegram at his office, 105 Court Street, Brooklyn, he said that newspapers publishing facts taken from the Federal tax records did so at their own risk and that such publication might prove to be in violation of the law.

Three hundred thousand persons are subject to the income tax law in the First District, Mr. Rafferty said. The records are contained in sixteen big ledgers, each containing approximately 12,000 names, which are not arranged in alphabetical order.

There were few persons at the office yesterday morning to see the records, but fifty newspaper reporters arrived to comb through the files for names of persons of general interest. It would be difficult for more than one person to examine the books at a time, a committee of reporters was organized and Mr. Rafferty placed his clerical force at the disposal of the committee.

The names were arranged in the ledgers in the order of the time of their receipt without regard to size of the return, occupation or residence. A name given to one of the clerks was looked up in an alphabetical cross-reference file, from which a serial number was obtained and which located the name in the general file.

In the Fifth District, Newark, Collector Frank C. Ferguson permitted representatives of newspapers and other individuals to examine the books, but would not give out information in individual cases.

Publicity Law Criticized.

Prominent men yesterday said they opposed publicity of income tax figures. Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Steel Corporation, in an interview at the Hotel Commodore said publication of these figures would prove annoying to those persons whose incomes appear to be a great deal larger than many people who actually enjoy larger incomes. He said the annoyance would result from institutions, charitable and otherwise, seeking contributions.

"What impresses me," said Judge Gary, "is that a great many men whose incomes are supposed to be very large are not paying as much to the Government as others whose incomes are presumed to be a good deal smaller."

Judge Gary pointed out that it was wise on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury to make public the income tax figures before election rather than after, as he otherwise might have been severely criticised on the ground that he was trying to shield certain large income tax payers.

"However," added Judge Gary, "although I believe thoroughly in publicity, I do not think there should be enforced publicity in private matters. I don't see any good in it when it conceals the fact that there are a good many wealthy men who are not paying a fair proportion.

"If there can be some enforceable law which will make every one contribute honestly to the income tax funds, it ought to be adopted without delay.

"If by dishonesty or technical provisions of the law many people are escaping their proportion of income tax, something should be done to remedy it."

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, said:

"That law is a public outrage. It was forced through the conference committee on the Income Tax bill and was passed to be an outrage by those who produced it.

"The publication of income tax returns, probably a violation of the law is the latest and most outrageous violation of the rights of privacy to which the patience of the American people has been subjected.

"It can serve no possible public interest. It merely gratifies the glorious curiosity of a false pride and a peeping Tom. Every one concerned in it ought to be ashamed of himself."

Thomas W. Lamont, a partner of J. P. Morgan & Co., paid an income tax of $127,230.48, as the table appearing in yesterday's issue of THE TIMES the figure 9 was inadvertently inserted in front of Mr. Lamont's total and increased it by $900,000.

The amount listed after S. R. Guggenheim should have been $564,704.70, instead of $1,360,259, as appeared in the first list that was published.

More of the Large Income Tax Payments in New York and Other Cities

NEW YORK—ITS BIG INCOME.

Following are more income tax returns disclosed by the records in the offices of collectors for districts covering New York City, Long Island and the metropolitan area of New Jersey. The figures in each case represent the original tax payment due before the deduction of 25 per cent., as allowed this year. In the case of city and State officials, it should be remembered that their salaries are exempt under the Federal law from taxation.

THE SECOND DISTRICT.

(Manhattan from the Battery North to Twenty-third Street).

	Total Tax.
F. R. Abbey	$10,244
John P. C. Alden	32,496
John T. C. Allen	32,496
Nelson I. Asiel	24,698
Frank L. Bacon Estate	7,108
E. E. Bartlett Jr.	37,726
Cortlandt Bishop	166,464
Mae E. Blodgett	10,460
George M. Bodman	14,728
Lucrezia Bori	21,718
Michael C. Bouvier	19,578
Marian Brookman	55,991
Sarah E. Bruce	40,942
Henry Budge	35,903
George F. Butterworth	15,016
Newcomb Carlton	17,496
Robert S. Clark	288,636
Paul D. Cravath	767,794
Gerhard M. Dahl	4,147
Henry R. Duval	22,591
Max Einhorn	20,429
Frank Frisch	354
Rev. Percy S. Grant	148
Daniel Guggenheim	267,386
Rev. William N. Guthrie	853
Anna M. Harkness	1,422,676
Gertrude W. Harris	18,285
Fred Hallmar	17,939
W. L. Hermstadt	29,751
Walter R. Herrick	15,562
Charles D. Hilles	5,407
Walter Hochschild	20,819
Harold K. Hochschild	58,286
Avery Hopwood	2,702
Vincent B. Hubbell	18,226
Arabella D. Huntington	407,019
Henry E. Huntington	109,740
Alfred Jaretzke	141,909
F. J. A. Juilliard	146,324
Morris W. Kellogg	14,851
Samuel S. Koenig	3,883
James L. Laidlaw	17,000
Adolph Lewisohn	8,711
Carl L. Loeb	28,983
Clarence H. Mackay	458,258
James S. McCulloh	14,913
Nathan L. Miller	22,050
Ogden L. Mills	257,450
Ormsby M. Mitchell Sr.	15,607
Junius S. Morgan	2,706
John Morrison	16,397
Charles F. Murphy	4,883
Charles F. Murphy Estate	5,046
John W. Newman	15,898
New York Times Company	412,290
James A. O'Gorman	7,026
Lloyd Phoenix	21,904
Albert G. Rapp	17,386
Lewis H. Porter	40,433
Henry Sanford	28,611
Cecil F. Shallerose	18,383
Harry F. Sinclair	213
Frank M. Singer	99,546
James J. Slocum	75,686
Alfred E. Smith	31
P. M. Smith	16,927
C. A. Spreckels	53,447
Fred T. Steinway	17,221
Harlan F. Stone	4,722
D. D. Sutton	58,128
Henry W. Taft	87,542
Florence V. A. Trombly	55,941
Samuel Untermyer	31,442
Robert Walker	20,263
Stanley Field	25,389
Dr. William A. White	2,041,851
Payne Whitney	49,573
Albert H. Wiggin	31,462
Louis W. Wolff	15,271
Clarence H. Young	

(The cents are omitted from the payments printed above.)

THE THIRD DISTRICT.

(Manhattan, North of Twenty-third Street.)

	Total Tax.
Franklin P. Adams, Hotel Algonquin	1,803.75
William Allen, 92 Morningside Av.	1,413.48
American Cotton Oil Co.	2,235.40
Ethel Barrymore, Taylor's Point	1,298.77
Irving Berlin, 29 W. 44th St.	4,134.98
A. J. Drexel Biddle Jr., 611 5th Av.	4,234.85
William J. Boardman, 1 W. 30th	2,195.09
Fannie Brice	1,848
Curtis Brown, Ltd., 116 W. 39th	11,701.18
Estelle E. Campbell, 513 Madison Av.	2,750.35
Frank E. Campbell, 1,970 Broadway	3,369.80
George M. Cohan	87,656
Marcus C. Connelly, 152 W. 57th	3,070.88
Walter Damrosch, 146 E. 61st St.	6,153.09
Edith Day, 237 W. 74th St.	1,266.79
A. L. Erlanger, 214 W. 42d St.	6,125.37
George Fawcett, 16 W. 25th St.	1,086.86
Reed H. Fleischmann, 151 E. 74th St.	1,037.81
Lyttleton Fox, 136 E. 72d	4,406.06
Henry Goldman, 998 5th Av.	60,644.40
The Gordon Dry Gin Co., Ltd., 101 Park Av.	108.97
Greater N. Y. Theatres Corp.	60,754
B. J. Greenhut, 45 W. 18th St.	3,594.46
Grosset & Dunlap 145 W. 44th	41,218.00
Moses H. Grossman, Hotel Chatham	2,415.89
Norman Hapgood, 1,223 Madison Av.	4,743.63
Herbert E. Hawkes, 415 West 117th	1,390.12
Henry Holt, 19 West 44th	3,167.03
De Wolf Hopper, Lambs Club	1,574.51
Harry Houdini, 278 West 113th	410.65
Frank De K. Huyler, 483 West End Av.	5,553.40
Lee Keedick, 437 5th Av.	4,634.77
B. F. Keith's N. Y. Theatres Co., 1,564 Broadway	2,750.00
B. F. Keith's N. Y. Theatres Co., 1,564 Broadway	100.00
Maurice Ketten, Hotel Lorraine	3,005.73
John T. King, 8 West 40th St.	4,080.59
Sigmund Kraus, 11 East 94th St.	4,242.88
Joseph Liebling, 225 W. 86th St.	7,155.16
Pirie MacDonald, 576 5th Av.	4,785.00
Elisabeth Marbury, 33 W. 42d	5,642.73
Isaac F. Marcosson, 475 5th Av.	2,623.82
F. R. Martin, 383 Madison Av.	2,086.79
Brander Matthews, 1237 W. 87th	1,360.89
Earl B. McCutcheon, 125 E. 72d	1,562.41
Neysa McMein, 57 W. 57th St.	719.68
Henry Miller, 124 W. 43d St.	5,131.56
Metropolitan Life Insurance, 1 Madison Av.	476.05
Morning Telegraph	236.80
Thos. F. Murtha, 313 W. 76th	1,955.69
Musical America Co., 501 5th Av.	826.44
National League of Professional Baseball Clubs, 8 W. 40th	48.00
N. Y. Central R. R. Co., 466 Lexington Av.	4,496.89
N. Y., Ontario & Western R. R.	8,444.13
N. Y. Steam Corp., 280 Madison Av.	16,804.71
Anna Nichols	52,672
Adolph S. Ochs	65,602
Peggy Hopkins Joyce	1,069
George W. Perkins Jr., 342 Madison Av.	1,245.86
Amos R. E. Pinchot, 101 Park Av.	538.23
Ross Ponselle, 260 Riverside Drive	1,872.70
Marshall Prentiss, 45 E. 82d St.	1,695.00
Geo. H. Putnam, 2 W. 45th St.	2,301.03
Marjorie Rambeau, 411 E. 57th	296.15
Victor S. Ridder, 12 E. 86th St.	4,927.13
Stanley L. Ritchie, 1,075 Park Av.	1,068.32
Abby A. Rockefeller, 10 W. 54th	881.51
Lucius A. Salisbury, 71 E. 77th	3,906.77
Ernest K. Satterlee, 1 W. 72d St.	1,449.84
Charles Scribner's Sons, 597 5th Av.	3,314.54
Hassard Short, 227 W. 45th St.	1,184.72
John M. Siddall, 64 E. 86th	1,172.68
Paul Starrett, 106 Park Av.	9,065.56
Frederick A. Stokes, 443 4th Av.	1,300.05
Melville E. Stone, 120 E. 75th	3,291.25
Amos Sullkowitch, 512 5th Av.	1,332.85
Charles L. Tiffany, 401 5th Av.	4,806.13
Oscar Tschirky, Waldorf-Astoria	707.24
Consuelo Vanderbilt, 466 Lexington Av.	1,111.85
William K. Vanderbilt 3d, 466 Lexington Av.	977.58
Mrs. Horace Van Rensselaer, 46 East 61st St.	81.00
Uppercu Cadillac Company	9,340
C. H. Wainwright, 37 E. 29th	1,311.82
Leonard M. Wallstein, 601 West 115th St.	1,398.19
Henry Solomon Wellcome, 9 East 41st St.	104,763.00
Ira B. Wells, 27 West 73d St.	529.68
Stephen Wise, 23 West 90th St.	892.21
Alexandar Woollcott, 412 West 47th St.	938.99
Alma G. Zimballist, 101 E. 72d	2,350.19

THE FIRST DISTRICT.

(Kings, Queens, Richmond, Nassau and Suffolk Counties.)

	Total Tax.
George Andrews	1,065.75
Frank L. Babbott	17,800.12
Frank L. Babbot Jr.	25,366.19
Frank Bailey	5,617.69
George W. Baker	1,348.92
Henry C. Bohack	11,321.28
David A. Boody	5,850.90
Charles A. Boody	26,194.35
Charles V. Bossert	9,314.00
John Bossert	26,441.46
Mrs. Philomena Bossert	3,261.13
Eugene V. Brewster	2,104.00
Phillip C. Brennan	11,618.50
George B. Brower	2,257.89
George McKesson Brown and wife	4,778.15
Bishop Frederick Burgess	521.88
Frank W. Cabble	1,062.18
Dr. S. Parkes Cadman	1,318.02
William M. Calder	2,219.78
George W. Chauncey Jr.	1,204.04
Caroline S. Contes	14,206.55
James Darwin and wife	517.58
Harper M. De Mott	4,229.76
William K. Dick	7,622.94
Norman Dodge	8,005.95
H. H. Doehler	4,883.25
Jackson A. Dykman	11,080.91
William N. Dykman	66,753.30
Charles H. Ebbetts	1,062.58
Walter M. Ebinger	1,118.20
Charles J. Edwards	15,670.44
Hersey Eggington	3,284.07
William H. English	19,707.60
Julian D. Fairchild	16,515.39
Charles Flak	5,493.77
A. C. Fitzpatrick	10,800.09
Richard F. Flynn	1,218.28
Michael Furst	1,893.86
William H. Good	744.32
Raymond M. Gunnison	1,104.10
Crowell Hadden	15,060.19
Walter Hammitt	5,422.95
Simon J. Harding	14,080.00
Fred T. Hayes	19,386.94
William V. Hester	7,315.35
Charles Higgins	44,567.79
Ralph P. Hinchman	11,000.00
Raymon Ingersoll	1,861.48
William S. Irish	1,211.43
Stanley P. Jadwin	11,200.07
Nathan S. Jonas	7,031.17
James H. Jordan	10,615.70
William H. Juhring	14,127.76
Frederick H. Kracke	885.68
Almet Reed Larsen	1,257.85
Thomas L. Leeming	13,665.53
V. A. Lersner	2,263.36
Julius Liebman	19,707.60
Cornelia T. Lindridge	1,775.00
Henry D. Lott	15,153.53
Dr. William L. Love	22.84
Paul Marko	7,970.14
Ed Maynard	9,202.98
John H. McCooey	5,023.37
Agnes McStanahan	5,115.00
Rev. J. Howard Melish	224.02
Charles H. Merrill	11,814.69
Bishop Thomas E. Molloy	94.50
Daniel F. Moore	6,061.57
Thomas E. Murray	8,049.40
Thomas E. Murray Jr. and wife	1,657.89
Ben H. Namm	17,564.17
Charles J. Obermayer	16,068.45
Dr. John H. Ohly	880.16
Clara S. Peck	41,890.18
Charles W. Peele	6,506.34
Fred S. Pendleton	14,468.81
James H. Post	29,455.64
Lewis H. Pounds	4,112.20
Charles Pennell, East Orange	6,309.72
William R. Perkins, Montclair	40,177.83
R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont, Far Hills	18,247.53
John O. H. Pitney, Bernardsville	28,628.81
George B. Post, Bernardsville	160,273.46
Evan W. Preston, Hackensack	18,846.21
Richard S. Reeves, Summit	12,586.58
Minnie Reilly, Orange	63,762.20
William S. Rae, Newark	19,944.02
Bernard Shanley Jr., Newark	48,885.29
Nute D. Shanley, Newark	17,708.58
William G. Shannon, Montclair	49,178.58
Cyrus T. Small, Springfield	21,630.88
Eugene W. Spaulding, Allenhurst	25,967.73
Emma R. Squire, Orange	1,375.31
Charles Steger, Newark	1,375.31
Savinia R. Strong, Short Hills	49,945
D. Swalton, West Orange	37,794
Horace M. Sweeland, Montclair	105,043
Erskine Hewitt, Ridgewood Manor	88,451.21
Sarah Cooper Hewitt, Ridgewood Manor	23,278.71
Benjamin W. Hollander, Newark	20,400.63
David G. Holmes, Jersey City	24,804.72
Haywood T. Holt, Montclair	71,097.07
Louis Hood, Newark	17,496.09
George H. Hummel and wife, Summit	38,069.23
Arthur E. Johnson, Montclair	15,707.76
James W. Johnson, New Brunswick	71,342.66
John S. Johnson, New Brunswick	32,347.40
Louis G. Kaufman, Short Hills	128,086.77
Marie Young Kaufman, Short Hills	145,839.36
Ferdinand Kuhn, Passaic	25,067.44
Kate Ladd, Far Hills	369,904.35
Walter G. Ladd, Far Hills	108,263.39
Thomas G. Leonard, Hackensack	27,481.41
Charles H. Lester, West Orange	10,227.09
Richard V. Lindabury, Bernardsville	84,835.20
Wade H. Liveright	24,847.22
Adolph Ludwig, Hoboken	30,415.86
John P. Maguire, Jersey City	10,364.08
Louis Mayer, East Orange	18,165.70
Clinton V. Meserole, Englewood	13,135.04
Frederick F. Meyer, East Orange	11,926.96
Charles H. Murphy, Montclair	42,196.16
Franklin Murphy, Newark	17,931.15
Calvin H. Nealley, Newark	10,791.81
Legrand Parish, Mountainview	43,636.03
Charles Pennell, East Orange	64,526.84
William R. Perkins, Montclair	40,177.83
R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont, Far Hills	18,247.53
John O. H. Pitney, Bernardsville	28,628.81
George B. Post, Bernardsville	160,273.46
Evan W. Preston, Hackensack	18,846.21
Richard S. Reeves, Summit	12,586.58
Minnie Reilly, Orange	63,762.20
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Bernard Shanley Jr., Newark	48,885.29
Nute D. Shanley, Newark	17,708.58
William G. Shannon, Montclair	49,178.58
Cyrus T. Small, Springfield	21,630.88
Eugene W. Spaulding, Allenhurst	25,967.73
Emma R. Squire, Orange	1,375.31
Charles Steger, Newark	1,375.31
Savinia R. Strong, Short Hills	49,945
D. Swalton, West Orange	37,794
Horace M. Sweeland, Montclair	105,043

NEW JERSEY'S WEALTH SHOWN.

	Total Tax.
Arthur Turnbull, Far Hills	114,874.80
Elisabeth R. Voorhees, Clinton	27,261.98
Albert C. Wall, Jersey City	11,716.66
Charles E. Waterman, Newark	11,095.49
William E. Waterman, Montclair	14,445.44
Ridley Watts, Morristown	66,303.56
Edwin H. Wells, Montclair	31,696.92
George P. Whaley, Montclair	20,980.98
Joseph Whitehead, Paterson	36,450.49
Jay G. Weiss, Montclair	11,070.67
Edward Weston, Newark	69,707.13
Richard H. Williams Jr., Jersey City	48,378.22
Horace H. Work, Madison	75,319.75
Hartley J. Yardley, West Orange	31,231.93

CHICAGO—WRIGLEY LEADS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Income tax schedules for 1923 of individuals and corporations in the Chicago district made public today at the office of Mabel G. Reinecke, Collector of Internal Revenue here show that Chicago's largest taxable income is that of William Wrigley Jr. The chewing gum, baseball and real estate operator must pay $366,815 tax on his personal income. His schedule, filed before the reduction of 25 per cent. authorized by the last Congress, called for a payment of $1,154,420, and his saving under the reduction was $268,605.

The schedules as made public gave the original figures before the reduction. The reduction, however, has been taken into account in the figures presented here of Chicago incomes. The largest corporation tax collected in the district is that of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, which pays $3,241,292. The Illinois Central Railroad pays $1,599,325 and Swift and Company $1,730,690.

Albert Loeb, whose son Richard was convicted of killing the Franks boy, pays $15,447. Nathan Leopold Sr., father of the other convicted youth, will pay $248.

Among the larger personal and corporation taxes were the following:

	Total Tax.
Richard T. Crane Jr.	$294,992
Stanley McCormick	232,778
John G. Shedd	202,066
Mollie Netcher Newbury	173,238
Cyrus H. McCormick	173,153
John Hertz	160,258
James A. Patten	151,432
John Borden	142,828
Edith Rockefeller McCormick	138,057
W. A. Wieboldt	128,498
John F. Jelke	124,695
Victor Lawson	105,740
Commonwealth Edison Company	$1,598,446
William Wrigley Jr., Corp.	960,186
U. S. Gypsum Company	760,260
People's Gas Light & Coke Co.	704,726
Quaker Oats Company	693,894
Samuel Insull	563,721
International Harvester Company	518,137
Rock Island Railroad	452,478
Hart Schaffner & Marx	395,498
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.	324,030
Florsheim Shoe Company	314,735
First National Bank	250,212

Among those paying a tax of $10,000 or more and other striking sums large and small are:

Frank A. Hecht estate	$12,294
Robert F. Carr	83,174
Joseph Downey	12,086
Roy J. Cook	32,235
N. V. Tevander	45,823
A. Lanquist	13,216
Genevieve Donnersberger	10,854
Douglas Smith	25,951
J. L. Randolph	18,294
Carter Blatchford	18,269
Len Small (Governor)	363
Julius Rosenwald	1,825
Illinois Central R. R. Company and affiliated corporations	1,599,324
Illinois Merchants Trust Company et al	137,226
Illinois Watch Case Company	29,256
Interstate Iron and Steel Company	20,511
Johnson Oil Refining Company et al	26,610
Edward Katzinger Company	19,452
Kellogg Switch Board and Supply Company	51,629
F. E. Lewis Mfg. Company	28,125
Massey Concrete Products Corp	21,046
Mathiesen & Hagler, Inc.	27,141
Meyer Cord Company	17,259
Miami Coal Company	50,585
Oscar Mayer Co.	21,782
Moir Hotel Company	24,984
National Lock Company	30,876
National X-Ray Reflector Company	24,305
Northwestern Yeast Company	107,243
Gustave Rauer	14,987
Edward J. Baker	84,210
William Hale Thompson	4,286
Mary D. Loeb	12,951
Eli M. Straus	11,535
T. E. Wells estate	13,419
James E. Greenebaum	10,539
William V. Kelley	10,776
L. B. Kilbourne	18,297
Louis J. Friedman	11,877
Carrie C. Smith	14,601
Sprague, Warner & Co.	56,323
American League Baseball Club	9,580
Martha Washington Candies	11,087
Star Coal Co., Galesburg, Ill.	17,691
Cripple Creek Coal Co.	20,534
Chicago Daily News	213,516
Chauncey Keep	44,197
Arthur C. Lueder	285
Mary Keep Otis	15,879
Kemper K. Knapp	19,975
Isabella F. Blackmore	25,612
William Phelps Kelly	22,944
U. S. Ball Bearing Mfg. Co.	10,814
W. Born & Co.	35,415
Tanners Products	33,060
Wilson Brothers, Inc.	34,680
Union Trust Company	42,580
National Life Insurance Co.	11,134
The Eastern Corporation et al.	30,294
O'Gara Coal Company	25,134
General Furn. Co.	27,696
Hales & Hunter	28,197
Regenstein Veneer Company	27,628
Mercantile Acceptance Co.	25,680
Grip Nut Company	25,527
Dr Ying System, Inc.	25,191
Ulen Contracting Corporation	26,127
Paramount Textile Machinery Company	21,948
Transo Envelope Company	23,688
Theodore A. Kochs	22,252
J. H. Deering Coal Company	21,420
American Asphalt Paving Co.	21,150
The Nachman Company	20,559
H. O. Stone & Co.	18,576
Heitman Lumber Company	20,745
Jefferson Electric Manufacturing Company	19,548
The Vitrolite Company	20,244
J. B. Inderriden	19,131
John Magnus	19,117
Fulton Packing Company	20,716
Runzel-Lemel Electric Mfg. Co.	20,211
Mitchell, Hutchins & Co., Inc.	19,632
Chicago & Riverdale Company	15,357
Julia Cantacuzene Speransky	15,963
Harold F. McCormick	18,528
Carr & Johnson (Peoria)	2,841
The Buda Co. (Harvey)	57,173
Baker Fentress Co.	65,246
Elston Dixie Corp.	21,393
Lackner, Butz Co.	25,134
Waterway Paper Products Co.	258,432
Joseph Bros. Lumber Co.	133,056
Joseph Bros. Lumber Co.	18,633
Chicago & West Town Rys.	33,864
Guarantee Loan Co. of Henna.	44,802
Chicago Nipple Mfg. Company	139,038
Burson Knitting Co. (Rockf'd)	202,085
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.	21,229
Pettibone-Mulliken Company	99,004
Abington Sanitary Mfg. Co.	37,714
Sterling Company	57,084
Appleton Electric Company	15,506
Lincoln Printing Company	23,903
Engineering Service Corp.	46,963
Rockford Milling Machine Co.	1,780
American Manganese Steel Co.	$388,402
Beatrice Creamery Company	88,537
Gumbinsky Brothers Company	13,290
Hartman Corporation	84,319
Swift & Co.	1,730,672
Thompson & Taylor Co.	19,146
Wolf, Sayer & Heller, Inc.	39,223
Block & Kuhl Co.	21,144
Bluma, Inc.	15,057
Capper & Capper	13,419
Chicago Railways Co.	185,709
Hillman's Department Store	16,405
Westelox Co., La Salle, Ill.	180,265
Western Foundry Co.	21,937
Abbott Laboratories	180,852
Adams Brothers Co.	53,094
Alexander Lumber Co., Aurora	93,618
A. C. Allyn & Co.	26,784
Aluminum Products Co.	3,141
American Bond & Mortgage Co.	57,956
American Forests Prod. Co.	15,355
Arnold Brothers, Inc.	35,886
Ayer & Lord Tie Co.	45,783
Balaban & Katz Corp.	130,065
Basalek Alemite Corp.	129,988
F. Becker Asphaltum Roof. Co.	21,764
Bilfer Products Co.	34,063
Bird Sykes Co.	26,027
Blue Valley Creamery Co.	33,145
Daniel Boone Woolen Mills	57,087
Bowman Dairy Co.	111,694
Morten D. Hull	46,695
J. Latham Warren	12,774
H. G. Pauling	12,658
Alfred L. Baker	12,856
Grigsby-Burrow Hinds	13,014
Haughton Martin	5,850
Chi. Bur. Quincy R. R. Co.	58,895
George C. Rew	12,271
F. C. Denkmann	25,360
Claud C. Hopkins	4,420
James Scaleych	2,940
Martin B. Madden	967
James A. Rankin	10,740
Charles H. Morse	13,187
Francis Beidler	20,256
John S. Summerlle	36,231
Nathan Klee	11,748
Marie Decoe	22,800
Fair Stock Trust	106,491
Rothschild & Co.	17,498
Burnham Machine Company	91,401
The Imperial Brass Mfg. Co.	13,088
Acme Steel Goods Company	85,866
American Milling Company	53,291
Baker Brothers	224,227
Bensinger Company	1,375,314
The Sass Company	59,945
The Hub Store Company	37,794
Illinois Inc.	105,043

CHICAGO—WRIGLEY LEADS.

	Total Tax.
Amelita Galli Curci	3,180
S. Karpen & Bros.	104,775
J. B. King & Co.	72,158
Sol Klein, Inc.	18,018
F. C. Lowrey	27,227
Ludowici-Celadon Company	60,785
C. R. D. Motor Company	29,632
Mandel Brothers	194,197
Marquette Cement Co.	154,233
Marshall Field & Co.	1,258,710
Mather Hume Stock Transportation Company	26,386
Mattison Machine Works	20,658
Meyer & Co.	43,374
Middle West Utilities Co.	239,896
W. McMillan & Son	30,241
National Brick Company	27,177
National Tea Company	116,982
O-Cedar Corporation	45,624
Fitzsimmons & Connell	19,440
Edison Electric Appliance Co., Inc.	26,221
Durand Steel Locker Co.	13,830
Westminster Trust Agreement Company	15,288
Kalman Steel Company	14,295
Baker Fentress & Co.	20,382
Waterway Paper Products Co.	27,012
Chicago & Eastern Ill. R. R. Co.	11,427
Mary V. McCormick	217,261
U. S. Senator Medill McCormick	4,804
Katharine McCormick	217,617
Carter H. Harrison	954

LOS ANGELES—'CELLIST PAYS $449,292 TAX.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 24.—When publication of the income-tax figures struck the eyes of Los Angeles today everybody began asking everybody else "Who is this G. Allan Hancock, who paid out the record sum of $449,292.65?"

Musicians who play in the symphony orchestra of the Hollywood Bowl answered the query. G. Allan Hancock is one of the musicians in that orchestra. He plays the 'cello.

In his other roles Mr. Hancock is President of the California Trust Company, Vice President of other banks and head of various oil concerns, and rich in property. He plays in the orchestra because he takes pride in matching his musical ability against imported artists, whose remuneration he guarantees.

Following is the income tax list of $10,000 or more taken from the books here before the Collector barred newspapers on orders from Washington. Douglas Fairbanks pays a tax of $225,769. Edward L. Doheny paid $159,674 and W. G. McAdoo $11,150. Here is the list:

	Total Tax.
G. Allan Hancock	$449,292.65
Douglas Fairbanks	225,769
Pola Negri	14,681
F. W. Braun	75,614
A. E. Christie	12,000
Charles H. Christie	11,694
Albert M. Stephens	42,847
James Manie	22,096
Adolph Ratish	252,301
Ellen Brown Scripps	104,216
Edward L. Doheny	159,674
E. L. Doheny Jr.	57,889
Mrs. C. E. Doheny	122,853
W. G. McAdoo	11,150
Ben Turpin	10,886
W. M. Garland	46,437
Sadie B. H. Garland	*40,179
Constance Talmadge	10,480
Zane Grey	22,112
Lina Elsie Grey	11,581
Ernestine Schumann-Heink	25,811
Antonio Moreno	15,349
M. S. Hellman	31,625
Rupert Hughes	11,937
H. J. Owmeleny	23,268
Tom Mix	15,326
Harold Lloyd	22,662
J. F. S

LAW WAS INTENDED TO INFORM PUBLIC

Advocates in Congress Called for Full Publicity of Taxes Paid Such as Newspaper Could Give.

NO HINT OF ANY BARRIER

Senator Norris and Others Wanted "Returns" Revealed, the Bare Figure Being a Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Nowhere in the Congressional debates attending the enactment of the Revenue law of 1924, nor in documents pertaining to that legislation as found in committee reports, is there anything to be found indicating that the advocates of the publicity of income taxes paid by individuals and corporations intended that it should be considered an offense for newspapers or others to publish the data thus intended to be made public.

On the contrary, examination made today of the many references to the matter during Senatorial debate over the Revenue bill by advocates of publicity indicates that the intent and purpose of Congress in enacting this legislation was to remove the seal of secrecy from income tax returns to the extent of letting the world know the amounts of tax paid by any income-tax payer by throwing open to public inspection lists of names of all income-tax payers together with the amount of income tax paid.

Senator George W. Norris of Nebraska, is generally regarded as the father of the provision in the Revenue act of 1924, Paragraph B of Section 257, under which the name and tax of each income-tax payer is legally thrown open to the public inspection and made a public record. He is not the author of the clause as it stands in the law. Senator Norris was the author of an amendment which, when offered by him in the Senate, was adopted by that body and would have made the actual income tax "returns" themselves, upon which the tax has been determined, public records and open to inspection. The Norris amendment was stricken out of the bill in conference, and this action was later approved by both branches of Congress.

Conference Report Adopted.

Senator Norris and other advocates of publicity were not satisfied with the action of the conferees but were unable to persuade a majority of Congress to return the conference report to the conferees for revision. The conference report was adopted in its entirety and opportunity not given for separate votes on particular parts of the conference report.

But, as a result of the fight that had been made by Senators Norris, McKellar, Caraway and others for complete publicity of the actual income tax "returns," a compromise was reached in Congress by which income tax "returns" should be opened to public inspection only upon order of the President and under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury and approved by the President, and the committees of Ways and Means Committee, the Finance Committee and special Congressional votes the right to call on the Secretary of the Treasury for any data of any character contained in or shown by the returns or any of them, that may be reduced by the committee."

In the compromise reached by the conferees during which Section 257 was rewritten the Conference Committee originated the provision under which Treasury officials are forced by law to open to public inspection a list showing "the amount of the income tax paid" by each person making an income tax return. This provision of law was inserted in conference and was not offered by Senator Norris, although he is not understood to have been opposed to it. Senator Norris's objection to the conference report was that it did not make public records out of the actual "income tax returns."

Almost Identical With 1921 Law.

The provision in the Revenue act of 1924 under which Treasury officials have no alternative but to open to public inspection lists of income tax payers is almost identical with a provision which already existed in the Revenue act of 1921. The addition of just twelve words, "together with the amount of the income tax paid by such person," to the language of the 1921 law is what has forced the Treasury to prepare lists for public inspection showing for the first time the amount of tax paid by any income tax payer.

The legislative history of this provision is interesting but also involved and complicated. Section 257 of the Act of 1921 provided that "returns upon which the tax has been determined by the Commissioner shall constitute public records; but they shall be open to inspection only upon order of the President under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary and approved by the President." It was impossible under this provision, however, for Congressional committees to obtain access to material they desired from income tax records, and this resulted in the modification of the provision in the Act of 1924 to make it the duty of the Treasury to supply the Ways and Means Committee, the Finance Committee and special committee with any data which they desired.

Original and Revised Clauses.

As enacted in the law of 1921 this portion of Section 257 reads:

The Commissioner shall as soon as practicable in each year cause to be prepared and made available to public inspection in such manner as he may determine, in the office of the collector in such other places as he may determine, lists containing the name and the post office address of each person making an income tax return in such district, together with the amount of the income tax paid by such person.

While these words were inserted in the Conference Committee, they originated in the Senate Finance Committee. Newspaper men recalled tonight that this twelve-word amendment was agreed upon at night. Members of the Finance Committee, not willing to go as far as desired by Senator Norris, thought that publicity limited to names of taxpayers and amount of tax paid by each would be sufficient too head off the Norris amendment.

In this Senator Smoot and those of his colleagues who were opposed to the Norris proposal were for a time doomed to disappointment. The Norris amendment providing that the returns "shall be open to examination and inspection as other public records under the same rules and regulations as may govern the examination of public documents generally" was adopted by the Senate on May 21 by vote of 48 to 27.

McKellar Offers Amendment.

Immediately after its adoption Senator McKellar offered this amendment:

All claims for abatement or refunds of taxes, including decisions, shall likewise be subject to inspection under similar rules.

This was also adopted by the Senate by a vote of 47 to 26.

Despite the fact that both amendments were adopted by substantial majorities, they were stricken out in conference, with the result that the fight of Senator Norris was lost. The conference committee, however, provided that income tax "returns" should be open to inspection "only upon order of the President," and to certain Congressional committees, and, as a sop to the supporters of the Norris amendment restored the twelve-word phrase, "together with the amount of the income tax paid by such person," which originated in the Senate Finance Committee, but had been stricken from the bill when the broader Norris amendment was adopted.

The effect of the action of the conferees as approved when each house adopted the conference report, was to lessen the extent to which income tax "returns" would be opened to public inspection, but to broaden the information to be shown in the public inspection list of names of tax payers, by directing that these lists should also show the amount of income tax paid.

The opponents of the Norris amendment called it the "peeping Tom" amendment.

Senator Norris opposed the adoption of the conference report in a speech in the Senate on May 24. He recognized that he was doing a futile thing as it was apparent the conference report would be put through both houses as a whole, without opportunity for amendment. But he insisted upon stating his position.

Norris States His Views.

"The Democrats and the Republicans have gotten together now, to a very great extent, on this conference report," said Senator Norris, "and it is only a question of time before it will become a law, unless vetoed by the President. I believe as firmly as that I am here if the House had had an opportunity to debate the publicity amendment which we put into the bill on the floor of the Senate, and had a roll call, the amendment would be in the bill now, and because I believe in the amendment I am opposing this conference report."

Senator Norris and the others advocating publicity of income tax returns said nothing to indicate that they opposed the printing or publishing of the information they sought to have opened to public inspection.

"It seems to me," said Senator Norris, when opposing the adoption of the conference report, "that no argument of a logical or sound nature has been made against the publicity of income tax returns. In my opinion, if we had publicity of income tax returns we would greatly increase our revenue. Knowing that the income tax returns are behind closed doors and locked and sealed from the eye of the public, the dishonest man, in making his income tax return, feels that he runs no risk to do everything in that return to cut down his income, because it is going to be kept forever in secret. The inclination, then, to any individual who is not completely honest is to make his income as small as possible for the purpose of that return."

The Supreme Court, in interpreting the meaning of laws, gives due weight to the intent of Congress, and if the question of the right of newspapers to print the lists thrown open to the public inspection under the law of 1924 is challenged in the courts, there is no doubt that the custom of following the debates to ascertain the intent of Congress would be observed. The use of such phrases as "sealed from the eye of the public," by Senator Norris and other advocates of the income publicity legislation, clearly indicated that it was their idea to have full publicity, such as can best be obtained by newspaper publication, and that it was not their intention that another section of the law, Section 3,167, should be construed as meaning that the "public inspection" lists should only be looked at by individual citizens and newspapers punished if they printed the information which, by express direction of law, has been made a matter of public record.

Says the Honest Man Was Hurt.

"The honest man now who makes an honest return and pays honestly the tax that should come from him in the way of an income tax," said Mr. Norris, "is discriminated against and compelled to pay a higher proportion of tax than he should pay.

"Has it not been the policy to transact all public business publicly? Is it not the policy of every republic to do that?" Senator Caraway asked.

"Yes," replied Senator Norris.

"Under what theory do we deny any public scrutiny of the transactions of collecting taxes, refunding taxes and those settlements?" continued Senator Caraway. "What honest man can object to the people knowing what was done with the tax returns?"

"I cannot answer the question of the Senator," replied Senator Norris, "because I cannot conceive of a theory based on logic or an objection based on reason in opposition to the publicity of income tax returns."

Many other extracts from the debate over the income publicity provision might be quoted to show that Senators who voted for the Norris amendment which the Senate adopted, but which is eliminated in conference, and who voted for the limited publicity granted by the conference form of the bill, has the "public" in mind, when they voted for such publicity, and were not contemplating that lists should be prepared merely for individual inspection and publication prohibited. The whole contention of those who effected the adoption of the legislation was that "the public" as well as the Government, was entitled to know the amount of income tax paid by any individual, and as the desire was publicity there was not even a hint that newspapers ought to be punished for publication of so much of the official records as were unsealed for public knowledge.

Sees No Ban on Publication.

One Senator who was asked about the matter tonight expressed the opinion that it would be ridiculous to think that Congress intended Section 3167 of the new Revenue law to make it an offense for newspapers to print the names and amounts of tax "opened" to public inspection.

As a matter of fact, Section 3167 was lifted bodily from the act of 1921. It was written into the law at a time when Congress was not willing to permit the income tax returns or any part of them to be made public. It was repeated in the act of 1924 primarily to protect income taxpayers against the disclosure of those details of their tax returns which Congress has not yet by legislative act opened to public inspection.

Section 3167 makes it unlawful "to print or publish in any manner not provided by law any income tax return, or any part thereof or source of income, profits, losses or expenditures appearing in any income tax return."

DEMOCRATS CRITICIZE COOLIDGE'S TAX VIEWS

Say His Speech on Thursday Proves Belief in Mellon's 'Millionaire' Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The Democratic National Committee came back sharply today at President Coolidge for a statement in his speech before the United States Chamber of Commerce last night, which was construed by the Democratic committee "as near to openly declaring for the Mellon tax plan as he has come to openly declaring himself on anything at issue in the campaign." This statement of the President was:

"All experience shows that a larger amount of money can be collected from large incomes at a moderate rate than at a high rate."

The Democratic committee made this response:

"Not only is the Mellon tax plan framed by the man who owns control of the aluminum trust, enemy of every family pocketbook, and defeated in the present Congress by Democratic and Progressive votes, an issue in the pending campaign, but if the financial advisers of the Coolidge Administration could have their way they would repeal the income tax and substitute for it a sales or consumption tax.

"The Mellon tax plan would have reduced the surtax on $1,000,000 incomes by 50 per cent., while cutting the tax on moderate and small incomes an average of less than 20 per cent.

"Furthermore, Treasury receipts do not justify the contention that the Government is getting 'taxes out of high surtaxes on large incomes than it would out of lower rates. Obviously, if possessors of large incomes could evade high taxes and not evade low taxes, they would not be contributing hundreds of thousands of dollars to the Republican campaign fund for the purpose of having their rates lowered.

"The President did not tell his audience that the greatest economists of the country agree that the income tax is one tax which cannot be passed on to the consumers, for the reason that they do not know until the end of the year what their income has been, and cannot pass it on. Nor did he tell his audience that most of the taxes which he said the people are paying on food, clothing, shelter, fuel, &c., are due to the high protective tariff duties, continuation of which he is advocating."

The Democratic committee, in the same statement, also attacked Eliot Wadsworth, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, for an assertion credited to him in a speech before the Associated Industries of Massachusetts at Boston, which, the committee construed as a declaration for the repeal of the income tax.

SAYS STONE'S ATTITUDE REACTS ON LA FOLLETTE

Chairman MacArdle of Republican Labor Bureau Attacks Policy of Engineers' Mines.

Reports from mining centres indicate that the La Follette candidacy has been badly injured by publication of the correspondence between John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers, and Warren S. Stone, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, according to Joseph P. MacArdle, chairman of the Eastern District Labor Bureau of the Republican National Committee.

"The members of the United Mine Workers," Mr. MacArdle said, "and the trade unionists in general, are beginning to resent the attitude of Mr. Stone in flatly refusing to meet the demands that the West Virginia and Kentucky coal mines owned by the engineers' brotherhood be operated on a union basis." Pointing out that Mr. Stone was a strong supporter of Senator La Follette for President, Mr. MacArdle went on:

"Stone's attitude, if not proven by correspondence over his signature, would be almost unbelievable. His persistent refusal to operate the mines on a union basis, and his attack upon the check-off system, one of the vital concessions won by the miners in years of struggle, is so like the attitude evidenced for years by the coal operators that it is no wonder that Lewis, as he says in one of his letters to Stone, was 'amazed to note the arbitrary attitude you have assumed with respect to the organization of your company's properties in West Virginia and Kentucky.'"

WHEELER ACCUSES MELLON OF TRICK

Charges He Gave Out Davis's Income Tax Report for Political Purposes.

BUT SUPPRESSED OTHERS

Senator Tells St. Louis Voters the Progressives Stand for Fair Play All Around.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 24.—Secretary Mellon was charged tonight by Senator Burton K. Wheeler with political trickery in permitting the income tax report of John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for President, to be made public and then withholding further statistics.

Senator Wheeler challenged Secretary Mellon to make public the income tax reports of all candidates for the Presidency and Vice President—La Follette, Davis, Coolidge, Wheeler, Bryan and Dawes—and declared that it was the only fair course to follow, now that the amount of income paid by Mr. Davis had been released.

"In this campaign," said Mr. Wheeler, "the Republicans are resorting to every kind of trickery and treachery, not only against the Progressives but against the Democrats. Andrew Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, who tried to mislead the Congress of the United States by informing us that if the bonus bill passed there could be no tax reduction, yesterday deliberately and premeditatedly released a few income tax returns to the public, in order to show that John W. Davis, the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, paid over $84,000 income tax, according to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Then further releases were stopped.

"I believe in fair play. Senator La Follette and I are in the race to win, and expect to win, but surely the actions of the Republican Party in the campaign do not entitle them to the confidence of any self-respecting citizen of any political faith. It, however, to be expected, it is the only kind of campaign they understand.

"Some one suggested to me that they thought the Progressive Party in this campaign was helping Mr. Coolidge to be elected. That isn't going to be the case. God forbid that it should be! I am in this campaign first to elect Robert M. La Follette, the truest statesman in the United States, and secondly, to beat the smallest statesman in the United States, Calvin Coolidge.

"And we are going to beat him. One or two more unfair tricks like this one of Mr. Mellon's will do the work.

"If fuller compulsory publicity for income tax returns, with incomes no longer hidden, some of the legislative advantages given to certain classes will become clear.

"But I do not favor incomplete tax returns. Most especially I resent Andrew Mellon's action in giving out just so much of the information now possessed by the Treasury as would embarrass one Presidential candidate, while protecting his own candidate, Mellon's candidate, Mr. Coolidge, is now receiving an income from the United States Treasury that he couldn't possibly earn in any business or profession. Mr. Mellon hasn't made Mr. Coolidge's tax return public.

"This challenge is made in good faith. To prove it I ask at the same time Mr. Mellon make public the income tax returns of all the candidates for President and Vice President—La Follette, Davis and Coolidge; Bryan, Dawes and myself. The country will be particularly interested in the return made by Banker Dawes."

MANY COLLECTORS KEEP TAXES SECRET

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

In addition, no person will be permitted to copy a list from his office. The only information which he will give out is the amount a specific individual pays, and this only upon request. In addition it is Mr. Thurman's interpretation that any figures given to an individual upon his request is for his sole information and that if it is published or given to a third person the informant is subject to a $1,000 fine.

Special to The New York Times.

BOISE, Idaho, Oct. 24.—Internal Revenue Commissioner here refuses to give income tax information. Only a few mining corporations and no individuals paid $10,000 or more.

Special to The New York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 24.—The Collector of Internal Revenue advises that inspection of lists of income of tax payers will be allowed, but that no records can be made. He also says that it is illegal for newspapers to publish such tax information.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 24.—Collector E. L. Sturges of the Camden office of the Internal Revenue Department declared this afternoon that he would not permit lists of income tax payers with the amounts paid to be taken away from his office. "Our lists are open to public inspection," he said, "they are intended to be used when a specific name is sought and not for making public lists."

That ruling he said was reinforced by a telegram he received this morning from Commissioner Blair which fixes a penalty of $1,000 fine or imprisonment for one year for violation.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 24.—Collector of Internal Revenue Brewer declared today that he would not permit the making of lists of names of amounts paid by them, as to do so would obstruct the efficient management of his office and would be in direct violation of the law.

Special to The New York Times.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 24.—James H. Anderson, Collector of Internal Revenue for this district, has no lists of income tax payers on file in his office. He explained tonight that returns of all tax payers with more than $15,000 income were sent to Washington and had not been sent back as yet.

Special to The New York Times.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 24.—The list of income tax payers is not posted. The Collector will give the amount of any individual, but will not permit going over books to pick out those paying $10,000 or over.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 24.—The Internal Revenue Collector will give out amount of income tax paid by any individual, but he declines to let a reporter copy the list.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 24.—The Collector refuses to give out information for publication and has wired to the Commissioner in Washington for instructions.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 24.—The collector here refuses to give out information on income taxes. He says Washington notified him that names were not to be published.

DENY AIDING LA FOLLETTE.

Democrats Answer Butler by Citing Capper's Record.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—A charge that Republican leaders in the West are engaged in intrigues with La Follette instead of the Democrats joining hands with La Follette to throw the election into Congress as alleged by Chairman Butler of the Republican National Committee, was made today by the Democratic National Committee. The Capper case in Kansas is cited.

The Democratic Committee said in part:

"To cover up the political intrigue between regular Republican candidates in the field and the La Follette wing of the party, Chairman Butler of the Republican Committee has been uttering and reiterating the cry that an unholy combination exists between the Democrats and the progressive faction of the Republican Party under La Follette.

"Of course, no such combination exists, but, on the contrary, Republican candidates for office in close Western States, where there is keen Republican antagonism to Coolidge, have established close working alliances with La Follette leaders, at the expense of Coolidge, in order to save their own political lives.

"In Kansas, for instance, where there is small love for Coolidge or the reactionary wing of the party, Senator Capper is running for re-election. He has a close-working agreement with Glen Willet, one of the La Follette managers of that State. Furthermore, Senator Capper has sent out an appeal to La Follette Republicans for support, citing that he and Senator La Follette voted alike on all the things in which Congress opposed President Coolidge, or rode rough shod over his vetoes.

"He cites the Newberry case, the Japanese exclusion act, child labor amendment, soldier pension bill, Mellon tax plan, &c., and adds:

"'We both voted for all the farm bloc legislation.'"

INCOME REVELATION STIRS WALL STREET

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

difficulty in making clear just what happened because he is not in a position to mention what caused the loss.

Not a few who belong in the class of super-power high-class salesmen found themselves circumvented. When asking for participation in the loan underwriting with the big Wall Street banks they had in the past exaggerated the size of their businesses. Under the new regulation, it was pointed out, the banks in question have ready access to the figures which, supposedly, were "padded."

A railroad man who is known as one of Wall Street's most colorful executives, was asked his opinion. After several long seconds of preliminary expletives in which he measured up to the description "colorful," he said, "It's rotten." The benefits achieved by the railroads in many years of "educational work," he said, would probably be "destroyed by this horseplay."

Another man, an industrial leader whose business extends into several countries, said he would have a lot of explaining to do to his wife, whom he had asked to "be reasonable and economize," but, he continued, "I'm having a lot of fun thinking about some of the other fellows who are in the same mess."

The chief objection raised to the publication policy was that the information now made available would be of great benefit to some and cause great grief to others, who are competitors. Houses in strong financial condition would be able to tell just how strong their rivals might be, it was pointed out, and in not a few cases they might feel tempted to apply the screws, whereas, under ordinary conditions in which secrecy prevailed they might be bluffed out of such tactics.

"This can't be political," one financier said, "for if so I can't see how it will help anybody but La Follette. It's birdseed for him and fall and wormwood for Coolidge and Davis."

CANDIDATES LISTED BY CITIZENS UNION

Organization Appraises Nominees for Assembly From Kings, Queens and Richmond.

'PREFERENCES' ARE STATED

Peter J. McArdle, in 4th, Kings, Termed One of City's Most Experienced Members.

The Citizens Union made public yesterday the sixth instalment of its appraisal of local candidates, covering those for the Assembly from Kings, Queens and Richmond Counties.

In the First District, Kings County, Oliver E. Mosser (R), a lawyer, is "preferred" over Charles F. Cline (D), a contractor and stevedore, and John Donohue (S), who is described as a "frequent candidate."

No recommendation is made as regards candidates in the Second District, Kings, but Gaston Koch (R), is described as "active in civic movements," and Murray Hearn (D), as an "earnest and attentive first year member."

No recommendation is made for the Third District, where Fred Von Terglau (R), is described as a "chiropractic physician," and Frank J. Taylor (D), real estate, as a candidate who "in his twelfth year continued his mediocre record."

In the Fourth District, Peter A. McArdle (D), is listed as the "qualified and preferred" candidate and is further described as "one of the city's most experienced members, active and intelligent, but this year, because of illness, often unrecorded on roll-calls."

Other "preferred candidates" are Robert C. Shepard (R), Fifth District; Oscar A. Meyerson (R.), Sixth District; Herman Breisland Ihne (R.), in the Seventh District; Sidney Morris (R.), in the Ninth District; Bernard F. Gray (D.), in the Tenth District; James F. Ely (R.), an architect, in the Eleventh District; Herbert Delmar Bowman (R.), in the Twelfth District; Thomas Bennardo (R.), in the Fourteenth District; Gerald F. Dunne (D.), in the Fifteenth District.

Maurice Z. Bungard (D.), a lawyer, is listed as "qualified and preferred" in the Sixteenth District, where William A. Blank (R.) also is listed as "qualified."

In the Seventeenth District Edward E. Fay (R), is "preferred" over Julius Ruger (D), and in the Eighteenth District Nicholas H. Pinto (R), is "preferred" to his Democratic opponent, Irwin Steingut. Joseph Bartstadter (R), a lawyer, is "qualified and preferred", in the Twentieth District, and in the Twenty-first District Walter F. Clayton (R), is endorsed as an "experienced, intelligent but ultraconservative member, who introduced legislation of high character."

Other preferred candidates in Kings are William J. Smith (R), lawyer, Twenty-second District, and Louis P. Goldberg (S), lawyer, Twenty-third District.

No recommendation is made as between candidates in the First District, Queens County, and Henry M. Deltz (D) is described as a man who "made a disappointingly poor record generally" in the Assembly in 1924. In the Second, Third and Fourth Districts, Queens, candidates are listed respectively as follows: Owen J. Dever (D), "preferred"; Alfred J. Kennedy (D), "qualified and preferred," and Daniel Lacy Dayton (R), "qualified and preferred." In the Sixth District Henry Baum (R), is "preferred" over Paul F. Gallagher (D), and William Bogle Jr. (S).

In Richmond County no recommendation is made as between the candidates for Assembly, First District, William S. Hart (D), is described as "new member of intelligence who showed some capacity and promise, but was inattentive, and made a poor record of votes." His opponents are George L. White (R), and Anton Christensen (S). In the Second District U. Grant Oldham (R), is "preferred."

ACCOUNTANT DEPLORES INCOME TAX PUBLICITY

Joseph J. Klein Declares He Doubts if It Will Help Detect Evaders of Law.

Joseph J. Klein of Klein, Hinds & Fiske, certified public accountants, deplored the publicity which Congress authorized to be given to income tax reports last night. An address Mr. Klein had prepared was read in his absence, because of illness, before the income tax class at the Night School of Commerce, College of the City of New York, at Twenty-third Street and Lexington Avenue.

Stating that the efficacy of the lists in accomplishing their purpose was doubtful, Mr. Klein wrote:

"The excuse of the members of Congress for demanding the publicity feature of the present act was to aid the Government in detecting tax avoidance. It is known to all that tax avoidance is not necessarily discovered by any such means. The only result of such publicity would be to provide fodder for gossip-loving busybodies and for members of the self-appointed 'snooper squad.' The avidity with which many newspaper readers devour the published lists while attesting to the newspaper scent for news values bears out that idle curiosity rather than worthwhile motives would be satisfied by the publication of such figures."

Mr. Klein thought that newspapers in publishing such news might have subjected themselves "to severe penalties," but added that he doubted whether such penalties would be imposed.

He believed no "essential violence" had been done, and that any blame lay at the doors of Congress for making this publicity possible.

Mr. Klein raised a question whether the publicity provision applied to fiduciary returns at all. He said this point was not clear from the law, but that the Treasury Department would have been justified in interpreting the measure to confine the publicity feature to 1924 returns.

Italian Minister for Roosevelt.

The Rev. Charles Fama, President of the Italian Evangelical Ministers' Association of Greater New York, notified Republican State headquarters yesterday that his organization had endorsed Colonel Theodore Roosevelt as candidacy for Governor and was working hard for its success.

WASHINGTON IS AT SEA

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

has received with additional information as to the deduction he claims, but does not prohibit publicity being given to the amount of his tax.

In those Internal Revenue collection offices where lists were available yesterday, the only information available to the public was the amount, in each case, of the income tax for which the person making the return rendered himself or herself liable. Such figures, it was contended here today, did not constitute any part of the "return" of the taxpayer, as they give no definite information as to the amount of his income or the sources from which it is derived.

This view was endorsed by a Senator who had participated in the discussion which had resulted in the adoption of the publicity provision. He would not permit his name to be used in commenting on the subject, but he held that it was clear that the provision prohibiting the publication of income tax returns in any manner whatever not provided by law" applied only to information of the amount of incomes themselves and their sources and not to the amount of tax paid.

In the official notice to the press issued by the Treasury Department yesterday, during departmental office hours, it was said that the records which were open to inspection of the public were "only the official assessment lists." It was also said:

"They show a complete history of each person's transactions with the Government. The name and post office address appear on the list as well as the amount of tax paid on all original and additional assessments; also penalty and interest payments."

Thought to Allow Publicity of Tax.

This gave the impression that complete information regarding a taxpayer's return, including the source of his income, was available to public inspection, but close examination and the course of internal revenue collectors in various places showed that only the amount of the tax payment made in each case was available. This construction of the law by the Government sustains the contention that the provision forbidding the publication of any part of a "return" in any manner not provided by law applies only to the "return" itself—that is, the details of the income, its amount, its source, &c.—and not to the amount of tax paid.

Commissioner Blair admitted today that when he left the Treasury Department yesterday, after issuing the statement to the press that income returns were open to public inspection, he did not know of the existence of the penalty clause which he later called to the attention of newspapers and Collectors of Internal Revenue.

"It would seem that Congress had written two conflicting clauses into the law," he added, "one which made the lists public and the other which forbids publication.

"However, it is always the purpose to reconcile such matters as much as possible. The first section uses the term 'inspect' and the second the term 'publish,' so that it would seem that while the lists might be inspected they could not be published.

"I think it is absolutely out of the question that the lists should be considered closed to newspaper correspondents. In only two collection districts from which I have heard was there an attempt made to close the lists from the press. I immediately sent instructions that they should be open to newspaper representatives. They have the same right to view the lists as any one else."

The Third New York and the Maryland collection districts were mentioned as the ones where the lists were not opened to the press.

Learned of "Prohibition" Later.

"I do not know," Mr. Blair continued, "who ran across the clause prohibiting publication. I did not know about it until last night and the telegram for collectors to post warnings was sent out from my office in my name.

"It is not a matter for me to determine whether the law has been violated by publication of the tax payments from the lists. It is my responsibility to warn against it, but the question of taking action rests with the Department of Justice and the United States Attorneys."

It was explained today at the office of the Commissioner that preparation of the lists came about in the normal procedure of the bureau. Every year such lists are prepared for official use, but they have never been thrown open to inspection because of the law against it. The lists, which were for the year 1923, were delayed somewhat this year. They have just been committed an dthis explains why the announcement that they were open to inspection comes at this time.

Commissioner Blair made these statements early in the day. He has been ill some time and is under the care of a physician. He could not be seen this afternoon while he was still at the department and he said over the telephone this evening that he had an engagement with his physician and would be unable to discuss the income tax mix-up. When asked if he could give answers to a number of questions relating to the circumstances connected with his late notice to collectors of internal revenue and newspapers indicating that it would be unlawful to publish income tax payments, he asked to be excused until tomorrow, when he expected to be at his office.

Would Bar "Private" Publication.

In his earlier discussion of his course of last night, Commissioner Blair said that unquestionably it is the law that people must be permitted to inspect the income tax lists. At the same time, he said, it is also the law that publication is forbidden of the amount of the tax, which is regarded as part of the return. Communication of the figures from one person to another is publication, the Commissioner held, adding that the communication does not have to be printed to be published.

"It is utterly absurd," Mr. Blair said this morning, in discussing the matter of the returns open to inspection, "that such action was taken for political effect. We had no idea it would create all this commotion. It came along in the normal routine way. The law provided that the lists should be open for inspection, and we complied with it."

From an authoritative source it was learned that Treasury authorities contemplate no further action in the matter of the publication of income tax payments. The Treasury, it was said, performed to the extent of its responsibility in making known what the law was. While it was the view of officials that publication is strictly forbidden, as well as serving to accomplish little in showing normal incomes, it was contended that the Department of Justice has the duty of taking the next step, if any. The Treasury does not even contemplate a request on the Attorney General for an opinion as to the law, it was explained.

Thinks Blackmail Prohibited.

A high official of the Treasury was asked by THE NEW YORK TIMES about complications that might arise in throwing the lists open to the public if newspapers at the same time are not to print the names. It was suggested to him that anybody can inspect these records and tell anybody he liked about them, and the interpretation of the law by Treasury officials might become a direct encouragement to grafting and blackmail. In this connection, it was suggested that any individual can inspect these lists, make a record and sell it for any purpose or price.

"He can't," the official replied. "The same law that prohibits publication prohibits that. There was the law which made it a criminal offense to use this information to exploit it or to publish it. That law still stands, but Congress made it mandatory on the Department to make the lists, with the amount of each, name available for public inspection, but at the same time there was nothing changing the law against their publication and use.

It was pointed out that, after all, the amounts made public do not give a true index to a man's normal annual income. This, it was explained, was because earnings in one year may be comparatively little and another year very large because of a sale that has matured.

"The impression that one gets from all that has been said," the official continued, "about the amount of the incomes is that they are a man's regular income. They have a significance as showing what the regular income may be. If you take any series of years for a study of the incomes you will find that few are uniform from year to year."

Mellon Resents Charge of Partisanship.

Secretary Mellon showed today that he resented an accusation that the Treasury had been actuated by a partisan reason in its attitude toward the publication of income tax payments. He issued this formal statement:

"My attention has been directed to an editorial in the New York World charging partisan purpose in the compliance by the Treasury with the mandatory provisions of an act of Congress.

"The amendment to the Revenue act of 1924 added to the provision under the former law, which made open to inspection names of taxpayers, the requirement that there also be open to inspection the amount of tax paid, and in due course when the information was available it was opened to inspection. Presumably Congress, by re-enacting specifically in the same act the prohibition against printing or publishing of a part of a return intended to have both provisions effective, inspection where reason for it existed and not newspaper publication solely to satisfy idle public curiosity.

"The World sees fit to ignore the penal statute against printing or publishing and such action is salone responsible for the fact that it pretends to condemn—partisianism. The Treasury had no alternative and criticism would rightly have been made had it not complied with law."

DEFENDS GOVERNOR ON HOSPITAL WORK

Dr. S. S. Goldwater Assails Roosevelt for Saying There Has Been Unnecessary Delay.

NO TIME HAS BEEN LOST

Construction Expert Declares State's $50,000,000 Program Is Moving Ahead Expeditiously.

Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Superintendent of Mount Sinai Hospital and adviser to the Rockefeller Institute in matters of hospital construction, took up the cudgels for Governor Smith yesterday and replied to charges made by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and other Republican speakers of unnecessary delay in starting work on the new State hospitals and other institutions provided for by the $50,000,000 bond issue.

Dr. Goldwater testified that Governor Smith had not wasted a moment, and denounced the Republicans for trying to make political capital out of the woes of the State's wards.

"Because hospital buildings valued at $50,000,000 have not sprung into existence overnight, an attempt is made to discredit the Governor. I know what the accomplishment of the State's program involves. The preparation of plans and specifications for a large number of diversified hospital buildings, representing the second largest building program of any organization, public or private, in the United States, is a time-consuming process, but Governor Smith and his associates have not wasted a moment in pushing forward this important work.

"It has been necessary to draw plans, to prepare specifications, to secure the necessary approvals and to advertise contracts, in accordance with the law, for a definite period of time before contracts could be awarded and work actually begun. Careful, advance preparations have facilitated all of this work, and practical results have followed with gratifying speed."

Governor Smith was also endorsed in this connection by the Citizens' Committee of the State Charities Aid Association, of which George L. Canfield, law partner of Attorney General Harlan F. Stone, is President; and of which the executive members are George W. Wickersham, William Church Osborne and Homer Folks. The Governor's policy was approved likewise by Dr. C. Floyd Hayland, Chairman of the State Hospital Commission; Dr. Sanger Brown, Chairman of the State Commission for Mental Defectives, and Sullivan W. Jones, State Architect.

Kills Wife, 2 Children and Himself.

TOPSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 24.—Homer Kennedy today shot and killed his wife and their two young children and then turned the pistol on himself. Three older children were at school at the time. Kennedy, who was 50 years old, recently suffered a nervous breakdown, neighbors said.

Press Comment on Publicity for Income Tax Returns

ALBANY.

"An Unwise, Unscientific Law."

From The Knickerbocker Press.

The law is an unwise one and thoroughly unscientific. It should not have been passed in the first place; it should be repealed as soon as possible.

The idea of opening income tax figures to public inspection is unsound in principle and opposed to the safeguards supposed to be thrown around the individual's right to pursue his own affairs in privacy, so long as he does not infringe upon the rights of others. Public intrusion by unnecessary official instruments is contrawise to the best American precedents, but unfortunately is quite in accord with the increasing tendency that seeks to regulate the personal and private affairs of the individual, again in violation of implied, if not actually expressed, constitutional guarantees.

It would be a dangerous thing for press or public to admit that both the prohibitory statute and the new law are right, for such admission would overthrow the primary principle that public documents are open to publication. Let that well-established rule, bulwarked by court decisions, once be subverted and there would ensue hurrying and a scurrying of countless petty officials to cover public transactions by petty rulings against the publication of certain or many documents, which are and should be public property.

Much of the power of the American press to protect the public from graft and sly doings in public office would be killed off by the admission of any such theory. It would mean the beginning of a campaign in press-muzzling of which the possible ultimate would be gravely doubtful. Unless the people and the press of the United States hold squarely to the principle that any public document, and public departmental record, or public property, and therefore open to publication, the era of a free press draws to a close and a fundamental deterrent to misbehavior is eliminated from public affairs.

BOSTON.

Would Not Print the Returns.

From The Herald.

Our decision not to print this information has been made in complete disregard of what any of our contemporaries may do and wholly apart from the ultimate legal decision as to the permissibility of so doing. * * *

To make public this information in any form is an outrage, because it is in distinct violation of the virtual compact into which the United States entered with its people on the passage of the income tax amendment. * * * The income tax amendment was ratified by the States at a time when everybody understood that the returns under it would be confidential, as they had been with our earlier income tax experiments. How far would it have gone on any other expectation?

The great trouble with the present plan is that it is sure to accentuate the impulse that people now have for evading the revenue laws. It is hard enough for a rich man to pay such a tax without his having to make public the amount he is paying, and so become the target of all sorts of attacks, legal and otherwise, upon his means and resources. The reverse effects upon the credit of the man who is paying less than his neighbors expect are equally bad.

Congress should repeal the publicity proposition at the earliest possible moment. Until it does so, all self-respecting newspapers should refuse to be parties to the wrong by printing findings which are presumably at their disposal.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

"The Treasury's Performance."

From The Republican.

A reasonable explanation of the Treasury's performance is that the officials are trying to make the press "the goat" in case the income tax payers become indignant over the unwelcome publicity thrust upon them. The Treasury has been reluctant to obey the Norris provision of the law, but having no alternative to obedience, the department throws out the suggestion that printing names is very different from making them "available for public inspection" and that, therefore, the wicked newspapers must bear the blame for whatever publicity follows.

There is nothing heroic or quite manly in this attitude of the Treasury Department, even if the impression is conveyed that the department is going the limit in trying to protect income tax payers from the publicity nuisance. No doubt it is a nuisance to income tax payers. The Norris provision is open to serious criticism on the ground that a person's private income is his own business, and the Government's, but the business of no one else. Yet, so long as it is law, the press may properly insist on 100 per cent. enforcement. Here is one law at least that can be enforced 100 per cent., if the press is permitted normally to function.

WASHINGTON.

"Private Affairs Obsolete."

From the Post.

The public licks up with avidity the income tax figures of rich men, but what everybody would like to see is the tax roll of famous statesmen. Senator Norris is author of the provision providing for publicity of income tax returns. What does he pay? What does Bob La Follette pay? It is not fair to disclose the return of John W. Davis, which reaches the fat figure of $85,000, without publishing the returns of Calvin Coolidge, Bob La Follette and other Presidential candidates.

The Norris amendment is the most effective step toward Government control of private affairs since the Volstead law was enacted. Much remains to be done before private citizens are stripped of their privacy, but the expos

BRITAIN DENOUNCES SOVIET PROPAGANDA

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

peatedly given to his Majesty's Government.

Quotes Soviet Agreement.

(4) So recently as June 4 of last year, the Soviet Government made the following solemn agreement with His Majesty's Government:

"The Soviet Government undertakes not to support, with funds or in any other form, persons, or bodies, or agencies, or institutions whose aim is to spread discontent or to foment rebellion in any part of the British Empire; and to impress upon its officers and officials the full and continuous observance of these conditions."

(5) Moreover, in the treaty which his Majesty's Government recently concluded with your Government, still further provision was made for a faithful execution of an analogous undertaking, which is essential to the existence of good and friendly relations between the two countries. His Majesty's Government mean that these undertakings shall be carried out, both in letter and in spirit, and cannot accept the contention that, while the Soviet Government undertakes obligations, a political body as powerful as itself is to be allowed to conduct a propaganda and support it with money, which is in direct violation of an official agreement. The Soviet Government either has or has not the power to make such agreements. If it has the power, it is its duty to carry them out and see that other parties are not deceived. If it has not this power, and if the responsibilities which belong to the State in other countries are, in Russia, in the keeping of private and irresponsible bodies, the Soviet Government ought not to make agreements which it knows it cannot carry out.

6. I should be obliged if you would be good enough to let me have the observations of your Government on this subject without delay.

I have the honor to be, with high consideration, sir, your obedient servant.

In the absence of the Secretary of State, signed, J. D. GREGORY.

Communists' Secret Propaganda.

With this letter is issued the following document, marked "very secret":

Executive Committee, Third Communist Internationial Presidium.

Sept. 15, 1924, Moscow.

To the Central Committee, British Communist Party.

Dear Comrades: The time is approaching for the Parliament of England to consider the treaty concluded between the Governments of Great Britain and S. S. S. R. [Russian initials for Socialist Soviet Federated Republics] for the purpose of their ratification.

The fierce campaign raised by the British bourgeoisie around the question shows that a majority of the same, together with the reactionary circles, are against the treaty, for the purpose of breaking off an agreement consolidating the ties between the proletariats of the two countries and leading to a restoration of normal relations between England and the S. S. S. R.

The proletariat of Great Britain, which pronounced its weighty word when a danger was threatened of a break-off of past negotiations and compelled the Government of MacDonald to conclude a treaty, must show the greatest possible energy in the further struggle for ratification and against the endeavors of British capitalists to compel Parliament to annul it.

Orders Masses Stirred Up.

It is indispensable to stir up the masses of the British proletariat to bring into the movement the army of unemployed proletarians, whose position can be improved only after a loan has been granted to S. S. S. R. for the restoration of her economics, and when business collaboration between the British and Russian proletariats has been put in order.

It is imperative that the group in the Labor Party sympathizing with the treaty should bring increased pressure to bear upon the Government and Parliamentary circles in favor of ratification of the treaty. Keep close observation over the leaders of the Labor Party, because these may easily be found in the leading strings of the bourgeoisie.

The foreign policy of the Labor Party, as it is already represents an inferior copy of the policy of the Curzon Government. Organize a campaign if disclosure of the foreign policy of MacDonald. The IKKI [Executive Committee, Third Communist International] will willingly place at your disposal wide material in its possession regarding the activities of British imperialism in the Middle and Far East.

In the meanwhile, however, strain every nerve in the struggle for ratification of the treaty in favor of a continuation of negotiations.

Regarding the regulation of relations between S. S. S. R. and England, a settlement of relations between the two countries will assist in the revolutionizing of the international and the British proletariat, not less than a successful rising in any of the working districts of England, as the establishment of close contact between the British and Russian proletariat, the exchange of delegations and workers, &c., will make it possible for us to extend and develop propaganda of the ideas of Leninism in England and her colonies.

Armed warfare must be preceded by a struggle against inclinations to compromise, which are embedded among the majority of British workmen; against ideas of evolution and peaceful extermination of capitalism. Only then will it be possible to count upon the complete success of an armed insurrection.

In Ireland and the colonies the case is different. There is the national question, and this represents too great a factor for success, for us to waste time on prolonged preparation of the working class.

Directs Sedition in Army.

But even in England, as in other countries where the workers are politically developed, events themselves may more rapidly revolutionize the working masses than propaganda. For instance, the strike movement, repressions by the Government, &c.

From your last report it is evident that agitation and propaganda work in the army is weak, in the navy a very little better. Your explanation that the quality of the members attracted justifies the quantity is right in principle. Nevertheless, it would be desirable to have cells (nuclei?) in all the units of troops, particularly among those quartered in large centres of the country, and among factories working on munitions and at military store depots. We request that most particular attention be paid to these latter. In the event of danger of war, with the aid of the latter and in contact with the transport workers, it is possible to paralize all military preparations of the Bourgeoisie and make a start in turning an imperialist war into a class war.

Now more than ever we should be on our guard. Attempts at intervention in China show that world imperialism is still full of vigor and is once more making endeavors to restore its shaken position and cause a new war, which, as its final objective, is to bring about a breaking of the Russian proletariat and suppression of the budding world revolution, and further, would lead to the enslavement of the colonial peoples.

Danger of war—the Bourgeoisie seeks war, capital, fresh markets! These are the slogans which you must familiarize the masses with, which you must go to work into the mass of the Proletariat.

These slogans will open to you the doors of comprehension of the masses, will help you to capture them and march them under the banner of Communism.

Want Military Specialists.

The military section of the British Communist Party, so far as we are aware, further suffers from a lack of specialists, the future directors of the British Red Army. It is time you thought of forming such a group, which, together with the leaders, might be, in the event of the outbreak of active strife, the brain of the military organization of the party.

Go attentively through the lists of the military cells [nuclei?] detailing from them the more energetic and capable men. Turn attention to the more talented military specialists who have, for one reason or another, left the service and hold Socialist views. Attract them into the ranks of the Communist Party. If they desire honestly to serve the proletariat, and desire in the future to direct not a blind, mechanical force in the service of the bourgeoisie, but a national army, form a directing, operative head of the millitary section.

Do not put this off to a future moment, which may be pregnant with events and catch you unprepared.

Desiring you all success, both in organization and in your struggle,

With Communist greetings.

(Signed) President of the Presidium of the IKKI, ZINOVIEFF.

Member of the Presidium, McMANUS.

Secretary, KUUSINEN.

Forgery, Says Soviet Agent.

In disowning the Zinoviev letter M. Rakovsky, when interviewed tonight, said:

"My comment is three-fold.

"One—It is clear that this document is a forgery on the even of election, but I have no idea who wrote it. Since the election period began much false news has been spread again Russian, and this document would be a great election manoeuvre on the ele of polling.

Two—The whole of the contents do not conform with the Communist International tactics. I have never before read a Communist appeal that a rising must be organized.

The Communist International is a big organization and the Soviet Government cannot be made responsible for action of the Executive Committee, which is selected by Communist parties, acting legally in nearly every European country.

"Three—I quite understand that the Foreign Office is very careful that the election should have no foreign intervention, but I am surprised that the Foreign Office, before even waiting for a reply from us, has given the alleged communication publicity."

Arthur McManus, British member of the Third International, whose name is appended to the document issued by the Foreign Office, also denies any knowledge of its existence, saying:

"It is a forgery and a rather clumsy forgery."

Newspapers Assail MacDonald.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 25.—The publication today by the Foreign Office of Zinoviev's instructions to British Communists and a Foreign Office note of protest to the Soviet Government has proved the greatest sensation of the election campaign.

"This insolent letter has been in London for some time, and it has aroused the utmost indignation in service quarters," says The Daily Mail.

"That such a document should have been held back until the very last moment of the election campaign is another sign that the Government has a bad conscience in the matter. And well it might have! The country now knows that Moscow issues orders to British Communists and they are obeyed by Communists here. British Communists, in turn, give orders to the Socialist Government, which it tamely and humbly obeys."

The Morning Post says the Government has turned King's evidence, adding:

"The Bolsheviki have been found guilty of the most dangerous conspiracy against this country, and in a desperate effort to save their own skins the Government, who temporized with them, have brought before the tribunal of public opinion a damning document, which gives the whole case away."

"Has the Prime Minister only now discovered," asks The London Times, "as the American Government publicly declared four years ago, that the Bolshevist Government 'sign agreements with no intention of keeping them'; that their fundamental principle is not to keep faith?

The Daily Telegraph says the Zinoviev letter "is one of the most ruinous revelations that ever blasted the prestige of a ministry, and Mr. MacDonald, who in a long succession of speeches has upheld the treaty as one of the most admirable of all the achievements of Labor in office, is a figure to be pitied indeed.

MORE DISORDERS HALT BRITISH MEETINGS

MacDonald Denies Responsibility —Baldwin Appeals for Imperial Preference Tariff.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Prime Minister MacDonald, speaking at Taibach tonight, referred to charges made against the Labor Party of organizing rowdyism at political meetings. He said:

"I see in the newspapers that an attempt has been made to repeat what happened last year, and that our opponents make a great grievance about rowdyism at their meetings.

"Now, last year we had all these stories told. You remember a lady in Glasgow who was kicked on the shins and fainted, and who three or four days after the election was discovered to have been, at the moment of her faint, addressing a meeting two or three miles away from the place where she was kicked.

"At the same time, I do note that the great enthusiasm and strong moral blood of our people are not going to incline them to become vociferous when they hear the other side talking nonsense or uttering slanders. I am not in favor of any of that sort of manifestation at all.

"I know that bold chairmen and provocative speeches on the part of the other side as try the patience of audiences. Then, my friends, if your patience is not equal to that trial, stay away from their meetings and leave them alone altogether."

Riotous scenes were witnessed at a Liberal meeting at Appledore, North Devon, tonight. After speaking for a few minutes Captain Tudor Rees, Liberal member for the division in the last Parliament, was shouted down, and afterward, as he was leaving the meeting and being escorted to his car, a bag of white powder was thrown over the party. The missile, which was aimed at Captain Tudor Rees, just missed him, but struck a member of the Devon County Council, who was knocked senseless.

A meeting held at Hackney tonight in support of Sir Robert Gower, Conservative candidate, ended abruptly owing to the hostile attitude of a large number of his opponents. "God Save the King" and "Rule Britannia" were sung before the people dispersed, and the opposition replied by singing the "Red Flag."

Throughout his attempts to speak Sir Robert Gower was subjected to a running fire of interruptions, and he seldom was several times, unable to continue, only to rise again and repeat his ineffectual attempts to make himself heard.

Major Beaumont Thomas, anti-Socialist candidate for Pontypool, Monmouthshire, was attacked tonight by a crowd of men after a meeting at Garadiffaith and so seriously injured that he has been obliged to cancel his week-end engagements.

His was hit about the legs and one of his arms was twisted. His coat and hat were torn from him and his wrist watch was smashed. An attempt was made to overturn his car, but eventually he managed to get away.

Lady Astor Makes Sharp Retort.

PLYMOUTH, England, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Intense feeling marked the election campaign of Lady Astor here today. Several times she was heckled when addressing meetings. At one of the gatherings Lady Astor was asked about the old cry of "hanging the Kaiser." With considerable spirit she replied:

"I think it is far worse than death for a man who thinks he was sent from heaven to rule the world to be locked up in a Dutch village with a dull wife."

Lady Astor's voice, like that of Prime Minister MacDonald, is giving out under the strain of campaigning. She has encountered so much heckling of late in her fight against Socialism that she has often been forced to raise her voice to the point of cracking, and the strain has told upon her.

At a meeting last night, when the red flag was displayed, Lady Astor shouted: "Take that red flag out; we are talking under the Union Jack."

Later the interrupter was shouted down by Conservatives, but during the course of the meeting, which was held in the open air, the opponents of the former Nancy Langhorne refused to let her make her full speech.

THIRD PARTY WATCHERS.

Col. Warren Shaw Fisher Expects to Have 6,000 Men at Polls.

Colonel Warren Shaw Fisher, National Commander of the United American War Veterans, is organizing and drilling La Follette watchers to protect the Third Party interests at the polls on election day. He is being assisted by J. Whyte Lindsay, Past Junior Commander of the Army and Navy Union, and a member of the Spanish-American War Veterans.

"We plan to have an army of 6,000 watchers at the polls," said Colonel Fisher. "Many groups and organizations are cooperating with us to furnish the personnel, including labor organizations, the Committee of Forty-eight, Irish and Italian organizations, the Steuben Society, the Modern Republican Club, the Guaggenti Progressive Republican Club, the East Side Republican Club, the Ridgewood Community Council and several local civic organizations in the five boroughs, as well as groups of ex-service men.

"We shall have a legal staff of fifty attorneys stationed at the police courts and at campaign headquarters. We will, of course, cooperate with the Honest Ballot Association in its non-partisan effort to secure a fair count."

Beaverbrook Buys London House.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Lord Beaverbrook has bought Sternoway House, which directly overlooks St. James's Park and occupies one of the most coveted positions in London, being in precincts of St. James's Palace and having for its immediate neighbors Bridgewater House, Warwick House and Stafford House. Stornoway House was sold by direction of the trustees of late Colonel F. A. Lucas. The last occupant was the widow of the Colonel.

PRINCE STARTS HOME SORRY TRIP IS OVER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

interview was mentioned, the Prince said:

"Well, I'm going to write out a little statement."

He then went to his cabin and wrote the two-line farewell message.

On the ship the Prince bought a Red Cross button and his name was the first enrolled in the annual roll call of the Red Cross which will open early in November. Mrs. William Kinnicutt Draper, Vice Chairman of the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross, was presented to the Prince by the British Ambassador. The Prince opened a wallet, took out a dollar bill and handed it over, receiving a gold enameled pin in return.

"This is the third time I have joined the American Red Cross," he said.

There was hardly a passenger on the boat when the Prince arrived. Precautions had been taken for dealing with curiosity-seekers and persons trying to force themselves on the Prince, but there was no difficulty of this kind.

When the Prince came over on the Berengaria two months ago there was a tremendous demand for stateroom space on the other side and the ship could have been filled twice over. Only a little more than half the accommodations on the Olympic were taken yesterday. Fully fifty took passage, however, to be on the ship with the Prince.

J. Butler Wright, Third Assistant Secretary of State, called on the Prince in his suite as the personal representative of President Coolidge, and on behalf of the President wished the royal visitor godspeed.

At 5:25 the Prince left his suite and started to promenade the decks. He had on a frey cap and was accompanied by General Trotter and Mr. Burt of Scotland Yard. He strolled up and down the starboard side of the main deck, his hands in his pockets, taking long swaggering steps. Then he went to an upper deck where he continued his walking.

The Prince appeared tired. Members of his party said he had fully recovered from his recent slight cold, and except for being a bit fatigued was in excellent health.

Selected as special orderly to the Prince during the trip was Peter Alpine of 12 Broad Street, Southampton, England, who spent nineteen and one-half years in the British army and has five medals.

BARNES HITS MACCRACKEN.

Resents His Calling Coolidge a "Myth."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Taking exception to the letter addressed by Dr. H. N. MacCracken, President of Vassar College, to the Democratic National Committee, in which the educator referred to President Coolidge as a "myth," Julius Barnes of the United States Chamber of Commerce has forwarded a criticism to Dr. MacCracken. Pointing out that Dr. MacCracken had admitted that he knew "nothing about Coolidge," Mr. Barnes asks him why he did not seek information from his associates, among them Mr. Barnes, "who became a trustee of Vassar at the personal request of the head of the institution."

He added:

"One may in America freely express a political preference. One may freely criticise the official acts of any citizen, even in our highest office, but educational leadership implies the sober resolve to express no convictions except after careful inquiry and to be absolutely just and fair.

"No voice in America has sounded clearer for sturdy individual efforts; no voice so clearly against lethargy of government ownership and operation in industry; no voice more inspiring that public and private conscience shall inject idealism into material accomplishment.

"Every contact with President Coolidge discloses his possession of a clear-cut code of ethics, of a political, industrial and social philosophy which makes ridiculous your implication that any other agency than his own intellect and conscience tells him what to think."

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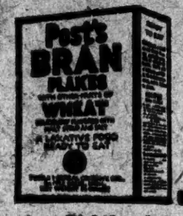

Now you'll like bran

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A CHINESE LEGEND

"In the beginning when all was darkness and confusion, a vast egg divided itself into two parts.

"When lo! there came forth a wondrous being known as Poon-Koo-Wong.

"And of the upper portion of the shell he formed the heavens; and of the lower part, the earth."

Only in legends, like that above, may be found a rival of the delicious eggs served at CHILDS.

Eggs famed for their quality and freshness, prepared in a variety of ways to suit a variety of tastes.

Childs

B. Altman & Co.

Special!

Imported Black Chiffon Dress Velvets

in two qualities

comprising 5,000 yards, will be placed on sale to-day at

$3.78 & 4.78 per yard

(Dress Velvets, First Floor)

Madison Avenue—Fifth Avenue, New York

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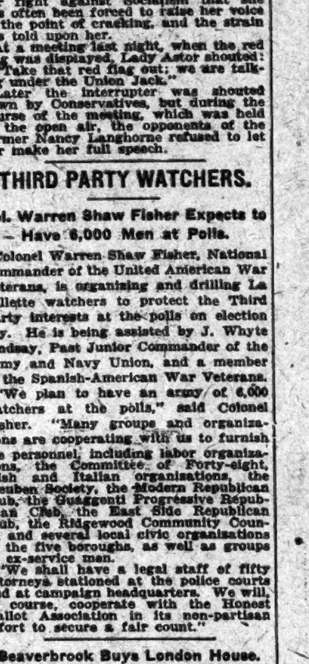
You are invited to inspect our Winter assortments of



WHITEHALL

LONDON

OVERCOATS FOR YOUNG MEN

STOCKS are now complete and every overcoat fashion approved by smart London and New York is here. Stunning English fabrics—shetlands, overplaids, mixtures, and fancy coatings—in box or raglan style, single or double breasted. *All sizes from 34 to 44.*

42.00 *to* 72.00

BEST & CO.

FIFTH AVENUE AT 35th STREET — FIFTH FLOOR

Stewart & Co.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

FIFTH AVENUE AT 37TH STREET

These Are the Smartest

FUR COATS

A carefully chosen combination of fashion, perfect workmanship and Stewart & Co. high quality

And These Are Their Lowest Prices!

Muskrat Fur in New Patterns 125.00

The youthful and sportslike purposes of muskrat fur are even smarter when patterned in new fashions, with smart borders or diagonally placed skins.

Caracul Fur with Brown Fox 195.00

The smartest women will wear these coats of caracul in new Autumn wood shades with flattering fox fur at the collar and cuffs. They are all full length.

Siberian Squirrel in Youthful Models 445.00

Every touch is new about these coats—the slight hem flare, the new muff cuff and the tight silhouette. Of exceptional quality Siberian blue squirrel—full length coats.

Raccoon Fur Coats 245.00

Full length, of course, in those new patterns of raccoon fur that the smartest young girls will wear at the most important games of the season. Beautifully lined and of exceptional quality skins.

HUDSON SEAL COATS

Trimmed With Kolinsky Dyed Squirrel

Special 225.00

An exceptional value in full length coats, collared and cuffed with kolinsky dyed fitch or viatka squirrel.

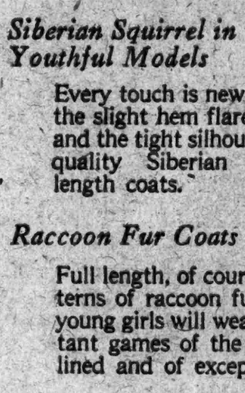
BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

SPECIALLY PRICED FOR TODAY

A Smart Sports Ensemble of Sweater and Skirt



4-BUTTON SLIP-OVER SWEATER

11.50

Featured is a V neck slip-over sweater of alpaca or camel's hair; in brown, rust, Lanvin green, delft, white or natural camel's hair.

A Skirt with Pleating That Is Permanent

FLANNEL SPORTS SKIRTS

15.00

A new pleating process that permits a skirt to hold its original smartness as long as one chooses to wear it. In fairway green or mink brown.

FOURTH FLOOR

FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE PLAZA 4000

On the Third Floor

Misses' Richly Furred Coats

Replicas and Adaptations of Models by the Leading Paris Creators

SPECIALLY PRICED GROUP

79.50

Simple, youthful coats whose elegance of fabric and fur makes them the smartest for all daytime occasions. Lanvin's deep muff-cuff sleeve—the new shawl-tuxedo collar—the very slim coat with the especially luxurious fur collar and cuffs—the semi-fur border—these are just a few of the many authentic new fashions offered. In all the chic colors, of course. With genuine beaver, natural or brown-dyed squirrel, sable-dyed opossum or mink-dyed muskrat.

A New Self-Blocked Fabric Appears In These Slim Trotteur Coats

59.50

And the most generous of Australian opossum collars and cuffs trim them! The fabric which has a fascinatingly soft, dull surface and which is warm, though light-weight, may be selected in the new tones of blue, tan, gray and coppery brown.

Nutria Trims These Chinchilla Coats

For Little Folks

14.95

Sturdy and ever so smartly tailored is this cozy double-breasted model of chinchilla with a nutria collar. Lined and interlined. In reindeer and turtle. Sizes 2 to 6 years. *Saks Fifth Avenue—Tiny Town, Second Floor*

For the Little Girl and Junior Girl

Shoes *with* Contrasting Tops

Smart styles to wear for "best". Made on lasts that are graceful and that follow the natural lines of the growing foot. Splendidly made in every detail and finished with welted soles and comfortable low heels.

Plain-Toed Patent Leather with Black Cloth Button Tops

8½ to 11, 5.00 — 11½ to 2, 6.00

Patent Leather Models—Laced Kid Top

8½ to 11, 5.00 — 11½ to 2, 6.00

Patent Leather Laced, Gray Suede Top

8½ to 11, 5.50 — 11½ to 2, 6.50 — 2½ to 7, 8.00

Tan Calf Laced, Fawn Suede Top

8½ to 11, 5.50 — 11½ to 2, 6.50 — 2½ to 7, 8.00

Saks-Fifth Avenue—Second Floor

Paris is Wearing

High Crown Felts—Chic Velours, Satin Turbans and Metallic Effects

8.75 to 16.50

For Tailleur, Sports, Afternoon and Formal Wear

The jauntily dented high-crown hat that is the success of the moment—the hat with the touch of fur—of ribbon—or of iridescent feather—the large hat—the petit hat for the fur collared coat—all are here. Beautifully made and finished; ready for Madame and Mademoiselle in all the becoming rich colors.

Saks-Fifth Avenue—Third Floor

Fur is a Rich Note of Ornamentation

On These Chiffon Velvet Frocks for Mademoiselle

49.50

Straight in line is one very French looking model, tying to one side, and true to a late Paris edict by using a band of marmot fur all the way down the side and on the cuffs.

A two-piece effect is achieved by the frock sketched, although it is really "all in one". There is a debonair satin tie, a trimming of cut steel buttons, and, for the final note of chic, an edging of marmot fur on the collar and cuffs.

In black and dark brown. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Other velvet frocks are priced from 39.50 to 195.00

Saks-Fifth Avenue—Third Floor

The Gay New Wool Plaids Dear to Paris

Are Used in These Smartly Tailored School and Sports Frocks for Girls

16.50

Tailored from fine imported plaids along slim, straight lines, with inverted pleats, leather belts, and detachable linen collars and cuffs used as trimming details. One model is especially interesting with its gold belt—bound to win the heart of any little girl. Sizes 8 to 16 years. *Saks-Fifth Avenue—Second Floor*

The Fur-Trimmed Coats Smart Women Want Now

At Two Remarkably Low Prices

Sports Coats—55.00

Camel's hair, llama cloth, striped kasha, chinchilla, mafalda, imported tweeds—are the fashionable fabrics used. Silver pahmi, kit fox, raccoon, and natural muskrat are the fashionable furs; some with self collars. The models are dashing semi-fitting, loose-back, or straight-line tailored types.

Street and Dress Coats—95.00

Exquisitely made of mokine, fawnskin, velona and velnova. Trimmed with kit fox, blended and natural squirrel, beaver, fitch, Australian opossum, muskrat, and Hudson seal. Paris' new pleated and tiered effects, and fur-bordered models are all included. *Newest colors and black.* *Fifth Floor*

Boys' Overcoats and Suits Superbly Tailored in The Latest Models

Boys' Suits with Extra Knickers—14.95

Plain jacket, to be worn with or without belt—well tailored—a variety of all-wool mixtures and the always popular navy blue cheviot. Ages 7—18.

Boys' Sports Coats—13.95

Three-quarter model—with muff pockets and patch pockets at the sides—strong tailoring—in a variety of all-wool heather and plaid overcoatings—wool yoke lining. Ages 8—18.

Boys' Vest Suits with Extra Golf Knickers—19.50

Featuring the newest mannish English lines—excellently tailored—a variety of imported and domestic mixtures—also navy blue cheviot or serge. Ages 7—18.

Saks-Fifth Avenue—Second Floor

Suede Wind-breakers for Boys and Girls

Special 10.95

Fine for the cold days coming. Of doeskin with knitted waistband, collar and cuffs. 8 to 18 year sizes. *Saks-Fifth Avenue—Second Floor*

COOLIDGE FOR PEACE BY THE GOLDEN RULE

Says Our War and Relief Contributions Disprove Charge of Aloofness to Europe.

SEES NO HOPE IN LEAGUE

Has No Faith in "Threats of Force" and Opposes Any "International Trusteeship."

DEBT SETTLEMENT URGED

Creditors Admit Moral Obligation to Pay, the President Declares at Near East Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Reciting the record of helpfulness and benevolence of this Government and her citizens during the World War and in relief work after it, President Coolidge in a speech tonight declared that the Golden Rule was the best guide in the relations of governments and peoples.

The President spoke at a dinner given under the auspices of the International Near East Association. Known as the Golden Rule Dinner, it was one of a series of 500 held throughout the country to promote International Golden Rule Sunday, Dec. 7, as an aid to world peace in general, and child welfare among the refugees in the Near East in particular.

The occasion brought together more than a thousand persons, including President and Mrs. Coolidge, Ambassador Jusserand and other members of the Diplomatic Corps, and men and women of national, political and social prominence.

This country helped Austria restore her financial system, the President said, and again offered counsel and financing which, through the Dawes plan, promises to restore Germany.

"The Dawes plan was brought forth and greeted everywhere as marking a new day for Germany and a new epoch in the struggle to restore Central Europe," the President said. "Instead of holding aloof, America took the lead in framing a program that would work, and then subscribed ten times over for the $110,000,000 bonds that were assigned her. The proceeds of this sale are to support the restored gold standard money of Germany. It means the infusion of new blood into the economic circulation of the country. It marks a momentous step in international moderation and cooperation. It means that at last Europe has found the way out of its morass and has been provided the strength to pursue it."

The President again asserted that the United States was opposed to joining the League of Nations.

"It is through such practical, workaday procedures that our country has sought to be helpful in a world filled with troubles," he said, referring to Austria, the Dawes plan and our relief activities. "It may be admitted that our people have given little confidence to fine professions and pious phrases. They have placed small faith in plans to insure peace by the threat of using force. They want peace and will do their full part to assure peace. But they will sacrifice no part of their absolute control over their own destinies. They will assent to no international trusteeship to shape their future relations to the rest of the world."

Text of the President's Speech.

The President spoke as follows:

It would be difficult to choose a theme more inspiring for such an occasion as this than that which has been made your text. I note with pleasure that an impressive number of the Diplomatic Corps in this capital are present. To them, especially, I extend greetings and appreciations for the approval which their presence signifies.

That rule of ethical guidance which we have come to designate as the Golden Rule is common to all the great systems of religion and to the entire philosophy of human relationship. As St. Matthew writes it down, we read: "Therefore, all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

It is a rule worthy of all acceptance, and to be translated into the terms of relationships among communities and peoples, among races and nations.

Those among us who are required to give consideration to the difficult and complicated relations between the communities of the world; those whose concern is for the maintenance of peace, of mutual helpfulness and generous cooperation among the nations, will do well to keep always in the front of our thoughts this simple precept. The philosophers have examined it and found it good. The writers whose hand held the pen of inspiration have enjoined it upon us. With the passing generations, it comes more and more into acceptance as the soundest guide to human conduct.

So, on an occasion such as this, designed to impress this concept of right relations among men and States, it is most reassuring to see gathered together so many who are accredited spokesmen of national concerns, and so many others who from their private stations in life have sought by their works of charity to give meaning, force and illumination to this noble conception.

I know you will all join me in the hope that what shall be said here, and at many other gatherings which will have like inspiration and purpose, will be accepted as significant of earnest hope and determined intent to further in every possible way the neighborly kindliness, the reciprocal helpfulness and the real brotherhood of all humanity.

Says World Moves Toward Peace.

We have just come to the end of a decade of the most momentous events in the modern world. The tenth anniversary of the beginning of the World War has been made occasion for many surveys of this extraordinary period. I need not recall the long period of unprecedented horrors that was the war. We all have our own pictures of that experience. We know the suffering it wrought and the complexity of problems it entailed.

You who are here require no reminders of the fact that restored peace involved tasks of reorganization and restoration and rehabilitation and readjustments that in many ways were more difficult because they were so much more complex than those of the war itself. As the years shall pass over us, we and our successors will come to view it as a tremendous episode, though occupying comparatively but a brief period as historic developments are measured. But we will see it also as a concentration of huge forces which, being released in its explosion, set in motion a train of consequences whose ultimate significance will require many generations for full unfolding and development.

But even now we are able to perceive the evidence that not all of these ultimate consequences are going to be bad. We are able already to realize that a great boon has been conferred on humanity in the wresting out of irresponsible autocratic government.

Peoples will be slow to adjust themselves fully to the new conditions. Even those who have longest experience with the Republican institutions of government will require a long time settling themselves into their permanent places in a world-community whose dominant ideal of government and of human relationship rests on the rule of the people. But we are able already to see clearly that the world is moving toward a consummation of its aspiration for the blessings of assured peace under a régime of free institutions. It is moving in the right direction, and it is doing so because to a greater extent than ever before it has given itself over to the ethical guidance of that broad principle that has been written into our Golden Rule.

In many of our relationships it is as yet little more than an ideal; but it is constantly approaching nearer and nearer to universal acceptance as an ideal and a guide. It is the best basis on which the individual may build for good citizenship, the state for permanence and safe progress, the world for universal peace and widely diffused well-being.

Cites Our Aid in War and Peace.

America is profoundly concerned in behalf of whatever promises to make the world a better neighborhood, and its peoples better neighbors. We have no better wish than to be good and helpful neighbors with all. Though we may have seemed aloof from the scenes of conflict, our people insisted on bearing their share in the world struggle.

Later, when for a time chaos threatened in many parts and there was a loosening of bonds that seemed to menace the very basis of society, our people were ready with assistance for the unfortunate and suffering, wherever they were. I have seen the detailed tabulations which showed, item by item, a total of more than seventeen billion dollars of American wealth poured out in aid of our associates in the war, and of suffering peoples wherever they were to be found, since the war.

Aside from ten billion dollars of loans by our Government to foreign treasuries, the total represented operations in private financing to the extent of probably three billions of dollars; three hundred millions of dollars furnished to the Red Cross; governmental and private contributions to the American Relief Administration, aggregating around two hundred million dollars; the Near East Relief Work, to which more than eighty-two million dollars was devoted, and other items represented by the work of the Jewish Distribution Committee, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Commission for the Relief of Belgium, the European Relief Council, the Knights of Columbus, the American Friends' Service Committee, the Chinese Famine Fund, the Young Women's Christian Association, the American Catholic Bishops' Relief Fund for Central Europe, the Papal Relief Mission in Russia—these and a long list of other societies and associations together with a myriad of personal charities and donations, the whole making up a total which today would undoubtedly exceed eighteen billions of dollars, covering a period of eight years.

No appeal has gone unheeded by our people, whether in behalf of those who had been our friends or our enemies in time of conflict. Whether the demand was that we buy Government securities to assist in rehabilitating economic and monetary structures, or that we furnish food to the victims of famine, or supplies and attention to those suffering from disease and pestilence; whether we were called upon for help to the people of Austria that they might re-establish a sound system of currency, or to those of Japan when the earthquake brought its unprecedented disaster a year ago—from whatever quarter, or for whatever purpose of assistance to suffering and need—the generosity of the American public seemed always equal to demands.

Recalls Aid Given to Japan.

I remember that immediately following the Japanese earthquake I appealed on Sept. 3 of last year for $5,000,000 to be contributed and placed at the disposal of the Red Cross for immediate relief. Five days later $8,000,000 had been received, and still contributions poured in, until a total of $11,631,000 had been raised. It is pleasing to know in this connection that $3,000,000 of this fund is being devoted to construct the Memorial Fraternal Hospital in Tokio as a perpetual monument to this demonstration of the sentiments subsisting between these two great nations.

This will be a not inappropriate occasion for a brief review by way of recalling the conditions in which the world's resources of benevolence were summoned after the war to help the stricken countries.

The picture of Europe at the armistice of 1918 was a picture of most desperate famine. Production had been destroyed, supplies had been exhausted, agriculture was deteriorated and food animals had disappeared over vast areas. No single country, even our allies, could survive without help over the terrible Winter of 1919. Credit was exhausted by which supplies could be purchased from other parts of the world, and industry could not be re-established to a point where commodities could be offered in exchange for food.

This situation applied not alone to ravaged areas in Belgium and Eastern Europe, but equally to all the allied countries and to every section of Europe except a few minor neutral States. It embraced a total population of nearly 400,000,000 people. Furthermore, large sections of Europe were in a state of famine panic. Farmers were hoarding their food. Villages were hoarding against towns, towns were hoarding against cities and States were hoarding against each other. A debacle threatened Europe even more disastrous than that which followed the Thirty-Year War, when one-third of the population perished.

In this situation America undertook a second intervention in Europe. The second intervention implied finding food and other necessities of life, and transport for them on a scale hitherto undreamed of in the world's history.

Says Relief Checked Bolshevism.

We might have taken the attitude that we had completed our obligation to Europe the day the armistice was signed. But the object of America in the war was greater than military victory. It was the maintenance of human institutions, re-establishment of orderly Governments, and preservation of civilization itself in Europe.

Without hesitation our people undertook this second enormous burden. Without it, Bolshevism would have spread over a large proportion of Europe. Civilization, which has been set back a generation in Russia, would have had the same setback over a half score of other countries. Peace would have been impossible. The actual volume of American effort is not to be measured in dollars contributed in charity.

The official organization set up under the direction of Mr. Hoover undertook the problem of Europe as a whole. Allies as well as enemy, without regard to previous relationships. The sole thought was that a gigantic emergency had arisen in the history of humanity. It had to be met in the only way possible; by finding supplies and ships; by appeal for credit or charity, as the case might be, to pay for them.

Where there were reserves of gold or securities in any State its people were called upon to support themselves to the utmost of their resources. The first requirement was that their own resources be used to the limit in their own support. Under these arrangements approximately $500,000,000 in supplies were furnished by America and furnished in advance of payment.

To those whose resources were exhausted, we advanced credits from the Treasury in one fashion or another. In this way upward of $2,000,000,000 in supplies were furnished. For the large numbers who could not be cared for in these ways, charity was provided. In addition to all this support was given by the American Red Cross in medical aid in fighting epidemics, to the extent of probably another $23,000,000. Other charitable bodies supplied upward of $10,000,000 during this terrible period.

As I have said, there was no discrimination between friends or enemies in this crusade to save Europe. America gave her credit and charity without knowledge whether there would be any return. If the battle against famine had failed and Europe collapsed, the credits would have been valueless.

Of the countries which benefited by this tremendous effort of America, England, France, Italy, Belgium, Germany, Poland, Esthonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Finland, Russia, Czechoslovakia, Serbia, Austria, Hungary, Rumania, Armenia—each and every one received such support as was necessary. Ten millions of tons of food and supplies were shipped and distributed. The triumph of it was that there was scarcely the loss of a single life from starvation. What would have happened but for this aid is impossible to contemplate.

Nor did this effort end with the Winter of 1919. Despite the harvest of 1919 and the gradual resumption of industry and commerce, there remained 10,000,000 waifs and undernourished children scattered over Europe, and American effort continued for over two years, especially in the old enemy countries and the new succession States.

Famine broke out anew in Russia in 1922. Congress made an appropriation of $24,000,000. This was supplemented in one way and another through the American Relief Association to a total of over $70,000,000. Twelve million people were kept alive over the critical period who would otherwise have died. We disapprove of the Russian Government, but America has held humanity higher than her international views.

Nor does this comprise the whole of America's effort to overcome the famine. The Belgian Relief Commission, whose direction was American and whose support was international, though in large part from the United States, expended over $350,000,000 in saving the 7,500,000 Belgian and 2,500,000 French people in the occupation zone from starving through a period of four years of war.

To Help Europe Help Itself.

I do not recount these things in a spirit of vainglory. It was the good fortune of America to be able to help in such a time. The story would not be fairly told if I omitted to add that already many of the nations that received help in this crisis have begun to repay the credits advanced by our Government. Others have indicated their intention to repay as fast as their economic strength permits. There has been a fine demonstration of good faith, a full realization of obligations.

The hope and aim of America is to help Europe to help itself. Europe does not want our benevolence. It does want our help, and we are ready to give it.

The case of Austria is a good example. When the opportunity came for a hopeful effort to restore Austria's money system and give her economic machinery a chance, the United States waived the priority of large claims it held against Austria, so that security could be found for a loan that was sold both here and in Europe. Thus it was possible to raise some 650,000,000 gold crowns wherewith to establish a sound money system in Austria. From that day the country has been an example of the good results attainable through hearty cooperation. It has become an outpost of confidence and reassurance in Middle Europe.

For Germany the problem was in kind very similar, but enormously bigger. The wreck of the money system and collapse of credit was so complete that disaster seemed well-nigh irreparable. Everywhere it was felt that without effective American participation in counsel, and in financing a new order, the destruction of Germany must ensue.

Says America Led in Dawes Plan.

There were many who assumed in this juncture that America would stand aloof and allow the inevitable to happen. Instead, America responded by sending counsellors who took the lead in framing and sponsoring the plan of rehabilitation. The Dawes plan was brought forth and greeted everywhere as marking a new day for Germany and a new epoch in the struggle to restore central Europe. Instead of holding aloof America took the lead in framing a program that would work, and then subscribed ten times over for the $110,000,000 of bonds that were assigned to her.

The proceeds of this sale are to support the restored gold standard money of Germany. It means the infusion of new blood into the economic circulation of the country. It marks a momentous step in international moderation and cooperation. It means that at last Europe has found the way out of its morass, and has been provided the strength to pursue it.

In our country are many exceedingly modest souls. Constantly they deprecate their own assumption that our country has done nothing for Europe, made no contribution to the world welfare. Perhaps they may be slightly heartened by this recital. Perhaps if they will contemplate that our country has done many times over what any one country ever did for another country, and probably many times all the countries of the world put together ever did for other countries since the beginning of time, they may find some slight relief for their mortification.

I do not think that our country needs to assume any attitude of apology. I have every respect for the governmental and social institutions of other peoples, but I have little sympathy with our fellow citizens who profess to see in them something better adapted to our own needs than those which we have developed ourselves, and who are vaguely apologetic of the fact that they are Americans.

Neither have I any sympathy with those who are unwilling or unable to look beyond our shores and who content themselves with an equally vague and unmeaning assertion of their Americanism. I reserve my approval for those who, while thoroughly American, yet do not propose to live unto themselves alone, who are neither oblivious to duty or to charity, but who cherish as individuals and as citizens the golden rule of action among our own people.

Opposes Cancellation of Debts.

It is my opinion that the policy adopted by America is the one most likely to promote peace and good will towards us among other nations. Our Government has extended to other Governments loans and credits, which they are beginning to repay.

I believe there is a moral obligation to make such repayments, and for that reason I am opposed to the cancellation of international indebtedness. Our private citizens have loaned money abroad both to governments and to private enterprises. We have helped refinance Austria, Germany, France, Belgium and other countries. While such loans in general are believed to be in harmony with sound business principles and good morals, and have the general approbation of our Government, yet they are made without the assumption of any obligation whatever by our Government in relation to such loans. American investors receive no assurances that their loans or agreements will be supported by American arms.

It is not, and has not been, the policy of this Government to collect debts by force of arms. It is gratifying that American capital has been able to facilitate the carrying into effect of the Dawes plan, with its promise of economic recuperation abroad, from which we as well as the peoples abroad will benefit. But loans are made without commitments on the part of this Government.

It is through such practical, workaday procedures that our country has sought to be helpful in a world filled with troubles. It may be admitted that our people have given little confidence to fine professions and pious phrases. They have placed small faith in plans to insure peace by the threat of using force. They want peace and will do their full part to assure peace. But they will sacrifice no part of their absolute control over their own destinies. They will assent to no international trusteeship to shape their future relations to the rest of the world.

America is ready today, as always, to do its full share. It wants the peace of good-will and of the Golden Rule; not the peace of force imposed by those who have power. It does not want peace as an interlude of brightness here and there in a world still addicted to war. It wants peace as the normal, the right, the assured estate in a world from which a wiser generation shall have forever outlawed aggressive war.

Ambassador Jusserand, Charles V. Vickrey, President of the International Near East Association; Mrs. Philip North Moore, President of the National Council of Women, and Dr. Albert Shaw also spoke. Dr. John H. Finley of New York, Chairman of the National Golden Rule Council, presided.

MINNESOTA IN DOUBT; LA FOLLETTE LEADS

Republicans Admit the Outlook Is Gloomy, but Are Making a Hard Fight.

PLEADING WITH 'DESERTERS'

Their Hope Rests on Winning Back Lost German and Scandinavian Voters.

LIND BACKING LA FOLLETTE

Davis Hurt by Democrats Who Turn to Third Ticket to Defeat Coolidge.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 24.—Minnesota is in the doubtful column. A trifle more hopeful than they were a week ago, the Republicans are bringing up their heavy artillery and preparing to make the best of their fighting opportunities during the last days of the campaign in a desperate effort to hold this not so long ago safely Republican State for President Coolidge.

The outlook in Minnesota today favors Senator La Follette and the Republicans do not dispute it. While small-try politicians in the La Follette camp profess to see "nothing to it but La Follette," thoughtful and conservative supporters of the Third Party candidate speak with more restraint.

"If the election were tomorrow there is no doubt in my mind that La Follette would win in this State," said one such Progressive, "but it would be rash to take it for granted that the same condition will prevail when the polls open. What can be accomplished by the opposition in the next ten days through organization, intensive campaigning and lavish expenditure of money, no one can tell—at least I cannot, and I have been in politics in Minnesota for more than a generation."

The fight in this State is between Coolidge and La Follette. John W. Davis will come in third. James M. Cox, Democratic candidate in 1920, got 143,000 votes in Minnesota. The highest estimate of the vote for Davis this year from any source places it at 100,000. If the worst fears of the Republicans prove true, it will run far below that figure.

Lind Supporting La Follette.

John Lind, ex-Governor of Minnesota, and at one time the leading figure in the Democratic organization of the State, has come out for La Follette. His action has filled the Republican leaders with grave apprehension. They see in this move a gesture designed to induce the Bryan wing of the Democratic Party in Minnesota to shift its allegiance from Davis to La Follette. Should this materialize the vote for Davis would be reduced to a minimum, the vote for La Follette swelled in corresponding proportion, and the State would be lost to Coolidge.

Since ex-Governor Lind came out for La Follette, Democratic leaders have been compelled to resort to heroic measures to keep their followers in line for the Davis ticket.

Only a couple of days ago Julius Thorson, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was compelled to oust the entire Democratic organization in Ramsey County—one of the biggest political units in the State and under normal conditions a Democratic county—because of indications that the leaders and the rank and file of the organization had been flirting with La Follette and the Farmer-Labor Party, that all the counties of the world put together ever did for other countries since the beginning of time, they may find some slight relief for their mortification.

The new Ramsey County organization, which has its headquarters in St. Paul, ostensibly is pledged to the support of Davis and Bryan and the whole Democratic State and Congressional ticket, but indications are not lacking that the same influences which dominated the old organization will continue to be felt under the new régime.

Since his announcement in favor of the Third Party candidate, Mr. Lind's law office in this city has been the mecca of Democratic leaders from all parts of the State, while he has received messages and telephone calls approving his course. According to his friends, Mr. Lind is doing nothing to influence Democratic votes in favor of La Follette, but merely has voiced what was in the mind of many other Democrats of prominence in Minnesota.

This State, going for La Follette, they point out, would bring a deadlock in the Electoral College and bring the possible election of Charles W. Bryan as Chief Executive of the nation appreciably nearer.

Lind Explains His Move.

"If I had thought there was the remotest chance of Davis carrying this State I would support him," said ex-Governor Lind to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent. "I think in supporting La Follette in this State I am following the only course open to a voter who is determined that, in so far as it depends upon him, its electoral votes shall not go to the Republican candidate. There are many things in the La Follette program that I do not approve of, but in a general way it suits our conditions in this agricultural State. We are having a temporary prosperity now, but we cannot build our future hopes on an abnormal demand for products growing out of a shortage in crops abroad."

While the Republican leaders feel convinced that any general flocking to La Follette by Bryan Democrats would be followed by a drift of conservative Democrats to Coolidge, they concede that the latter would not come anywhere near balancing the gains the Senator would derive from the general shift. Hence, Mr. Lind's action has caused great concern among the Republicans, and this feeling of apprehension has been communicated to the Western headquarters of the National Committee, where the situation in Minnesota had been viewed with some optimism.

Urging Against a Deadlock.

The possibility that the election may go to Congress is being used by the Republican leaders as one of their strongest arguments with the voters during the closing days of the campaign in Minnesota. They assert that this State may determine whether a decision shall be reached on election day or not, and that voters in Minnesota are assuming a grave responsibility if they fail to vote for Coolidge.

"It is now conceded," a circular letter being sent out through the State says, "that neither Davis nor La Follette can get the necessary 266 votes (a majority in the Electoral College). In fact, La Follette claims less than 75 votes and Davis does not claim that he can get the necessary 266 votes. But Davis and La Follette do claim that together they have enough votes to deadlock the Electoral College and throw the election into Congress.

"Coolidge is the only candidate who can carry the Electoral College. It is either the election of Coolidge by the people on Nov. 4 or allowing the present Congress to elect the President and Vice President. Which do you prefer to do? Elect the President yourself on Nov. 4 or pass the question along to Congress, where it will not be decided until March 4, 1925?

"These months of uncertainty and turmoil will certainly check all business activity. We repeat that it is either the election of Coolidge on Nov. 4 or four months of confusion and uncertainty. Common sense recommends the election of Coolidge and the whole Republican ticket.

"The best observers in the United States say that Minnesota may decide whether Coolidge shall be kept on guard or the election given over to Congress. Minnesota must face this great responsibility. As Minnesota may decide the question, and as your vote may decide how Minnesota will go, we respectfully ask you to go to the polls on election day and vote for Coolidge and the whole Republican ticket."

Worried Over the German Vote.

Here, as in Wisconsin, Missouri and several other States, the German vote casts a cloud over Republican prospects. To this is added in Minnesota the large Scandinavian vote. The latter has been almost wholly Republican in the past. The German vote also has been practically all Republican. The bulk of both the German and Scandinavian votes in Minnesota this year, unless the situation unexpectedly should change on the eve of election, will be cast for La Follette. The German and Scandinavian groups furnish approximately one-half of the entire vote polled in the State.

A Scandinavian observer in close touch with the situation said today that from 50 to 70 per cent. of the Scandinavian, and possibly 80 per cent. of the German vote would go to the Third Party candidate for President and the Farmer-Labor State ticket, according to the present outlook. He estimated that not more than from 1 to 2 per cent. of the vote cast by these groups would go to Davis, and the rest would go to Coolidge, with the exception of a very small Communist fraction.

The vote for La Follette by these elements is largely sentimental, for it is realized that La Follette cannot win. Whether sentiment will hold against the appeals made by the Republicans to the pocketbook of the farmer, who now is prosperous, is a question upon which the outcome in Minnesota may turn. The Republicans are doing everything in their power to bring the German and Scandinavian voters "back to reason," and undoubtedly will be backed by sufficient funds during the final stage of the campaign to make their appeal as far reaching as is possible.

The Republican State Committee has a well-equipped and very active fighting base established in St. Paul, but there is a pronounced lack of organization in the counties throughout the State as far as the two older parties are concerned.

Here again the Non-Partisan League figures. Soon after it gained sufficient power, following the 1912 election, to control the Legislature, it proceeded to have enacted an amendment to the election law under which all county and local officers are chosen as non-partisans. The result has been the virtual scrapping of county organizations, while every candidate, Republican or Democrat, fights for himself alone.

In the present fight the Republicans running for county office are not mentioning Coolidge or the party candidates on the State ticket, for fear it may hurt them with the Farmer-Laborite voters and other adherents of La Follette. It is every candidate for himself, and his hand is raised against every other candidate except where there are deals and vote swapping.

In the present election the strength of the La Follette backing, Republicans and Democrats alike fear, may result in bargaining all over the State, from which the State and national tickets of the older parties will suffer, to La Follette's profit.

ELECT DAVIS AT POLLS, GOV. BRYAN URGES

Electorate Deadlock, He Tells Indiana Audiences, Might Result in 'Chaos.'

JASONVILLE, Ind., Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Calling for the election of John W. Davis by vote of the people on Nov. 4 as the only course left to avoid the choice for President being entrusted to the House of Representatives, Governor Bryan of Nebraska, Democratic candidate for Vice President, told two Indiana audiences today that in the event of an electorate deadlock the nation would experience "indefinite delay, widespread uneasiness, untold complications, chaos, business disturbance and possible lawsuits." The audiences were in Jasonville and Sullivan.

It was the Vice Presidential candidate's first reference in a campaign address to a possible deadlock in the electoral college. He emphasized, however, that "the trend of voters was toward Mr. Davis," but "the only safe course for the people to pursue is to elect him at the polls Nov. 4, to assure success to the party that is in sympathy with the interests of the farmer and wage earner and prevent the chaos that might follow in event no candidate receives a majority at the polls.

"In that action," he asserted, "you will waive any danger of my becoming a menace to the country, as some have claimed, as a man presiding over the United States Senate will be in as harmless a place as he can find."

FRAUD IN REGISTRATION.

Names of Two Men and One Woman to Be Stricken Off.

A charge of illegal registration, said to be the first upheld in New York County in nearly twenty years, resulted in an order by Supreme Court Justice Mitchell yesterday directing the four registration clerks in the Twenty-first Election District of the Tenth Assembly District, at 44 Union Square, to meet tonight between 7 and 8 o'clock and strike from the list the names of Joseph Bongiano and Thomas and Josephine Bongino.

The Court upheld allegations by Philip W. Lowry, a lawyer at 55 Liberty Street, that Joseph Bongiano had registered previously for the coming election in the Twenty-sixth Election District of the Eighth Assembly District, and that the Bonginos do not live at Irving Place, in the Tenth Assembly District, as they asserted they did. Mr. Lowry told the Court in an affidavit that Bongiano registered last year from 406 East Thirteenth Street in the Eighth Assembly District, and also registered from there this year, two days before he again registered in the Tenth Assembly District. As a resident of the Tenth, he declared he was employed as a chauffeur at 1 Irving Place, which is a rooming house, but he was listed as a resident of that place in the return made by the rooming house keeper to the Board of Elections.

Mr. Lowry, who is a resident of the Tenth Assembly District, and who investigated the case after hearing the suspicions of an election district captain, asserted that Joseph Bongiano was employed in the ballroom of Tammany Hall conducted by his brother. It was said yesterday that District Attorney Banton would be requested to take criminal proceedings against Joseph Bongiano based on the decision of Justice Mitchell, who inspected the two registers on which the name of Bongiano had been signed. False registration is a felony, punishable by not more than five years' imprisonment.

COLONEL PROFFITT TALKS.

Predicts That Coolidge Will Carry Rhode Island by 10,000.

Colonel Edward J. W. Proffitt, who has been stumping Rhode Island for the Republican ticket, said on his return to New York yesterday that the La Follette strength in the textile communities of that State had been offset by the naming of former Governor Aram J. Pothier as the Republican candidate for Governor. Colonel Proffitt said that Mr. Pothier would enlist the support of the French Canadian vote, which is particularly strong in the textile centres. Saying that the Democratic Party in Rhode Island had been split by internal dissension, Colonel Proffitt predicted that President Coolidge would carry the State by 10,000.

Colonel Proffitt was assistant to General Dawes in the organization of the national budget system. During the war he served as a member of the General Staff and as Chief of Staff of the 84th Division.

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Tunic Blouses

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of metal lace combined with crepe de Chine. Also, Blouses of heavy silk, plain or embroidered, in Autumn's newest shades

A splendid opportunity to purchase the handsomer variety of tunic blouses at a low price

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An unusual offering at an attractive price

Suits & Overcoats

Styled and tailored by the Kirschbaum craftsmen

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These are quality clothes in every detail. Every safeguard was employed in their making to insure the quality idea in style, in fabrics, in tailoring, and in service. We uphold them as the finest values in America at forty-five dollars.

OVERCOATS

Single and double-breasted models—Box Coats, Ulsters, Storm Coats and Motor Coats. New and distinctive weaves, beautiful patterns and colors.

SUITS

Two and three-button styles—single and double-breasted models; Serges, Worsteds, Unfinished Worsteds, and Cheviots. A complete range of sizes.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

LA FOLLETTE HINTS FUND IS CONCEALED

He Promises That the Full Truth Will Be Brought Out if It Takes Months to Do So.

SEES PLOT TO BUY ELECTION

In Syracuse Speech He Asserts That Not He, but Reaction and Corruption Breed Bolshevism.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Quoting Samuel Untermyer as saying that thus far the examination of the campaign contributions by the Senate committee has failed to reveal donations by Elbert H. Gary, J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller "or any of the others who in the past have regularly filled the Republican campaign war chest," Senator Robert M. La Follette tonight asked: "Where are their contributions hidden?"

Pausing a moment to allow the full effect of his words to sink into the minds of the audience, the Independent-Progressive candidate for President pushed forward his lower jaw and shouted:

"We mean to find out. We are determined before this campaign is ended to drag these contributions into the light and to show the methods by which campaign contributions are concealed. This is not a blind hunch. We know more than has yet been revealed to the committee. We are hot on the trail and the public will know the hideous truth.

"We are determined that Wall Street shall not buy this election. We serve notice now that if we are unable by the means at our command to halt the distribution of this slush fund before election, we will continue the investigation until all facts are revealed and the crime against the life of this Government is brought home to the guilty."

Senator La Follette prefaced his remarks concerning the alleged "slush" fund by a bitter arraignment of the Republican Party and a brief attack on the Democrats. He charged that the "international bankers" supporting the Republican Party desired men in office like Attorney General Stone, "another Morgan lawyer."

He charged that those supporting the Republican Party "through the control of the agencies of propaganda" were "flooding the nation with lies" and were calling upon the people "to check the rising tide of bolshevism when every intelligent citizen knows that the most effective foes of Communist doctrine are the Progressives."

Says Reaction Breeds Bolshevism.

"Every thinking man knows that there is no danger from communism in this country except under one condition," he continued. "That condition is the continuance of the corruption and misgovernment of the recent years which may in the end drive the people to resort to extremes and unwise measures. The way to destroy all danger of Bolshevism in the United States is to establish conditions of freedom and justice for all the people."

"False propaganda, coercion and an enormous slush fund" were three weapons being used by the Republicans to win support, according to the Senator.

Concentrating most of his fire on the Republican Party, and especially on the Harding-Coolidge Administration, Mr. La Follette declared that the Republicans are supported by financiers, railroad executives and gamblers in wheat, cotton and other commodities, who feared the program of the Progressives. Though these men, he asserted, were intelligent, they had few votes because they were but 2 per cent. of the population.

After maintaining that the forces he attacked were "flooding the nation with lies," he added:

"They are covering up the Republican record of corruption and circulating false statements regarding the Progressive program and the Progressive candidates. They are seeking at the same time to convince the farmers, the workingmen, the professional men and the independent business men that their interests are identical with those of their exploiters. They are trying to make them believe that they will be best served by the maintenance of a Government dedicated to special privileges.

"At the same time that those forces of reaction are seeking support for the Republican ticket by false propaganda they are using their enormous economic power to coerce and intimidate voters. Farmers, merchants, manufacturers, and home owners are being told that unless Coolidge is elected their notes will not be renewed and that there will be no credit available for new enterprises. Salaried employes and wage earners are being told that they must vote for Coolidge or be thrown out of their jobs.

Says It Was Used Against Wilson.

"This is the same outrageous form of coercion and intimidation that has been attempted in every national election where economic issues were involved. They used it in 1896 to defeat Bryan, they tried in 1912 to defeat Woodrow Wilson. It did not work. Wilson was elected and there was no panic. Their bluff had failed.

"Harding on the other hand was elected on a pledge that these interests would support him and would produce a period of unprecedented prosperity and yet the Harding-Coolidge Administration has seen the greatest financial depression in the history of the nation. Within six months after Harding was inaugurated agriculture, commerce and industry were in distress. Five million men and women were walking the streets in search of jobs. During the Harding-Coolidge Administration more than 1,500 banks failed; more than 60,000 corporations and business firms were liquidated and in the fifteen wheat States alone 603,000 farmers were bankrupted. This is the record of the Harding-Coolidge Administration.

"I know of no better way to make clear the issues which distinguish the Progressives from those who now control the Republican Party and to bring home to the people the vital interests which are at stake in this election than to review a few of the outstanding events of the Harding-Coolidge Administration. That Administration supported Newberryism and protected Newberry. The Progressives forced the investigation and carried the issue to the people in the election of 1922.

"The Harding-Coolidge Administration brazenly supported the open shop drive against labor and brought about the issuance of the Daugherty injunction which violated every constitutional right of the workers. The Progressives opposed this attempt to crush organized labor and denounced the Daugherty injunction on the floor of the House and Senate.

"The Harding-Coolidge Administration aided and abetted the deflation of agriculture and blocked the persistent attempts of the Progressives to provide effective relief for the destitute and bankrupt farmers.

Wanted Real War Fraud Action.

"The Progressives demanded a real investigation of the war frauds and the prosecution of those who had made millions out of fraudulent war contracts. The Republican leaders, with the aid of reactionary Democrats, blocked the war fraud investigation by the brazen device of pocketing the resolution reported by the committee, and turned the job of investigating those frauds over to Harry Daugherty and the Ohio gang.

"The Progressives demanded the repeal of the Esch-Cummins Railroad law and the reduction of freight and passenger rates to reasonable levels. The Harding-Coolidge Administration protected that post-war charter of special privilege and sought to secure for the railroads $500,000,000 more from the Federal Treasury.

"The Harding-Coolidge Administration was responsible for the corrupt lease of Teapot Dome and the other naval reserves. The Progressives exposed that corrupt transaction and forced proceedings for the cancellation of those leases. Against the opposition of President Coolidge, they drove Denby out of the Navy Department and brought about the indictment of Fall.

SLUSH FUND DATA GIVEN IN SECRET

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

ask that ten as yet unnamed witnesses be called.

Full responsibility for what was printed on the Pennsylvania dining car menus was assumed by Mr. Atterbury when he took the stand. He produced two menus with excerpts from The Railway Age and The Country Gentleman, the latter a Curtis publication.

"I think the Pennsylvania Railroad," he said to Mr. Untermyer, "is quite within its right in educating the country and its patrons and employes on great public questions, and the greatest question today, from my viewpoint, is Government ownership of railways.

"Is the Pennsylvania Railroad an educational institution or a carrier of freight and passengers?"

"All of that."

"You think, then, the Pennsylvania Railway has a right to say 'Vote for Coolidge and against La Follette'?"

"I don't see why I should answer any such question. I am not sure of the right to promote any certain candidate, but it is a proper right to state the position of some of the candidates on great public questions."

Mr. Atterbury denied that "a series of campaign articles" was being run, and said that the menus were under the supervision of Robert C. Wright, with the advice of Ivy Lee, the Pennsylvania's publicity man. He said, however, he had control of the matter.

"You could stop the articles if you wanted to?" asked Frank Walsh.

"Yes."

"And you approve of them?"

"I do."

Insists on Right to Discuss Questions.

The witness said the railroad had a right in this way to discuss public questions, as, for instance, the Howell-Barkley bill. To Mr. Untermyer he asserted it would be proper for the Pennsylvania to get out a pamphlet dealing with Government ownership. Mr. Untermyer said the cost of this would be included in the railway rates, but Mr. Atterbury said it would be charged to the expense of organization.

"As far as I know, the menus are the limit of our campaign, if you call it a campaign," he said.

Senator Caraway took up the examination, saying:

"If a corporation has a right to use the money of its stockholders there might be no limit to the amount spent and the causes advocated. Anybody in charge might advocate anything, even the abolition of Government."

To this, Mr. Atterbury said that the decision would rest with the intelligence and patriotism of the corporation officers.

Senator Bayard suggested that a minority stockholder in a corporation might be running for office on a platform antagonistic to the views of the majority stockholders. He wanted to know if the majority stockholders should be allowed to employ publicity against this candidate. Mr. Atterbury said not unless the minority stockholder espoused a cause that was against the interests of the property. Senator Bayard commented that in the last analysis the issue might depend upon the share of stock that held the balance.

"The minority stockholders could go into court," interjected Senator Caraway. "You would have no right to wage a political campaign."

"If Senator La Follette was a stockholder, you would go right along as you are doing now," suggested Mr. Untermyer.

"If we thought right."

Hopes to Convert Passengers.

"Do you think everybody that rides on your railroad is against Mr. La Follette?"

"We hope they will be when they have read the menus."

"How about all your employes?"

"Many of them are."

The junior officers of the banks—about 300 in number in fifty-two New York institutions—were asked to give $10 to $25, Mr. Simmons said when he testified.

"How much did you realize?" asked Senator Borah, when it had been developed that Mr. Simmons was a member of the Republican sub-committee which asked for this money.

"Two hundred and seventeen dollars."

Questioned by Frank Walsh on the letter he had sent out asking for money, Mr. Simmons said that he thought La Follette's election would be a grave danger as he had written in the letter. He said he wrote to educate the young bankers on the political situation.

Mr. Walsh asked what the grave dangers from the La Follette election would be, and Mr. Simmons replied that La Follette advocated limiting the authority of the United States Supreme Court.

Replying to questions put by Mr. Walsh, he admitted that he could not recall the terms of the La Follette plank dealing with this subject.

Senator Caraway put in, "May I suggest that the witness is not a constitutional lawyer, and should not be pressed for technical details?"

"I was trying as a citizen, to further a movement I believed in and to stop one I did not believe in," said Mr. Simmons. He added that he wrote the letters on his own initiative as a member of the bankers' subcommittee.

Received a Check for $300.

Dr. David A. Ferguson, one of the "Lily White" witnesses from Virginia and a Richmond dentist, said that he had received a $300 check from Joseph L. Crupper.

"Was it sent to your order?" asked Senator Borah.

"No, to my surprise," answered Dr. Ferguson, while the room broke into laughter.

The witness said he had sent the following letter to the Republican Auxiliary Committee in Washington when it solicited funds:

"Replying to your circular letter of the 24th ultimo, I wish to state that I cannot conscientiously support the Republican ticket, since the Administration endorses 'Lily Whitelsm' by the appointment of C. Bascom Slemp as secretary to the President.

"Such defiance is to be acknowledged as a 'slap in the face' to the negro voters throughout the country, and I shall do all in my power to defeat this propaganda.

"There are other loose planks in the Republican platform besides the anti-lynching which should have been nailed down ere this."

The other witness, Joseph R. Pollock, a Richmond lawyer, said that Mr. Crupper met him in the Federal building in that city.

"He's Chairman of the lily-whites and I'm Chairman of the lily-blacks," explained the witness. "We claim to be regular, but every time we go to a regular convention we get kicked out."

Mr. Pollock said Mr. Crupper declared he wanted to "square things" with the negroes and get the two factions together. He volunteered, according to Pollock, to give $300, and he produced the check which was already drawn. This was the check later sent to Ferguson. At the end of his testimony Mr. Pollock declared that circular letters were going into Richmond to contribute to the campaign. Senator Borah said he had received other letters on the subject and that the matter would be inquired into by the committee.

Chairman Borah today sent a telegram to Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, assuring him that the committee would take cognisance of reports that the sum of $100,000 had been allotted to Montana to assure the defeat of Senator Walsh. Senator Borah's telegram to the Montana Senator follows:

"Please keep me informed as to any possible clue you may have touching the sending of large sums of money into your State. You can be assured the committee will act promptly and vigilantly."

A supplemental report made to the committee by Treasurer James A. Gerard shows that up to Oct. 20 the Democratic National Committee has collected a total of $548,440 for campaign purposes. Of this amount, $492,000 was subscribed in New York and the balance from the rest of the country.

At Last---TOMORROW NIGHT

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Millions Will Listen in this Opening Night

Tomorrow (Sunday) Night at Eight-Thirty

A MARVELOUS new mechanical plant, the latest production of the greatest Radio engineers, stands ready to function. And to function, we hope, in a way that will mean perfect reception in the homes throughout the land.

Broadcasting, as we see it, is a limitless force in the hands of a limited number. Literally millions listening in. With some comprehension, we believe, of the invaluable possibilities of Radio; with a deep sense of the responsibility assumed by the broadcasters, WGBS begins its broadcasting experiment with the desire to employ itself in the development of programs in keeping with and worthy of a force of such power.

WGBS wishes to be a public servant in the fullest sense of the word. Its opening program, with men of letters, musicians of note, educators, stars of stage and screen, entertainers of world-wide fame, appearing in person at our studio, is but an earnest of the high calibre of broadcasting we shall strive to do. Read the program (part of it) on the right.

PROGRAM FOR TUESDAY

October 28
at 8 P. M.

Through the courtesy of
MORRIS GEST

WGBS

(Gimbel Brothers, New York)
316 METERS

WILL BROADCAST

THE MIRACLE

COMPLETE

You will hear the entire score of this epoch making production—the entire score—chorus, orchestra, and organ of Englebart Humperdinck's immortal music with the beautiful legendary story told by

MR. FRED ERIC
The well-known actor and stage director.

MASTER OF CEREMONIES
EDDIE CANTOR
Courtesy of F. Ziegfeld, Jr.

VINCENT LOPEZ and his Hotel Pennsylvania Orchestra

GEORGE JESSEL

Features from the Greenwich Village Follies (Courtesy of Bohemian, Inc.)

CLARK & McCULLOGH (from the Music Box Revue)

ARNAUT BROTHERS (Two loving birds)

ARTHUR WEST (of Ziegfeld's Follies, 1923)

LOUIS JOHN BARTELS (Star of the "Show-Off")

CLIFF EDWARDS (Ukelele Ike) (courtesy of Max Hart)

ARTHUR "BUGS" BAER (New York American)

MARY ELLIS and WILLIAM KENT (of Rose-Marie Co. Courtesy of Arthur Hammerstein.)

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK and ALFRED G. ROBYN

VAVITCH and Russian Chorus (late of the Chauve Souris; courtesy of Morris Gest)

EARL CARROLL and stars from the "Vanities of 1924"

GEORGE OLSEN and his Orchestra (with Eddie Cantor in "Kid Boots," and the Ziegfeld Follies)

LETTERS AND ART

HEYWOOD BROUN
FANNIE HURST
SIGMUND SPAETH
TONY SARG
"RUBE" GOLDBERG

IN THE FIELD OF MUSIC

ANNA FITZIU

MISS BEATRICE MACK (American Soprano—just from her debut at Aolian Hall)

ENGLISH GRAND OPERA COMPANY (Opening their season soon at Carnegie Hall; courtesy of George Blumenthal)

FRED KIMBALL (Tenor)

ROBERT IMANDT (French Violinist)

EDYTHE BAKER (Pianist)

DAGMAR GODOWSKY and MARJORIE DAW and Other Motion Picture Stars

COMPOSERS (At the Piano)

RUDOLF FRIML
GEORGE GERSHWIN
WALTER DONALDSON
HARRY ARCHER
ARTHUR SAMUELS
JEAN SCHWARZ
HARRY RUBY and BERT KALMAR

AND A HOST OF OTHERS

Millions who have seen The Miracle will hear it again. Millions who can never see it, may hear it now. The Miracle is closing soon in New York. Outside of New York it will be presented only in Cleveland. Then the tremendous production writes finish.

Tune in on WGBS (316 Meters) Tuesday night at 8 P. M. Mr. Eric and the organ will begin promptly on the hour. The program will take up three wonderful hours. Tuesday night, remember. And it can never happen again.

GIMBEL BROTHERS

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Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

FIFTH AVENUE AT 37TH STREET

The Smartest Felt Hats

are trimmed with real fox fur pompons

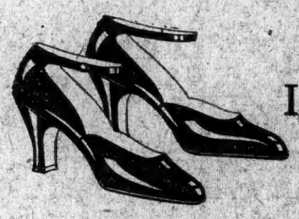
A Stewart Fashion and Value Achievement at

10.00

A typically Paris version of the two-cornered hat—of the soft felt that Reboux uses—in the very colors you want to wear right now!

This is the Ankle Strap Pump

that Stewart & Co. were the first to feature at



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A new pump that is carefully made on custom lasts to individual Stewart & Co. specifications, so that smart New York women may wear the very pump that Paris is wearing—and in those very leathers she considers most fashionable: black satin or patent leather.

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

57TH STREET WEST

A Special Offering of

IMPORTED GLOVES

For Saturday

A glove that gives an added touch of smartness to madame's fall ensemble. In glace kid, pique sewn—and with clever stitching that is decidedly new. In white with black stitching, black with white, brown, and sable. Exceptionally priced for Saturday.

1.95

STONE DISSECTS LA FOLLETTE AIMS

Declares Real Purpose Is Overthrow of Fundamental Principles of Government.

WOULD BE CHAOS, HE SAYS

Attorney General, in Des Moines Speech, Says Minority Rule Is Real Issue.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 24.—Speaking here tonight, Attorney General Stone denounced the La Follette proposal for amendment of the powers of the Supreme Court, asserted that the real purpose of the Progressive campaign was to throw the election of a President into Congress and declared the real issue was, "Shall Calvin Coolidge be elected President of the United States or shall the election and the organization of the Government be controlled by a defeated minority?"

"The Democratic candidacy, without the revivifying influence of a single constructive proposal, has run its course of denunciation and approaches its logical end in defeat at the polls," he said in opening. "From every section of the country there comes cumulative evidence that the Democratic campaign is verging upon collapse and that the real issue to be settled by the voters upon election day will not be whether Calvin Coolidge or the Democratic candidate is to be chosen, but what choice we are to make between Calvin Coolidge on the one hand and no election on the other.

"The situation now presented to the voters of the country is most serious. It is serious because any proposal made in the name of popular rule to defeat the will of the people and to control the election and the Government in this country by a minority is a perilous enterprise. History has taught us over and over again that minority control of Government in a democratic country means chaos, and in all history I know of no attempt at such control comparable with this one, unless it be the minority rule of the Soviet Government in distracted Russia."

For the farmer, said the speaker, "as for every other producer, the success of the Third Party enterprise can only mean disaster.

"Loss of confidence, the abandonment of constructive undertakings, contraction of credit, the cancellation of orders, loss of employment and economic convulsion will as surely follow its triumph as darkness follows daylight, and economic disaster, when it comes, falls alike upon the farmer, the wage earner and the business man," he went on.

"Mr. La Follette says: 'I am for the Government ownership of railroads and every other public utility—every one.' * * * Public utilities pay annually $600,000,000 in taxes to defray the expenses of the Government. From what source will that Government revenue be derived when public utilities become the property of the Federal Government? Who will make up the taxes paid by railroads passing through this and other agricultural States? The farmer, the wage earner and the business man—especially the farmer. Some may delude themselves with the notion that the burden of taxation may be placed only on the shoulders of the rich and be made to remain there. But that is an economic fallacy recognized by the veriest tyro in economics.

"Capital in this country not invested in tax-exempt securities, is, for the most part, invested in productive enterprise, and taxes imposed on productive enterprises are absorbed in the cost of its products and passed on to the consumer, to you and to me, and find their expression in the high cost of living, which falls alike on the rich and the poor."

After referring to the constitutional amendment giving to Congress power to enact a law over the veto of the Supreme Court as proposed by Senator La Follette the Attorney General went on:

"This proposal has been referred to as an assault upon the Supreme Court. But that phrase is misleading, because it tends to conceal what is the real purpose and object of the amendment. It is not an attack upon the Supreme Court so much as it is an attack upon the fundamental principles of constitutional government and of the organization of our Government, which are symbolized by the Supreme Court.

"With that provision in force we would cease to be a national federation of States with sovereign powers vested in the Federal Government for the purpose of conducting national affairs, and with sovereign powers in the State Government for the purpose of administering local self-government. We would have created in Congress a centralized political organization not unlike that of the Roman Empire, where the central government, at first republican and later imperial in form, drew to itself the actual regulation and control, in minutest detail, of every function of local government within the empire."

"No members of our community have cried out more insistently or louder for the fundamental rights of freedom of speech and opinion, religious freedom, freedom from unlawful searches and seizures, which are guaranteed by the Constitution, than the members of the Third Party. * * * But it is difficult to see how these fundamental rights and privileges of the people, the sanctity of which has been so often urged by the leaders of the Third Party in public debate and by their platform, can be guaranteed or protected by a scheme of government which would enable Congress to wipe them all out by a single act of legislation."

HINTS CONCEALMENT BY MRS. WILLEBRANDT

La Follette Headquarters Calls Upon Her to Give Out Facts in Certain 'Dry' Cases.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Mrs. Mabel W. Willebrandt, Assistant Attorney General in charge of prohibition enforcement, is concealing the real truth about the administration of the Volstead law for political reasons, it is charged in a statement made public today at the headquarters of the La Follette organization.

According to the pronouncement Mrs. Willebrandt is in possession of a good deal of information about prohibition enforcement that would interest the country if she would speak her mind freely. The charge is made that President Coolidge pardoned a Chicago bootlegger as a result of political influence, and it is intimated that a member of the United States Senate had a hand in this proceeding.

The suggestion also is made that "if Willebrandt were serving the people's interest and not those of the Republican Party, she would tell why a group of rich brewers, powerful politicians, crooked prohibition agents and a dozen or more smaller fry involved in the famous fifteen brewers case of Pittsburgh have never been brought to trial." "She could explain," it is added, "why this case was taken out of her hands nearly two years ago over her protest and against the ruling of the Department of Justice at the special request of politicians high in Government circles."

Aged Woman Killed at Crossing.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Mrs. Carrie Pier, 70 years old, who recently was admitted to the Warner Home for the Aged here, stepped in front of an express train at the Main Street crossing today and was instantly killed. She came here from California early this month and is believed to have relatives in New York and Pittsburgh.

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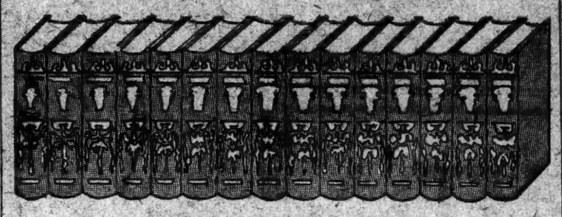

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Including 54 hitherto uncollected pieces, essays, addresses, reviews, poems and letters. 5 volumes, gold tops, uncut edges, 5 illustrations. Large type - - - $7.25

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With Notes by Milman, Guizot and Wenck.
Edited by Dr. William Smith. 6 volumes, gold tops, uncut edges, new series of half tones. Large type - - $8.70

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With Bibliographical Introductions.
Large type edition. 10 volumes, gold tops, uncut edges, 10 frontispiece illustrations. $14.50

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With His Letters and Journals and His Life by Thomas Moore.
Edited with an Introduction by R. H. Stoddard.
A new edition. 8 volumes, gold tops, uncut edges, 16 photogravures - - $11.60

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Dryden's Translation.
Edited by Prof. A. H. Clough. With Biographical and Historical Notes by William Smith, Ph.D., LL.D., D.C.L.
5 volumes, gold tops, uncut edges, 30 half tones. Large type - - - $7.25

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The only complete authorized edition, edited by Wm. Ross, Wilde's literary executor, with the assistance and authority of Wilde's family. Contains all his poems, novels, plays, essays and miscellaneous writings. 10 volumes - - $14.50

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6 volumes, gold tops, uncut edges, a series of 32 half tones. Large type - - $8.70

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Complete Novels and Short Stories.
The best unabridged and unexpurgated translations with critical and biographical introductions by Edmund Gosse and Arthur Symons. Chesterfield edition. Limited to 1,000 sets, 10 volumes. Holliston cloth. Sale price - - $5.95

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McCutcheon's

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets, N. Y.

Velveteen Dresses for Girls, $25.00

Straight from Paris comes this smart velveteen dress. Smocked on the hips. The new wide collar is of crepe de chine. In green or navy blue. Sizes 8 to 14 . . . . . $25.00

SECOND FLOOR

Known for Our Low Prices

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Store Hours 9 to 5:30 59TH TO 60TH ST.—LEXINGTON TO THIRD AVE. Phone Regent 3700

MEN

This morning, and as long as they last thru the day,

300 Town Ulsters Storm Ulsters Box Overcoats

24.50

A very special price—never before quoted by us on Overcoats of the quality of these. To make it worth the while of men who don't know the Men's department at *Bloomingdale's,* to come and see it, get a corking value, and put this shop on their list for future needfuls.

Sizes 34 to 46

The Box Overcoats are single and double breasted, and have plain or plaid backs. The Ulsters are all double-breasted, with plaid backs, and big, warm convertible collars. All the overcoats have silk yokes and sleeve linings.

Fine choice of colors—browns, greys, heathers and fleecy camel-like tans.

Men's High Shoes and Oxfords

Sizes 6 to 11 in each style 4.69 B to D widths in each style

A special lot of new Fall and Winter shoes. Built for service. With the conservative toe. Or the more assertive toe (see cut of oxford above) which young men prefer.

HIGH SHOES—Straight lace or Blucher styles. In black kidskin, dull black calfskin, and tan Russia calfskin.

OXFORDS—In Scotch grain, black or tan—the doggy shoe of the season. Or tan Russia calfskin.

Boys' Suits 9.75

2 pairs of knickers

ALL WOOL. Very low priced. Tweeds. Cheviots. Cassimeres. In nice light and dark colorings. Knickers all lined. Belted 3-button coats. Sizes for 7 to 18 years. Take a look at them, parents! You don't know *Bloomingdale* values.

Boys' Shoes 3.69

Sturdy and Sound

A special price for some very good shoes built to keep active boys from costing their parents too much shoe-money. So well made that the growing boy will never be reminded that he is wearing shoes. They're so comfy. Goodyear welts. Sturdy oak-tanned soles. Rubber heels.

All on the Second Floor—Bloomingdale's

Stewart & Co.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

FIFTH AVENUE AT 37TH STREET

These are the METAL LACE TUNICS that the smartest women will wear

Special 9.75

A tunic which is capable of two of the smartest versions of the season: a glorious evening ensemble with a metal slip, or a smart daytime ensemble with a black satin slip. Fur trimmed at the neck and sleeves and banded with crepe de Chine.

The Colors: Black or Green with Gold; Blue with Silver

A Special Group at

5.00

An unusual fashion opportunity in tunics, finger-tip length blouses or overblouses of silk crepe, faille, jacquard faille or satin, with charming embroideries, stencilled designs or smart buttons.

THE SMARTEST SKIRTS

To-Day are in the Vogue of

CAMEL'S HAIR

6.75 to 18.50

These are smartly tailored in every new fashion—including circular—for the new season. But in addition to camel's hair skirts, there are included new modes in kasha, flannel, repp, ribbed silks and smart plaids or the very sports-like stripes.

LAST TWO DAYS OF EXHIBITION

TODAY AND SUNDAY from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

MR. S. G. RAINS

has the honor to announce

THE SEASON'S AUCTION EVENT

of the Sumptuous Furnishings of the Mansion House of the Late

Emerson McMillin, Esq.

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TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION

Monday, Oct. 27, through Friday, Oct. 31

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The Rare and Costly Furnishings

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ONE MILLION DOLLARS

largely collected by the Late George Crocker consisting of the finest examples of

TAPESTRIES, PAINTINGS, RUGS, BRONZES
CHINESE and JAPANESE PORCELAINS
PERIOD FURNITURE and OBJECTS of ART

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Contents of 25 EXQUISITE BEDCHAMBERS

and a Library of De Luxe Edition Books

Buffet Luncheon; Special Auto Service to and From All Trains

Express Train leaves Hyde R. R., 23d Street at 9:45 A. M., Chambers Street at 9:15 A. M., arriving Suffern at 10:21, where our Sation conveyances meet the estate. Other trains: 23d Street, 10:15 and 12:30, Chambers Street at 11:10 and 1:00. Trains leave Suffern at 5:15 P. M., arrive Jersey City 6:07 P. M. Leave Waldwick 5:44 P. M., Arrive Jersey City 6:47 P. M. Special Train leaves Tuxedo at 5:15 P. M.

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PREDICTS NEGROES WILL AID COOLIDGE

William C. Matthews Asserts 90 Per Cent. of Vote of His Race Will Be Republican.

WEST VIRGINIA IS CLAIMED

Ohio, Oklahoma, Kansas, Montana and Indiana Also Expected to Go for G. O. P.

By WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD.

This is the first Presidential campaign in the history of the United States in which all matters pertaining to the Negro electorate have been directed by one of their own race. At the request of the negro voters throughout the country Chairman William M. Butler of the Republican National Committee appointed William Clarence Matthews National Colored Republican Organizer. Born in Montgomery, Ala., he is a graduate of Tuskegee Institute, Phillips Andover Academy and Harvard University. At the latter he won distinction as shortstop on the varsity baseball team. Completing his law course at Boston University Law School in 1907, he was later appointed by President Taft as Assistant United States District Attorney in Boston.

In an interview yesterday regarding the situation among negro voters of the country, Mr. Matthews said:

"The cooperation of the various factions of colored voters, for which I have striven from the time of my appointment, has been remarkable. It is true that the colored voter was disturbed at the beginning of the campaign by the desertion of the Republican Party by such men and women as William Henry Lewis, Alice Dunbar Nelson and others, but time has revealed to him the folly of following such radicals.

Sees Negro Vote Republican.

"I am satisfied today that the bulk of the colored vote will be cast for Coolidge and Dawes on election day. This is indicated by reports from all the States where the colored electorate has the balance of power, even in Indiana and Missouri. We expect by the help of the colored vote to even defeat Senator Walsh in Montana.

"At a recent meeting in Milwaukee Hallie Q. Brown, director of colored women's activities, spoke to an enthusiastic audience of nearly five hundred colored voters. The following night a La Follette meeting was held for the negroes and twelve luke-warm supporters turned out. Lewis and other Democratic leaders are advising colored people to vote for anybody but President Coolidge. They are discovering, however, that the colored voter, for the most part, has a deep-dyed antipathy for the Democratic ticket.

"Congressman L. C. Dyer of Missouri, author of the Anti-Lynching law, said recently at the Abyssinian Church in New York that the West Virginia campaign of William Henry Lewis and Ferdinand Morton, Civil Service Commissioner of New York, was a flat failure. The colored people in many sections of the State have even refused to give them audience. In West Virginia there are 58,300 colored voters. There is no doubt but that the Republican candidates will carry the State by a majority of 30,000. The West Virginia negro population is outstanding in its economic and civic importance. More than in any other one State the colored people there play a significant part in political affairs. They are a strong industrial factor; educated, well-to-do, and thoroughly abreast of the times. Their powerful vote will make itself felt on election day.

Expects Ohio to Be for Coolidge.

"Ohio is another State where the colored electorate holds the balance of power and will carry the State for the Republican ticket with a majority of 40,000, the total negro vote being 165,000.

"The Oklahoma situation among colored voters is unique. Ex-Governor Walton, now a candidate for the United States Senate, though a Democrat, will carry the negro State vote of 81,000 because of his strong fight against the Ku Klux Klan. The national vote, however, will be Republican.

"Kansas is available territory with its 38,900 colored votes. The fight raging there gives the Republicans a good chance of carrying the State. Indiana has 61,000 colored votes; Maryland has 145,100, most of them centred in Baltimore; Oregon only about 1,500, but they will prove significant in the election. The Republican colored field workers of the Western States are confident of carrying Minnesota.

"In summing up the situation numerically, of the 5,810,000 colored votes in the United States, at least 90 per cent. will be cast for Coolidge and Dawes. New York State will cast its colored vote for Theodore Roosevelt.

"Among the prominent colored men who are bending their energies toward keeping President Coolidge in the White House are Dr. Robert R. Moten, President of Tuskegee Institute; Dr. Soloman Porter Hood, Minister and Consul General to the Republic of Liberia, now in America, volunteering his services to the Republican cause; Emmitt Scott, Secretary and Treasurer of Howard University, Washington, D. C.; Dr. Ernest Lyons, ex-Minister to Liberia; Dr. George Cannon, who seconded President Coolidge's nomination at the National Convention; Arthur G. Froe, Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia; Henry Lincoln Johnson, National Committeeman from Georgia; the Rev. William A. Byrd of Newark, N. J.; Perey W. Howard, special assistant to the United States Attorney General; John W. Schencks, Special Assistant District Attorney, Boston; Charles E. Mitchell, President of the only negro bank in West Virginia, not to mention the dozens of other educators, editors, ministers and successful business men from all parts of the United States."

FINDS STATE FOR DAVIS.

Senator Copeland Declares He Will Win by 200,000 Plurality.

United States Senator Royal S. Copeland, who has been stumping New York State, predicted on his return to New York City yesterday that Governor Smith would be re-elected by 350,000 or 400,000 votes, and that the Governor would have a Democratic Senate and Assembly to carry through his reform and reorganization program. Senator Copeland also said that New York State would give John W. Davis a plurality of 200,000.

"I have never witnessed greater enthusiasm for the Democratic ticket than I have seen during this campaign. We hear reports that certain groups are disaffected. I have seen no indication of it. Outside of the Germans who are voting for La Follette, and a limited portion of labor that is going the same way, all the natural Democrats are throwing up their hats for Davis.

"Everywhere I go I am advised that La Follette sentiment is rapidly fading. His attacks on the Supreme Court, and the recollection of the uniformly friendly attitude of the Democratic Party to labor, have brought back to the Democratic fold many thousands who had at first been inclined to vote for the Republican insurgent."

Lawyers Organize for Hartman.

A Lawyers' Non-Partisan Committee for the election of Judge Gustave Hartman to the Supreme Court was organized yesterday at the Bar Association Building, with Charles A. Boston as Chairman. The qualifications of Judge Hartman for the Supreme Court bench were extolled by Mr. Boston, Assistant United States District Attorney William J. Millard, and Mrs. Olive Stott Gabriel, a prominent woman lawyer, and other attorneys. Members of the committee agreed to work for Judge Hartman by speaking at meetings, writing letters to clients and making personal appeals to friends.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
34th ST. & BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

SATURDAY SPECIAL

The Vogue-ish

Satin Hats

featured at

$9.94

THE brilliant sheen of satin is as important in the Millinery Mode right now as the flashing gleam of metal!

BROWN takes on a new fashion-importance—today it is second only to the ever-smart, always-becoming black.

PICTURED—a high-crowned, broad-brimmed, flare-bowed satin hat—*all* satin, shimmeringly rich.

Large dress-hats of satin; small fur-coat hats of satin; satin-and-felt hats; satin-and-feather hats. In the season's shades, *besides* brown and black.

Fashioned in Macy's workroom—which means custom-made Millinery craft at a ready-made Millinery price!

MACY'S—*Second Floor, East Building, Front*

ARE THERE GHOSTS?

Hallowe'en is near—the night of fun and mystery—when GHOSTS, Witches, Devils, and mischieveous making Elves wander around. One or all of this group of Ghost Stories can be told or read at Hallowe'en entertainments.

Also to the student, who is interested in Psychic Research, these books will afford interesting and informative study.

For those who like fiction and enjoy a good story well told, with a strong appeal to the imagination, any one of this selection of Ghost Stories will supply enjoyable reading for many evenings.

This collection of Ghost Stories have their value for every class of readers.

Titles	*Authors*	
CAN SUCH THINGS BE?	Ambrose Bierce	$1.69
GREAT GHOST STORIES	J. L. French	1.49
FAMOUS GHOST STORIES	J. W. McSpadden	1.04
BEST GHOST STORIES	Selected	.84

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
34th ST. & BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

The Other Three

by George H. Shelden of Thresher Service

"LISTEN IN" when men are selling. Seven tell while three sell. Seven make flat claims. Three back up their claims with facts that inform—with information that persuades.

This ratio holds true with advertisements—selling with ink and paper. Seven assert, the other three prove their claims. Seven fail to get the most out of their advertising space. Three bring home the profits.

Today folks want proof as never before. They must be forcefully informed. They must be convinced. Then they will buy.

Into which group does your advertising fall—with the seven or with the three? May we discuss this with you?

THRESHER SERVICE INC.
Formerly Williams Agency—Founded 1877
ADVERTISING WITH AN OBJECTIVE

136 Liberty Street, New York City
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Member of the Merchants' Association of New York

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FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET
EVERYTHING · FOR · MEN

NOVELTY SHIRTS

With Two Collars to Match

2.95

NEW YORK'S LARGEST AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENTS

FAVORED COLORS, including several new shades of blue and brown. Vertical and horizontal stripings in several widths and spacings. Solid colors and figured effects to suit every fancy.

Full, stiff bosoms. Pleated bosoms. Demi-bosoms. Stiff and soft bosoms. French cuffs. Full, soft cuffs—in short, every kind of correct shirt at a price that is without equal in New York.

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE—STREET FLOOR

Men's Oxfords 7.50

Made to be sold at 10.00

These oxfords are of Norwegian grain, on a semi-brogue last in black or tan. This is the kind of shoe that becomes a strong favorite with men who have several pairs to choose from every morning.

For Your Convenience—Express Elevators to the Sixth Floor

EIGHTY-TWO YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32nd STREET - BROADWAY - 33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY

New Fashion Unmatched in Sets for the Match

Paris sends

Scarf and Hat

for Saturday's Football Games

$22.50 to $35

Deauville wore them. And Ostend and the Lido, too. And now in autumn they carry on. For active sports fashions and grandstand sports fashions, Paris sends us the scarf and hat. Tapestry wool effects. Tapestry colors. Like the forest's carpet of falling leaves.

GIMBELS—THIRD FLOOR

The McCreery Men's Shop

Select Your Winter

Overcoat Now!

Assortments today are at their best—and the McCreery Men's Shop offers every conceivable type of coat at prices which are eminently fair. Overcoats for winter 1924—

45.00 to 95.00

Men's Suits

A good assortment of suits specially selected and specially priced—

35.00

Topcoats

Fabrics and patterns that are sure to please you. Featured at—

28.50

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BACKS LA FOLLETTE TO 'SAVE' CAPITALISM

Rudolph Spreckles Calls It the Last Chance for Honest Capital to Avert Ruin.

"REVOLUTION OTHERWISE"

Banker Campaigns in Five States and Says Senator Will Carry California.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—Rudolph Spreckles, President of the United Bank and Trust Company of California, and said to be among the wealthiest men on the Pacific Coast, says that in advocating the election of Senator La Follette for President he is taking the only position possible to safeguard honest capitalism in the United States. Fifteen years from now his capitalist brethren, he declares, will admit that his attitude in the campaign now under way was the only logical one for men of large financial interests to take.

"In this campaign," said Mr. Spreckles, "my rôle may be described as that of a man who is anxious to do, and who is doing, all he can to save the honest capitalistic class of this country. I am trying to save them from their own folly, their apparent inability correctly to read the signs of the times. In the end the masses will control, and if honest capital and honestly acquired wealth is to be safeguarded, those who have this wealth must be honest with the masses."

Politically, Mr. Spreckles is the busiest man on the Pacific Coast, to which may be added New Mexico, Nevada, Utah and Arizona, in which States, in addition to California, Mr. Spreckles has assumed the burden of trying to pilot the La Follette standard to victory a week from next Tuesday.

For weeks past Mr. Spreckles has been on the go. One day he is in Los Angeles, the next in Sacramento, San Francisco or Fresno, with side trips to Nevada and the other States under his direction. There are few sections in this State of good roads where the people have not glimpsed the Spreckles motor car with the La Follette banner spread to the breeze. Mr. Spreckles has developed into an accomplished public speaker and is personally carrying the La Follette cause to the voters.

The correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES saw Mr. Spreckles in his office yesterday afternoon. He was busy giving directions to his lieutenants and preparing for a final drive, principally in the Los Angeles country. He intends to devote four days to the strongholds of Republicanism in Los Angeles City and county next week. After that he will make a final dash up the coast, ending with rallies in Oakland and San Francisco.

Appeals to "Honest Capital."

Asked for his views of the campaign, Mr. Spreckles said:

"In the hope that my answer will not sound conceited, I think I am justified in saying that in this campaign my position is that of savior of the capitalistic classes. Of course, I mean the honest class, not the other kind, and it is the other kind that is at the bottom of all the trouble.

"Naturally, my friends who are in the same financial class as myself do not, as a rule, approve the position I have assumed in this campaign. They are blind to the real situation. Only a few days ago I was talking to one of them, a banker, and in the course of our talk I asked him for an honest opinion as to what he thought would follow if graft and greed continued as dominant factors in much of the financial fabric of this nation. I asked him if he did not think revolution would follow, and he answered, 'Yes,' and then added, 'but not in our time.'

"The answer staggered me, I replied: 'Do you mean to say that you are willing to leave such a heritage to your children, instead of doing your part now to make such a catastrophe impossible?'

"'I don't say my friends are dishonest. I say they are not alive to the perils of the situation. In my opinion, this revolution which my banker friend said would not come in our lifetime may come much sooner, in a few years. In fact, unless we see the situation as it is and take the steps necessary to correct it.'

Asked whether he believed Senator La Follette the man to save the nation from this possible disaster, Mr. Spreckles said:

"I know Senator La Follette intimately and I know his views and can testify to his courage and to his high-minded statesmanship. I know that if elected he will be free from the domination of any of the predatory interests of any group.

"The fact that Congress has enacted into law twenty-six out of thirty-one measures proposed to Republican National Conventions by Senator La Follette, and always rejected by those reactionary controlled conventions is proof of his vision and understanding of the problems of this nation. His election will protect the farmer, laborer, consumer and honest business man against the destructive and vicious methods of the trusts, profiteers, railroads and vicious capital. Under a La Follette administration legitimate capital and industry will prosper. The other kind won't."

Sees Farmers Being Fooled.

President Coolidge's proposal to appoint a commission to study the agricultural problem, Mr. Spreckles asserted, is not sincere.

"What will happen, in my opinion," he explained, "is that this commission will probably visit most of the States, take barrels of testimony, and then just before the 1928 campaign gets under way make a report.

"On the other hand, Senator La Follette is pledged, if elected, immediately to call Congress into extra session to pass laws necessary to this greatest of our industries.

"To come back to my own position," Mr. Spreckles continued, "they are saying that I am a traitor to my class. Yet, all I am asking is that men in my position do what they can to protect honest capital and, at the same time, drive out the crooks who are threatening the whole financial fabric. This is a tremendous problem and, in my opinion, the most important that has faced the people in my life."

Of the Ku Klux Klan Mr. Spreckles said:

"So far as I can find out it is largely a Republican ally. Mr. Davis has spoken, and so has Senator La Follette, but I don't think you can find anything definite as to the position of the man on Pennsylvania Avenue. As a matter of fact, after Dawes struck lightly at the masked organization, he was directed to report to Plymouth, Vt., where the President was sojourning at the time. He obeyed orders, talked with Coolidge, and from that day to this Dawes has not even peeped, so far as the Klan is concerned."

Asked whether he really thought Mr. La Follette would carry California, he answered that he "certainly does" and gave it as his estimate that the La Follette plurality would not be less than 30,000.

URGE COOLIDGE PLEA TO HIRAM JOHNSON

California Republicans Want the President to Persuade Him to Say a Good Word.

HIS INFLUENCE IS FEARED

But a La Follette Leader Predicts That the Senator Will Remain Silent.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—Republican campaign managers in the East are being importuned to bring pressure to bear on the President to say something himself, or get somebody close to him to say something, to bring Hiram Johnson out of hiding.

Since the day the Cleveland convention adjourned Senator Johnson has not uttered a word in support of the Republican national ticket. Neither has he said anything against it. His attitude has been that of absolute silence. Those who are close to him say this will be his policy to the end. Senator Johnson, they point out, received a hard knock in California at the hands of the Coolidge men last Summer, and there are some politicians so brutally frank as to suggest that in the event Coolidge loses, the senior Senator will not shed many tears.

The Republican State Committee of California is dominated by Johnson men, the Chairman being Charles H. Neumiller, for years a wheelhorse in the Johnson machine. The campaign manager, acting for the committee, is E. Forrest Mitchell, and he too is a dyed-in-the-wool Bull-Mooser. They are both out for Coolidge, and both predict a big Coolidge plurality in the State.

Mr. Neumiller predicts a plurality of 100,000 and Mr. Mitchell 200,000 for Coolidge. Both were intensely active for delegates to the Cleveland convention. Frank Havener, the La Follette manager, also a cog in the Johnson machine, says that Mr. Neumiller during the pre-convention campaign "oiled Coolidge to a fare you well." One Johnson man, who is for La Follette, even goes so far as to assert that if the State Committee could be polled it would be disclosed that a majority of them are for the Third Party candidate.

The State Committee has a fine suite of rooms in the Palace Hotel, but it would not be true to picture those headquarters as teeming with activity in behalf of Calvin Coolidge. This is not the fault of the committee, however, since the real Coolidge and Dawes campaign organization is the Coolidge and Dawes Republican League of California, a smooth-working organization, which occupies twenty-five rooms in the fine new Underwood Building in Market Street. There all is activity. There originates all the high tariff propaganda which, the Republicans say, has rescued California from La Follette.

Despite the fact that the surface indications all point to a Coolidge victory in California, it develops that the Coolidge managers are not so sanguine of the result as they profess to be. This is why the plea has gone to Washington for aid in bringing Senator Johnson out of seclusion. If Senator Johnson will say just a few words for Coolidge all will be well, according to the story that is going the rounds.

One of the leading Democrats of the State, a man not actively in the campaign, gave the foregoing information to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent last night. This morning one of the leading Coolidge men, a man officially high in the President's campaign management, admitted that the story was true, but he added that he doubted very much "if Hiram comes across."

Mr. Havener said that he was ready to bet that Senator Johnson remains silent.

"If he comes out for Coolidge, the first question he will have to answer," Mr. Havener said, "is whether he was telling the truth when he was campaigning last Summer. I know the Senator as well as any man, and I know he is honest, and I, for one, do not believe he will put himself in that position."

"If you men are so thoroughly in sympathy with Johnson and everything he stands for, how can you be for Coolidge?" one of the Johnson men who is now out for Coolidge was asked.

"We are not for Coolidge, but we are for the tariff. That explains our position," he replied.

Senator Johnson still has a host of political friends in California. If they are as vengeful as it is asserted in some quarters that the Senator is, it is not difficult to understand why the real Coolidge leaders are so anxious for Senator Johnson to emerge from his self-imposed seclusion and say a kind word or two for Coolidge and Dawes.

ADMIT REGISTRATIONS AT LONG BEACH FALSE

Detectives Tell Grand Jury They Acted for Persons Interested in the Mayoralty Election.

MINEOLA, L. I., Oct. 24.—District Attorney Charles R. Weeks began an investigation today through the Nassau County Grand Jury into alleged registration frauds at Long Beach in the week before last. Private detectives went before the Grand Jury, and Mr. Weeks said that it was probable that more than a score of witnesses would be heard.

Among those who testified, after signing waivers of immunity, were City Judge Maurice Vogel, Thomas J. Walsh and a dozen private detectives who said they were in the employ of an agency in Manhattan. The detectives all swore they had registered illegally at the behest of persons interested in influencing the result of the forthcoming Mayoralty election on Nov. 4, when a successor will be chosen to William H. Reynolds, recently convicted on a grand larceny indictment. There is intense partisan feeling in the contest.

After today's hearing the District Attorney said that the Grand Jury would have to determine whether the detectives had violated the law, or whether their alleged principals were the real offenders.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 24.—A vacancy exists in the office of Mayor of Long Beach, Nassau County, and this vacancy must be filled at the Nov. 4 elections, the Court of Appeals held in a decision handed down today.

The vacancy was created through the conviction of Mayor William H. Reynolds for grand larceny during an investigation of Nassau County affairs by Attorney General Carl Sherman. The court held that the fact that the former Mayor had obtained a certificate of reasonable doubt, and was on bail pending an appeal, did not affect the vacancy.

SWEEPING VICTORY FORECAST BY DAVIS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

is not confined to any particular section. Everywhere the story is the same—the men and women of the country have registered to do their part in ordering a change in conditions.

"This latest trip has taken me into the great Central West and some of the border States. Everywhere the story has been the same. The meetings which I have addressed have been the largest ever held in the particular localities visited. The audiences have been enthusiastically friendly. They have listened intently to the exposition of the real issues of this campaign with a sincerity that indicated how deeply they have been impressed with them.

Calls Opponents Panic-Stricken.

"They have shown that they resented the efforts of the speakers for the Republican Party to evade the real issues and to erect straw men to knock down.

In community after community I have been assured that this is a Democratic year, and that on the fourth day of November next the people of the United States are certain to declare for a change in the conduct of their affairs, and are going to summon again to the public service the true and tried Democracy of the United States.

"While our opponents are endeavoring to bolster their cause by suggesting the danger of the election going into the House, there is not a single Democrat who has investigated the situation who does not feel that as a result of the drift in the West and the Central West, more than the necessary 266 votes to elect me President already are assured. Panic-stricken, the Republican leaders are frantically working night and day circulating defeatist propaganda by means of so-called polls, which are preposterous on their face and defeat their purpose because the exaggeration is so manifest.

"They solemnly assure the people that the real race for the Presidency is not between President Coolidge and myself, but between Mr. Coolidge and Mr. Bryan. This bogy man may frighten members of the Republican Party, but it certainly does not alarm the Democracy. It has this effect, however. It proves conclusively that the Republican leaders have been compelled to launch a forlorn-hope attack in an effort to reclaim some of the States in which the La Follette movement has made headway.

Sees Will to Win Here.

"Back here in New York tonight I can say, on the eve of my campaign in and about the greater city, that the will to win displayed by the Democrats elsewhere is reflected here in New Jersey and the Empire State. And the Democrats there will find encouragement from the admitted fact that the solid South, the border States and the so-called Middle Western group have swung to the Democracy and their electoral vote is assured to its candidates.

"The very fact that the Democratic Party is united, harmonious and undivided from ocean to ocean, while the Republican Party is rent in twain by dissensions, is proof sufficient for our claims of success. In addition, the great mass of independent voters realize that their only hope of bringing about the reforms which are so vitally necessary to the national welfare is through supporting the Democratic ticket in the coming election.

"The independent voter has no other choice. He realizes that it is only through the Democratic Party that reform of the character demanded may be secured. He realizes that we can win and that we have the will to win. He knows that it is impossible for Senator La Follette to secure the 266 votes needed to make him the choice of the Electoral College. He cannot support Mr. Coolidge simply on the assurance that there will be some kind of a change at Washington after March 4 next should the Republican candidate be elected.

"For weeks the voters have waited to be taken into the confidence of the Administration and told in what manner any change can come after March 4 that has not been possible for more than a year. The voter is inclined to accept past performances as the promise for the future, and he or she will not be misled by specious statements that do not square with what actually has been done.

Met by Labor Leaders Here.

"It is because these things have been brought directly home to me through personal contact with thousands of voters in the States east of the Rocky Mountains that I have not the slightest hesitancy in unqualifiedly declaring that I will be elected on Nov. 4. In addition the Democrats will control Congress, thus insuring putting into effect our promised reforms just as soon as legislation to that end can be framed and passed."

Mr. Davis, who is in excellent shape physically, seemed greatly encouraged at the reception he received in every city he visited on his last Western trip. He was met at the Pennsylvania Station by a delegation of union labor men, headed by John J. Dowd of the International Boiler Makers' Union. After exchanging greetings with the labor men and hearing a few reports from those attached to the Eastern campaign headquarters, Mr. Davis drove at once to his home at Locust Valley.

DAVIS TO ATTEND LUNCHEON.

He and Governor Smith to Be Guests of Women's Organizations.

John W. Davis will come in from Locust Valley, L. I., this noon to attend a luncheon of Democratic women's organizations at the Hotel Commodore. Mr. Davis and Governor Smith will be the guests of honor. Governor Smith will come down from Albany especially for the luncheon, returning to Albany afterward. The speeches will be broadcast.

Prominent Democrats of the national, State and city organizations will attend the luncheon. Four thousand tickets have been distributed and hundreds of applications have been rejected. William Good of Brooklyn, whose wife is one of the most prominent women Democrats in the city, was unable to get a ticket to accompany her to the affair. So many tables have been installed for the luncheon that there will be no room for the reception which was to have preceded it. The entire corridor of the ballroom floor, as well as the main, east and west ballrooms, have been filled with tables and chairs.

The luncheon will begin at 1 o'clock. As soon as the coffee is served guests not sitting in the main ballroom will pick up their chairs and move into that room, from which the tables will then be removed.

At 3 o'clock Mr. Davis will leave the Hotel Commodore, heading a procession of fourteen automobiles to Staten Island. He will deliver a speech at 4:30 o'clock on the Borough Hall Plaza, St. George, S. I.

Tonight at 9 o'clock Mr. Davis will address Bronx Democrats at the Morris High School, 166th Street and Boston Road. He will spend Sunday at his home in Locust Valley.

Except for speeches in Jersey City on Monday night and in Long Island on Thursday night, Mr. Davis will spend all next week in a final effort to roll up enough votes in New York City to offset the strength conceded to President Coolidge up-State. Judge George W. Olvany, leader of Tammany Hall, and other Democratic leaders in Greater New York, have assured Mr. Davis that if he conducts an energetic drive in the city he may carry the State.

Mr. Davis's speaking dates next week follow:

Monday—Jersey City.

Tuesday—Meeting at Lexington Opera House, with speech at negro meeting at Liberty Hall later.

Wednesday—Academy of Music, Brooklyn.

Thursday—Flushing High School, Queens, with short speech at Mineola and Glen Cove.

Saturday—Carnegie Hall.

The Carnegie Hall meeting will be Mr. Davis's final speech of the campaign.

ASKS DENIAL BY COOLIDGE.

Editor Wants Him to Repudiate Alleged Threat by Houghton.

F. F. Schrader, editor of The Progressive, organ of the Steuben Society, telegraphed yesterday to President Coolidge, asking him to repudiate a statement attributed to Alanson B. Houghton, Ambassador to Germany, that American financial aid to Germany depended upon the election of Coolidge and Dawes.

His telegram said:

"Do you personally hold the views reported to have been expressed by Ambassador Houghton last Thursday night in Cincinnati to the effect that Germany need expect no help from private financiers in the United States unless you and Mr. Dawes are elected. If you do hold such a view does it mean that you are willing to traffic with a large element of our citizenship for votes by promising the exercise of official pressure upon private financiers to do or to refrain from doing something which presumably could be settled very well by the financiers themselves without advice from Washington?

"I call upon you categorically to repudiate this allegation of Ambassador Houghton, and to see to it that he files no expense account at the Department of State for his trip from and to his post and his jaunt around the country making such reckless threats and promises."

F. D. Roosevelt to Speak at Rally.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, former Secretary of the Navy, who led Governor Smith's fight for the Presidential nomination in the Democratic National Convention, will deliver his only speech of the campaign next Thursday night at a Democratic rally in the Town Hall at Brewster, N. Y.

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DUKE OF YORK SEES GIANTS WIN, 3 TO 2

Ambassador Kellogg Is Also Present as Sox Lose in Ninth in Second Game Abroad.

TRIPLE PLAY A FEATURE

But Only a Few Grasp Its Significance—Excellence of Fielding Impresses Crowd.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The Giants defeated the White Sox this afternoon at the Stamford Bridge football grounds by a score of 3 to 2, while the Duke and Duchess of York, with Ambassador and Mrs. Frank B. Kellogg, and several thousand spectators, including most of the Americans in London, looked on to see what sort of game baseball really is.

It is doubtful whether they gained much of an idea. They applauded when the players lined up and were formally introduced to the Duke. They were delighted with the exhibition by the Giants of shadow ball and especially with their clever "slow motion" performance, but they did not catch on to the fine points of the game. In a misty London atmosphere it was really too quick to follow even if they had known what to look for.

In the White Sox's first inning Falk hit into a double play which sent his side back, and only a few Americans applauded. In the second inning of the Giants it was announced through a megaphone that there were "three on bases and no one out," but while this did awaken some of the spectators to the fact that something was happening, only few of them realized that in the next minute, while Stengel and Jackson were being put out, McInnis had got home and the Giants had scored.

The catches were what pleased the English crowd the most. They were frankly astonished at Bentley's action in pitching and they failed to appreciate Pichich's attempts to steal a base and his quick slide back to safety. As enthusiasts, however, they understood the difficulty of timing and heading a high pitched ball and they applauded the fielders' prowess.

By the time of the Giants' sixth they had learned enough to jeer a little when Frisch had been caught off third, but they were quite unaware that the White Sox had just brought off a triple play and had managed to put the Giants out.

All Stretch in Seventh.

Then, after New York's seventh a stentorian voice in the grand stand roared, "Up, all up!" The English spectators obeyed and glanced at the royal box. Were the Duke and Duchess leaving already? Then came the order to stretch, and sheepishly a few tried to imitate their American neighbors.

It was not until the White Sox's eighth that the game got exciting. Nehf was pitching for the Giants now and a three-base hit by Falk to field the crowd went up and it was repeated when the White Sox scored once more before being dismissed. The spectators were learning what to look for and they followed the Giants' last inning closely.

Frisch, Young and Meusel, by each making one-base hits, filled the bases in the ninth and then McInnis, with a two-bagger, brought the first two home safely. Generous cheers greeted the Giants' half, but the end of the game, by its celerity, seemed to surprise the crowd. All three White Sox in the last inning were retired and the suddenness with which the players ran off as the last ball was caught startled and rather puzzled the English.

The excellence of the fielding was acknowledged generously as the spectators dispersed, but they will have to see a good many more games before they will be able to take it in.

The diamond was placed at the centre line of the football field and this gave far too little space in the outfield. Moreover, it brought the sun directly facing the batters and bothered them a good deal.

The two teams left tonight for Dublin and Belfast. They may play at Manchester on the way back here next Thursday.

Fans See Real Game.

LONDON, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—The New York Giants and the Chicago White Sox, in their second exhibition game in England, today gave several thousand British "fans" a real demonstration of big league baseball. The Giants won a most thrilling game by the score of 3 to 2 with a ninth inning rally.

The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Giants	010 000 002	3	8 1
White Sox	000 000 020	2	4 1

Batteries—Bentley, Nehf and Henline; Lyons, Faber and Pichich.

C. C. N. Y. VICTOR IN RUN.

Defeats Fordham Harriers at Van Cortlandt Park, 26-29.

One of the best cross-country teams produced at City College in many years defeated Fordham University's harriers in a dual meet yesterday over a 5½-mile course at Van Cortlandt Park by the score of 29 to 29. Pinkie Sober, C. C. N. Y. track star, came from behind to wrest the honor position from Dobelle of Fordham, in a thrilling finish. Hyman, Dain, Orlando and Mayday also placed within the first ten for the Lavender. Twenty men in all took part in the run.

After the first mile, Dobelle and Meany, both of Fordham, assumed the pacing up on the hill, the most difficult pacing up of the hill, the most difficult part of the course. On the home stretch Sober shot ahead with a great sprint. The Lavender hill-and-dale men finished closely bunched.

The order of finish:

Pos.	Name and School.	Time.
1	Sober, C. C. N. Y.	29:54
2	Dobelle, Fordham	30:00
3	Meany, Fordham	30:30
4	Hyman, C. C. N. Y.	30:40
5	Breidenbach, Fordham	31:02
6	Dain, C. C. N. Y.	31:04
7	Orlando, C. C. N. Y.	31:06
8	Mayday, C. C. N. Y.	31:28
9	Reilly, Fordham	31:41
10	Dunphy, Fordham	32:20

HARVARD RUNNERS TRIUMPH

Both Varsity and Freshmen Beat Dartmouth Cross-Country Teams.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 24.—Both the Harvard varsity and freshman cross-country teams turned in victories over the Dartmouth varsity and freshmen harriers over the Charles River course this afternoon, each team winning by an 18 to 37 score. Tibbetts, Harvard track star, won the varsity cross-country run, while A. O'Neil, former Exeter runner, now of the Harvard freshmen, won the yearling race. Tibbets covered the 5-mile course in 27:39 4-5, leading Byron Cutcheon, also of Harvard, by a yard.

PRINCETON HARRIERS WIN.

Lafayette Loses, 25-30, Although Farnham Is First Home.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 24.—In the opening race of the Fall the Princeton cross-country team defeated Lafayette by a score of 25 to 30. Farnham of Lafayette won the race in the excellent time of 29:04 3-5, with his teammates West, second. But five Tigers finished in a bunch, clinching the meet for Princeton. Rose was the first Princeton man to cross the line.

Gibbons Stops Jamieson in First.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 24.—Tommy Gibbons of St. Paul added another to his long string of victories when he knocked out Ted Jamieson, Milwaukee light-heavyweight, in the first round of a scheduled 15-round bout here tonight.

Hill Sets World's Auto Mark At Rate of 126 Miles an Hour

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 24.—Bennett Hill of New York established a new world's automobile speed record today when he raced around the Charlotte oval in 35 3-5 seconds, or at a speed of 126.4 miles an hour. The record was previously held by Ernie Ansterberg, established at Altoona, Pa., Aug. 26, when he drove at a speed of 125.7 miles an hour. Hill broke the record today while practicing for the 250-mile race here tomorrow. Hill tied the previous world's record seven times before he smashed through with his speed for the new mark. In order to accomplish his feat he rode low in the cockpit, with his head completely behind the tiny windshield.

LANDIS WITHHOLDS BRIBERY TESTIMONY

Baseball Commissioner Says He Will Reveal It at the Proper Time.

CHICAGO, Oct. 23 (Associated Press).—Kenesaw M. Landis, Baseball Commissioner, said today that the testimony of Cozy Dolan and Jimmy O'Connell, members of the New York Giants involved in the bribery scandal preliminary to the world's series, would be revealed whenever in his judgment it would serve a useful purpose in clearing up the situation.

Commissioner Landis declined to say whether Dolan and O'Connell had been placed in the same class with the members of the Chicago White Sox who were put on the ineligible list for conspiracy to throw the world's series of 1919 to Cincinnati.

Answering the question whether Dolan and O'Connell had been banished forever from organized baseball, the Commissioner said they had been placed on the ineligible list. He refused to amplify this statement. His original statement, issued at the time of his action against the two players, covered the situation, he said.

"Judge Landis does not intend to furnish ammunition to anybody interested in getting Dolan and O'Connell back into baseball," Leslie O'Connor, his secretary, said.

"If the time comes that Judge Landis considers the testimony of the two players will serve a useful purpose in clearing up the situation it will be made public. O'Connor said "Of course, the Commissioner will have to be satisfied that publication of the testimony would be in the public interest and that it will serve some purpose."

Commissioner Landis had no comment to make on the threatened suit for damages for slander which William J. Fallon, attorney for Dolan, says he will file in the Federal courts in New York soon.

NURMI WILL SAIL FOR AMERICA NOV. 6

Finnish Star to Run in Garden Jan. 6 and in Municipal Games on Jan. 15.

American followers of track and field athletics will have a glimpse of Paavo Nurmi, wonderful Finnish runner, in action in this country on Jan. 15 at the annual indoor athletic meet of Mayor Hylan's Committee on Municipal Athletic Activities, according to an announcement made yesterday by Chairman William W. Cohen following a meeting of the athletic activities officials in the Municipal Building. The announcement was based on the report read by Frederick W. Rubien, Chairman of the Activities Track and Field Committee, in which it was stated Nurmi would arrive in this country late next month prepared for a campaign of about two months on the board floors of the local district and the Eastern points where important indoor meets are held annually.

The sturdy Finn, winner of the 1,500-meter, 3,000-meter and 10,000-meter cross-country titles at the last Olympic Games and the victor also in the 3,000-meter team race is scheduled to sail for this country on Nov. 6, according to Rubien, Nurmi,

The itinerary announced by Rubien, based on what the A. A. U. official declared to be authentic information he had obtained regarding Nurmi's plans for coming to this country and during the runner's stay here, provide for the Finn's first competitive appearance to be made in Madison Square Garden on Jan. 6, when the Finnish-American A. C. plans to hold an indoor meet for the express purpose of having Nurmi make his American competitive début under the auspices of his fellow countrymen.

Nurmi, Rubien stated, will follow this with his participation in the 3,000-meter special at the municipal games and will compete in his next event here on Jan. 27 and 28, when the Millrose A. A. will conduct its games in Madison Square Garden. Plans for other races in which Nurmi will compete have not yet been completed, Rubien said.

The various other subcommittees of the Municipal Athletic Activities reported plans for the coming year which surpass the plans for any previous year in the organization's history. A municipal boxing tournament will be held in Madison Square Garden on Nov. 30; basketball tournaments for men and women teams are scheduled for January; a bowling tournament for men and women will be held in December and a handball tournament for the municipal employes will be conducted in December.

COACH DIES OF INJURIES.

Clark, Former Ursinus Star, Fatally Hurt in Glassboro Practice.

GLASSBORO, N. J., Oct. 24.—Jacob Clark, former Ursinus football star and coach of the Glassboro High School eleven, died last night at his home in Woodbury from injuries received in a practice scrimmage with the high school team last Wednesday.

Clark scored the winning touchdown the only year Ursinus beat the Navy. After graduating he engaged in professional football, playing last year with Millville, N. J., and this year with Pitman. As the result of his death a game between Glassboro and Pleasantville has been canceled.

TIGERS DIVIDE $16,554.

Leonard, Trainer, Coach and Secretary Get Full Shares of $551.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Pitcher Dutch Leonard, who joined the Detroit Tigers in August, the coach, trainer and Secretary receive full shares amounting to $551.83, for finishing in third place, Commissioner Landis said tonight in mailing the checks. Third place money divided among the Tigers amounted to $16,554.63.

School Swimmers in Meet Today.

With teams of three schools deadlocked for the lead in the point standing the Public Schools Athletic League this afternoon will conduct the third series of dual swimming meets in Columbia University pool, among the local high school swimmers. Fourteen teams are scheduled to compete in seven meets.

Veteran Baseball Head Dies.

CORTLAND, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Michael T. Roche, one-time President of the now extinct Empire State Baseball League, died today in the Cortland County Hospital. He was one of the leading horsemen of Central New York. He was 55 years of age.

M'TIGUE MAY GET YEAR'S SUSPENSION

Commission Recommends Denial of License to Champion Unless He Boxes Tunney.

BERLENBACH BOUT IS OFF

Action Follows Failure to Guarantee Tunney Match With Victor—Tourney Plans Named.

Unless he agrees to defend his title against Gene Tunney, Greenwich Village boxer, Mike McTigue, world's light-heavyweight champion, will be denied the privilege of boxing in this State for the period of one year dating from yesterday. This was the ultimatum issued to the titleholder yesterday by Chairman George E. Brower of the State Athletic Commission, when he announced that the commission had recommended to the License Committee, of which Colonel John J. Phelan is Chairman, that McTigue be denied a license to box here for a year.

No action was taken by the License Committee on the commission's recommendation. It was explained that the lack of a quorum delayed action by the License Committee. The recommendation is expected to receive the endorsement of the License Committee at the next meeting of the board, since both the commission and the committee work harmoniously on all matters affecting the administration of the boxing law in this State.

The recommendation of the commission followed McTigue's failure to accept or acknowledge Tunney's challenge for the title, Chairman Brower announced. In the event that McTigue recedes from his present attitude and decides to accept a match with Tunney before the full License Committee meets again, it is possible the recommendation of the commission will be rescinded.

On the other hand, if McTigue persists in his course of ignoring Tunney's challenge the License Committee is expected to approve the recommendation. Such action would amount practically to suspension for McTigue for the period of one year, during which time the champion would be prevented from boxing any boxer licensed by the commission, unless the licensed opponent wanted to suffer suspension for appearing against him, barring him from the ineligible list of the commission.

In making known the decision of the commission Chairman Brower announced that McTigue's proposed title fight against Paul Berlenbach, which was scheduled for Madison Square Garden on Nov. 14, will not be permitted, and that during the period of time McTigue is denied a license if the License Committee approves the recommendation, Tunney will not be permitted to acquit himself as the outstanding light-heavyweight championship contender, a classification Tunney will be permitted to use until such time as McTigue consents to risk his title with him.

Principals Fail to Agree.

The decision of the commission ends several weeks of negotiations and overtures to gain sanction for the McTigue-Berlenbach match through an agreement by both boxers for the winner to defend the title first against Tunney. Billy Gibson, manager of Tunney, who is leaving the commission office with Frank Flournoy, Garden matchmaker, that Berlenbach's refusal to enter into such an agreement was directly responsible for the verdict of the commission.

McTigue, Gibson said, had made known his readiness to enter an agreement to box Tunney sixty days after the Berlenbach encounter if the Irish boxer retained his title. Berlenbach, according to Gibson, requested that not more than three months between his bout with McTigue and a meeting with Tunney, in the event the Astoria boxer won the title from McTigue.

This arrangement, Gibson said, would have been satisfactory had Berlenbach consented, in the event that he won the title from McTigue, to defend the championship first against Tunney. According to Gibson, this provision did not appeal to Berlenbach and the negotiations were dropped.

When the plans for a McTigue-Berlenbach match dissolved under the general clashing of ideas on what arrangements would best protect the interests of Tunney as foremost challenger for the title, the commission forwarded Tunney's challenge to McTigue, and upon the champion's failure to accept or acknowledge the deft made its recommendation to the License Committee.

Tourney Plans Outlined.

In an effort to produce some action in the campaign to develop a boxer who would merit recognition as the world's featherweight champion, a title vacated by Johnny Dundee when he admitted he could no longer make the class weight, and to develop an outstanding challenger for the lightweight championship who would prod Benny Leonard into action, the commission in a letter to Promoter Tex Rickard, made known its plans for elimination tournaments in the two classes.

The commission's communication was in response to a letter from the promoter in which Rickard selected boxers he thought were the six outstanding lads in each division. Chairman Brower notified Rickard that the commission had agreed upon the six eligibles in each class and would supply the names of the boxers to the promoter offering the best terms and giving adequate assurance that the elimination tournaments will be held under plans outlined by the commission.

These plans provide that matches be made by drawings; candidates be weighed at the commission office; the first series of elimination matches to be held on one night and to consist of three ten-round bouts; the semi-final to be drawn by the commission and consist of twelve rounds and the winner to meet the boxer drawing a bye in a final fifteen-round bout. The winner of the featherweight elimination, the letter stated, will receive the approval of the commission to represent himself as the world's featherweight champion.

The winner of the lightweight elimination will be instructed to issue a challenge to Leonard which the commission will deliver to the champion. In the event of Leonard refusing to accept the challenge the winner of the elimination tournament will be recognized and permitted to represent himself as the championship contender in the class until such time as the present holder of the title consents to enter into a contest with him.

Equal Shares for Boxers.

The commission plans further provide that any boxer invited to participate in the contests must as a condition waive all present contractual relations and agree to box according to the commission plan. The boxers participating in the first elimination series are to receive in equal shares from the promotor not less than 60 per cent. of the gate receipts, less taxes and expenses of ring officials. In the second elimination each participant is to receive not less than one-third of 60 per cent. of the gate receipts with the above-mentioned deductions, and in the final contest the principals are to receive not less than 25 per cent. of the gate receipts less the deductions.

The promoter undertaking to run the tournaments must be prepared to proceed with the competition not less than twenty-five days and not more than sixty days from the date of acceptance, must furnish the commission with the proposed dates and must allow the lapse of three weeks between each of the elimination matches. Boxers accepting invitations to compete bind themselves not to enter into other contests until the tournaments are completed.

The commission announced it had no information of plans for Mickey Walker, world's welterweight champion, to defend his title in decision bout against Dave Shade, Californian, who is recognized as the foremost challenger. Shade was subjected to a medical examination by Dr. P. M. Lichtenstein of the commission, on a telegraphic request from the Michigan Boxing Commission, which wired the local board that Shade withdrew from a match against Bob Fitz in Detroit, scheduled for last night, claiming an injured right thumb. Dr. Lichtenstein's report stated the physician found evidence of lacerations of the ligaments in the right hand.

On the recommendation of Leo P. Flynn, the commission decided to institute a championship tournament for junior bantamweights. Flynn submitted the name of Dave Montrose as one of the candidates for the title, and the board expects to accept three or four other boxers for a tournament. Jimmy Dougherty of Leiperville, Pa., appeared with a request that the suspension of himself and his boxers be removed, but no action was taken. Art Wiegand was let off with a reprimand when called to explain disqualification on a foul in a bout at Syracuse recently against Johnny Donovan. On complaint of Joey Baker, boxer, Lew Barnett, manager, was directed by the commission to submit an accounting at the next meeting.

Sarazen and Wise Counsellor In $10,000 Laurel Race Today

Special to The New York Times.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 24.—Sarazen, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d's speedy gelding, and F. A. Burton's Wise Counsellor, winner of the first International special and of the Laurel Stakes here last Saturday, are among the seven scheduled to go to the post here tomorrow in the $10,000 Maryland Handicap at a mile and a quarter for three-year-olds. The entries, weights and probable jockeys follow:

Horse.	Weight.	Probable Jockey.
Sarazen	126	G. Babin
Wise Counsellor	122	S. O'Donnell
Aga Khan	108	G. Fields
Big Blaze	105	P. Wills
Rustic	107	J. Malben
Sun Flag	107	E. Barnes
Initiate	103	I. Parke

WILL LAND IS WINNER.

Gelding Beats Senator Norris by a Nose in Handicap at Laurel.

Special to The New York Times.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 24.—Will Land, F. Musante's smart three-year-old gelding, this afternoon won his third race out of five starts at Laurel Park when he led a field of six in the handicap for all ages which held the place of honor on the card. The brown gelding was a strong favorite. Parke had the mount and when he found he could not outrun Senator Norris down the back stretch he held Will Land behind the Bedwell colt in the better going just off the rail.

At the stretch turn Parke brought his mount outside of the leader and wore Senator Norris down the hard stretch duel, just getting up to nose the colt out of the money. Senator Norris was more than three lengths in front of E. B. McLean's four-year-old colt Noel, which held the other contestants safely all the way. The winner paid $4.70 for a $2 ticket in the mutuels.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; fillies, maidens; allowances; purse $1,300; five and a half furlongs. Easy. 115 pounds (Kennedy), $4.80, $3.70, $3.10, first; Rin Tin Tin, 115 (Barnes), $5.10, $2.60, second; Miss Greble, 115 (Parke), $2.40, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Brown Study, Mariana, Out of Sight, Lady Glasgow and Flivver also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; six furlongs. Oakwood, 118 pounds (Morris), $7.10, $4.80, $11.80, $8, first; Mabel K., 106 (Pierce), $11.40, $6, second; Captain Costigan, 118 (Stirling), $3.30, third. Time—1:14. Sir Quentin, Elemental, Corfio Sir., Charles Wells, Atlantida, Viola Burton, Arlington, Hidden Jewel, Goldfield, Kirah, Beau Nash and Ethel Lee also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile. Fiery Flight, 100 pounds (Williams), $6.80, $2.80, $2.80, first; Margie K., 106 (Pierce), $3.10, $2.60, second; Can't Say No, 106 (Malben), $4, third. Time—1:41 4-5. Glen Lass, Master Blue and Sea Fairy also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; $1,800; one mile. Erica, 111 pounds (Fisher), $8.10, $4.30, $3.20, first; Sun Lady, 109 (L. Lang), $8.50, $4, second; Pirate Gold, 111 (Corcoran), $3.20, third. Time—1:40 2-5. Best Beloved and Quotation also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For all ages; handicap; purse $2,000; six furlongs. Wise Land, 114 pounds (Parke), $4.70, $2.80, $2.20, first; Senator Norris, 105 (Malben), $4.80, $2.90, second; Noel, 113 (Kennedy), $2.60, third. Time—1:12 1-5. Golden Rule, Champlain and Red Wingfield also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,800; one mile and one-sixteenth. Gray Gables, 117 pounds (Fields), $22.80, $10.10, $6.70, first; Red Wine, 103 (Barnes), $14.80, $11.40, second; Yoshimi, 113 (Walls), $12.80, third. Time—1:47 3-5. Rock Bottom, Cyrus Tiner, Mary Agnes, Vice Chairman, Dream of Destiny, Wood Lady, Tjandi, Joaquina and Jacques also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile and one-quarter. Hockery, 104 pounds (L. Lang), $6.40, $4.40, $3.30, first; Frosty Boy, 106 (Parke), $5.10, $3.60, second; Old Faithful, 109 (Rennett), $4.50, third. Time—2:08. Commi Ci, Invigorator, Glad News, Salmon, Marcella Boy, Cote d'Or, Polly Lehmann, Mountain Rose II. and Trayeen Triscuph also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

RACE HORSES TO BE SOLD.

Three of Oak Ridge String to Be Offered at Empire City Sale.

Johnny Loftus has added the Oak Ridge Stable's three-year-old Plough Boy and steeplechasers Isle and Faenza to the Fasig-Tipton Company's sale of thoroughbreds to be held at the Empire City race course next Tuesday afternoon. Plough Boy is by Friar Rock-Jumping Shower, and has won three races this season and has been in the money in five others.

Isis is an imported daughter of Hobbein and Iglovia, and one of the best fencers out this season, having won the International Subscription Steeplechase race at Aqueduct and later forced Gasper to lower Aqueduct's cross-country record to beat her a length in the Lysander. She was also a winner at Belmont Park last month.

Faenza, by McGee-Stolen Moments, is a promising three-year-old fencer and is an eligible for the Elkridge, Pimlico's $5,000 steeplechase of two miles for three-year-olds.

It is expected that about forty head will go under the hammer at the closing sale of the New York racing season.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Governor Ogle Steeplechase Handicap; $5,000 added; four-year-olds and up; about three miles. Lieut. Scas 145 pounds, Houdini 140, Saint Savin 133, *Courteous 132, Surf 125.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $1,800; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Velante 112 pounds, John F. Kleaver 112, Laddie Buck 112, Snow Drop 100, Damon Runyon 112, Heckler 108, Dangerous 115, Fair Sand 108, Jolly Roger 112, Har'an 112.

THIRD RACE—The Butterflies; purse, $1,500, fillies and mares; three-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Sun Maggie 103 pounds, Heel Taps 108, Nellie Kelly 99, Relentless 102, Lily 108, Golden Billows 108, Silk Tassel 106, Blue Moon 102.

FOURTH RACE—The Oreole Handicap; purse, $1,500; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Edisto 106 pounds, Contract 110, Hurry Inn 110, †Cloudland 112, Beatrice, 115, †Retire 114. †J. S. Cosden and Wood Stockton entry.

FIFTH RACE—The Maryland Handicap; $10,000 added; three-year-olds; one mile and a quarter. Wise Counsellor 122 pounds, Rustic 107, Sun Flag 107, Sarasen 123, Aga Khan 108, Initiate 105, Big Blaze 108.

SIXTH RACE—The Elkridge; claiming; handicap; purse, $1,500; for three-year-olds and up; one mile and a furlong. Drumbeat 108 pounds, Prince Hamlet 105, Scoop 106, *Lieutenant II. 100, *Redstone 108.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; purse, $1,500; for three-year-olds and up; one mile and a sixteenth. *Fancy Free 115 pounds, *Spen Sixty 107, Soggarth Aroon 115, *King's Ransom 104, *Our Star 94, Baby Grand 108, *Gold Roll 104, Altisimo 107.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Commonwealth Sporting Club—Al Brown vs. Frankie Ash, Jack McVey vs. Harry Galfund, George (Dixie) Diamond vs. Tony Sirocco. Three ten-round bouts.

Ridgewood Grove Sporting Club, Brooklyn—Johnny Kochansky vs. Billy Henry, Harry Felix vs. Jimmy Hutchison, Dawes Abad vs. Archie Bell, Carl Carter vs. Eric Peterson, Jimmy Haskins vs. Mike Esposito. Five six-round bouts.

Ninth Regiment Armory—Lee Wedo vs. Alex Toverieki, Vic Burrone vs. Vincent Peppa, Bobby Wagner vs. Jimmy Foley. Three eight-round bouts.

FEYSUN HOME FIRST IN THE NEW HAVEN

Sun Briar Colt Takes Handicap When Nose Dive Falters Under Top Weight.

FRATERNITY II. IS VICTOR

Races Down Swingalong in the Stretch at Empire City—Whitney's Noah Wins at 10 to 1.

Feysun, three-year-old son of Sun Briar and St. Fey, owned by J. C. Claire and well ridden by Thurber, won the New Haven Handicap, the featured number on the card at the Empire City race course, yesterday afternoon. In well under 115 pounds, the bay colt, which was a 4-to-1 shot, ran the mile and seventy yards in 1:44 flat to beat the heavily weighted Nose Dive by a length and a half in a hard drive. Five ran and Nose Dive was the 7-to-5 favorite. The latter, with Callahan up, was unable to concede eleven pounds to the winner.

A good-sized crowd was on hand for the afternoon's sport and the spectators saw some excellent finishes, although only one favorite came home in front.

There was a good start in the New Haven Handicap, Feysun breaking in front. Nose Dive was away well from his post position on the rail and ran into the lead around the paddock turn. F. M. Kelly's Long Point was in close attendance on the outside and gave the leader a stiff battle on the backstretch. Nose Dive, however, raced the three-year-old Ballot gelding down around the turn.

Feysun Held Off Pace.

Thurber held Feysun off the pace until the turn into the homestretch. There he took the colt around his field and he came fast in the final drive. Nose Dive faltered in the last sixteenth under his heavy impost and Feysun won going away. The fractional times of the race were as follows: 0:24, 0:47, 1:12 2-5, 1:39 1-5, 1:44.

J. F. Richardson sent another winner to the post and again had M. Fator in the saddle. Yesterday's victor was the four-year-old gelding Fraternity II., which scored last at the Aqueduct meeting. The race was the Lexington Purse, a gallop of a mile and seventy yards for three-year-olds and upward. The son of Cannobie and Francisca was last to get away in a field of four, but Fator was patient with the gelding and gradually improved his position. In the stretch he moved up and raced down the Swingalong, Stable's Swingalong, which had forced the pace all through, and came on to win handily by a length. Swingalong was eight lengths in front of Upsal.

The Russet Purse, a claiming event for three-year-olds and upward at a mile and seventy yards, brought a field of eleven to the post. James Sands's three-year-old colt King O'Neill II. leading them home in 1:44 4-5. F. S. Page's three-year-old gelding Redskin had the early speed of the party, opening a good lead on the backstretch. He could not hold the pace when challenged by High Prince on the turn and stopped, finishing out of the money.

King O'Neill II. was slow to get away in a good start, but moved up gradually around the far turn and came on the outside in the stretch drive with a rush to beat High Prince with ease. This latter, after following the early pace, took the lead at the top of the stretch, succumbing to King O'Neill's rush. Kellerman was up to take the short end. High Prince was the 3 to 5 favorite, the winner and Kellerman being held at 9 to 1 at the post time.

Thirteen fillies and mares of three years and upward went to the post for the Putnam Purse, a claiming event over the course of about six furlongs. The winner then was Fraternity II's three-year-old filly Variation, by High Noon—Catalina. With Allen up, the filly broke from the extreme outside position after a long delay at the post caused by the fractiousness of Carmen Pantaze, and Variation won easily by a four-length margin. Lady Boss weakened in the stretch under the challenge, but held on to take the place by a length and a half from Lady Audrey.

New Hope Scores.

The Round Hill Purse, a claiming event for two-year-olds over the six-furlong course, was another of those races in which the conditions called for apprentice boys to ride. Fortunately there was no accident. All of the ten that went to the post came home safely. The winner was M. A. Silvers's New Hope, on which Giordano had the leg up. He brought her to the front in the stretch and won by a length and a half from William Daniel's gelding Walter E. John Wilson's Hendrick was third.

Sir Smart two-year-old ran the five and a half furlongs of the closing number in which Harry Payne Whitney's Noah, at the long price of 10 to 1, brought home the money. McAtee brought him home a length and a half in front of Mrs. W. M. Jeffords's Goldpiece. The latter was the 9-to-10 choice. Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark's Sweet Ann was outrun at first, but came around the field in the stretch, closing fast to take third money.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; the Round Hill Purse. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey	Odds.	Fin.
New Hope	106	Giordano	9-2	1½
Walter E.	104	Simon	3-1	2½
Hendrick	105	Powers	15-1	3nk
Wrackiane	112	Hebert	4-1	4¼
Jonathan	100	Sessa	50-1	5h
Confluente	104	Di Vito	6-1	6d
Gipsy Flyer	106	Walker	15-1	7½
Candy Stick	105	Kingsland	12-1	8d
Valentino	105	McMahon	30-1	9d
Dave Goldie	106	German	8-1	10

Place and show—New Hope, 2-1, even; Walter E., 6-5. Hendrick, 6-1, 2-1.

Time—1:10 1-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. New Hope, b. f., 2, by Trompie la Marie—Navarre's Hope, owned by M. A. Silvers and trained by H. Randolph.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; allowances; purse $1,000; six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey	Odds.	Fin.
*Variation	111	Allen	11-5	1h
Lady Boss	103	Harvey	10-1	2¼
Lady Audrey	106	Matthews	6-1	3¼
Idle Thoughts	107	Burns	4-1	4h
Lady Rose	106	Burke	8-1	5¼
All in All	106	Robbins	20-1	6½
Lee Adrin	106	Beach	30-1	7¼
Hilard Bargain	101	Cooper	11-5	8d
Carmen Pantages	108	Marinelli	60-1	9d
Sun Silent	106	Thurber	60-1	10d
Gilda Gray	101	Coltiletti	60-1	11¼
Reparee	108	McCoy	100-1	12d
C. Claridge	103	Thomas	100-1	13

*James Butler entry.

Place and show—Variation, even, 2-5; Lady Boss, 4-1, 2-1; Lady Audrey, 5-2, 6-5.

Time—1:09 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place ridden out. Variation, b. f., 3, by High Noon—Catalina; owned by James Butler and trained by J. Johnson.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; the Lexington Purse; purse $1,000. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Fraternity II.	118	M. Fator	4-1	1h
Swingalong	117	Thomas	7-5	2h
Upsal	117	Coltiletti	12-5	3¼
Crack o' Dawn	116	Bonelli	8-1	4

Place and show: Fraternity II., even, out; Swingalong, 2-5, out; Upsal, 7-10, out.

Time—1:43 3-5.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Fraternity II., br. g., 4, by Cannobie—Francisca; owned by J. F. Richardson and trained by owner.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the New Haven Handicap; $1,500 added. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Feysun	115	Thurber	4-1	1½
Nose Dive	128	Callahan	7-5	2nk
Long Point	118	Robinson	4-1	3½
Lucsales	107	Burns	10-1	4¼
Frederiktown	111	Burns	4-1	5

Place and show: Feysun, 7-5, 3-5; Nose Dive, 2-5, 1-5; Long Point, 4-5, 2-5.

Time—1:44.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Feysun, b. c., 3, by Sun Briar—St. Fey, owned by J. C. Claire and trained by C. Louis.

U. S. Rifle Team to Compete In Pan-American Matches

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The United States will participate in the first Pan-American rifle match since the war, to be held at Lima, Peru, Nov. 14 to 29. The National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and the National Rifle Association of America have been assigned the task of organizing, equipping and providing for the expenses of the United States team, which is now at Quantico, and will sail from New York Oct. 30.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; claiming; the Russet Purse; purse $1,000. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
King O'Neill II.	107	Hooper	9-2	1
High Prince	121	Harvey	8-5	2
Kellerman	116	Coltiletti	9-2	3h
Park Hill	108	Thurber	20-1	4½
Redskin	100	Callahan	20-1	5
Levoy	110	Burke	15-1	6¼
Pat Casey	106½	Beach	8-1	7
Valor	105	Wakoff	60-1	8
Sword	103	Walker	20-1	9½
Bowman	105	Carroll	50-1	10
Prima Donna	108	Allen	60-1	11

Place and show: King O'Neill II., 2-5, 7-10; High Prince, 8-5, 1-5; Kellerman, 8-5, 4-5.

Time—1:44 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place ridden out. King O'Neill II., ch. c., 3, by Huon—Duchess of Savoy; owned by James Sands and trained by owner.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; allowances; purse $1,000. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Noah	115	McAtee	10-1	1¼
Goldpiece	115	C. Kummer	9-10	2¼
Sweet Ann	112	Burke	9-5	3d
Night March	115	Callahan	8-1	4d
Pot Shot	112	Ponce	30-1	5d
Millwick	115	Robbins	100-1	6

Place and show: Noah, 2-1, 4-5; Goldpiece, 1-4, out; Sweet Ann, 1-2, out.

Time—1:08 4-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Noah, b. c., 2, by Peter Pan—First Flight; owned by H. P. Whitney and trained by F. Hopkins.

Weather clear; track fast.

ENERGY TAKES HANDICAP.

Leads Braedalbane Home by Six Lengths at Louisville.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 24.—Carrying top weight of 114 pounds, J. B. Respess's four-year-old colt Energy this afternoon led a field of six of three years and upward all the way over the course of six furlongs to win the Seelbach Hotel Handicap. McDermott was up on the bay colt, which ran the distance in the very fast time of 1:11 3-5, only three-fifths of a second slower than the track record for the distance.

Energy held on gamely under the drive and won easily by six lengths from Mose Goldblatt's Braedalbane. The latter just had

The season's Tuxedo feature—a feature in quality—a feature in value. Made expressly for Brill Brothers. Selected unfinished fabrics and herringbones; richly silk lined, and faced with lustrous satin; exquisitely finished. All sizes for men and young men.

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Ankle-Length With Long Sleeves
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Three-Quarter-Length With Short Sleeves
Knee-Length Sleeveless Athletic

These Comfortable-Fitting, Soft-Feeling, Long-Wearing Lisle Union Suits At $2.50 And Those Of Highly Mercerized Lisle At $4 Are Values Far Above The Low Price. *Compare!*

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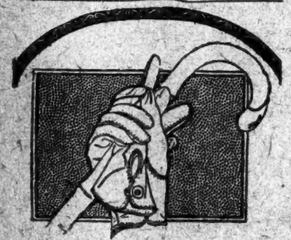
EXCHANGE PLACE AT NEW STREET
62 BROADWAY, Below WALL STREET
COURT ST., At Montague, BROOKLYN
717



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$7,500 Yorktown Handicap

THE HASTINGS HANDICAP

Magnolia Purse—The Tamarack Evergreen Purse—The Cedar

FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.

SPECIAL RACE TRAINS today leave Harlem Division, Grand Central Terminal, at 1:08 and 1:25 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon on Sat. at short intervals from 11:58 A. M. to 3:28 P. M. All trains stop at 125th St. Also via Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway or 8th and 9th Ave. "D" to Jerome Ave. Subway, thence by trolley from WOODLAWN STATION. GRAND STAND, $3.85, including Tax.

STIRRING BATTLES ON GRIDIRON TODAY

Many of the Great Elevens of the Country Will Face Powerful Opposition.

7 UNBEATEN TEAMS TO PLAY

All Those in East That Have Won Every Game Will Meet Strong Rivals—West to Be Active.

There is little rest for the weary in the football campaign as it has been mapped out for this year, and many teams which had to face formidable foes last week find themselves with the task of meeting just as strong opponents today. Dartmouth, after a gruelling struggle with Yale last Saturday, travels on to Cambridge to meet the Harvard eleven, which safely weathered the storm of Holy Cross a week ago. Yale goes right on where it left off by meeting another strong opponent in Brown. Princeton, having come through its battle with the Navy, finds no let-up for the present with Notre Dame as an opponent. Syracuse, fresh from the Boston College game, must meet Penn State, and so it goes.

Only seven teams in this section of the country have come through the season thus far without a defeat or, at least, a tie to mar their records, and all seven of these will be tested today. Lafayette and W. and J., two of the teams with only victories behind them, clash at the Yankee Stadium. Williams, which includes Cornell among its row of victims, faces the task of overcoming Columbia. Rutgers, another conqueror of Cornell and still unconquered itself, must overcome the Lehigh defense that held Princeton to a 0-0 score two weeks ago. Harvard finds Dartmouth threatening its reign of supremacy. Syracuse, another of those teams that still have a claim to the Eastern title, will find no easy foe in the Nittany Lions, and Pennsylvania, the seventh of the teams without a tie or a defeat to mar its record, meets Virginia.

Besides these games there are several others that promise great battles. In this vicinity alone there are six contests scheduled. Besides the Columbia-Williams game at Baker Field and the Lafayette-W. and J., contest at the Yankee Stadium, the Praying Colonels of Centre College, and the West Virginia Mountaineers promise to furnish plenty of action at the Polo Grounds, N. Y. U. meets Trinity at Ohio Field, C. C. N. Y. finds Rhode Island as an opponent at the Lewisohn Stadium and St. John's will play Villanova at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn.

True Test For Crimson.

The Harvard team, which at times has given indications of being the best in the Big Three this season, will find a true test in the Green eleven from the White Mountains of New Hampshire this afternoon. The breaks of the game, in the way of two fumbles and bad judgment on the goal line, gave Yale a tie with Dartmouth last week and these facts should be kept in mind by those who will judge the relative power of the Crimson and the Blue by their games with the Green.

There is no doubt that Harvard's backfield this year is a stronger set of runners than carried the ball last Fall—Gehrke, Miller, Hammond and Cheek form a powerful string—but the line is still in the process of formation and there is much speculation as to the ability of the forward wall. Today should tell a lot about this question, for if the Crimson can stop the charges of Swede Oberlander, the Dartmouth danger will be checked. Harvard should have an edge in the punting and the edge in condition, for the gruelling struggle against Yale a week ago will leave its mark on the Green, whereas Harvard kept several of its dependables on the sidelines in the game with Holy Cross. A victory for Harvard, while not to be unexpected, would put the team well among the leaders of the country.

Princeton has been keyed up to the spirit that carried the Tigers through the memorable Chicago game of 1922 in preparing for the battle with Notre Dame, but where the spirit is willing the flesh appears weak, and it will take far more than anything that the Tigers have shown thus far to stop the flying feet of Layden, Crowley, Stuhldreher and Miller, which trampled over the Army last week. There is little hope for a Princeton victory against the Westerners, but a low score would be satisfactory to most followers of the Tigers.

Whereas Yale will have plenty to keep it occupied in the Brown eleven, the followers of the Blue are not much worried over the possibility of a defeat and the team should swing through with a good margin to spare—two or three touchdowns. Brown has done nothing impressive so far this year and although there is strong material in Eckstein, the centre; Stifler, an end, and Keefer, a back, the combination as a whole appears little better than mediocre.

The Syracuse-Penn State game at State College, Pa., will be one of the most important, for the Orange eleven from up-State has given promise of carrying off the Eastern championship and the Nittany Lions always prove one of the greatest stumbling blocks in the way of any team with title aspirations. If Syracuse gets by Penn State, which seems probable, it still will have to pass Pittsburgh, West Virginia, Wesleyan, Niagara, Colgate and Columbia on its way to the Eastern throne, a none too easy road for any team to travel. Syracuse will be outweighed by more than ten pounds to the man this afternoon, but McBride, with his ability to kick, run and pass; Chet Bowman, the Orange flash; Simmons and Foley are capable of at least two touchdowns, while the Orange line has kept all opponents well in check.

Columbia Is Favorite.

The outstanding game for local fans, despite the fact that W. and J. and Lafayette, two unbeaten teams, are meeting on the field at the Yankee Stadium, is the Columbia-Williams clash. Columbia has yet to prove itself, although its feat in holding Penn to a 10-7 score last week went a long way toward bringing the Lions back into the jungle of big teams. Today Haughton will send his men against a team that not only has conquered the Cornell eleven, but has been neither defeated nor tied this year. Williams has a record to guard while Columbia has a name to make and there should be a great battle in prospect, with Columbia achieving its object in the end.

Rutgers also has a record to keep clear from defeat and the burden will rest on the powerful shoulders and capable toe of Homer Hazel when the team faces Lehigh at Bethlehem. Lehigh has shown a sturdy defense against all opposition, including Princeton, and Hazel must break through, or Benkert circle the opposition successfully, if Rutgers is to continue on its way to the Eastern title.

Neither the Army nor the Navy will face any serious danger, although both probably will have a busy afternoon. The Cadets meet Boston University, beaten by both Brown and Holy Cross, while Navy encounters West Virginia Wesleyan, defeated by West Virginia. Pennsylvania promises to continue its run of success against Virginia, while Lafayette should eliminate W. and J. from the list of unconquered teams.

Three games in the West will have a bearing on the Big Ten Championship, with Wisconsin playing Michigan, Minnesota meeting Iowa and Chicago facing Ohio State. Illinois and the great Red Grange will have DePauw to contend with, while Northwestern plays the Michigan Aggies. Indiana and Purdue will remain idle.

Alabama, unbeaten, untied and unscored on this year, has a formidable foe in Georgia Tech, which sent Penn State home with a defeat last week, and this contest should furnish the most action in the South, with the Golden Tornado expected to repeat its victory of last Saturday. Georgia, which held Yale to a two-0 score, meets Vanderbilt in another interesting game in the South, and Georgia is favored.

Most Important Contests On Football Fields Today

East.

	1923 score.
Columbia vs. Williams (at Baker Field, 2:00 P. M.)	0-10
Lafayette vs. W. & J. (at Yankee Stadium, 2:00 P. M.)	6-6
West Virginia vs. Centre (at Polo Grounds, 2:00 P. M.)	No game
N. Y. U. vs. Trinity (at Ohio Field, 2:30 P. M.)	No game
C. C. N. Y. vs. Rhode Island State (at Lewisohn Stadium, 2:30 P. M.)	No game
St. Johns vs Villanova (at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, 2:30 P. M.)	No game
Fordham at Holy Cross	7-23
Stevens at Swarthmore	0-21
Dartmouth at Harvard	16-0
Notre Dame at Princeton	23-2
Brown at Yale	0-21
Syracuse at Penn State	10-0
Rutgers at Lehigh	10-0
Virginia at Pennsylvania	No game
Carnegie Tech at Pittsburgh	7-2
Boston University at Army	No game
W. Va. Wesleyan at Navy	7-27
Hobart at Colgate	No game
Bucknell at Georgetown	14-7
Vermont at Middlebury	13-0
Allegheny at Boston College	No game
Wesleyan at Mass. Aggies	0-13
Hamilton at Amherst	No game
Tufts at New Hampshire U.	No game
Muhlenberg at Franklin-Marshall	No game
Colby at Maine	7-0
Bowdoin at Bates	7-12
George Washington at Johns Hopkins	6-62
Norwich at Conn. Aggies	13-0
Union at R. P. I.	——

West.

Wisconsin at Michigan	2-6
Minnesota at Iowa	20-7
Chicago at Ohio State	17-3
DePauw at Illinois	No game
Mich. Aggies at Northwestern	No game
Washington State at California	0-9
Wabash at Butler	——
Stanford at Idaho	17-7
Nebraska at Kansas	0-0
Kansas Aggies at Missouri	——
Nevada at So. California	0-33
Oregon Aggies at Washington U.	0-14

South.

Alabama at Georgia Tech	0-0
Maryland at North Carolina U.	14-0
Washington-Lee at Va. P. I.	12-0
North Carolina State at V. M. I.	7-22
Sewanee at Kentucky	No game
Transylvania at Louisville	——
Miss. Aggies at Tennessee	2-6
Florida at Texas	No game
Louisiana State at Alabama Poly	No game
Georgia at Vanderbilt	7-35
William and Mary at Trinity	21-0

BIG TEN ELEVENS FACE HARD TESTS

Chicago and Ohio State Will Meet at Columbus—Wisconsin Invades Michigan.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Hopes and fears of their supporters followed three Western Conference teams today as they migrated into enemy territory to stake their future as leading title contenders.

Chicago went to Columbus as the guest of Ohio State, determined to add to its prestige as the leading disputant of Illinois's title claims. Ohio State was equally as anxious to preserve its record of not having been scored on this season. Both squads were in excellent condition.

Minnesota, en route to Iowa City to engage Iowa, halted at Cedar Rapids for a final workout. The squad was gloomy after only slight improvement during the week's training and because of injuries to the regulars. Iowa's bag of tricks was swelled with new aerial plays at its penultimate practice session and the Hawkeyes hoped to advance their standing, so far marked on the debit side with a tie.

At Jackson, Mich., the Ann Arbor-bound Wisconsin Badgers paused for practice today to complete preparations for Michigan tomorrow. The Badger squad was virtually the same which played Minnesota to a tie. Coach Yost's reorganized Michigan eleven, with Captain Steger at quarterback, presented a fighting front, but doubt was expressed whether new plays would work well in view of the changes.

Northwestern ended its arrangements for the Michigan Aggies, who arrived in Evanston in time for a workout today. While the game has no bearing on the Big Ten standing of the purple, it is expected to indicate whether improvement has been made since Purdue's victory last week.

At Illinois, invaded by Depauw, interest centres on performances of other Conference teams yet to engage the Illini. Iowa, the next opponent of Illinois, will be given particular attention. Purdue and Indiana, not scheduled this week, plan practice games with teams of reserves and freshmen tomorrow.

BEZDEK MAY SHIFT LINE-UP.

Penn State Likely to Face Syracuse Today With Six New Players.

Special to The New York Times.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Oct. 24.—The Penn State and Syracuse football teams are tense tonight, awaiting the whistle that will send them into action on Beaver Field tomorrow afternoon in the alumni home-day game, the biggest of the season. Both elevens were sent through a final workout late in the day and the Nittany Lions were given a rousing pep session in the auditorium tonight.

Coach Meehan of Syracuse expects to start the same combination that has played every game to date, but Coach Bezdek of Penn State may start six new players in tomorrow's struggle.

The Penn State line-up probably will be: Left end, Hays; left tackle, Fllack or McCann; right tackle, Prevost; right end, Artelt; quarterback, Lafferty or Baker; left half, Bergman; right half, Gier or Helbig; fullback, Buckley or Light.

Syracuse will use: Left end, Noble; left tackle, Waldorf; left guard, Bailey; centre, Fivaz; right guard, Levy; right tackle, Starobin; right end, Hanson; quarterback, Simmons; left halfback, Foley; right half, Bowman; fullback, McBride.

LIGHT WORK FOR C. C. N. Y.

Lavender Meets Rhode Island State Today at Lewisohn Stadium.

The City College varsity football team went through a light workout yesterday as a wind-up to its week of preparation for today's game with Rhode Island State in the Lewisohn Stadium.

The New England eleven does not bring a very impressive record with it. It has come out second best in all three of its starts and has scored but one touchdown all season. This must be qualified, however, by stating that Rhode Island has met particularly strong teams to date. C. C. N. Y., with two victories in three games, is far from over-confident. The Lavender hospital list is a long one. Plaut, Meisel, Cohen, Raskin and Seidler, all varsity regulars, have indulged in only light workouts all this week because of injuries sustained in last week's game. While it is probable that these men will start today, Coach Parker is greatly concerned about their ability to last the game.

The probable line-up:

C. C. N. Y.		R. I. STATE.
Tubridy	L.E.	Ward
Naiman	L.T.	Barber
Seidler	L.G.	Northus
Dreiband	C.	Mead
Packer	R.G.	Smith
Washor	R.T.	Gifford
Raskin	R.E.	Dechanz
Plaut	Q.B.	Bosworth
Meisel	L.H.B.	Makin
Cohen	R.H.B.	Cranton
Coitin	F.B.	Mackey

PRINCETON EXPECTS TO HOLD HOOSIERS

Tigers Confident on Eve of Game With Notre Dame Eleven Today.

BARTELL TO PLAY CENTRE

Speed and Alertness Gain Place Over McMillan—40,000 Expected to See the Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 24.—Princeton is ready for one of the hardest mid-season battles in the football annals of Nassau tomorrow when the Tigers meet Notre Dame in one of the most important intersectional games of the year. Roper has his men in top-notch shape, physically and mentally, and they are confident of surprising the huge crowd which will see the game by upsetting the dope and carrying the battle to the Hoosiers all the way.

In spite of the lateness of the opening of practice here, it is felt that the Tiger squad has developed with surprising speed and is as strong now as last year's outfit was at the time of the Big Three series. While the attack does not have the finish which two weeks more of intensive work would give it, and the coaches would prefer more time to build up their special defenses against Rockne's formations, on the whole, coaches, players and followers of the eleven feel that it is in shape to play high-class football and that it will do so tomorrow. They realize the calibre of their foes and are making no rash predictions of victory, but it is generally felt here that the Orange and Black outfit will put up a much more strenuous battle than it did a year ago.

Ernie Bartell's speed and alertness have won him the nomination to start at centre over Ed McMillan. Although he is one of the lightest men who ever stood in the middle of a Tiger line, his ability as a diagnostician and his sharp tackling have satisfied the coaches that he is the best man for the position. If more power is needed McMillan will undoubtedly go in, as he is the heaviest lineman on the Princeton squad. His presence brings up the average weight of the Princeton forwards seven pounds per man, as he scales 210 to Bartell's 165.

Dress rehearsal for the game was held in Palmer Stadium, where the team ran through its plays and the kickers tested the air currents which eddy through the horseshoe. Slagle was getting off low twisting punts of close to fifty yards and was placing them well toward the sidelines, frequently getting the ball outside just as it hit. The remarkable improvement of the Tigers' kicking game in the last ten days has greatly encouraged the coaches, and it is felt that redoubtable Layden will be held on even terms if the game become a punting duel.

The Tiger replacements are of excellent quality, with Tillson the first-string sub end, Rosengarten having the call at Tackle, Davis the leading sub guard, McMillan centre and Prendergast, Hull, Gilligan and Weekes the second-string backfield. The Princeton line averages 185 and the team as a whole 177 pounds per man.

Although the crowd is almost sure to break the record for a mid-season game at Palmer Stadium, there are still almost 20,000 seats on sale, the Athletic Association announces. There will be places for 57,000 available, and the crowd expected is estimated at 40,000.

The line-up, with numbers of the players, follows:

PRINCETON.		NOTRE DAME.
Drews (29)	L.E.	Collins (37)
Beattie (15)	L.T.	Bach (17)
Hillis (37)	L.G.	Weibel (2)
Bartell (24)	C.	Harmon (20)
Howard (22)	R.G.	Kizer (11)
Gates (30)	R.T.	R. Miller (14)
Stout (33)	R.E.	Huntzinger (12)
Dinsmore (42)	Q.B.	Stuhldreher (22)
Gibson (8)	L.H.B.	Crowley (19)
Slagle (7)	R.H.B.	D. Miller (16)
Caldwell (14)	F.B.	Layden (5)

Officials—Schwartz, referee; Nelly, umpire; Muma, linesman; Gillender, field judge.

LEHIGH OUTLOOK DARK.

Two Regular Linemen to Be Out of Rutgers Game Today.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Oct. 24.—Gloom was cast over the Lehigh camp today when, after a long signal drill, it became apparent that Yeager, 237-pound tackle, and Dietrich, regular varsity centre, would be unable to play against Rutgers.

Yeager and Dietrich were out of scrimmage all week, and while it was known they were injured, no serious results were anticipated. Both players were out on the field today, but when Coach Baldwin ran the varsity through signals, Cheek was at centre and Littel, a big rangy tackle, in Yeager's position.

Coach Baldwin also intimated that he has not definitely decided on Lewis, a varsity guard who was injured in the Monday scrimmage. With Lewis, Yeager and Dietrich out, Lehigh will face Rutgers with a weakened line.

These injuries resulted in a drastic shifting. Levitz, a fullback whose work has been brilliant in that department, was brought to the line.

At the close of the practice Coach Baldwin announced his probable team as Burke and Cannon, ends; Littel and Merrill, tackles; Levitz or Lewis and Hoffman, guards; Cheek, centre; Charlie Prior will start at quarterback with Hayes and Mellinger halfbacks and Captain Greer fullback.

ARMY TO USE SCRUBS.

Second Team Will Start Game Against Boston University Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Army will start several substitutes at the kick-off tomorrow when the Cadets line up against Boston University. The varsity men, however, will be ready to go into the game at any stage. The squad was late in reporting today, due to military drills, and nothing but light work was on the program.

Boston University was expected to reach here today in time for a practice on Army's gridiron, but had not arrived as darkness set in, closing the Army's practice session. Several Army coaches, among them Head Coach McEwan, will watch the Yale-Brown game at New Haven tomorrow. Army tackles Blue on Nov. 1.

The West Pointers will line up against Boston University tomorrow with Davidson and Born, ends; Westphalinger and Schmidt, tackles; Seeman and Walker, guards; Daly, centre; Harding, quarterback; Cleland and Schiefler, halfbacks, and Trapnell at fullback.

NAVY ELEVEN IS SHIFTED.

Banks, Back, and R. Caldwell, End, to Face W. Va. Wesleyan Today.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 24.—Though beaten in the last two games by Marquette and Princeton, the Navy football team retains the confidence of its friends that it will yet exhibit real strength and the local contingent expects a marked improvement in variety and speed of attack and in defense against passing and end running in tomorrow's game against West Virginia Wesleyan, which arrived this morning and practiced on the Academy grounds early this afternoon. The visitors say frankly that they expect to win.

With the exception of Lents, Folwell will be able to use his full strength tomorrow. Eddy, a crew man, will take his place. Banks has been chosen for the back field rather than H. H. Caldwell or Hamilton, and Rex Caldwell will go to right end in place of Bernet.

Burke Outpoints Romero.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 24. — Martin Burke, New Orleans heavyweight, won a newspaper decision over Quintin Romero of Chile in a ten-round bout here tonight.

DARTMOUTH READY TO FACE HARVARD

Both Elevens Complete Preparations for Big Game at Cambridge Today.

GREEN TEAM IS FAVORED

10 to 9 Against Harvard Rules in Betting—Crowd of 51,000 Expected to Witness Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 24.—Harvard put on the finishing touches for the coming of Dartmouth today. The afternoon was warm and after the hard drilling of the first four days of the week the workout was simply on plays and formations. Harvard already has worked to the limit on defenses against Dartmouth's running and passing game, and the coaches are strong in the belief that their eleven will make a much better showing than it did against the Green last year. In 1923 Dartmouth beat Harvard, 16 to 0, outrushing and outpassing the Crimson three yards to one. This season Hanover showed ability to cover ground in its game at New Haven, while Harvard, in three early matches, has been showing signs of steady improvement. The game tomorrow will draw a capacity of 51,000.

Where Harvard is figuring it is strong is in having one of the most aggressive rush lines in recent seasons and in possessing a really remarkable wealth of backfield carriers.

Tomorrow Coach Fisher will have a set of runners averaging more than 190 pounds in Hammond, Gehrke and Miller, and all three of these players are good kickers also. The Crimson lined up today slightly differently than in any of the earlier drills of the week. Leo Daley was at right guard, Cheek was at quarterback and Eddie Bradford was put in at left end. This made Harvard's line-up as it probably will start tomorrow as follows: E. Bradford, left end; Greenough, left tackle; Kilgour, left guard; Adie, centre; Daley, right guard; Cosdy, right tackle; Chase, right end; Cheek, quarterback; Gehrke, left halfback; Miller right halfback; Hammond, fullback.

The rush lines tomorrow will be about even in weight, but Harvard will considerably outweigh the Green back of the line, notwithstanding that Oberlander of Dartmouth weighs more than 195 pounds. In kicking Harvard expects to have a distinct advantage over its opponent in Hammond and Gehrke against Dooley or Eaton.

At last reports Dooley was expected to start at quarter for Dartmouth. The Hanover players worked in the stadium today and Coach Hawley's line-up for the game will be: Tully, left end; Farrer, left tackle; Smith, left guard; Whittaker, centre; Delhi, right guard; Goldstein or Holoran, right tackle; Bjorkman, right end; Dooley, quarterback; Hall, left halfback; Oberlander, right halfback; Leavitt, fullback.

Spalding is very sure to handle the team for a period or two, and Halfbacks Howe, Zarakov, Puffer and Mayer all will be used during the battle.

Last week Harvard's ends were very poor. They will have to improve many per cent. tomorrow to prevent the Hanover team from making a lot of ground.

The betting continues in Dartmouth's favor, although it is down to 10 to 9.

SERVICE GAME TOPS EVENTS OF NAVY DAY

High Officials Reserve Boxes for Marine-Scouting Fleet Contest Here on Monday.

The big event of Navy Day, Oct. 27, in the Eastern district will be the Quantico Marine-U. S. Scouting Fleet football game at the Yankee Stadium. While this is a charity event, the proceeds to go to the Belleau Wood Memorial Association and the Navy Relief, it promises to be an athletic event of no mean proportions. The powerful Marine eleven will, of course, rule favorite, as it has numbered Georgetown and Catholic University among its victims this year, but the Scouting Fleet also boasts a team that should be able to take care of itself in fast company.

Every available ship will be sent into port during the day and will be thrown open to the public. The Richmond and Wyoming will tie up in the Brooklyn Navy Yard for this purpose and should attract much attention. The former is a light cruiser which only recently returned from a cruise of forty-two months, in the course of which she visited Iceland, Greenland and Labrador, and no ship of her size had ever been seen in many of her ports of call.

The Wyoming is the flagship of Vice Admiral McCully, commander-in-chief of the Scouting Fleet and the man who adopted seven Russian orphans from Crimea. At the foot of Forty-second Street and the North River will be the U. S. S. Texas, on which most of the Scouting Fleet team will be quartered.

Among those who have reserved boxes for the event are:

Major Gen. J. G. Harbord, Secretary of War Weeks, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur, Admiral E. W. Eberle, Major Gen. John A. Lejeune, Vice Admiral N. A. McCully, Rodman Wanamaker, Mrs. James Carroll Fraser, Mrs. Frances Rogers, Mrs. Charles A. Childs, W. H. Vanderbilt, Vincent Astor, Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn, the Rt. Rev. William T. Manning, Mrs. Julia W. Robbins, Major Gen. R. L. Bullard, Mayor John F. Hylan, Cardinal Patrick Hayes, Major Gen. Fred W. Slayden, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, Police Commissioner Richard Enright, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, Brig. Gen. S. D. Butler and others.

One of the features of the game will be the presence of 5,000 school children who have been invited to see the game as the guests of the navy. It should also be a big day for the football fans, particularly those who are ex-service men, for they will want to see if the Marine line can hold as it did at Belleau Wood, or whether the men "who took them over and brought them back" can take them again.

HARD GAME FOR FORDHAM.

Maroon Eleven to Play Holy Cross at Worcester This Afternoon.

Fordham will meet one of its most severe tests of the season today when it meets the strong Holy Cross team at Worcester. The Purple was nosed out by Harvard last Saturday and the Maroon will have to show a high grand of football to beat them. Several of the Fordham regulars will be missing from the line-up. Brennen will be on the sidelines as a result of injuries, while Manning may not play for the same reason. Stevenson will be at centre in place of Brennen and Woerner will be in a well-earned backfield post instead of Manning.

Leary will play his first game for the Maroon as an end. Zakszewski will again be at fullback and Graham at quarter.

The Maroon freshman eleven will play if it meets the Lafayette yearlings at they meet the Lafayette yearlings at Easton, Pa. Last week the freshmen defeated the Mount Vernon High School eleven and are hopeful of repeating the victory against the Pennsylvanians today.

The probable line-up for the varsity contest:

FORDHAM.		HOLY CROSS.
Stanford	L.E.	Butler
Bissell	L.T.	Carlson
Smead	L.G.	Wallis
Stevenson	C.	Smith
Bruce	R.G.	Ray
Pilli	R.T.	O'Connor
Leary	R.E.	Mahaney
Graham	Q.B.	Comeowich
Woerner	L.H.B.	Glennon
Buckley	R.H.B.	McMahon
Zakszewski	F.B.	Crowley

Radio Stations to Broadcast Six Football Games Today

Six football games will be broadcast this afternoon. The microphones of WEAF and WJZ, New York, and WGY, Schenectady, will be on duty in Palmer Stadium, Princeton, N. J., to pick up the Princeton-Notre Dame game. Broadcasting will start at 1:45 o'clock. A play-by-play description of the Harvard-Dartmouth game will be radiated by WNAC, Boston, and WBZ, Springfield, direct from Cambridge, beginning at 2 P. M. WIP, Philadelphia, will send out the University of Pennsylvania contest. KDKA, Pittsburgh, will go on the air at 3 P. M. with a description of the Pitt-Carnegie Tech game. The Wisconsin-Michigan game will be broadcast by WGN, Chicago, and WWJ, Detroit, at 2:30 P. M. WEAO, the new 500-watt station at Ohio State University, will broadcast the Ohio State-Chicago game to be played at Columbus, Ohio.

ALL PENN REGULARS FIT FOR HARD GAME

Capt. McGraw Will Lead Eleven Against Virginia on Franklin Field Today.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24.—After a lapse of twenty years, the University of Virginia will play the University of Pennsylvania on Franklin Field tomorrow afternoon. Back in 1904 Pennsylvania administered a 24 to 0 defeat to the Virginians and since that time the two teams have not met on the gridiron. From 1890 until 1904 ten games were played between the two institutions, with Pennsylvania winning every one. Virginia's chances to break the winning streak this afternoon are considered good.

"Greasy" Neale's team, since its 14 to 0 defeat by Harvard, has shown steady improvement that culminated in a 13 to 0 defeat of V. M. I., the team that held Georgia Tech to a 3 to 0 score. Thus far Pennsylvania has kept its escutcheon unsmirched, with victories over Ursinus, Drexel, Franklin and Marshall, Swarthmore and Columbia. The return to the line-up of Captain Rea McGraw, who was injured in the Columbia contest, makes Lou Young's chances for victory better than they appeared to be early in the week.

The loss of Walp, a hard running back, who was injured last week, will somewhat weaken the attack of the Virginia eleven, although Neale is said to have a fine array of good substitute material.

Pennsylvania will line up the same as it did against Columbia, with Enid (Slippery) Thomas again calling the signals.

The line-up:

PENNSYLVANIA.		VIRGINIA.
Craig	L.E.	Abner
McGinley	L.T.	Holland
Coleman	L.G.	Cockrill
Robinson	C.	Reynolds
Papworth	R.G.	Mackall
Willson	R.T.	Hayman
Fairchild	R.E.	Darby
Thomas	Q.B.	Diffey
Fields	L.H.B.	Maphis
McGray	R.H.B.	Cuddy
Kruer	F.B.	Frost

Referee—Frank Bergen, Princeton. Umpire—J. J. Cosgrove, Cornell. Linesman—D. W. Merriman, Geneva. Field judge—Charles Eckles, W. and J. Time of periods—15 minutes.

N. Y. U. TO MEET TRINITY.

Violet Team Crippled for Today's Gridiron Clash at Ohio Field.

New York University will meet the fast Trinity eleven this afternoon at Ohio Field at 2:30 o'clock. This will be the twenty-second meeting of the two institutions on the gridiron of which the visitors have won twelve contests and tied three. In the last game played, in 1922, the Violet completely outplayed Trinity and won by a 13-to-0 score.

Although the Hall of Fame team will take the field a crippled aggregation, they feel confident of a victory. Coach Tom Thorp has guarded against overconfidence and the squad has had one of the hardest weeks of practice so far this season. Only a few new plays have been aded to the team's list and those confined to straight football. Captain Treacey will be on the side lines with a wrenched back and Hawes will not start because of an infected toe, which leaves Sehres to direct the destinies of the team. In all probability the New York University line-up will be as follows: Howley and Hannigan, ends; Milan and Falk, tackles; Skudin and Braunlik, guards; Kearney, centre; Sehres, quarterback; Holden and Bolden, halfbacks, and O'Neill, fullback.

ST. JOHN'S PLAYS TODAY.

Will Face Villanova Eleven in Game at Ebbets Field.

St. John's College plays its second home game of the season this afternoon at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, with the scrappy eleven from Villanova College. St. John's and Villanova were scheduled to play last season, but the game was called off at the request of the Pennsylvanians. The outstanding performances of the visiting team this season were its holding of Rutgers to a 14-0 score and its defeat last Saturday of the University of Delaware eleven.

The probable line-up:

ST. JOHN'S.		VILLANOVA.
MacAllister	L.E.	Francello
Plumridge	L.T.	Sayers
Mottey	L.G.	Halphin
Gallagher	C.	Youngfleisch
McKelvey	R.G.	Thornton
Cobb	R.T.	Jacobs
McCrady	R.E.	Mulloy
Thomas	Q.B.	Kunko
Morris	L.H.B.	Dora
Caywood	R.H.B.	Callahan
Wels	F.B.	Slatnieke

Referee—C. W. Mann Jr., Harvard. Umpire—J. Hall, Seton Hall. Head linesman—W. F. Boyson, Brown.

YALE TEAM READY FOR BROWN ELEVEN

Both Will Use Lightest Line-Ups Since War in Contest in Bowl Today.

SHELDON OUT OF THE GAME

Captain of Providence Squad Not to Start—Jones Plans Using Blue Second-String Men.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 24.—Yale and Brown will tomorrow present their lightest line-ups since the World War when they meet in the Bowl for their thirtieth gridiron engagement. Yale's backs average 168 pounds in weight, while two of the Brown quartet, Myers and Keefer, tip the scales at only 145 pounds.

Today Yale took its final practice in the Bowl alone, as Brown decided not to come until tomorrow, when practically the entire Brown undergraduate body will accompany them. Captain Sheldon will be unable to start the play at left end and it has been decided to use Keefer and Pohlman, substitute halfbacks.

Head Coach Tad Jones stated tonight that he plans to send two full elevens into the Bowl. Yale's second-string backfield, with Bunnell at quarterback, Kline and Scott at halfback and Lindley at fullback, is regarded by many as superior in many points to the combination with which Jones has started all the games this Fall. In addition to this second-string combination, Wadsworth, Weinecke and Barclay may get a try-out at halfback. All have hitherto been used at quarterback. Failing, who was crowding Cottle for the left halfback role, has developed bronchitis and will be unable to play until next week. In the Yale back field Pond and Allen have exchanged places.

Of the twenty-nine Yale-Brown games Yale has won twenty-four, Brown three and two were ties.

The line-up:

YALE.		BROWN.
Bingham	L.E.	Broda
Joss	L.T.	Roman
Sturham	L.G.	McDermott
Lovejoy	C.	Eckstein
Eckart	R.G.	H. Metzger
Root	R.T.	Sayward
Luman	R.E.	Stifler
Bench	Q.B.	Myers
Cottle	L.H.B.	Keefer
Allen	R.H.B.	Payor
Pond	F.B.	Pohlman

Referee—W. R. Crowley, Bowdoin. Umpire—W. H. Hollenbeck, Penn. Linesman—M. D. Williams, Wesleyan. Field judge—Fred. W. Burleigh, Exeter.

Wonder What a Man With Last Year's Hat Thinks About

By BRIGGS

See Yourself as Briggs Sees You

A man with nothing on his mind but last year's hat, won't make much headway this year.

All Styles All Colors All One Price

ALL ONE PRICE $2.95

Truly Warner

Headquarters for Hats

See Phone Book for Addresses

HEADEASE STETSONS

There's real style in the Gotham

It's really wonderful what a smart hat can do; it tones you up—gives you a new lease on life. Gotham is that kind of a Stetson; mighty good looking—and Headease, of course.

A NEW GRAY—A NEW TAN

$7

Silk lined $8 Stetsonian $10

Wallach Brothers

Broadway below Chambers
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246-248 West 125th
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Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes set the style pace

BERG Sta-Shape Hats

The Bergster $7

Others $5 to $15

Newest style, newest colors and the exclusive Sta-Shape process makes this fall's Bergster an outstanding hat.

English Topcoats and Overcoats from $45 to $90

MILLARD

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"Fit the Face

The best place from which to watch football is inside a Scotch Mist* showerproof overcoat!

Dandy in clear weather—handy if it rains—warm all the time. Fall and Winter weights in mixtures, checks and herringbones.

Sack suits for business, formal attire for evenings, sport clothes for in-between—all here, and we're open all afternoon to-day.

Everything else men and boys wear from head to foot.

Scotch Mists/ an' ither bits o' Scotland in our Herald Square shop windows the noo.*

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ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at Liberty | Broadway at Warren "Five Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 13th St. Fifth Ave. at 41st St. | Herald Sq. at 35th St.

Why not Smoke the Finest?

A Quarter for Twenty

FOOTBALL
Polo Grounds
Centre-West Virginia
Prices $1.00, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. $1.00 & $2.00 tickets sold at lower 8th Ave. (Streets) entrances only. Reserved and Box seats sold till noon at New York Baseball Club, 16 E. 45th St.; Spalding & Bros., Winchester Store and at Polo Grounds when gates open.
Today, 2 P. M.

FOOTBALL
COLUMBIA vs. WILLIAMS
SATURDAY, 2:00 P. M.
BAKER FIELD (Van Cortlandt Park Exp. to 215 St.)
TICKETS: A. G. Spalding (Both Stores) Columbia Univ. Club, 4 W. 49 St.; Columbia Ath. Assoc.; Alex Taylor, 32 E. 42 St.

FOOTBALL YANKEE STADIUM
WASHINGTON-JEFFERSON vs. LAFAYETTE
Saturday, Oct. 25
Game Starts at 2 P. M.

TOMORROW

An article on the $20,000,000 Widener art collection, which will one day go to the public.

How Canada is groping for destiny as a nation told by Dr. Frank Bohn, who describes the Dominion's great resources.

The story of Gibbs, New York's most accomplished pirate, who was hanged in 1831.

How $500,000,000 in gold is guarded in rock-hewn vaults in the new Federal Reserve Bank.

War for control of the Senate and how the fight is being conducted.

Four pages of radio news—programs for the forthcoming week; plans for broadcasting political talks and election returns; Questions and Answers and expert comment and information.

The New York Times

Reserve a copy at your newsstand today.

COLUMBIA TO PLAY WILLIAMS TODAY

Haughton's Eleven Will Face Test With Unbeaten Purple Team at Baker Field.

CROWD OF 18,000 EXPECTED

Visitors Crippled by Loss of Packard—Kirchmyer May Displace Empringham at Fullback.

Williams, conqueror of Cornell and still one of the unbeaten teams in the East, will appear at Baker Field today at 2 o'clock and give Columbia's varsity machine the hardest test it will have this season on its home gridiron. In fact, the game will be the most important to be played at Baker Field this year, and it has aroused such an intense interest among New York's football followers that the Columbia management is preparing for a crowd of 18,000, by far the largest that ever saw a Baker Field game.

The game looms up as a contest between two evenly-matched teams, and the betting last night was at even money. If anything, Williams will have a slight edge at game time, because of the Purple's victory over Cornell and because of the fact that Columbia had a grueling game with Pennsylvania last Saturday, whereas Williams was allowed to let down.

In Columbia's favor, however, is the fact that Packard, right tackle of Williams, has been called away from school and that Page, left guard, was hurt this week and may not be in condition to start. Columbia will enter the game with all its strength, Pease, who was knocked around in the Penn game, has fully recovered and will be at quarterback.

Kirchmyer May Start.

Percy Haughton will probably start Ray Kirchmyer, regular fullback last year, in his old position today, displacing Cyril Empringham, last season's freshman captain, who took the veteran's job away from him. Another likely change is that of Smullen at tackle in place of Vandergrift.

For both colleges the game will be an all-important test. A victory for Williams would crown the Purple's successful campaign and put the team in the front rank of Eastern elevens. Columbia views the contest as one that will make or break the Haughton machine. A victory would make the Blue and White's chances very bright for a triumph over Cornell next Saturday, but a defeat might bring in its wake a series of setbacks at the hands of Cornell, Army and Syracuse. The Morningside coaches believe that a triumph over Williams is the tonic that Columbia needs.

The game is certain to be bitterly fought and it probably will be a close-score contest, with two excellent defensive teams clashing in a battle that may be decided by the breaks of the game. Percy Haughton, the master, will be pitted against Percy Wendell, the pupil, for the latter was one of Harvard's star linemen in the days of the Haughton regime.

The Williams squad arrived in New York yesterday and had a final workout on the field of the Riverdale School in Yonkers. The Purple spent the night at a hotel in the suburbs. Columbia went through a light drill at Baker Field. The varsity eleven engaged in a signal practice and then lined up against B team for a short dummy scrimmage.

Few Seats Remain Unsold.

Most of the reserved seats were disposed of in a brisk sale at Columbia yesterday, but, despite the great demand, there were still a few left for sale this morning. Before the game 1,800 unreserved seats in temporary stands newly erected will be put on sale. A thousand Williams rooters are expected in this section, and hundreds of other Purple graduates from this section will sit in the cheering section on the west side of the field.

The probable line-up:

COLUMBIA.		WILLIAMS.
Tilhonen	L.E.	Ide
Smullen	L.T.	Burnham
Raphael	L.G.	Page
Schimittzech	C.	Clark
Wilberg	R.G.	Haskett
Voss	R.T.	Mott
Wagner	R.E.	Fisher
Pease	Q.B.	Pogham
Koppisch	L.H.B.	Howe
Seidt	R.H.B.	Bourne
Kirchmyer	F.B.	Clement

Referee—F. J. Hoey, Boston. Umpire—H. E. Von Kersburg, Harvard. Linesman—J. J. Hallahan, Boston.

COLUMBIA FRESHMEN WIN.

Beat Rutgers Yearlings at Football, 14 to 13—Bradley Is Hurt.

Columbia's freshman football team had a hard time keeping its slate for the season clean yesterday when it defeated the Rutgers freshman eleven by a one point margin, 14 to 13, on South Field. The Blue and White yearlings did all of their scoring in the second quarter, while Rutgers waited until the final period was half over before it opened a forward pass attack that had the winners bewildered for a time. Horace Bradley, captain of the Columbia team, was injured in the second half and forced to leave the field.

Norris scored the first touchdown for the winners on a play through the line. Less than five minutes after that Bradley intercepted a forward pass in midfield and raced ten yards. A series of line plays took the ball to the 1-yard line and Bradley scored. Osnoto kicked both extra points.

In the last period Rutgers was on its 40-yard line when Hibbs hurled a 25-yard pass to Brundage, who raced the balance of the way for a touchdown. Zoller later took a 10-yard forward from Hibbs on Columbia's 18-yard line and scored.

The line-up:

COLUMBIA F. (14).		RUTGERS F. (13).
Ibottson	L.E.	Lorens
Alcoff	L.T.	Faluzi
Kerrigan	L.G.	Lord
Adler	C.	Johnson
Osnoto	R.G.	Schoonmaker
Reynolds	R.T.	Townsend
Brady	R.E.	Brundage
Kaplan	Q.B.	J. Malanga
Madden	L.H.B.	Zoller
Bradley	R.H.B.	Heitcamp
Norris	F.B.	Hibbs

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Columbia Freshmen	0	14	0	0	—14
Rutgers Freshmen	0	0	13	0	—13

Touchdowns—Norris, Bradley, Brundage. Zoller. Points after touchdowns—Osnoto 2 (kicks from placements), Lord (kick from placement).

Substitutions—Columbia: Smith for Kaplan, Kaplan for Smith, Smith for Kaplan, Greene for Madden, Wilson for Bradley. Rutgers Freshmen: Davis for Zoller, Kaiser for Lord, Morgan for Townsend, Young for Heitcamp, Zoller for Davis, Lord for Kaiser.

Referee—R. J. Shearer, Dickinson. Umpire—W. F. Tewhillo, Brown. Linesmen—James Olson, Colgate. Time of periods—15 minutes.

Burns Wesleyan Soccer Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Oct. 24.—Charles W. Burns of San Francisco was elected captain of the Wesleyan soccer team today. Burns has played two years on the informal soccer team at the college. It was not until this Fall that soccer was made a varsity sport.

Horace Mann Eleven Wins.

The Horace Mann football team scored its second victory of the season yesterday, defeating Trinity School, 25 to 0, on Horace Mann Field. Gitterman scored two touchdowns in the first period while Taylor and Captain Kertscher each crossed the goal line once before the end of the half.

Harvard Wins at Soccer.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 24.—The Harvard varsity soccer team defeated Dartmouth here today by a score of 3 to 0. The Harvard freshman team defeated Springfield College 2 to 1.

Workers' Olympics Scheduled For Germany Next Summer

FRANKFORT, Germany, Oct. 24.—The first Workers' Olympics will be held here next Summer, with clubs from every corner of Europe participating. An athletic park with a stadium capable of seating 40,000 is being built for the games on the former military drill grounds in the outskirts of the city. The park will cover 100 acres, and in addition to the stadium will have playgrounds, a football field, tennis courts and an open-air stage. The track will be 25 feet wide and 1,800 feet long. Workers' athletic clubs are gaining ground daily in Germany. Already 2,000,000 men and women are members of such organizations.

W. VA. IS FAVORITE TO DEFEAT CENTRE

Contest at Polo Grounds Today Will Mark Colonels' First Appearance Here.

Local football followers will have their first opportunity to witness the Centre eleven on a New York gridiron this afternoon when the Praying Colonels meet "Cutie" Spears's Mountaineers from West Virginia in a renewal of their struggle of 1916. The game will be played at the Polo Grounds and the kick-off is set for 2 P. M. Although the famous little school at Danville, Ky., has sent its teams East before, Centre has never played a game in this city, and the report of a good ticket sale from the Polo Grounds indicates that a goodly number of football lovers will witness the contest in spite of the fact that neither school has a very large alumni following in this city and despite the fact that there are so many counter attractions here today.

It was in 1919 that Coach Charley Moran's small band of warriors, led by "Bo" McMillan and Red Weaver, came into prominence by gaining a startling 13 to 6 victory over the unbeaten Mountaineers. It may be taken for granted that West Virginia is out to make amends for that defeat, as well as for the one in 1896, the only two games played between the institutions. On their records to date West Virginia goes into the game the favorite, with a total of 118 points scored against four opponents, whose total points have been 26. The Mountaineers lost to Pitt, 14 to 7, but Centre has not met an opponent to date of the calibre of the Panthers.

The Praying Colonels, under a new coach, Bob Myers, were disappointing in their first game, being held to a scoreless tie by Valparaiso. They defeated Transylvania, 30 to 0, in their last game. It is said that Centre, with Captain Herb Covington, Gordy and Thomasson in the backfield, and Davis, called by Yost one of the best tackles in the country, in the line, has not shown its hand and may uncover surprising strength against Spears's men. The Mountaineers have one of the lightest and speediest backfields in the country, who has shown great adeptness in the use of the forward pass.

The Centre squad of eighteen players, led by Coach Myers, arrived here yesterday morning and had a workout at the Polo Grounds. Covington and Lemon, the big placement kicker, spent a part of the afternoon in booting the ball over the crossbar. The team is stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria. The West Virginia squad is due to arrive early this morning and will put up at the Waldorf. Thirty players, a band of sixty-five pieces and a cheering section of 300 formed the party on a special train. Last night many other undergraduates arrived in old Fords after a three-day trip across the mountains. West Virginia alumni in this city will hold a reunion in the Waldorf, where a special sale of tickets for them was conducted. Tickets for the game are priced at $1, $2, $2.50 and $3. The $1 and $2 tickets will be sold at the lower Eighth Avenue street entrances only. The box and reserve seats will be on sale until noon at the New York Baseball Club and at Spalding's and Winchester's.

The line-up of the two teams and the numbers of the players follow:

WEST VIRGINIA.		CENTRE.
No.		No.
(19) Graham	L.E.	Lamon (2)
(16) Davis	L.T.	Skidmore (14)
(11) McHenry	L.G.	Ehrhardt (7)
(13) Hill	C.	Kubale (9)
(28) Mahan	R.G.	Bush (12)
(21) Dilcher	R.T.	Lynch (29)
(12) Oliver	R.E.	McClure (17)
(5) E.T. Morrison	Q.B.	Rabenstein
(4) Nardacci	L.H.B.	Thomasson (21)
(22) Bruder	R.H.B.	Covington (11)
(24) Ekberg	F.B.	Gordy (4)

Referee—C. H. Watkeys, Syracuse. Umpire—David L. Fultz, Brown. Linesman—A. W. Risley, Albany.

GREENLEAF CALLED HOME.

Pocket Billiard Champion's Father Is Critically Ill.

Shortly after finishing his three-cushion billiard match against Robert Cannefax at the Strand Academy yesterday afternoon, in which Cannefax won, 50 to 38, Ralph Greenleaf, the world's pocket billiard champion, was called to his home in Monmouth, Ill., on account of the critical illness of his father. Greenleaf engaged in a 300-point match, but was forced to cancel it after the third block. Cannefax won the three blocks by 150 to 112.

Greenleaf left last night for Monmouth, but before leaving he said that whether he took part in the opening game of the Pocket Billiard League season, scheduled for Monday in Philadelphia, would depend upon his father's condition.

14 TEAMS IN 6-DAY RACE.

Will Start in Long Grind in Chicago Tonight.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Fourteen teams will start in the six-day bicycle race at the Coliseum here tomorrow night, according to Manager Paddy Harmon. The usual custom of halting the race for two hours at 6 o'clock every morning will be followed, he said.

The riders who will compete are Bobby Walthour, Mickey Walsh, Harry Horan, Norman Hill, Alex McBeath, Victor Hopkins, Sammy Gaetman, Ernest Koehler, Carl Stockholm, Louis Benezatto, Daniel Pichione, Harry Stockelynch, Maurice De Wolfe, Maurits Declerk, Eddie Madden, Oscar Egg, Willie Keeler, Reggie Supple, Willie Coburn, Percy Lawrence, William Hanley, Lucien Bergamini, Ali NeFati, Franco Georgetti, Alphonse Goosens, Fred Taylor, Reggie McNamara and Alfred Grenda.

Goss to Lead Dartmouth Five.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 24.—Lewis Ott Goss, '25, of Schnylkill Haven, Pa., was elected captain of the Dartmouth varsity basketball team for the coming season at a meeting of the letter men this afternoon. Goss has been with the varsity squad two years, winning his letter last year.

Colen's Condition Unchanged.

The condition of John Coren, the jockey who was injured in a fall at the Empire City course at Yonkers last Tuesday, was reported to be unchanged at the Homeopathic Hospital in Yonkers last night.

LAFAYETTE ON EDGE FOR W. AND J. ELEVEN

Two Unbeaten Teams Will Meet in Third Annual Game in Yankee Stadium Today.

BASISTA LIKELY TO PLAY

Presidents' Veteran Back Probably Will Go on Field—Walter Camp to Watch the Battle.

The number of the teams in the East that have been neither defeated nor tied this season will be further reduced this afternoon when Lafayette and Washington and Jefferson meet their in their third annual football game in New York at the Yankee Stadium, beginning at 2 P. M. The Presidents arrived yesterday in New York and took up their headquarters at the Hotel Pennsylvania. In the afternoon, under Head Coach Dave Morrow, they traveled to the Yankee Stadium and went through a light workout, running through signals and engaging in kicking practice. The entire squad of twenty-nine players, with the exception of Basista, veteran halfback, who has been out of the game with injuries for two weeks, was reported in good condition, and the Presidents are primed to make a hard fight. There is a good chance, Morrow said, that Basista will play in the game.

Coach Herb McCracken and his Lafayette team left Easton at an early hour this morning for New York, electing to hold their final practice session on their own field rather than at the Stadium. They will stay at the Pennsylvania also. Both teams will have large followings at the game. A large delegation is coming down with the Lafayette eleven from Easton today, while about 1,000 are expected from Washington, Pa. Reports from the Yankee Stadium yesterday were to the effect that the Washington and Jefferson allotment of tickets had been sold and that there had been practically a sell-out of the seats in the Lafayette cheering section. Each institution is sending a band along and it promises to be a lively day at the Stadium.

Walter Camp will occupy a side-line seat on the Washington and Jefferson side of the field. It was reported that John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for President, would see the struggle between the Presidents and the Maroon, but according to the managers of his campaign at the Belmont Hotel, Mr. Davis is scheduled to speak this afternoon at the Commodore and later at Staten Island.

Lafayette, with a total of 74 points against 3 for its four opponents so far, is looked upon as the favorite in the game. The Maroon's 10-0 victory over Pitt is its most impressive performance to date. In its first game it defeated Muhlenberg, 13-0. Pitt was its second opponent, Hobart was trounced at 30 to 0 and Bucknell defeated at 21 to 3.a field goal by Bucknell constituting the only points scored against McCracken's eleven. Washington and Jefferson defeated Geneva 19 to 6, Bethany 19 to 13, Grove City 25 to 0 and Carnegie Tech 10 to 0.

Six games have been played between the two elevens since 1898. That year Washington and Jefferson won, 16 to 0. In 1902 the Maroon was the victor, 12 to 2, and in 1906 the same school repeated at 14 to 6. There was no game for nine years, and in 1915 Lafayette won at 17 to 0. In 1922 the contest was transferred to New York and the Presidents won their third game by the margin of a single point, 14 to 13. Last year the two elevens fought to a 6-6 tie.

The probable line-up of the two teams, with the numbers of the players, follows:

LAFAYETTE.		W. AND J.
Berry (1)	L.E.	Boynton (39)
Ford (9)	L.T.	Clements (5)
Brown (10)	L.G.	Long (35)
Boos (12)	C.	Bliss (31)
Budd (2)	R.G.	Lewis (33)
Highberger (15)	R.T.	Berrehiem (7)
Crate (4)	R.E.	Wild (3)
Moore (20) or Ernst (8)	Q.B.	Kopf (1)
Chicknoski (3)	L.H.B.	Basista (11)
Millman (7) or Kirkleski (18)	R.H.B.	Carlin (15)
Gebhart (6)	F.B.	Sheldon (28)

Referee—E. J. Ryan, Michigan. Umpire—A. H. Sharpe, Yale. Field judge—J. H. Moffatt, Princeton. Linesman—C. A. Reed, Springfield.

HOPPE TRIUMPHS, 400-279.

Makes Clean Sweep of 3-Cushion Match Against Kleckhefer.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Willie Hoppe, the world's balkline champion, won his special three-cushion match from Augie Kleckhefer of Chicago, former three-cushion champion, by the final score of 400 to 279, making his total in 394 innings and having the high run of 14 for the match, against 8 for Kleckhefer. Hoppe won all eight blocks, taking the seventh and eighth today, winning this afternoon by 50 to 37 in 53 innings, and taking the final block tonight by the score of 50 to 44 in 40 innings. Hoppe's high run in the afternoon block was 9 and Kleckhefer's 4. At night Hoppe's high run was 7 and Kleckhefer's 4.

Hoppe played sensational billiards ever since the match started last Tuesday afternoon. He asserted his superiority in every block, and by taking the entire eight showed that as a three-cushion star he must bear watching by the other headliners.

OTHER BILLIARD RESULTS.

Ary Bos, balkline billiard champion of Holland, took on Robert Cannefax, holder of the world's three-cushion title, at the Strand Billiard Academy last night and defeated him in the first block of a 150-point match, 50 to 40. Bos's performance was the more remarkable because he had just completed a challenge match at the 18.2 game with Albert Cutler on the preceding evening. Bos commenced the match with Cannefax after Ralph Greenleaf had been called home because of the illness of his father. Bos ran out in forty-six innings and had a high run of 7, as did Cannefax. The match will be completed today, one block being played in the afternoon and one in the evening.

At the Recreation, in Brooklyn Emmet Crozier defeated John Ward in the only match played in the Interborough Class C balkline championship tournament. The winner played an excellent game, winning 150 to 53 in twenty-four innings for an average of 6 6-24. This was the second straight match in which he has had an average better than six. His high runs were 43 and 23. Ward's best cluster was 10.

Tadao Suganuma was defeated by George Smith in a handicap 18.2 balkline match at the Fifty-eighth Street Julian Billiard Academy last night. Suganuma agreed to make 40 to Smith's 25 and failed by eight billiards, the score being 25 to 32.

Only one match was played in the amateur handicap three-cushion tourney at Julian's Fourteenth Street Academy last night and in that the high handicap player was beaten. C. Sperling, whose handicap is 22, lost to S. L. Leineng, 22 to 11. The game required sixty-five innings and the winner had a high run of 3.

Tom Brennan continued to play in bad luck in the annual three-cushion tournament at Doyle's billiard parlors last night and was beaten by Henry Frantzen, 50 to 23 in fifty-nine innings. Brennan is conceded to be one of the best local amateurs. He is the scratch man in this tourney, the seven other competitors receiving from four to eight points in thirty. Frantzen last night received six points.

In the Class B section Al Merker won two games. He defeated Chester Mills, 25 to 10 in forty innings and the best Stanton Northrup could do against Merker was 25 to 16 in thirty-six innings.

Joseph Heinsch, the playing-through champion, won his third straight match in the Brooklyn straight-rail tournament at Lawler Brothers in Brooklyn last night. His opponent was Henry Walters and the score was 125 to 62. Heinsch had an average of 4 1-31 and his high run of 22. The loser's high run was 19. Joseph Blaisdell is still the high man in the tournament standing with four victories.

At Lawler's New York room Charles Harmon won the first block of a 300-point pocket billiard match with Carl Vaughn, 100 to 46. It was a fast and well-played block, the winner having a high run of 20 against the loser's 36.

Albert Moyse won from Henry Cowbin last night in the Greater New York three-cushion tournament now in progress at the Hoppe Club. The score was 25 to 23. Moyse had a high run of 5. Cowbin one of 4, and the game took forty-four innings.

PAUL WINS TWICE, CAPTURES MEDAL

Defeats Anderson in Morning Round and Gains Possession of Westchester Golf Trophy.

ALSO CONQUERS CLARKSON

Lloyd Reaches Rye Semi-Final, Beating Robinson and Jones—Yates and Standish Advance.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Arthur Yates of Rochester, Charles H. Paul of Westchester Hills, Harry Lloyd of Greenwich and James D. Standish Jr. of Detroit are the four players left to fight it out for the honors in the annual Westchester Biltmore Country Club tournament, the closing feature of the metropolitan golf season of 1924. Yates and Paul will clash in the semi-final round tomorrow morning, and the winner will meet either Standish or Lloyd in the final round tomorrow afternoon. As a result of the way things have gone in the tournament a good semi-final is assured and an equally good final, for all four survivors are excellent golfers. All of them have gained honors in tournament events of one sort or another during the season.

Yates had things pretty much his own way in both the first and second rounds today. His first round opponent, R. E. Marsh of the home club, offered little resistance, while Austin McAleenan of Fox Hills, who finished the qualifying round only two shots behind the winner, Lloyd, yesterday, proved equally easy for the long-hitting up-State star. Yates took both matches by the same margin, 4 and 3.

For Paul the situation was quite different. In the morning he was called upon to tackle J. G. Anderson of Winged Foot, possessor of the French amateur championship, and the match went clear up to the home green before Paul won it by holing a mashie shot from a distance of sixty yards for an eagle 3. Anderson being left high and dry in spite of his birdie 4. After luncheon the Westchester Hills player took on T. F. Clarkson and was forced to go to the twentieth hole before he won. He would probably have had to go even further into the distance had not his opponent taken three putts.

Lloyd had anything except an easy time continuing his onward march to victory. In the first round, H. C. Robinson of Plainfield carried him to the home green, where, incidentally, four other first-round matches terminated, and in the afternoon the Greenwich representative was forced to travel at a one-over-four pace to shake off the persistent holder of the metropolitan junior title, Richard A. Jones Jr., at the seventeenth hole. Standish had an exciting contest with L. G. Spindler, the Westchester Biltmore captain, in the opening round, scantily winning the match, but in the afternoon the Wolverine got an early lead on H. K. E. Davis of Lido and finished the match on the seventeenth green, where his margin was 3 and 1.

Three Matches Stand Out.

There were three matches in the first division today that stood out boldly from the other nine. Perhaps the most exciting of these was the Paul-Anderson encounter in the morning, especially since it ended with such a display of golf pyrotechnics. The others were the Paul-Clarkson and the Lloyd-Jones matches in the second round. After giving Anderson the lead by losing the first hole, 4 to 5, when he drove to the rough and chipped short of the green and then getting down a fifteen-foot putt for a lucky half at the second, Paul won three holes in succession, beginning with the fifth, and turned l up. Anderson ramming home a fifteen-footer for a win at the ninth.

From there on it was give and take. Anderson squared the match by winning the eleventh with a birdie, lost the next, again drew level by taking the thirteenth. Going to the home hole the match was still in the balance. When the second shots were played Paul looked like Anderson's match, but then Paul brought off his magical shot that gained him the victory. He not only won the match but also the Westchester County championship medal for he and Anderson had a tournament to let the medal score today determine the winner of the county trophy for which they previously had tied. Paul's medal was 73, two under par, while Anderson's was 74.

Play Is Spectacular.

The Lloyd-Jones match was a sparkling affair for the first nine holes, at some of which even birdies failed to win. Lloyd, for example, had a birdie 3 at the first hole, only to lose it to Jones's eagle 2, the latter driving to within six feet of the hole and dropping the putt for a 2. Lloyd took command of the situation by winning the third and fourth, but Jones drew level with his 4 at the fifth. At the sixth Jones wasted a fine birdie 4 against Lloyd's eagle 3. The junior champion then assumed the honor with a 3 at the seventh, squaring the match, but he was trapped at the eighth, and Lloyd won it, 4 to 5, when his 10-foot putt dropped into the cup. Jones squared the match with a birdie 4 at the ninth. Up to this point only one hole, the second, had been halved.

That was the end of Jones, who lost the next three holes and with them the match, although he succeeded in holding on until the seventeenth. He missed a much-needed 6-foot putt at the tenth, was trapped at the eleventh and Lloyd's birdie 4 was too much for him at the twelfth.

The cards:

Out—										
Lloyd	3	5	4	5	3	4	4	5	—36	
Jones	3	5	5	6	4	4	3	6	—36	
In—										
Lloyd	3	4	4	6	5	5	5	4		
Jones	4	5	4	4	5	6	5	5		

The summaries:

First Sixteen—First Round—Austin McAleenan, Fox Hills, defeated Edward Van Vleck Jr., Garden City, 1 up; Arthur Yates, Rochester, defeated R. E. Marsh, Westchester Biltmore, 4 and 3; T. F. Clarkson, unattached, defeated Jackson Chambers, Westchester Biltmore, 4 and 3; Charles H. Paul, Westchester Hills, defeated John G. Anderson, Winged Foot, 1 up; Richard A. Jones Jr., Westchester Hills, defeated S. E. Budd, Westchester Biltmore, 6 and 4; James D. Standish Jr., Detroit, defeated L. G. Spindler, Westchester Biltmore, 1 up; Harry K. B. Davis, Lido, defeated H. W. Conklin, Westchester Biltmore, 1 up.

Second Round—Yates defeated McAleenan, 4 and 3; Paul defeated Clarkson, 1 up (20 holes); Lloyd defeated Jones, 3 and 1; Standish defeated Davis, 3 and 1.

Second Sixteen, First Round—Ralph Edwards, Belleclaire, defeated J. B. Campbell, Westchester Biltmore, 4 and 3; Hugh Halsell, Sleepy Hollow, defeated J. L. Brown, Hudson River, 2 and 1; Kenneth Reid, Scarsdale, defeated J. F. Turner, Westchester Biltmore, 3 and 1; H. R. Gans, Fox Hills, defeated C. F. Stoddard, Westchester Biltmore, 6 and 7; E. G. B. Riley, Fox Hills, defeated J. B. Kopf, St. Albans, 1 up (12 holes); E. de Cordova, Westchester Biltmore, defeated Dr. E. H. Mendel, Engineers, 2 up; Dr. G. W. Smith, Westchester Biltmore, defeated W. S. Bliss, Westchester Biltmore, 1 up (19 holes); J. H. Turner, Westchester Biltmore, defeated E. A. Graynor, Apawamis, 3 and 2.

Second Round—Halsell defeated Edwards, 1 up; Gans defeated Reid, 7 and 5; Riley defeated de Cordova, 4 and 3; Smith defeated Turner, 4 and 3.

Third Round—First Round—O. S. Forsman, Westchester-Biltmore, defeated Q. S. Redfield, Greenwich, 2 up; I. T. Smith Jr., Greenwich, defeated H. Ewer, Westchester-Biltmore, 4 and 2; L. A. Dalton, Belleclaire, defeated E. Fitzgerald, Westchester-Biltmore, 3 and 1; C. G. Lueder, Siwanoy, won from S. R. Hollander, Westchester-Biltmore, by default; F. Woods, Westchester-Biltmore, defeated A. W. Milne, Westchester-Biltmore, 4 and 3; Ray Thompson, Westchester-Biltmore, defeated Alex MacLeod, Westchester-Biltmore, 3 and 2; W. A. Barle, Ardsley, defeated S. W. Huntley, Belleclaire, 6 and 5; J. C. Punderford, Westchester-Biltmore, defeated A. W. Morgan, Lawrence Park, 1 up.

Second Round—Smith defeated Forsman, 5 and 4; Lueder defeated Dalton, 1 up; Thompson defeated Woods, 7 and 5; Punderford defeated Barle, 1 up (19 holes).

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THE INCOME TAX MUDDLE.

Resentment at the publication of income tax payments by individuals is justified but belated. It should have been aroused more vehemently at the time the bill was pending to compel their being made public by law. What seems so objectionable and offensive now was foreseen to be so at that time. All the peeping and prying into other people's affairs; all the danger of exposing private business to reckless or sinister public attack; the hateful comparisons; the invidious interpretations; the spying of neighbors upon each other and the jealous comparisons which will be made between men in the same business—all these things, and the many others which are today the subject of indignant outcry, were predicted as certain to result from the adoption of the amendment to the Tax bill urged chiefly by Senator NORRIS to compel publicity.

This was a plain departure from the original scheme of the income tax. It was, in effect, breaking faith with those who had been induced to vote for and accept the first income tax to be enacted into law after the adoption of the constitutional amendment authorizing it, by the solemn promise that personal income tax returns would be kept inviolably secret. Of course, one Congress cannot bind a succeeding Congress. The fact that Representatives and Senators denounced publicity of income tax payments in 1913 does not prove that they will not hail it in 1923. There can be no doubt of the power of Congress to make these payments of individuals subject to public inspection. It was a foolish and even odious thing for Congress to order, but it had the power to do it. The present outburst of complaint and protest might have been effective if it had been overwhelmingly directed upon Congress at the time when the bill was under discussion. Coming after the mischief is done, it cannot escape the appearance of being a trifle late. Anyhow, the waters have now burst through the dam and cannot be stopped.

If the motives and animus of those who framed the law are questionable, what must be thought of the skill and wisdom and firmness of those whose duty it was to execute it? If ever there was a worse Government muddle, it is hard to recall it. We have had a succession of contradictory orders, inconsistent interpretations, blunder piled upon blunder, with the final humiliating confession of the Solicitor General of the United States that he does not know what is the law binding in the premises, and that citizens must be left to take the best legal advice they can get and run their own risks! Whatever else may be said of all this, it can hardly be denied that it is a sad example of lack of coordination between different departments of the Government and of a clear understanding of what the difficulties of the problem were which the haphazard officials set out so blithely to grapple with. If it had been a Democratic Administration that had thus floundered from one blunder to another, it is to be suspected that Republican campaign orators would have had something not too complimentary to say about it.

While waiting for the officers of the Government to get their bearing, recover their senses and clear up the mess, the evil effects of the publication already made should not be exaggerated. They may have worked injury in a few cases. Doubtless they have hurt the feelings and rasped the sensibilities of thousands. But it must be remembered that the figures given out are only what they are represented to be. Subject to the deduction of 25 per cent. provided for in the new law, they are the actual payments of taxes made to the Treasury. They are in many cases not even an approximately accurate indication of the individual's income; they do not reveal its sources; they do not show what deductions may have been made for accumulated losses or for gifts to charity, nor what income may have been derived from tax-exempt securities or diverted into trust funds. They may even represent no income at all in the ordinary sense, for there are doubtless cases in which the disappearance of income has forced the sale of property, the taxes representing only the profits on the one transaction. And in a rough and general way the disclosures of large incomes, as indicated by the payments recorded, are in line with general knowledge and expectancy based on other sources of information. This is said not in defense of the publicity law, which we regarded from the beginning as hateful, and which all clear-sighted men prophesied would be easily used as an instrument of social animosity, business scheming and political oppression. But what nobody could have prophesied, or did prophesy, was that the administration of the law would be so feeble, vacillating and suspect as to double the original offensiveness of the measure itself.

MR. HUGHES AND THE LEAGUE.

In his address in Baltimore Thursday night Secretary HUGHES took occasion to refer to an article by Mr. RAYMOND FOSDICK printed in last Sunday's TIMES. The part of it which Mr. HUGHES specifically attacked he demolished. A formidable debater, and with the files of the State Department at his command, he was able to show that the refusal to join in the Barcelona conference on communications and transit, held under the auspices of the League, was primarily the act of the Democratic Administration before President HARDING was inaugurated. Mr. HUGHES cited the instructions given by the Acting Secretary of State on Jan. 3, 1921, who was of course a Democrat, to acknowledge the invitation of the League to send a representative to Barcelona, but to decline it on the ground that the United States was not a member of the League of Nations. A similar effective retort was made by Secretary HUGHES to the charge that he had left unanswered communications from the League. He grimly showed that this was, at the worst, a practice which he had inherited from the Wilson Administration. It had received some thirty-three letters directly from the League, only fifteen of which received acknowledgment or attention. Mr. HUGHES observed caustically: "When, "later, I ascertained the situation, I "endeavored to answer these communications, together with those received after the Republican Administration came in."

Mr. HUGHES asserts that all the other attacks of this sort made upon him could be "easily met." It would be out of place for us to cavil about that. Having given space to certain accusations which Mr. HUGHES has disposed of, this newspaper is not inclined to raise a question about others, but merely wishes in a spirit of fairness to call attention to the vigorous denials by Secretary HUGHES which were printed in full in yesterday's TIMES.

NAVY DAY.

The celebration of Navy Day this year, on Monday, Oct. 27, will be of national scope. No part of the country will fail to be brought into touch with the sea service. The purpose of Navy Day is to acquaint the American people with the uses of the fleet in peace as well as in war, its condition, its needs and its cost. This is done principally by addresses of the Secretary of the Navy and commanding naval officers, and by the distribution of warships in ports of both coasts for the reception of visitors. Most of the Governors of the States have called the attention of the people to Navy Day by proclamations or other official notifications. Mayors of cities will cooperate to make observances both informing and entertaining. Chambers of Commerce and other business organizations have made arrangements for public meetings, pageants and banquets. Speeches of Secretary WILBUR and Admirals COONTZ, Commander-in-Chief of the fleet; EBERLE, Chief of Operations, and MOFFETT, Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, are to be broadcast. Warships in the ports will be "dressed" with flags, and will receive all who want to come on board to be shown around. The visitors will be entertained with band concerts. Planes will fly into the interior to drop messages of the Navy League. In Washington Secretary WILBUR will lead a procession to the statue of JOHN PAUL JONES, where wreaths will be laid at its base in the presence of officers of the Government and members of the Diplomatic Service. There will also be "pilgrimages" to the Peace Monument, the Dupont Memorial Fountain, and the Farragut and Barry Monuments. Spanish War veterans will decorate the grave of Admiral DEWEY. In Chesapeake Bay there is to be a mimic battle between air and surface ships to illustrate the progress of naval warfare.

Navy Day celebrations should impress upon the people the peace uses of the sea service. Everybody knows what it is called upon to do after war has been declared. As the United States cannot enjoy prosperity unless it has access to the markets of the world, the American merchant marine must have the protection of the fleet. In ordinary times the task of the navy is not difficult. But at the first sign of war or insurrection in a foreign land, security for our nationals may give way to instability and danger in a few hours. American seamen and merchants and their property, and other nationals, including missionaries and teachers, must look to American warships for relief and succor. The navy has done good service as a commercial agent. It has opened markets in China, Japan and Turkey to the American exporter. On the sea it affords safe-conduct of goods in transit. As an example of what the navy can do for our merchants, and is expected to do, there is its record in the Near East after the armistice when Greece and Turkey were at war. As troops could not be landed to enforce respect for the rights of our nationals, a squadron of auxiliary warships patrolled the Mediterranean, the Aegean and the Black Sea, putting in at every port where disorder was reported. As a rule, the sight of the American flag was enough to prevent outrage to nationals and destruction of their property.

The education of our people in the maintenance of a navy adequate to sustain national policies and to serve as the first line of defense is so essential that it will be a leading topic of addresses broadcast on Monday. But if appropriations by Congress are to be made with a sense of the value of the navy and its needs, the taxpayers must be made to understand what the cost of the service really is with relation to other demands upon them. If the annual appropriation is $300,000,000, the per capita cost is less than three dollars, or about 8 per cent. of the total annual expenditure. Upon such small luxuries as candy, soda fountain beverages and chewing gum the American people spend three times as much as the amount of an average naval appropriation. Upon the upkeep of a low-cost automobile an American citizen spends sixty or seventy times as much as his share of maintaining the navy.

THE END OF PITTSBURGH PLUS.

What may be called the technical, industrial, parts of the address by Judge GARY yesterday to the American Iron and Steel Institute had largely to do with the order of the Federal Trade Commission, last July, to abandon the system of fixing basic steel prices known as "Pittsburgh Plus." Speaking for the United States Steel Corporation, Judge GARY declared that it would cheerfully accept and abide by the decision. The matter might have been taken into the courts. There was good legal opinion to the effect that the order could be successfully contested. But the Steel Corporation and many of the leading independent companies in the steel industry concluded that the wiser course was not to challenge the action of the Federal Trade Commission. Such a determination was the easier to arrive at because, as Judge GARY pointed out, the Pittsburgh Plus system had been for several years "to a greater or less extent disregarded by the producers." In other words, the building up of great competitive plants at Chicago and elsewhere had altered the conditions under which Pittsburgh had been made the base for fixing the prices of steel. To give up that plan completely may entail a certain period of confusion, and may cause one company of another to suffer losses. But the thing will be worked out, and there can be no doubt that ready acquiescence in the decision of a Government agency will tend to have a good effect both upon the consumers of steel and upon public opinion.

As is his custom, Judge GARY made the occasion one to take a general survey of industrial and political conditions in the United States. His summing up of the whole is hopeful. With an optimism characteristic of him, though not always met in men of his years, Judge GARY looks forward to a period of great expansion and prosperity. He admits that untoward political events might blur the picture, but these he is convinced will not occur. He believes in the good sense of the American people, and in their instinctive desire to make both business and Government stable. Judge GARY mentioned no parties and no candidates, but he ingenuously painted a portrait of the kind of President which the country ought to have. And he did not leave much doubt in the minds of his hearers who was the sitter.

THE PEKING COUP D'ETAT.

The situation in China is very Chinese. In other countries mutiny behind the lines is apt to be the experience of a military commander who has been unlucky at the front. But Peking has been seized by the principal lieutenant of General WU PEI-FU, whose allies scored a notable victory around Shanghai and who seems in person to be driving back his most formidable enemy, CHANG TSO-LIN, on the Manchurian front. To be sure, claims at that point are conflicting. From Mukden comes a story of several thousand Wu troops destroyed after being enticed into a mine field by the wily Mukden General. But this report too strongly resembles the stories of similar exploits in the World War, which pretty regularly turned out to be the preface to a serious defeat for the party so reporting. On the other hand, the stories of Wu's successes at Shanhaikwan have been fairly concrete.

Where only speculation is possible we may suspect that the overthrow of Wu's Government at Peking by his own "Christian" General was brought about by fear of a Wu dictatorship in case he returned victorious from his encounter with CHANG. Here enter personal politics, the curse of China. Parties and partisanships in that country are like the celebrated concentric hollow balls from the Chinese toy shop. It is party within party and clique within clique. Information from local Chinese sources describes "Christian" FENG as a member of the Tientsin clique within the Chihli party, of which the deposed President, TSAO-KUN, was nominal head and General WU the strongest figure. Another member of the Tientsin clique is the deposed President's brother. It is the old Oriental palace revolutions all over again.

This is one explanation. The more optimistic theory would be that General FENG sees no hope in WU's policy of reunification by force and has declared for reunification by conciliation. The new dictator at Peking has issued a call for a general armistice and a harmony conference. But the country's previous experience suggests little hope in that direction.

A MINISTER OF EDUCATION.

Mr. H. A. L. FISHER, the distinguished scholar and publicist, now in America, was for six years a member of the English Cabinet and President of the Board of Education. The creation of such a Cabinet position in the United States has been generally endorsed by our teachers, though there has been strong and influential opposition to it. At present the Federal Government has a Bureau of Education, meagrely supported and much restricted in scope. The proposal most favored has been that an American Secretaryship of Education, if we are to have one, should include social service as well.

Besides holding high position in the academic world and being a man distinguished in letters, Mr. FISHER had a broad experience in public affairs. He had been a member of two or more important Government commissions, had written a political history of England and of republican traditions in Europe and, just before the war, had put forth his study of NAPOLEON BONAPARTE. With such a background he entered the War Cabinet, and almost immediately commanded the attention of the country by his speeches in Parliament. His great achievement is not recorded, however, in mere eloquence. It is written in the Education law which is associated with his name. In the very midst of the war and in the blackest time of it for the English, when HAIG's men were standing "with their backs to the wall," he introduced his bill in the House. It was still being debated when the Germans were a second time approaching the Marne, and it was passed on the day when the Fourth Army began the return offensive, the day which LUDENDORFF said was the darkest day for the Germans. This adoption of a "national system of public education "available for all persons capable of "profiting thereby," raising the compulsory age for children, providing for continuation schools and looking toward adult education, bespoke the steadfastness of the English people and their invincible faith in final victory.

The Fisher Education law has not yet gone into full effect. The terrific burdens which Britain has carried in meeting her war obligations have delayed some of the hopes roused by the so-called "children's charter." But it will be only a question of time when she will meet in full the promises she made to future generations under the educational statesmanship of Mr. FISHER, who said, under the very sound of the guns and the menace of bombs from the skies, "Education is "the eternal debt of maturity to "youth and childhood."

PROHIBITION IN ONTARIO.

In 1919 a referendum was held on the Ontario Temperance act, and it was upheld by a majority of more than 400,000. It has again been sustained, and the proposal for the sale, under Government control, of wines and spirits as a beverage rejected, but by a narrow majority. The rural districts slowly overcame the great anti-prohibition majority of the cities. Thus the Ferguson Government will have to deal with the essential difficulty of prohibition enforcement such as exists in many regions of the United States. It will not be so bad as it is in some of our States, but the minority comes so near being the majority that the situation is new as well as hard. Thirty years ago Ontario gave a majority of 80,000 for prohibition, though no action was taken by the Provincial Government. Wednesday's vote in "the stronghold" of Canadian prohibition marks a significant change of opinion and may be regarded as essentially a defeat.

Three great religious denominations and, apparently, most of the provincial press supported prohibition. The somewhat sophisticated argument was made that liquor might be sold by the glass and the bar restored, in spite of the promise of Premier FERGUSON and the general tenor and object of the restrictions adopted in the Provinces where Government control prevails. The possibility of the future return of the saloon was urged. The Toronto Globe asserted that "'moderation' is "just another name for 'more,' how-"ever its advocates may deceive them-"selves." The old arguments and something of the old fervor were displayed. Besides, it was necessary for the Drys to make a desperate rally. Since 1919 the four Western Provinces had broken away. If Ontario ranged herself with Quebec, prohibition in the whole Dominion was doomed. It is likely enough that the growth of urban population will in no long time reverse the present verdict in Ontario unless clear and permanent abuses under Government control bring about a general reaction toward strait and narrow prohibition.

The ill repute of American prohibition enforcement, the multitude of American tourists spending their money in Quebec and avoiding envious Ontario, the fat revenues accruing to the "moderately wet" Provinces, and especially to Quebec, the alleged prevalence of bootlegging, were among the arguments of the Moderate Wets. The "moral" consideration prevailed over the economic. Premier FERGUSON promised before the election that if the Temperance act was sustained it would be vigorously enforced. In Toronto the police were instructed to enforce it "to the limit" until election. This sort of thing seems to imply the spasmodic kind of enforcement with which we in the United States are but too familiar. According to The Globe, "the minds of the Government, the "Legislature, the police and other "officials will be concentrated," after the election, "on the one object of "enforcing the law, instead of being "confused by visionary theorizing "about utopian schemes of Govern-"ment control."

The concentration of all Government powers upon the enforcement of one law is perhaps highly utopian; but the voters, less than half the voting population, have spoken, and we hope that the law will be enforced and obeyed in a manner to shame too many parts of these United States.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Stand Again Is Stated.

Although JOHN W. DAVIS, twice since his speaking tour as a Presidential candidate began, has added to his original declaration of what he thinks about the Ku Klux Klan an explicit statement of his attitude toward that organization, somebody in his audience at Cleveland, Thursday evening, raised the question again. Mr. DAVIS's first words in reply expressed a natural and somewhat impatient wonder that the inquirer thus should reveal his failure to read the newspapers, but then he went on to make a somewhat more extended statement on the subject than previously had come from him.

His stand, he said, was for the fundamental guarantees of freedom in religious faith and practice, and "against any threat from whatever quarter to diminish the civil, social or political rights of any man because of his choice to adopt the religion learned at his mother's knee." Then he went on with the declaration that he found recorded in history no instance in which the intrusion into the political field of a secret order had been beneficial to a popular government; always, sooner or later, and usually soon, no matter however innocent or high the original purposes of such intrusion may have been, the secret orders have fallen "under the dominion of selfish men who use them for personal aggrandizement" and "meanwhile they sow suspicion and discord by their mere intrusion between man and man, neighbor and neighbor, friend and friend."

All this, of course, the Ku Klux Klan has done in every part of the country, and its activities could have been denounced in far harsher terms than Mr. DAVIS used if he had not preferred to speak in kindness to those in as well as out of the "invisible empire." He was careful not to condemn secret societies as such, but he was equally careful to say that if the two to which he himself belongs, the Masons and the Elks, ever sought to enter the political field or to dictate the selection of men for public office, he would quit them instantly.

His Welcome Far From Worn Out.

When the Prince of WALES sails for home today he will have reason to congratulate himself on more than the fact that he has had a "good time" all through the weeks of his visit. His real or larger cause for satisfaction in the fact that not a single untoward event of any kind has marked his stay—that he, though unavoidably a representative and exponent of a governmental system that would not suit us at all, has managed to offend nobody's sensibilities and to bring nobody's prejudices to the surface where they would be visible or audible.

It is easier, of course, for such as he than it is for men not so set apart from common humanity to gain a reputation for virtues major and minor. They only have to show ordinary kindness and consideration to be credited with those qualities in an extraordinary degree. They are applauded, that is, when they prove themselves merely human. There is an implication in this phenomenon that is decidedly unfavorable to the kings and princes of the past, but nobody thinks of it in relation to this young man.

That he has charm he hardly can help, being what he is; but he has shown tact as well, and tact is a form of higher wisdom. Of it he has excuse to be more than a little proud when, after the lights are out at night, he thinks over the doings of a day. For tact is as rare in royal as in other circles.

As the Prince will not say it for himself, it shall be said for him that his coming was welcome, his presence was a pleasure, and his departure is regretted. Some foolish person over here recently wrote to England a letter to the effect that the Prince caused embarrassment by coming here while a Presidential campaign was in progress. That was a wholly vain imagining. He made no trouble for anybody, except sometimes, by slipping away from the guards who had been selected to give him protection for which he did not feel the need. He could claim, if he chose, and occasion arose for it, that he had served his own country, and this one, too, by increasing the amity which is so essential to the prosperity of both.

A Mystery Story Not in a Book.

Rarely if ever have the newspapers printed a queerer or more puzzling tale than that about the discovery of a dead man found chained to a tree in a thick wood on Green Mountain, near Williamsport, Pa. The body was at once identified from the contents of the pockets of the clothes worn as that of a man who had been missing from his home in Ardmore for almost three months—a Yale graduate, former soldier and teacher of the name of MCHENRY. There was money as well as papers in his pockets, proving that he had not been the victim of robbers, and the chain that bound him to the tree had been tied, not locked. As he was able to move more than a few feet, why he did not loosen the chain before he starved is a mystery.

It is said that as the result of his war experiences MCHENRY's mind was disturbed, and it may be, therefore, that nobody except himself was concerned in the proceedings that ended in his death.

If the affair as it now stands were an incident in a novel, it would be criticised as altogether too strange for anything except a tale of medieval times, when, according to present literary conventions, anything was possible.

Another Record Is Broken.

For once Ellis Island has been praised by an immigrant detained there for several days and at last condemned to deportation! So far as can be remembered this is without precedent, and Commissioner CURRAN must wonder if he is not dreaming.

The man who did this most unusual thing is an Austrian General who lost a leg in the war and came over here as many other more and less distinguished persons have done to make some money by lecturing to us. For some reason the immigration authorities feared he would become a public charge and said he must go back home.

Did he rage? Did he charge that on the island he had been ill-treated? Not at all. Instead he has left behind letters expressing warm gratitude for the kindness which everybody from high officials to lowly employes constantly showed him during his detention.

There is nothing in being an Austrian General unknown to fame that would give, in itself, a claim to special consideration, so either this particular General must have been a marvelously likable person or else his experience was that of any detained person who makes the best of a necessarily annoying episode instead of the worst. It throws, therefore, some real light on recent accusation against Ellis Island methods and personalities, and more than hints that such accusations may be exaggerations of what cannot be helped, if not altogether without foundation.

The Klan in Illinois.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a man in our community whose great-grandfather lost his life on the Boston Common during the preliminaries of our successful effort to throw off England's yoke. At this point in the family tree there can be no question of this man's family loyalty on Americanism.

Later, the grandfather fought with General Harrison against the famous Indian Tecumseh and was wounded, and in the battle of Tippecanoe received his commission of captain. Still the tree shows Americanism.

Later, the man's father volunteered, along with three brothers, in the Civil War, only two brothers coming home. One lost his life at Cold Harbor, the other at Shiloh. Family tree, of Americanism, still intact.

During the war with Spain, in 1898, the man himself volunteered, leaving a young wife and five months child (the first). The swamps and jungles nearly cost his life, but he returned, and now has a son, who fought in the late World War and saw service in many battles. At this point there can be no question of or doubt relative to 100 per cent. Americanism.

But this man is a Catholic, and the invisible empire called the Ku Klux Klan declares against him, and attacks his loyalty as an American citizen.

Recently, while this man was away from home, in a hospital, the Klan, under cover of darkness and fully masked, visited his home, three of them in front of his door, the only ones at home being the good wife and a little ten-year-old son. Their fright can well be imagined.

And we have a Government that is supposed to govern and see that the Constitution is upheld, that the rights of its citizens to worship God as they pleased be accorded them, and this right sustained by a process of law and order.

Truth it is, that no move on the part of any American officer, from the humblest to the greatest, is raised a voice or hand to suppress these violators of our Constitution.

This order grows and spreads like the tentacles of a great devilfish, prowling at night under the mantle of darkness, murdering whom it will, destroying by the torch and otherwise the property of others, and intimidating the helpless women and children. Is America today really 100 per cent. American?

A NEIGHBOR.
Danville, Ill., Oct. 15, 1924.

Mr. Hughes's Audience in 1922.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Please tell Mr. Davis that "the fugitive speech" of Secretary HUGHES was not made to "the student body at Yale University," as he says, but to the members of the American Historical Association at their New Haven meeting in 1922. In fact, Secretary Hughes, on the occasion in question, was doing exactly what Mr. Davis says he ought to do, i. e., fighting for his policy "through the mobilization of public opinion."

In minimizing the importance of that memorable meeting, Mr. Davis is as wide of the mark as were some silly French newspapers three years ago, who predicted the speedy recall of Ambassador JUSSERAND because he had neglected France when he once left Washington, during the critical days of the Washington conference, in order to attend a meeting at St. Louis of this same American Historical Association; happily Ambassador JUSSERAND is still with us, so the French Government must have thought his well employed, for France when he was addressing distinguished American scholars and teachers from the length and breadth of the United States. Indeed, had the audience of Secretary Hughes at New Haven in 1922 been only the student body, a teacher would not have considered the occasion so unimportant as Mr. Davis seems to consider it.

TEACHER.
New York, Oct. 19, 1924.

NEW ENGLAND FARMHOUSES.

They stand forth frankly to the world—
four-square
And solid, plain, disdaining ornament,
Their barns and woodsheds quite as prominent
As porch or parlor is! They have the air
Of having been designed for work or wear—
To beauty they appear indifferent,
Like homely women, worthy, excellent,
Who scorn the vanities of ladies fair!

Such houses, unaware of coquetry,
Have no small balconies, no ingle-nooks,
No dear retreats for which a lover looks—
They have not learned the lure of mystery,
Yet they achieve a beauty none denies—
One looks at them—as in a mother's eyes!

ROSELLE MERCIER MONTGOMERY.

VALUING THE RAILROADS.

The Justice of 'Prudent Investment' and 'Present Value' Are Discussed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer of your editorial, "Prudent Investment," has inadvertently picked a quarrel not merely with Senator LA FOLLETTE and the dissenting opinion of Justice BRANDEIS, but with Justice HUGHES and the majority of the Supreme Court as well. La Follette's claim for basing rates on "prudent investment" has been rejected by dicta of the Supreme Court, not in favor of what you call "actual investment," but in favor of what the court calls "present value." One argument the court has made against "actual investment" is precisely the argument you attribute to La Follette—namely, that the money spent by the railroads may not have been prudently spent. Said Justice HUGHES in the Minnesota rate cases in 1913 (230 U. S. 352, at p. 454): "It is clear that in ascertaining present value we are not limited to the consideration of the amount of the actual investment. If that has been reckless or improvident, losses may be sustained which the community does not underwrite." On the issue as you erroneously state it, Justice Hughes is on the Senator's side, not yours.

Your real case against the Senator is his preference for "prudent investment" over "present value" (not over "actual investment") as the rate base. When Justice Hughes rejected your "actual investment" idea, he turned to "present value," not to "prudent investment." A few lines subsequent to the passage quoted he gave a second and a different reason for rejecting "actual investment." He said: "The property is held in private ownership, and it is that property, and not the original cost of it, of which the owner may not be deprived without due process of law." And the majority of the Supreme Court has ever since (as it had indeed before) professed adherence to this doctrine. Yet in that very case the court sanctioned reductions of rates which, in the court's opinion, would have the effect of reducing the net earnings.

Were it not irreverent to question the court's infallibility, one might express wonder as to how the railroad property could remain as great in value after the net earnings were reduced as it was before. But perhaps the Supreme Court, like other sacred institutions in other ages, can perform miracles. If not, some scoffer might urge that the court's sanctioning of the reductions in the Minnesota and various other cases did violence to its profession that the owner may not be deprived of his property (meaning the value of his property) by rate regulation. Or can it be that this much of a deprivation was with due process of law? If so, it was not the present value at all upon which the court allowed a fair return, but something less. But this second professed reason of the court for rejecting "actual investment" was that that sum is not necessarily identical with present value. How then could it base the return on some other sum which is likewise not identical with present value?

"Gentlemen, are any of you pessimists? Are you discouraged or downhearted? Look ahead. Our lands, our climate, our wealth, our productive and transportation facilities, our increasing consuming desire and capacity, our educational advantages, our churches, our protective national Constitution, our floating flag, our spirit of loyalty, all remain. Demagogues or Anarchists or fakers cannot deprive us of these blessings. What country on earth can boast another such a nation? Let us be thankful, hopeful, confident and determined. Let us be loyal to our country, to all others who are interested in what we do or say, and to each other."

Business will be strongly influenced by the choice of the voters at the coming election, according to Judge GARY, who went on:

"It goes without saying that business conditions in this country during the next year and during the next four years depend largely upon the result of the election on Nov. 4 proximo. Every well-informed business man or woman knows that the best men are elected there probably will be continued and increasing prosperity, and that if others less capable and less worthy are selected we may expect depression and disturbance of business, less production, more idleness, less comfort, more distress—a decided interruption to legitimate progress that will not be easily nor soon overcome.

"In this greatest of all nations, with largest opportunities for worthy achievement and human happiness, the responsibility of suicidal action or neglect that will cause immeasurable loss and suffering to multitudes.

"But sentiments of self-protection will influence the large majority of voters to give careful thought to the best interests of the country and to themselves, and they will therefore wisely discriminate and decide, in this most important, and most critical, period in our history they can be depended upon to act along the lines of prudence and safety.

"They will not take unnecessary chances of danger by adopting untried and uncertain theories or selecting officials whose competency is assured largely, if not alone, by their own professions and promises."

Defends Pittsburgh Plus.

Judge GARY defended the principle of Pittsburgh plus and argued that the Federal Trade Commission ruling against it would work great injustice. "However," added Judge GARY, "in view of all that had been placed in the Steel Corporation concluded it would not be justified in refusing to acquiesce in the findings and decree which were finally made.

"There would have been one of the biggest legal and official inquiries that has ever occupied the courts or governmental bodies if there had been included every interest affected, as was tentatively agreed to, and the whole subject had been referred to and finally adjudicated by the courts. As before suggested, any member desiring to appeal to the courts may still do so.

"It is believed the entire iron and steel industry will, within a reasonable time, voluntarily be operating on a basis conformable to the opinion rendered by the Federal Trade Commission, notwithstanding the United States Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries alone were made respondents; and that if we are patient and reasonable we shall find, though with perhaps some additional work and cost, the industry, taken as a whole, and including both producers and consumers, will not materially suffer by reason of the elimination of the Pittsburgh plus system.

"What has been done has caused considerable confusion, some injustice, perhaps, to individuals and unwise and unduly low returns on investments. But it is to be hoped that all difficulties will readily be overcome and that in time matters and conditions generally will have the patience, the energy and the wisdom to solve the perplexities occasioned by the effort to abrogate the Pittsburgh plus, and before long return to the position of progress and prosperity to which it is entitled."

New Party Predicted.

Judge GARY was toastmaster at the Institute dinner at the Hotel Commodore last night. "If conservatives will do everything possible to help people to own home property," he said, "the spread of radicalism we fear will go glimmering."

Governor SMITH's charm does not open the way for seekers of privilege. His amiability never interferes with his good judgment. Despite his good-fellowship, if the Governor had been Acting Secretary of the Navy and had been asked by a colleague unlawfully to use the marines to protect private property, he would have unquestionably refused. To have done otherwise would have been inconsistent with his character and his long and honorable record of public service. The fact that the Governor will run far ahead of his ticket is proof that the citizens of New York recognize merit and will not substitute in the Executive Mansion a man whose record and experience are inferior to that of the Governor.

WILLIAM C. SOLOMON.
New York, Oct. 20, 1924.

IDEAL PRESIDENT PICTURED BY GARY

Steel Head Won't Say if His Portrait Is of Coolidge, Davis or La Follette.

BUSINESS AWAITS CHOICE

Up to the Electors to Determine, He Declares, Whether or Not They Want Continued Prosperity.

The qualities which the next President ought to have were described in detail by Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation, in an address at the Hotel Commodore yesterday to the American Iron and Steel Institute, of which he is President.

There was great applause for his thumbnail sketch of his choice for the next President, but Judge Gary flatly declined to say whether he was picturing Coolidge, Davis, La Follette, Faris, Foster, Nullens, Wallace or Johns.

"No name for President is mentioned in these remarks," said Judge Gary, "no political creed will be discussed, but some of the qualities for the official leader of our great and beloved country may properly be referred to."

"First of all, he should be possessed of the highest moral principles. He should be absolutely impartial, disposed to favor no person or aggregation or interest to the undue prejudice of another. He should be modest, plain and simple, and still courageous, dignified and wise. He should ascertain the facts and patiently consider before he decided and announced. He should truthfully and frankly inform the country concerning all public matters whenever it can be done without prejudice to governmental interests, relying upon an honest people for approval concerning the merit of his attitude and acts.

"He should not hesitate to speak the truth, when it is necessary, nor to remain silent when no one could be injured thereby. He should be willing to lend his influence and devote his talents to legitimate business progress and general prosperity, and likewise to prevent and penalize corruption and wrong. He should endeavor to assist and to protect the poor, the weak and the suffering, and, at the same time should be willing to help the rich, the strong and the happy when it is indisputably right to do so. He should practice and enforce strictest economy and husband all resources in governmental administration, but should not indulge in false economy. He should be willing to properly cooperate with and to assist foreign nations, entertaining always an intention of first considering and protecting the interests of his own country.

Commends Our Ship of State.

"Our ship of state is too great, too fine, too solid, substantial and strong to be pronounced unseaworthy on the words of unscrupulous, unintelligent or inexperienced men, and then turned over to a board of underwriters. I am convinced the public has been right during the last few months in believing the election returns will be satisfactory, as shown by the steady and persistent increases in the volume of business. With such a result we may look forward through the Autumn and succeeding months with hope and confidence.

"Gentlemen, are any of you pessimists? Are you discouraged or downhearted? Look ahead. Our lands, our climate, our wealth, our productive and transportation facilities, our increasing consuming desire and capacity, our educational advantages, our churches, our protective national Constitution, our floating flag, our spirit of loyalty, all remain. Demagogues or Anarchists or fakers cannot deprive us of these blessings. What country on earth can boast another such a nation? Let us be thankful, hopeful, confident and determined. Let us be loyal to our country, to all others who are interested in what we do or say, and to each other."

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GENEVIEVE BEALS ENGAGED TO WED

To Be Bride of Edgar Pitske, Secretary of the Department of Public Welfare.

NUPTIALS SET FOR NOV. 14

Miss Azuretta Todd Betrothed to Randolph M. Saville, Son of Columbia Professor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Whitney Beals of Darien, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Genevieve Virginia Beals, to Edgar Pitske, Secretary of the Department of Public Welfare of the City of New York. The marriage will take place on the afternoon of Nov. 14 at the home of Mrs. Leslie C. Bruce, in Greenwich. A reception for Miss Beals will be given on the afternoon of Nov. 5 by Miss Evelyn Pitske at the Woman's City Club, 22 Park Avenue.

Mr. Pitske is the son of the late William F. Pitske, Judge of the City Court of the City of New York.

Todd—Saville.

Mrs. Edith B. Todd of East Lynn, Mass., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Azuretta Todd, to Randolph M. Saville of this city. Mr. Saville is the son of Professor Marshall H. Saville of Columbia University. No date has been set for the wedding.

TODAY'S WEDDINGS HAVE BEVY OF BRIDES

Nuptials of Misses Lyon, Trenholm, Degener, Johnson, Cotton and Others.

Today is to be the busiest Saturday of the Autumn season with any number of interesting weddings in and around New York as well as a number in distant cities that have a local interest.

Miss Mary Pierce Lyon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Burr Lyon of Torrington, Conn., will be married to Maturin Livingston Delafield 2d, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Delafield of 4 East Sixty-fifth Street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at the Plaza.

The marriage of Miss Helen T. Trenholm, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julian de S. Trenholm of 34 West Eleventh Street, to Edgerton Merrill of 25 East Sixty-second Street will take place this afternoon in Grace Church, and there will be a reception at the Plaza.

Miss Eleanor Belmont Degener, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Degener of 44 West Seventy-fourth Street, will be married to Philip Sands Graham of this city this afternoon in St. Bernard's Church, Bernardsville, N. J. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at Brick House, the country home of the bride's parents.

The marriage of Miss Mildred Mae Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar De Witt Johnson of White Plains, N. Y., to Ralph Clymer Hawkins will take place tonight in the West End Collegiate Church, and will be followed by a reception at the Belleclaire.

Among the out-of-town weddings of interest here will be that of Miss Mary Louise Cotton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bell Cotton of 1,009 Park Avenue and Duluth, Minn., to Phelps Kelley of Chicago, which takes place this afternoon in St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Duluth. A large reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents there.

Miss Beatrice Beck, daughter of Assistant Solicitor General James M. Beck and Mrs. Beck of Washington, D. C., will be married this afternoon to Somerville Pinckney Tuck Jr. of the United States Foreign Service, at St. Thomas's Church in Washington. The President and Mrs. Coolidge will attend the wedding. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents.

In Boston at noon today Miss Phyllis Rich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson Rich of 15 Marlboro Street, will be married to Robert Ballentine Bradley of this city and Morristown, N. J. The ceremony will take place at the home of the bride's parents.

The marriage of Miss Laura Sluyter Dwight, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Dwight of Holyoke, Mass., to Richmond Lewis, son of Mrs. Lewis and the late Charles Crawford Sprague, Jr., will take place tonight in St. Paul's Church, Holyoke, and will be followed by a large reception at the Hotel Nonotuck.

Miss Lucy Evelyn Linderman, daughter of Mrs. Robert Packer Linderman of Bethlehem, Pa., will be married to McLean Forman Morris, son of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Wilson Morris of 20 Fifth Avenue, this afternoon in the Procathedral of the Nativity in Bethlehem.

BRIDE OF R. S. CORBETT.

Mrs. Mildred R. Knight Married at Hotel Lorraine—Other Nuptials.

Mrs. Mildred Robinson Knight, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Nesbitt Robinson of Belmar, N. J., and this city, was married to Robert Seabury Corbett of Brooklyn on Thursday at the Hotel Lorraine by the Rev. William S. Wimans, pastor of the Central Congregational Church, Brooklyn. The bride was graduated from the Packer Institute and Briarcliff. Mr. Corbett is prominent in the silk industry of this city and New Jersey. When they return from a wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Corbett will live in Brooklyn.

Appelberg—Morehouse.

Miss Merrille Thatcher Morehouse, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kidder Morehouse, and William C. Appelberg were married in St. Edmund's Church on Wednesday. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. C. Smiley, and was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 1,782 Eastburn Avenue.

Powers—Strout.

The marriage of Miss Marjorie Barnard Strout of Sutton, Vt., to Joseph Edward Powers of Akron, Ohio, formerly of this city, took place at noon on Thursday in the rectory of the Church of Our Lady Helper of Christians, East Orange, N. J. Miss Merle Strout attended the bride and Charles B. O'Connor was best man. After a wedding breakfast at the Washington in Newark, the couple left for Atlantic City. They will make their home in Akron.

KAHN WEDDING ON NOV. 19.

Plans for Marriage of Son of Otto H. Kahn to Miss Anne E. Whelan.

Plans have been completed for the marriage of Miss Anne Elizabeth Whelan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Whelan of East Orange, N. J., to Gilbert W. Kahn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn of 1,100 Fifth Avenue, which will take place in the Italian Garden of the Ambassador on Nov. 19. The ceremony will be followed by a reception and dance in the Louis XV. ballroom.

Miss Aileen Trefall will be Miss Whelan's maid of honor. The matrons of honor will be Mrs. John Tobin Cassidy, sister of Miss Whelan, and Mrs. Donald McAlexan. The other attendants will be Mrs. William Butler of this city, Mrs. Caleb Whittaker of Camden, N. J., the Misses Frances Mullins of East Orange, Clair Banta or Nutley and Harriet McCabe of Chicago.

Leonard L. Cushing will be best man. The ushers will be Rogers Kahn, brother of the bridegroom; Albert J. Whelan and E. Francis Whelan, brothers of the bride; Paul S. Warburg, William K. Vanita, Sydney A. Smith of Mt. Vernon, Robert E. Powell and Roland [illegible].

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Lord and Lady Airlie will arrive from Canada on Sunday to be at 9 East Seventy-third Street with Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer until they sail next Wednesday on the Aquitania.

Mrs. Charles H. Marshall, after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Marshall Field, will sail today on the Olympic and will return to her home in Grosvenor Square, London.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bradhurst Field have closed Fieldstone Farm, their country place in Sterlington, N. Y., and are in their new apartment at 1,165 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Nevett Steele Barstow and Mrs. Herbert Barry will give a luncheon in the small ball room of the Colony Club on Dec. 4 for their respective debutante daughters, Miss Edith Barstow and Miss Eleanor Barry.

Miss Sarah A. M. Brown has returned for the Winter to 21 East Sixty-sixth Street.

Commander and Mrs. Lamar R. Leahy are guests of her mother, Mrs. Charles W. Clinton, at Ballingcrieff, Tuxedo Park, until they return to 449 Park Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Meservey, who passed the Summer in Europe, have taken an apartment at 840 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Henry A. Griffin and her daughter Miss Mary Danforth Strange are at the Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pelham Robbins are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. Pendleton Rogers in Tuxedo Park.

George Ledlie left New York yesterday to pass several days with Dr. and Mrs. W. Seward Webb at Shelburne House, their country place in Shelburne Farms, Vt.

Mrs. Winthrop McKim and her daughter Miss Harriet Whitman McKim, after an absence of nearly a year in Europe and the East, have joined Mr. McKim at their home in Tuxedo Park.

Mrs. Reginald de Koven and Mrs. William F. Sheehan are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Farwell in Syosset, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien are for several days at Harbor Hill, Roslyn, L. I., with her father, Clarence H. Mackay.

Charles W. Hanford is among the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Insley Blair at their villa in Tuxedo Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Thorpe have returned from Lawrence, L. I., to 15 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mrs. Benjamin B. Thayer gave a luncheon at Sherry's yesterday, and among her guests were Mrs. John D. Ryan and Mrs. Cornelius F. Kelly.

Mrs. Walter J. Salmon gave a luncheon at Pierre's yesterday, her guests including Mrs. Marjorie Ocitrichs, Mrs. George F. Vietor, Mrs. James C. Ayer and Mrs. Ward Stackpole.

The Rev. Cannon Weldon Myer and Miss Gertrude Myer have come from Washington, D. C., and are at the Lorraine. T. Jefferson Coolidge of Boston is also at the hotel.

Mrs. Charles E. Van Vleck Jr. gave a luncheon yesterday at the Marguery for Mrs. Edwin Sherman, who is sailing for Italy on Wednesday. Mrs. Clinton Gilbert Jr. and Mrs. John W. Kiser were among the luncheon guests of Mrs. E. Clarence Jones.

Viscount Rochefoucault, Viscount Deserville, Ivan Patcevitch, former Serbian Minister, Miss Aileen Flannery and Mrs. Alice Durham were among the luncheon guests of Mrs. Ernest A. Ingram yesterday at the Lido Venice. Miss Belle da Costa Greene gave a dinner there last night for Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cortland of London, who are staying at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Llewellyn Barry has come from Bar Harbor, where she passed the Summer, and is at the Plaza for the Winter.

Sir Lionel Earle, who has been at the Plaza for a fortnight, sailed early this morning on the Olympic for his home in London. Alfred G. Vanderbilt gave a farewell tea in his honor yesterday.

Emerson McMillan 3d has taken an apartment for the Winter at the Park Lane.

GRAND DUCHESS CYRIL OF RUSSIA COMING

Granddaughter of Late Queen Victoria to Lecture in New York on Russian Relief.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—When one hundred prominent women met at the home of Mrs. Robert Lansing today to listen to her report on the work of relief among the Russian refugees, it was learned that the Grand Duchess Cyril of Russia will arrive in New York Nov. 29. She will be accompanied by a small suite and during her short stay in New York will be the guest of the Waldorf-Astoria.

The Duchess will give one or two informal lectures in New York in connection with the work for Russian relief which is under the patronage of Mrs. Henry E. Loomis of 59 East Fifty-sixth Street.

An effort will be made to have the Duchess come to Washington, where the former Committee on Russian Relief, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Robert Lansing, although officially abandoned, is still contributing to the work among the refugees.

This Grand Duchess, who some persons in Europe are coming to regard as a possible future Empress, is not only the wife of the heir-apparent to the throne, but a daughter of the late Duke of Edinburgh and granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria. She was born in Malta forty-eight years ago and was married to her husband, a first cousin of the Czar, Oct. 8, 1905.

The Princess Cantacuzene will also appear on the lecture platform in the coming Winter, having recently concluded a contract to appear in a number of cities. The Princess Cantacuzene is now with her mother, Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, but returns to Florida next week to remain until taking up her work on the platform.

BELASCO ART SALE.

Total Received in Five Days Is $27,485.

The last but one of the six-day sale of the Belasco collection yesterday at the American Art Galleries brought $5,543.50, the total to date being $27,485. Mrs. George S. Meeker bought three items, Nos. 1,289, 1,440 and 1,490 of the catalogue, for $150, $120 and $240, respectively. The first includes two carved and polychromed Italian Renaissance style cpahelli, lavishly carved; the second, two sculptured French plane-tree statues by Coysevox, made between 1640 and 1720; the third, No. 1,490, is a Louis XVI. style carved and painted bedroom suite, a day-bed, dressing table, boudoir table and chest of drawers.

Dr. Ratnaff paid $140 for No. 1,363, a small fringed and braided crimson damask pouch, and a 16th century Italian crimson velvet mat embroidered in gold thread and colored silks. R. Gilchrist paid $100 for No. 1,493, a dark-stained mahogany Chickering concert grand piano, on three heavy-scrolled, carved legs.

Today, early American prints, brasses, hooked rugs, textiles, lithographs, Japanese, French, Flemish and Italian arms and armor; British and American drums and banners; flags, harps, ikons, mirrors, tables, clocks screens, chairs and other furniture will be offered. The final offering will be a large screen, with panels painted by Jan van Beers, on an oak stand. The paintings are small landscapes, some signed in full, others with initials. A wrought-iron electrolier surmounts the column and has reflectors for illuminating the paintings. It is nearly eight and one half feet tall and originally was from the Yerkes collection.

Public Service Appointment.

Former Alderman Jacob W. Friedman was appointed assistant secretary of the Public Service Commission yesterday, succeeding the late Frank A. Redmond.

APPRAISAL REVEALS HOW WEINBERG DIED

Rich Cotton Goods Merchant Jumped From Window in a Fit of Insanity.

HAD SHOWN NO WISH TO DIE

His Will Leaves $356,199 Estate to the Widow, to Whom He Had Previously Given $182,000.

The death of Nathan Weinberg, wealthy cotton goods merchant, at the Lenox Hill Hospital on Sept. 4, 1923, was caused by his jumping from a window of his room on an upper floor of the hospital while temporarily insane, the appraisal of his estate showed yesterday. He left an estate of $356,199, and prior to his death had made gifts of $182,000 in securities to his wife which were not taxed as part of the estate.

The circumstances of Mr. Weinberg's death were set forth in affidavits filed with the State Tax Commission because in the case of gifts made within two years of death it is necessary for the heirs to prove that they were not made in contemplation of death.

The papers in the case showed that Mr. Weinberg was one of the four large stockholders of the Cohn-Hall-Marx Company, cotton goods merchants, of 93 Franklin Street, and drew $28,000 a year salary. His 16,803 shares of stock was appraised at $375,267, based on the sale of the stock to his associates, Louis F. Hall, Lawrence Marx and Jacob W. Schwab, who with him owned 110,000 shares.

Mrs. Julia L. Weinberg, the widow, in an affidavit concerning her husband's gifts to her, said he died at the age of 39 years and had always been in good health. He went abroad in the Fall of 1922, but was called home by his partners to assist in reorganizing the business. He suffered a breakdown in the Summer of 1923 but "made no threat of self-destruction."

Arthur J. Cohen, one of the executors, said that he and Mr. Weinberg had had a conference in May, 1923, at which time Mr. Weinberg was in excellent spirits and gave no indication of suicidal intentions."

Dr. Max Rosenthal, who attended Mr. Weinberg after his breakdown, said he was of the opinion that his death was self-inflicted in a fit of temporary insanity, "although," said Dr. Rosenthal, "it was possible that he arose in the night, and, while half asleep, walked out of a window, thinking it was a door."

The will gave $25,000 in cash and the residuary estate to the widow, and on her death the $329,382 residue goes to two sons and a daughter.

MISS ANNE MORGAN RETURNS FROM FRANCE

Jean Patou Brings From Paris Several Unpublished Letters by Lafayette.

Miss Anne Morgan returned yesterday from Paris on the French liner France, and said she had been over there in connection with her work as the Chairman of the American Committee for Devastated France. "Now I have come back for my Winter's work here," she said.

Another passenger on the France was Jean Patou, said to be one of the leading designers of costumes in the French capital, who will stop at the Hotel Plaza for three weeks, he said. He has a hobby for collecting historical documents. He has several unpublished letters written by Lafayette in 1780 when he was on the staff of the Continental Army to his cousin the Vicomte de Noailles which he intends to give to some American Institution. He has also forty-four toasts written in Lafayette's own handwriting and the marriage contract of his father, the Marquis de Lafayette, which is dated May 21, 1774, and several other documents relating to the voyage of Lafayette to America, also letters to the Marquis from Alexander Hamilton, James Fenimore Cooper and others.

Captain Louis Roch, the master of the France, said that the liner had encountered bad weather Tuesday and Wednesday which had delayed her three hours in arriving. She had 574 passengers.

ACCEPTS PAPAL TITLES.

Italy Gives Them Full Rank With Those Created by the Kingdom.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

ROME, Oct. 24.—The Council of Ministers today decided that all titles bestowed by the Pope since the fall of temporal power in 1870 or to be given henceforward shall be considered in every way equivalent to titles granted by the Italian Government.

The decision eliminates a great source of friction between the Vatican and the Government. The Holy See, in fact, had often complained of the state of inferiority, as compared to the nations, in which it found itself in Italy.

The decree provides that all Papal nobles, upon the payment of a simple fee, can have their names in the Golden Book of Italian nobility, thus automatically becoming members of the Italian nobility.

Worthy of notice also is the letter accompanying the decree sent to the King for his signature, which states that the decree is "dutiful homage paid to the universal moral sovereignty of the Pope in all Catholic countries irrespective of Government policies." A similar decree will soon be submitted to the Cabinet, recognizing all Pontifical decorations without any exceptions.

Brussels Balloon Crash Kills Two.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 24.—A military balloon, starting from the gas works near Brussels today, crashed against nearby buildings and caused two deaths. Captain Van Huysse, the pilot, lost his life when he was thrown to the ground, and his aid, Lieutenant Robert Mayer, fell to his death after he had succeeded in climbing to the cordage of the balloon until it had reached a height of 3,000 feet.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Ort Reconstruction Fund, 103 Park Avenue, will give a luncheon to editors and publicists at the City Club, 55 West Forty-fourth Street, next Tuesday. The work of the organization for the relief of the Jewish people in Eastern Europe will be discussed. A conference of leading Jews on the same subject will be held at the home of Adolph Lewisohn, 881 Fifth Avenue, on Sunday, Nov. 9.

The annual meeting of the Academy of Political Science will be held at the Hotel Astor on Nov. 14, when the subject of discussion will be "The Future of Prices at Home and Abroad." A dinner will follow. Samuel McCune Lindsay is President of the organization. Albert Shaw and Paul M. Warburg are Vice Presidents, and George A. Plimpton Treasurer.

George Creel will lecture on "The Nude in Politics" at the Town Hall, West Forty-third Street, next Thursday evening. Under the management of Louis F. Alber, Mr. Creel will begin shortly a coast to coast tour, giving lectures in the style of "Uncle Henry," his name in blame connected with a series of articles in Collier's Weekly.

DOHENY TESTIFIES ON FALL'S $100,000

Oil Man Repeats on Stand in the Government Suit That Money Was a Personal Loan.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 24.—Edward L. Doheny, head of the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company, repeated today in Federal court here his story of how he gave $100,000 to Albert B. Fall, former Secretary of the Interior, as a personal loan just as he told it to the Senate Investigating Committee.

Doheny testified in the Government's suit to cancel Elk Hills naval reserve oil leases and contract to his company, which, the Government charges, were granted in a conspiracy to defraud.

Owen J. Roberts of Government counsel read the transcript of this Doheny testimony, following the Government victory yesterday when Judge P. J. McCormick overruled objections to it by Doheny's counsel, after Doheny and his son had refused to testify on the ground that it was their constitutional right to safeguard their testimony for use in the trial of criminal indictments returned against them by the Federal Grand Jury at Washington.

The transcript of Doheny's testimony before the Senate committee revealed details of the passing of the $100,000 in cash to Fall at Washington after it had been taken from New York to Washington by Doheny's son, Edward L. Doheny Jr. in a little satchel.

Government counsel read from the Senate committee records into the records of this suit Doheny's statement that he expected to make no profit from his first lease of April 25, 1922, for drilling part of naval oil reserve No. 1, and for constructing a 1,000,000 barrel storage capacity at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii. Following this came his admission that he estimated possible profits at $100,000,000 from the second or supplemental contract of Dec. 11, 1922, providing for the drilling of the remainder of No. 1 reserve and increasing the Pearl Harbor storage capacity to 4,200,000 barrels.

His statement that he was ready to throw up this $100,000,000 possibility if it would clear his friend Fall of suspicion also was presented in evidence.

The Court heard from the written testimony presented at Washington Doheny's declaration that Fall had not conducted the oil lease negotiations, but that these had been carried on by Admiral J. K. Robison, Dr. H. Foster Bain, Chief of the Bureau of Mines, A. W. Ambrose, petroleum technologist of the bureau, and J. J. Cotter of the Pan-American Company.

This was followed by the oil man's declaration that in case Fall eventually was unable to meet the $100,000 note he intended to put the former Secretary of the Interior in charge of the Pan-American's Mexican interests and thus give him a salary from which he could repay the obligation.

Edward C. Finney, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, appearing as a Government witness, testified that Fall, entering office on March 4, 1921, instructed him in a letter fourteen days later to provide him (Fall) with information concerning the naval oil reserves.

Owen J. Roberts, chief Government counsel, then called attention to an Executive order of May 31, 1921, entered in evidence two days ago, in which the Department of the Interior was authorized to act for the Navy Department in the leasing of land in the naval oil reserves.

Finney occupied the witness stand the greater part of the afternoon, and when not testifying was identifying letters and communications that passed between the Navy Department and the Department of the Interior relative to naval oil reserve leases and the construction of the Pearl Harbor (Hawaii) fuel oil base.

JACKIE COOGAN GETS THANKS OF LEAGUE

Secretary General Gives Him a Letter Praising American Co-operation in Relief Work.

GENEVA, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—The machinery of the League of Nations stopped for five minutes today because the entire personnel insisted on catching a glimpse of Jackie Coogan, diminutive American film star, who was received into the League headquarters by the League's Secretary-General, and thanked for his efforts on behalf of Greek and other Near East refugees who are under the care of the League.

When the official reception was terminated, Jackie insisted on two things: being photographed under the commemorative tablet to President Wilson, and on seeing the League's St. Bernard watchdog which, Jackie said he had heard, receives one franc a week out of the League budget.

Sir Eric gave Jackie a letter praising the American people for coming forward with their accustomed speed and generosity to help the refugees and thanking the American Government and American relief organizations for their interest. The Secretary-General added: "Your children's crusade should serve as an eloquent example to the future generations of all nations, who will carry on the great work of international cooperation and good-will for which the League exists."

Sir Eric asked the young film actor to take back to the United States a message of appreciation on behalf of the League for the work which he, in cooperation with the Near East Relief, had carried on so successfully.

KOCHENDERFER EXPLAINS.

Tells of Affidavit Used by Littleton in Attacking La Follette.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—William M. Kochenderfer, assistant manager of the Lafayette Hotel of this city, explained today how he came to make an affidavit which was read by Martin W. Littleton in his New York speech Wednesday night to show a connection between the La Follette Presidential movement and the Communist organization in the United States.

According to Mr. Kochenderfer's statement, he went to the La Follette headquarters in New York to collect a hotel bill from John Schwarzkopf, whom he identified as an associate of Martens and Nuorteva, official envoys of the Communist Soviet Government of Russia, who had stopped at the Lafayette.

The statement made by Mr. Kochenderfer today says:

"Kochenderfer made the affidavit on Oct. 14 last at the request of the Burns Detective Agency. The Burns agency had notified the Hotel Lafayette that they knew the whereabouts of John Schwarzkopf, who was indebted to the hotel in the amount of $222.

"The affidavit is correct as given out, but Kochenderfer did not know what use was to be made of it when he was making the same.

"The action taken by Kochenderfer at the time of making the affidavit resulted in Schwarzkopf having the debt liquidated the following day."

Hosts to Duke and Duchess of Alba.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will give a large dinner at their home, 640 Fifth Avenue, on Tuesday evening for the Duke and Duchess of Alba, who arrived at the Ritz-Carlton yesterday from Philadelphia, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Widener. Today they will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt at their place on Long Island. The Duke and Duchess of Alba will sail for their home in Spain on next Wednesday.

Celebrates Twentieth Anniversary.

The Ecole Maternelle Française, at 246 West Twenty-eighth Street, will hold a reception this afternoon in celebration of the twentieth anniversary of the founding of the institution. The President, trustees and patronesses of the organization will be present to meet those who are interested in the work of caring for, feeding and instructing the children of working mothers.

STUYVESANT WILL ENDOWS HOSPITAL

Residue of $1,800,000 Estate to Go for Memorial on Death of Heirs and Descendants.

SEVERAL RELATIVES NAMED

Brother and Sister Get Life Interest in Property Left by Catherine, Who Died on Oct. 1.

The will of Catherine E. S. Stuyvesant of 3 East Fifty-seventh Street, filed for probate yesterday, directs that the residue of an estate estimated at more than $1,800,000 go toward the establishment of the "A. Van Horne Stuyvesant Memorial Hospital" upon the death of her brother and sister and their descendants. Miss Stuyvesant was a direct descendant of Peter Stuyvesant, the last Dutch Governor of New Amsterdam.

A sister, Anne W. Stuyvesant, and brother, Augustus Van Horne Stuyvesant, who are both unmarried and past middle life, will each receive a life interest in the residuary estate. On the death of one the survivor will get the income from the entire estate, which will in turn pass to their descendants. Upon the death of their descendants or in case of no descendant the money will be used to erect and endow the hospital.

The will directs that the hospital fund be combined with any money left for the same purpose by the sister or brother, and administered as a unit by St. Luke's Hospital. The nature of the medical work to be done in the Memorial Hospital will be determined by St. Luke's with the approval of the trustees of the estate, who are Lucius H. Beers, Edward S. Laffey and Franklin Lord Partridge.

The sum of $250,000 goes to an uncle, Campbell Steward, upon the death of any survivor of the Stuyvesants, or to his descendants per stirpes. Three cousins, Dorothy P. Pillot, Rosalie Stuyvesant Pillot and Anna A. Smyly, receive $10,000 each. Two friends, Mrs. Marie Redd of 528 West 123d Street and Albert J. Baumgard, get $5,000 each.

Servants employed in the Stuyvesant household for five years or more get $300 each; for ten years or more, $500, and for fifteen years or more, $1,000.

Miss Stuyvesant died at Newport, R. I., Oct. 1 last. Her will is dated June 2, 1919.

TIRPITZ'S NEW BOOK ASSAILS KIDERLEN

Late Foreign Minister's Private Life Discussed—Expected Sensations Lacking.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Oct. 24.—All Nationalist papers today published extracts from von Tirpitz's new book which will be out in a few days. The extracts, however, seem to indicate the book will not be so sensational as von Tirpitz's promise to tell the "whole, naked, unbiased truth" led people to think, though he severely criticises a number of persons, especially the late Minister of Foreign Affairs von Kiderlen Wächter and others.

Von Tirpitz says Kiderlen intrigued against him in a most shameless fashion. He calls him the most impudent man he ever knew, his impudence being only surpassed by his ignorance about England and anything English.

Tirpitz relates that at Chamonix Kiderlen stopped at a hotel with a Russian lady whom he registered as his wife. The French, he says, soon found out who the lady was and photographers turned up and photographed the pair.

"The Matin prepared to publish an extra number about the scandal," continues von Tirpitz, "and our Ambassador in Paris, Baron von Schön, had to pay an enormous sum of money to buy up the article before it appeared, where upon type, pictures and plates were destroyed."

Von Tirpitz states that Kiderlen's correspondences with the above mentioned Russian lady, who belonged to the diplomatic circle, fell into French hands and some of its contents came to his knowledge through Beldiman, Rumanian Minister to Berlin. In his correspondence Kiderlen told the Russian lady "she was the only diplomatic authority he recognised and before her he would condescend to justify his diplomatic policy, while he cared nothing for criticism in the German newspapers."

The correspondence and literary remains of Kiderlen-Wächter, which were published last Summer and reviewed in The Times Book Review of Aug. 3 contain many bitter and some insulting references to former Grand Admiral von Tirpitz. Kiderlen strongly opposed the naval policy of von Tirpitz as calculated to bring on war with England with which country he was anxious to cultivate good relations.

LEFT WRANGELL WILLINGLY.

Russians Say They Removed Wells and Eskimos at Own Request.

PETROPAVLOVSK, Kamchatka, Siberia, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—After a tempestuous voyage the Soviet Russian transport Red October arrived here today from Wrangell Island with Charles Wells of Uniontown, Pa., survivor of the expedition which Vilhjalmur Stefansson took to the island a year ago, and with twelve Eskimo members of the expedition, who are American citizens.

Professor Davidov, chief of the Russian expedition, explained that Wells and his Eskimo companions were taken off the island because they had no desire to remain and because they had no permit from the Soviet Government to live or hunt there.

According to Professor Davidov, Wells and his companions attempted to flee when they caught sight of the red flag over the island, fearing they would be cast into prison or executed. Their alarm was dispelled, however, when the Soviet officials assured them they did not intend to harm them.

Trouble With Soviet Averted.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—While the Government here is not concerned about what flag flies over the island, it might have become involved over the forcible detention by Soviet authorities of American citizens in view of the circumstances, there is no disposition here to follow up the incident in a diplomatic or in any other way.

ROBBED WHILE THEY DINE.

Two Families, in Harrison and Rye, Lose Their Jewels.

While Charles A. Miller, retired Secretary of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, and Mrs. Miller were at dinner Wednesday evening, in their Highland Road home at Harrison, N. Y., porch climbers entered a bedroom and escaped with jewelry and money valued at $10,000, it was learned yesterday.

The previous evening, under almost identical circumstances, the home of a son, Charles G. Miller, on Grand Avenue, Rye, N. Y., was robbed of $4,000 in valuables. The police searched for fingerprints but failed to find any.

Prince Colloredo to Lose Estates.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

PRAGUE, Oct. 24.—The large forest estates of Prince Colloredo Mannsfeld in Czechoslovakia are being confiscated under the Land Reform act. Princess Colloredo Mannsfeld is a former Miss Leslie of New York. The estates will be used as an artillery practice ground.

DE VALERA IS ARRESTED ON ENTERING ULSTER

Seized as He Appears in Newry to Address a Political Gathering.

NEWRY, Ireland, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Eamon de Valera, the Irish Republican leader, today kept his word that he would accept the challenge of the Ulster Government, which some time ago forbade his entering certain Ulster areas under pain of arrest.

Today de Valera came to Newry to address a political gathering, but was arrested on reaching the entrance to the Town Hall, where the meeting was held.

The entire vicinity of the Town Hall was cordoned by police, and an armored car also was there. Mr. de Valera, by the simple expedient of removing his horn-rimmed spectacles, was able to walk unhindered through the cordon, but when he reached the entrance to the Town Hall he was surrounded by policemen and taken to the police barracks.

Up to this time no civilians had been permitted to enter the hall, which was entirely in the possession of the police, but after Mr. de Valera was taken into custody the people were permitted to go inside and the meeting proceeded, somewhat noisily.

Scenes of confusion ensued when Mary MacSwiney, with other speakers, entered the hall and began to speak. Their speeches were frequently interrupted by Orange songs, catcalls and groans.

Before the meeting ended, copies of a statement signed by Mr. de Valera were thrown from the platform upon the table occupied by the newspapermen.

In the statement Mr. de Valera said he was going to Newry to address his constituents and to insist on his right of citizenship. Evidently the statement had been prepared in anticipation of his arrest.

Mr. de Valera was elected a member of the Ulster Parliament for County Down in 1921, but did not take his seat, and the Ulster Government some time ago forbade his entering certain of the Ulster areas, one of them being County Down.

SHENANDOAH COMING OVER NORTHERN ROUTE

Airship Is Due at Lakehurst This Evening by Way of Little Rock and Dayton.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 24.—The navy dirigible Shenandoah, in the last lap of its return trip to Lakehurst, N. J., after a transcontinental flight to the Pacific Coast, was traveling over the Central South tonight in a northeastward direction headed for the air mail route at Dayton, Ohio, and thence to its home port.

The giant craft early in the night passed over the Ozark Mountains in Central Arkansas and pointed its nose toward Southeastern Missouri, where the Mississippi River was to be crossed for a journey over Kentucky and into Ohio.

Communication with the Shenandoah was established early tonight by the radio station here of the Mississippi-Warrior Air Service, but difficulty was experienced in picking up messages from the aircraft. At 7 o'clock the Shenandoah reported its position "over the Ozarks."

Hot Springs reported the airship passing at 7:09 P. M. and Little Rock at 8:30. Little Rock is approximately 300 miles from Fort Worth, where the Shenandoah cast loose from its mooring mast at 10:38 A. M.

5,000 IN ONE DAVIS CLUB.

It Is Composed of Brooklyn Women and Is Biggest of All.

The John W. Davis Club of Brooklyn, composed entirely of women, claimed the distinction yesterday of being the largest John W. Davis for President Club in the country, having passed the 5,000 mark in membership. It has attained this size in three weeks.

Jennie Melvene Davis, a teacher in the Erasmus Hall High School, is Chairman. The club is divided into sections—college women, business and professional women, first voters and homemakers. Mrs. George Notman, President of the Brooklyn League of Women Voters; Mrs. Franklin McGill, director of the French Department of the Erasmus Hall High School, and Sarah Stephenson, an attorney, are active in the leadership. The club is seeking 10,000 members before election day.

LOUIS E. BERTIN DEAD.

Naval Architect Was Creator of the First Modern Japanese Fleet.

CHERBOURG, France, Oct. 24.—Louis Emile Bertin, eminent French naval architect and creator of the first modern Japanese fleet, is dead, aged 84. He was born at Nancy. In 1903 he was elected a member of the Academy of Sciences.

John E. Wright.

LEES SUMMIT, Mo., Oct. 24.—John E. Wright, 64, at one time managing editor of The Chicago Evening Post and later managing editor of The St. Louis Times, is dead at his home here after a prolonged illness.

Mr. Wright, a cousin of Melville E. Stone, counselor for the Associated Press, was graduated from the University of Illinois in 1885.

Funeral services will be held here tomorrow and burial will be in Champaign, Ill.

Mrs. Henrietta Baldwin Morris.

Mrs. Henrietta Baldwin Morris, who died Oct. 17 at Florence, Italy, was the widow of Gouverneur Morris of this city, who died in 1897. He was a journalist and a grandson of the Gouverneur Morris of the Revolutionary period. Mrs. Morris had two children, a daughter, Henrietta Fairfax Morris, and a son, Gouverneur Morris, novelist and short story writer. Announcement of the death of Mrs. Morris was made here last night. The burial will be at Cleveland.

Dr. Charlton Reading Gulick.

Dr. Charlton Reading Gulick of 68 West Eighty-fourth Street died Thursday in St. Luke's Hospital. Services will be held at the hospital at 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Dr. Gulick was a member of the famous Princeton class of 1879, President Wilson's class.

Obituary Notes.

MRS. FANNY CUMMINS COX, widow of Rowland Cox, died Thursday night at her home in Plainfield, N. J., aged 74.

FRANCIS S. PAGE, wholesale lumber dealer of Boston, died yesterday in Hartford, Conn., aged 74.

JOHN G. SEARS, former Mayor of Owego, N. Y., is dead in Wichita, Kan.

WALTER M. FARNALD, business news editor of The Boston Transcript, died Thursday in Malden, Mass., aged 57.

Captain GEORGE E. ROWLAND of the steamer Priscilla of the Fall River Line, died Thursday night at his home in Providence, R. I., aged 56.

SIMON DENYS, baritone in the Paulist Fathers choir, died yesterday, aged 35, in St. Vincent's Hospital.

WILLIAM H. SAGE, 80, retired lumber merchant and philanthropist, is dead at his home in Menands, near Albany. Last February Sage Hall was dedicated at Yale University, a $300,000 gift from Mr. Sage in memory of his son, Dewitt Linn Sage.

FREDERICK H. BUTTON, lawyer, died yesterday at his residence, 11 West Fifty-second Street, aged 72. He was a Director of the Woodstock Hotel Company.

HENRY J. QUERIPEL, at 125 Sterling Street, Brooklyn, died Oct. 18 at Zephyrville, Fla., where he had gone for his health. He was 54 years old and a member of Ivanhoe Commandery, Knights Templar. Services will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at 889 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn. His wife and three children survive.

Engaged.

SONDHEIMER—DE VRIES — Mrs. Henry Sondheimer of 215 West 92d St. announces the engagement of her daughter, Maxine, to Frederick De Vries of New York. At home Saturday, Nov. 1, from 3 until 6 P. M.

Died.

AGTE—Suddenly, Oct. 23, 1924, Emma M. Agte, Principal of Henriette Szold Children's Aid Society. Funeral services at Olivet Memorial Church, 63 2d St., Saturday afternoon, 2:30

PICKS ROOSEVELT TO WIN BY 250,000

George K. Morris, State Chairman, Confident Colonel Will Defeat Governor Smith.

BUSINESS MEN AID HIM

Bishop Leonard of Anti-Saloon League Endorses G. O. P. Nominee After Elmira Speech.

On the eve of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt's arrival in New York City from his up-State speaking tour, George K. Morris, Republican State Chairman, predicted the Republican candidate for Governor would win the election by a plurality of 250,000 votes. His statement follows:

"Theodore Roosevelt will be the next Governor of New York. We confidently predict a plurality of a quarter of a million of votes for him. He returns today to New York City after a three weeks' whirlwind campaign in practically every up-State county, where he was received with such enthusiasm as no candidate for the office of Governor has ever before been given.

"He has taken the few Democratic strongholds up-State by storm. Republicans are for him to the last voter, and the great mass of independent voters who have been attracted by his sincerity and vigorous personality are with him.

"Colonel Roosevelt has carried on a clean and straightforward campaign. We are certain that the people of Greater New York, where he will conduct a vigorous campaign during the final days before election, will rally to his standard in such numbers that the plurality I have given seems conservative indeed."

Anti-Saloon League for Colonel.

Bishop A. W. Leonard, President of the New York State Anti-Saloon League, announced yesterday that he would support Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for Governor. The Anti-Saloon League had previously circulated statements attacking Colonel Roosevelt's stand on prohibition, and charging that his speech of acceptance was merely an attempt to deceive the "dry" voters, as the Colonel was still a "wet." Bishop Leonard announced that Colonel Roosevelt's Elmira speech, subsequent to the speech of acceptance, had won him over to the Colonel.

Bishop Leonard made his announcement in the following letter to Dr. J. R. Joy, editor of The Christian Advocate:

"I have wired Arthur J. Davis, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League as follows: 'Received authoritative statement that Theodore Roosevelt said in his Elmira address, "I shall recommend to the Legislature an enforcement act which shall place behind the law the officers of the State, counties and municipalities and shall arm the same." '

"In view of this I am recommending as President of the New York Anti-Saloon League that the league give Mr. Roosevelt its immediate and energetic support.

"Therefore, not only personally do I now give Mr. Roosevelt my support, but I gladly do so as President of the Anti-Saloon League."

Business Men Aid Roosevelt.

A committee of New York City business men has been organized, with headquarters at the Hotel Roosevelt, to assist Colonel Roosevelt's candidacy. The Chairman of the committee is Charles L. Bernheimer, President of the Bear Mill Manufacturing Company and a member of the Executive Committee of the State Chamber of Commerce.

Elon H. Hooker, President of the Hooker Electro-Chemical Company, is Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Business Men for the Roosevelt Committee. Other members are Lewis E. Pierson, President of the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company; William Loeb Jr., American Smelting and Refining Company; Stanley A. Sweet, President of the the Sweet-Orr Overall Manufacturing Company; Henry A. Mallinson, President of the H. R. Mallinson Company, silk manufacturers; Howard Elliott, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Northern Pacific Railway Company; George Debevoise, President of George Debevoise & Co., paint manufacturers; Thomas C. Desmond, President of the Desmond Contracting Company; Arthur G. Scribner, publisher; Franklin Remington, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Foundation Company; Charles H. Simmons, President of John Simmons Company, hardware manufacturers; William McCarroll, real estate; William Curtis Demorest, President of the Realty Trust Company; Thomas W. Slocum, President of Minott-Hooper & Co., cotton merchants, and Eversly Childs, President of Bon Ami Company.

COOLIDGE IS TOLD OF GAINS IN WEST

Telegrams Received at the White House Report Good Effects From His Speech.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—President Coolidge, according to a White House spokesman, believes the campaign is proceeding satisfactorily and is encouraged as to the outlook by the developments of the last ten days. White House advisers say that the tide has set in strongly for the Republican Party and that the Western States which showed revolting tendencies last November are now counted safely in the Republican column.

Reports received at the White House today were to the effect that Coolidge would obtain such a commanding vote as to elect a Congress with a satisfactory majority and permit him to carry out his policies not hampered, as he is in the present Congress, by the antagonistic groups in the Republican Party led by La Follette.

Telegrams received at the White House today commenting on the President's speech last night said that it was well received in the West. The reference made by the President to relief for farmers and the necessity to put them on an equality with other producers had a stimulating effect in the wheat belt States, some of the telegrams received stated.

President Coolidge may make a few more speeches of a political nature before Election Day to committees scheduled to call on him, but his last extended speech was that delivered last night.

Although invited to spend a vacation of three weeks in Florida after the election, the President has decided to remain in Washington, except for a trip to Chicago which he will take on Nov. 10 to speak at the opening of the cattle show. He is also hopeful of being able to attend the Army and Navy football game, provided he can do so without interfering with his Chicago engagements.

Reports on business conditions in the West, as well as the political situation, were brought to the President today by several of his visitors. Thomas D. Campbell of Montana, who is reputed to be one of the largest wheat growers, told the President that the improvement in the price of wheat had given confidence to the farmers that a steady and prolonged period of prosperity was ahead. He said that Montana would elect Republican electors.

MAN IN CHAINS A SUICIDE.

E. H. McHenry Says His Son Threatened to Die That Way.

Special to The New York Times.

TROUT RUN, Pa., Oct. 24.—An elderly father, describing his son's dementia, today abruptly halted investigation into the death of Henry Handy McHenry, 31 years old, of Armore, whose clothed skeleton was found on Thursday chained by the neck to a tree on the top of Green Mountain, near here.

McHenry was a Yale graduate and his father was a former Vice President of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad.

Belief that a murder had been committed was swept aside when F. H. McHenry told the County Coroner he had been living in fear that his son would end his life in this manner. No inquest will be held.

His son's mind, shattered in war service, had gradually developed an all-consuming desire to die chained to a tree, somewhere in the wilderness, the father said. The son's repeated threats to encompass his death in this way kept the family in constant dread, causing them to have him committed to asylums at two different times, he added.

NEW FRENCH ENVOY NAMED.

Cabinet and President Approve Daeschner for Washington Embassy

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—At a Cabinet meeting today the appointment of Emile Daeschner as Ambassador to Washington in succession to M. Jusserand was approved and the appointment was later signed by President Doumergue.

M. Barnet, at present French Consul General at New York, has been promoted to the grade of Minister, and will be transferred to Riga.

M. Liébert, head of the information service in New York, will be head of the legation at Havana.

Among other appointments confirmed is that of Count Charlese de Chambrun, formerly Charge d'Affaires at Washington and a descendant of Lafayette, to be Minister at Athens.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements received until midnight. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Lost on dining car No. 421, train No. 4, Cleveland to New York, Oct. 23, black satin leather bag, lined in red leather, containing, small leather box with jewelry; liberal reward on return Cashier, Hotel Biltmore.

BAG, black doctor's, containing instruments; reward. Dr. Pincus, 2,108 Vyse Av., Bronx.

BANK BOOK NO. 14857—Return Chatham & Phenix National Bank, 57th St. and 3d Av.

BANK BOOK 3818—Return to Pacific Bank, 7th Av., at 49th St. Reward.

EYEGLASSES in aluminum case, from Commodore Hotel to 5th Av. Main 0622.

LATCH KEY, with good luck piece on end Tuesday. Murray Hill 5556. Reward.

OVER-NIGHT BAG—Black, Thursday, front of 890 Riverside Drive. Return Supt. Reward.

PURSE—Lady's pleated black silk, monogram M. B.; reward. Erskin, Regent 1956.

ROLL BOOK from 63d to Carnegie Hall, probably left in taxi. Anne Wolter, Carnegie Hall. Circle 8175. Reward.

SUITCASE—Tan, initials M. W. M., dropped from taxi between 49th Av. at 44th St. and 72d and Central Park West, probably in park; reward for return. Call McNally, 15 West 44th St. Vanderbilt 1881.

SUITCASES (two), taken by mistake from 10 East 53d St.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Tel. Plaza 2971.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN lost, platinum, sapphire and diamond, between McCutcheon's, Schwartz toy store and Waldorf-Astoria Hotel; liberal reward. Apply Cashier, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, 34th St. and 5th Av.

DIAMOND onyx setting, Manhattan Opera House, Oct. 23; reward. Chelsea 0573, Cooke.

DIAMOND RING, on the Concourse, between 175th St. and 180th; finder return and receive reward. S 174 Times.

NAVY PIN, triangular, U. S. N. A., 1922; reward. Hart, Navarre 2014.

NECKLACE—For the return of pearl necklace, diamond lorgnette chain and diamond guard ring to Darling & Co., 44 Brick Church Place, East Orange, N. J., a liberal reward will be given and no questions asked.

PENDANT, diamond platinum; liberal reward. 472 Park Av.

PIN, oval, platinum, diamond; Tuesday from Stamford to New York, or in city; reward. Telephone Carter, Stamford 1054.

PIN—Cameo, lost Friday, between Chambers and Battery Place; reward. Whitehall 0900.

RINGS—Two diamond rings in the ladies' room of the Lobster Restaurant Thursday evening at 6 P. M.; liberal reward. Endicott 7400, Suite 817.

RING—Diamond engagement, Tuesday, Oct. 21, I. R. T. subway; reward return. Rauch, 2,925 Mermaid Av. Coney Island 0813.

RING (coral), lost between library-145th subway; reward. Morris, 190 Wadsworth Av.

WATCH, Waltham, gold initialed on back "J.-MacC." Saturday afternoon, vicinity 79th St.; reward. Endicott 5300.

WATCH—Silver wrist, 52d St., 5th and 7th Avs., Thursday. Reward. Glenmore 9235-J.

$1,000 REWARD

for return of four pearls lost from necklace Oct. 18, between East 44th and 48th Sts.; proportionate reward for any pearl returned. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

REWARD—$100 for diamond bar pin, lost in Franklin Simon's on Sept. 19. Please write Anne Brown, Y 2067 Times Annex.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR SCARF, 2 animals, in checkered taxi, Thursday; reward. 135 Central Park West, 7 north. Endicott 1150.

NECKPIECE—Small mink, early Friday afternoon between 45th St. and Lord & Taylor; reward. Rhinelander 0682.

FOUND.

PEARL NECKLACE, on street, New Haven, Saturday, Oct. 18, diamond set in platinum clasp. Telephone 1007 Stamford.

14 East Sixtieth Street

A Distinctive Residential Apartment Hotel

Near Plaza Entrance to the Park, opposite the Metropolitan Club, in the very social center of New York. Furnished artistically, and conducted at a standard commensurate with its established prestige and location. The moderate charges enable a careful selection in our clientele. Yearly leases and reservations now being made.

C. M. BELLAK
Plaza 3500

From the Founder's Writings

In Order to Learn to Judge

one must begin by knowing.

All this great business, the growth of sixty years, would be in jeopardy were it not for the good judgment and care we exercise in selecting merchandise which we allow to be submitted to the people whose tastes and likings we have studied and cultivated.

The Wares and Articles That Please Us

are required to meet standards that our experts have learned by long and close relations with our patrons for a lifetime.

We prefer to miss sales than to have inferior qualities, doubtful fabrics or such articles that we have by experience proved to be undesirable.

Any one has a right to keep a store. Newspapers generally will print any advertisement offered.

If you know the people whose names and practice guarantee what you get, all is well.

(Signed)

John Wanamaker

Fine Footwear

For Growing Girls

$7

Made to our rigid specifications on lasts that successfully combine *chic* with absolute comfort.

Wing tip oxfords of tan calfskin.

One-strap tailored pumps of tan calfskin.

Buckle-trimmed strap pumps, with cut-out sides, of patent leather or black suede.

Opera pumps of patent leather.

These shoes—sizes 2½ to 7—are all made with well rounded toes and low, flat heels.

First Floor, Old Building

Children's Hosiery

At 75c—our $1.50 grade. Imported wool golf hose, in brown, gray and tan mixtures. Sizes 7 to 8½.

At 95c—our $1.40 to $1.90 grades. Imported Derby ribbed cotton stockings, in black, white and cordovan. Sizes 6 to 10½.

Underwear

At $1.25—our $1.75 grade. Natural cotton union suits, heavy weight, with long sleeves and in ankle and knee lengths. Sizes 6 to 16.

At $1.95 and $2.95—our $2.25 to $4 grades. Cotton-and-wool union suits. Duchess neck, elbow length sleeves, knee length. High neck, long sleeves, ankle length. Not all sizes in each model.

Third Floor, Old Building

THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 — Store Hours: 9 to 5:30

EXPANDING WANAMAKER'S — EXPANDING AMERICAN TRADE — EXPANDING PROSPERITY

Today—Best Day to Save On Your FURNITURE

Best because then the home-makers come in together and make unhurried selections. From such great groups of furniture. Such fine furniture! At such great savings.

LIVING-ROOM SUITES—Third Less
From $185 for a $275 suite to $998 for a $1,498 suite

DINING-ROOM SUITES—Half
From $187 for a $374 suite to $1,750 for a $3,500 suite

BEDROOM SUITES—Half
From $212 for a $424 suite to $845 for a $1,690 suite

Bring your problem to the Little Home Budget Staff, and learn how you can buy this furniture—and pay as you enjoy it during the Winter months. Fifth and Sixth Galleries, New Building

Three Prize Groups for TODAY

These Oriental Rugs

Added to the great sale of Oriental Rugs, these Saturday offers are indeed unusual. Not many at each price—so come early for the prizes.

50 Hamadan Mosoul Rugs, $17.50
Average size 2.6 x 4.6 feet. Grade $28. These are unwashed, just as they came from the looms.

50 Persian Herez Rugs, $29.50
Average size 3.6 x 4.6 feet. Grade $45. These are in geometrical designs; soft shades of colorings.

20 Persian Serapi Rugs, $189
Average size 9 x 12 feet. Grades $250 and $275. Some larger—a few smaller. Some of these are washed and some are unwashed.

Third Gallery, New Building

Exchanged Upright PIANOS As Low as $95

SALE BEGINS TODAY

Decker & Sons	$ 95	Hardman	$165
Lord & Co.	$ 95	Mason & Hamlin	$195
Haines Bros.	$ 95	Emerson	$210
Lurch	$110	Cable & Sons	$215
Wilson	$110	Pease	$215
McPhail	$115	Doll & Sons	$225
Hallet & Davis	$115	Auerbach	$225
Walters	$125	Jacob Bros.	$225
Opera	$125	Stuyvesant	$265
Imperial	$125	Henschel	$295
Decker Bros.	$135	Chickering	$295
Cote	$135	Lindeman	$310
J. & C. Fischer	$135	Armstrong	$315
Decker & Son	$145	J. & C. Fischer	$395
H. Waters	$145	Steinway	$545
Martin Bros.	$145	Steinway	$560
H. Waters	$150	Steinway	$585

Terms $5 a Month Up

First Gallery, New Building

Sample Sewing Machines—Less

Style	Regular Price	Sale Price	Style	Regular Price	Sale Price
Vibrating Shuttle	$41.75	$30	Vibrating Shuttle	$70	$55
Vibrating Shuttle	$50	$40	Rotary Shuttle	$78	$60
Portable Electric	$55	$42	Vibrating Shuttle	$78	$60
Vibrating Shuttle	$55	$44	Vibrating Shuttle	$85	$68
Rotary Shuttle	$59	$44	Automatic Chain Stitch	$119	$90
Western Electric	$70	$55	Rotary Electric	$122	$95
Rotary Shuttle	$72	$55			

Extended Terms of Payment

Seventh Gallery, New Bldg.

TODAY'S NEWS IN THE FASHION SALONS

Street and Afternoon Frocks For Miss 14 to 20

are the new silk or woolen weaves

$39.50 and $59.50

The simplicity and charm that mark the season's tremendous success of Chanel and Patou have influenced many of the frocks in this collection.

The two-piece silhouette in twill frocks; the slenderest types of one-piece frocks in twills, reps and the important Kasha weaves. The straight-line frocks with fullness from the knees in satins and crepes; the tunic silhouette in fascinating silk frocks.

All the details of the mode which Miss 14 to 20 has accepted as her own in the new mode are interpreted with exquisite charm and skill. And all the colorings which are sponsored for the day time are to be found here.

Fine Furs on Cloth Coats, $49.50 and $65

Soft pile woolens and the very smart half and half tone woolen in coats with muskrat collars at $49.50.

The new suede velours and soft pile velvety fabrics in coats with collars and often cuffs of fox, beaver or Hudson seal (dyed muskrat).

Second Floor, Old Building

Pearl Necklaces

In the New Long Length

$1.50

For the $2.50 Grade

60-inch necklaces of small pearls, well matched and of a uniform size. Pearls, you know, are now being worn by smart women with all types of costumes.

Street Floor, Old Building

To MONSIEUR JEAN PATOU

The Eminent Parisian Couturier

The Wanamaker Store extends its greetings and compliments upon his arrival in New York—aboard the S. S. "France."

* * *

It is a coincidence that the Head of our Paris House who also arrived on the S. S. "France" brought with him a trunkful of Monsieur Jean Patou's latest models.

Short Fur Coats at $95

Because the short fur coat is the important choice of so many women for trotteur wear at this time of the year, the Fur Salon has specially prepared for this event.

BROWN CARACUL
SILVER MUSKRAT
DARK BROWN MUSKRAT

Coats with collars and cuffs of their own furs or collars of contrasting furs.

Second Floor, Old Building

Women's Fine Hats

In a Great Choice of Smart Fashions

Our $10 and $12 grades . . } **$8**

An important dispersal of hats from our own Salon collection. Mostly individual or a few-of-a-kind models, but every approved type is included from the square crowned hat whose importance in the mode needs no further comment to graceful large capelines.

Velvet and hatter's plush—the materials used by every important modiste this season—in soft reds, gray, beige, lovely browns, navy blue and black.

Second Floor, Old Building

Women's Sheer Silk Stockings with Lisle Tops, $1.35

For the $1.85 Grade

Stockings of a clear, even weave, with lisle tops and feet. Black and a wide assortment of the new shades smart women are choosing for daytime and evening.

With Silk Tops, $1.85
For the $2.50 grade

One of our most successful stockings—silk from top to toe—that features a carefully interlined garter top. In the wanted new street and evening shades.

1,200 Pairs of Silk Stockings, 95c pr.
ariables of $1.65 & $1.85 grades

Sheer and medium weight silks, in gray, brown, black and a limited choice of the new light colorings.

$3 Silk Top Union Suits, $2.15

Bodice top union suits of mercerized lisle with heavy glove silk tops. Pink only. Sizes 36 to 44.

Cotton-and-wool Union Suits, $2.45
For the $3 to $4 Grades

Low neck, sleeveless, ankle length union suits of a fine quality cotton-and-wool mixture—an excellent Winter weight. Sizes 36 to 44.

Street Floor, Old Building

SILKS and VELVETS

$1 to $5.50 yd. for $2 to $11 grades

All kinds of silks and velvets in practically every color in lengths for frocks, lingerie, linings, negligees, pillow tops, lamp shades and other interior decorative purposes.

Street Floor, Old Building

Stamped Morning Frocks

Semi-made—our $2.25 grade . . . . . } **$1.50**

Delightful simple frocks, for women and misses, fashioned of fine quality voile in an effective tiny checked design. Rose, French blue, peach and orchid with white, stamped very clearly in six attractive new patterns for simple embroidery.

5-Pc. Luncheon Sets, $1.25
The $2.25 grade

54-in. luncheon cloth with four 5-in. napkins. White, or unbleached muslin, stamped very distinctly in two simple new designs.

Stamped Linene Frocks, 65c
For the $1.25 grade

Beige, peach and brown linene, stamped flat in three unusual patterns.

First Floor, Old Building

Youths' Four-piece Suits, $29.50

For the $40 Grade

Sturdy all wool cheviots and herringbones hand-tailored and hand-finished to Wanamaker specifications. Four-piece suits in three button collegiate and two-button Prince of Wales models with golf knickers and long trousers; with two pairs long trousers. Double-breasted models with two pairs long trousers only. The herringbones in tans and grays; the cheviots in tan, London lavender and powder blue. Sizes 33 to 38 for youths of 17 to 22 years.

Third Floor, Old Building

Step-In Drawers and Envelope Chemises

$2.95, $3.95 and $4.95

For the $3.95, $4.95 and $5.95 Grades

Every garment is fresh and new, made especially for us of superior quality crepe de chine, and all lavishly trimmed with real laces.

There are step-in drawers and chemises at each price—11 models in all—with a complete range of sizes in every style. Trimmings include real filet and real antique filet, point d'esprit, Valenciennes edging and insertion, petit point in color and embroidered net. Every garment amply cut, and all of the same superior quality crepe de chine.

Flesh and peach in every size and style. All the other petal tints in the collection. Sizes 36 to 44.

Main Aisle, Street Floor, Old Building and Third Floor, Old Building

WANAMAKER Shops for Men

Your Topcoat is Here at $38

American-made—$50 to $60 grades
British-made—$50 to $75 grades

All from our own fine stocks of clothing. Single-breasted box coats. Raglan shoulder slip-ons. Double-breasted box coats. Oxford Chesterfields. Oxford box coats. Tweeds. Cheviots. Homespuns. Coverts. Shetlands. In a plentiful size range.

Best Ties we've seen at 65c

They should be fine, for they are the $1 and $1.50 grades. And they are so well made! Such a host of patterns! Such firm, heavy silks! Scores of patterns here and wide choice of colorings in the different patterns. Only 3000 of them—the product of a maker who wanted to show us—and you—just what fine ties he could make for little prices.

Broadcloth Shirts, $1.70

They're going like hot cakes, these white broadcloth shirts in neckband style. They're well-made, they're of heavy, lustrous broadcloth, and they're a decided bargain at the price. All sizes.

Shirts and Drawers, $2.75 ea.

Which is just Half Price

Imported shirts and drawers of cotton and wool in medium weights. Ankle length drawers. Shirts with long sleeves. Natural color only.

Cotton Union Suits, $2 to $2.75
Cotton and wool Union Suits, $3.50 to $7
Silk and wool Union Suits, $10.50

SPECIALIZED SERVICE—STREET FLOOR—NEW BUILDING

GEN. WU DISMISSED; CHINESE CABINET OUT

President Tsao-Kun Takes Action, Probably Under Pressure of Feng.

HE IS CLOSELY GUARDED

His Secretary Faces Execution and Others Are Reported Under Surveillance.

BOTH SIDES SEEK PEACE

"Christian General," Dictator of Peking, Picks Envoys—Chang Stops Fighting.

PEKING, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—President Tsao Kun issued a proclamation at 8 o'clock this morning, ordering the immediate cessation of hostilities and dismissing Wu Pei-fu, commander of the Peking military forces, from his present post.

In dismissing Wu Pei-fu, the President appointed him "chief commissioner for the development of Koko-nor." (The Koko-nor district is in Northeast Tibet near the large salt lake of that name.)

Both the Chihli and Mukden forces were ordered by the President to remain at their present positions. The post of commander-in-chief of the expeditionary forces, held by Wu Pei-fu, was abolished, and Wang Cheng-ting, Civil Governor of Chihli, and General Feng Yu-hsiang, Christian General now in control of the Central authority, were instructed to take charge of the troops at Shanhaikwan.

The remainder of Feng's troops have reached Peking, giving him command of more than 40,000 men. The Presidential bodyguard has been disarmed.

The Cabinet resigned tonight after countersigning the mandate of the President ordering a cessation of hostilities.

Tsao-kun today was reported still in the precincts of the National Palace, located in the Imperial City, all the approaches of which are strictly guarded.

Feng has ordered the execution of General Li Yeng-cheng, Private Secretary to President Tsao Kun, after General Li had been questioned today concerning charges of wholesale financial irregularities.

It was reported that Feng and his conferees had drafted a list of officials to be held under surveillance. The list included Wang Ke-min, Finance Minister; Kao Ling-wei, Minister of Commerce, and Wu Yu-lin, Minister of Communications.

Premier Yen was reported to have been arrested while hiding under a house.

TIENTSIN, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Local Chinese here fear the possible consequences of a debacle of the Chihli troops on the Shanhaikwan front, as Tientsin lies across the natural route of the retreat, which unconfirmed reports declared already has begun. British troops were leaving Lofa, about thirty miles northwest of here, today by rail in an effort to re-establish train service into Peking, cut yesterday under General Feng's orders. An American army detachment left here for Tangshan, eighty-two miles to the northeast, to reinforce the American troops already on duty there, assisting in the guarding of the railway and bridges.

Our Marines Mount Guns on Wall.

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PEKING, Oct. 24.—General Feng Yu Hsiang's coup d'etat, wherein he took Peking in the early hours of Thursday, was the result of the cooperation of twenty Generals, comprising most of the second and third armies, leaving to General Wu Pei Fu only a third of the original force fighting the Manchurian drive.

The intention of the leaders is to come into the open slowly and remove the President and Parliament, installing instead a council, headed by Tuan Chi Jui, former Premier and head of the Anfu Party.

The numerous orders for arrests of Cabinet members is causing the Legation quarter to become filled with influential Chinese, with the foreign troops forming cordons at the barriers. American marines have mounted machine guns on the Tartar wall facing Chien Men Tower, wherein General Feng has mounted a heavy guard.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Representatives of General Feng Yu-hsaing, "the Christian General," have been sent to the field commanders of the armies of General Chang Tso-lin with a plea for an agreement to effect an armistice, according to an Eastern news agency dispatch from Mukden, relayed here through Tientsin. They included Wang Kwai-chine, commander of the Third Chihli Army; Mat Chien-piao, Peace Commissioner for Lihsi and Jehol, and Hu Ching-yi, commander of the First Division of Shensi troops.

Wu Pei-fu has taken to sea, what troops he could from his contingents at Shanhaikwan and intends to establish a new base, probably at Tsichow, Shantung Province, on the Tientsin-Pukow railway, according to a seemingly reliable report from Tientsin.

The report declared that General Wu and a considerable portion of his army withdrew from Shanhaikwan to Chinwangtao, the near-by port, late last night, and said the belief was that they had boarded Chinese war craft and transports in Chinwangtao Harbor. Their destination was given as "Shantung."

Chang Stops Fighting.

MUKDEN, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Ending of the war with the Chinese Central Government was officially announced in a communiqué issued at the headquarters of Chang Tso-lin here at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Retreat of Central Government armies at Shanhaikwan had been cut off, it was declared.

JAPAN SENDS FORCE INTO NORTH CHINA

Cabinet Rushes Two Companies of Infantry and Two Destroyers There.

By WILFRID FLEISHER.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TOKIO, Oct. 24.—The Japanese Cabinet met in extraordinary session last night to consider the situation arising from the coup d'état at Peking and decided to immediately despatch two companies of troops from Port Arthur to Shanhaikwan and Chinwangtao, to protect Japanese nationals and interests in the event of the possible disintegration of Marshal Wu Pei-fu's army, which, it is considered, would constitute a menace in Chihli Province.

Orders were immediately sent to Lieut. Gen. Shirakawa, commander of the Japanese forces in the Kwantung leased territory, and the troops to be sent will be under Major Gen. Yoshioka, commander of the Japanese garrison in China.

It was also decided at the Cabinet meeting to send two destroyers to Tientsin from Port Arthur. General Kawai, Chief of Staff of the Army, called at the Palace this morning to submit the decision of the Cabinet for the signature of the Prince Regent, who immediately granted his approval.

There are indications that the Peking coup d'état was known by officials of the Government in Tokio several days ago, and that the measures now decided upon were previously contemplated. Japanese newspapers in the last few days have announced that the Government had adopted definite plans for the protection of its interests in China, and it seems that the decision reached at the meeting last night was only to give effect to the previous arrangements.

The news of the entry of General Feng Yu-hsiang into Peking reached the Foreign Office in an official dispatch at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, and the members of the Cabinet, who were attending a dinner given by Premier Kato to prominent business men of Osaka, were hurriedly summoned to a conference at the official residence of Baron Shidehara, the Minister of Foreign Affairs. The Cabinet met at 7:30 P. M. and remained in conference until 10 o'clock last night. Baron Shidehara made a report on the situation and the Minister of War acquainted the members of the Cabinet with the latest dispatches received by the War Office. The following official statement was issued today:

"The Japanese Government has been taking measures of precaution against any possible developments in China. A sudden change was brought about in the situation when General Feng Yu-hsiang suddenly occupied Peking on Oct. 23, cutting Peking off from communication with other cities. Wu Pei-fu's base has been taken, and although this does not settle the outcome of the Chihli-Mukden war, it threatens defeat for the Chihli army, which may be forced to retreat. Shanhaikwan, Chinwangtao and other neighboring cities are not well protected by Japanese troops, and anxiety is being felt for the safety of Japanese residents in these localities as well as in Tientsin. Two companies of infantry belonging to the Sixth Division have been ordered to Shanhaikwan and Chinwangtao. Two destroyers will also be dispatched from Port Arthur. Instructions to send these troops were issued by the Government this morning."

It was stated at the Foreign Office today that the dispatch of troops to China was made necessary because Japan maintained only a small force in China—totaling 590 men—which was inferior to the number maintained by both the United States and Great Britain. The troops will be supplied from the regular forces maintained in the Kwantung territory, and no mobilization will be carried out in Japan. Officials declared that the new measure adopted does not indicate a change of policy toward China and that Japan will continue to observe non-intervention as long as Japanese nationals and interests are respected.

Dispatches from Mukden indicate that Mukden funds served to bring about the defection on General Feng, and that a sum equivalent to $700,000 United States currency was recently sent to Tientsin for this purpose.

Little fear is entertained here concerning foreign residents there, as it is believed that General Feng is able to maintain peace and that the various legation guards are sufficient to guard the foreign nationals. Concern is felt for the residents of outlying districts where no military protection is afforded. Assistant Chief of Staff Gato called at the American, British, French and Italian Embassies this afternoon and informed them officially of Japan's decision.

FRENCH SEE GAIN FOR JAPAN.

Think Peking Coup Helped Her—Also Watch Britain.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—The French view of the situation in Peking is that Japan has gained an undoubted advantage in the international chess game. From official and other information the belief is forming that Tuan Chi-jui will help Feng to form the Peking region, Manchuria and Eastern Mongolia into a compact and stable bloc, and that if there is no foreign intervention he may even be able to establish order in the rest of China.

The whole question now lies in the possibility of the necessity of outside interference. The Matin takes the view that the mobilization of the British Mediterranean fleet at Malta was called with an eye on the Far East and not the Near East.

It is known that the Soviets are actively preparing what forces they have on the eastern frontier for an unknown purpose, while the interest of America is self-evident.

Looking at the march of events from this distance, the French are inclined to believe that the Chinese are actuated only by a desire for peace, but like every other power involved in Far Eastern entanglements, they are suspicious of the attempt which may be made by any one power to organize the enormous forces of China to its exclusive profit.

JEWS ENTER MEXICO.

Group Barred Here Waits Below Border for Later Rulings.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 24.—A group of Jewish colonists from Austria, Germany, Russia, Rumania and Bohemia, refused admission to the United States, have come to Mexico. Their expenses were advanced by a Hebrew synagogue in New York. It is said they will remain here until admission to the United States is arranged.

The colonists say they came to Mexico because of statements made by General Calles, President-elect, that he personally favored Jewish immigration.

A second group, now held at Ellis Island, New York, will also be brought to Mexico. Jews in New York City have promised to pay all their expenses until they are entitled to enter the United States.

6 RUSSIAN PEASANTS TO DIE.

Soviet Convicts Them of the Slaying of a Red Newspaper Man.

NIKOLAIEV, Russia, Oct. 24.—Six persons have been sentenced to death here for the murder of a village newspaper correspondent of the name of Malinovsky, who, as the representative of Soviet newspapers, accused the village administration of anti-Communist activities.

The case attracted nation-wide attention because, throughout Russia at the present moment, peasant and workingmen correspondents are being bitterly attacked and even threatened with death for keeping the central authorities informed of local soviet activities.

Bulldog Gives Fire Alarm; Dies Trying to Find Master

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 24.—Flash, a bulldog owned by Barney Manzolini, a woodchopper of Monterey, a small South Berkshire town, saved the lives of Mrs. Manzolini and six children in their burning home today and then perished in the flames in a vain attempt to find his master, who was in Pittsfield at the time.

Flash was asleep in the kitchen when the fire started, and his loud barking awoke Mrs. Manzolini and the children, who escaped just before the roof fell in.

CITE HELEN GOULD'S MARRIAGE PAPERS

Point Out Signatures of the Family to Show It Endorsed Match With Shepard.

GEORGE AGAIN IS ATTACKED

Counsel for Duchess of Talleyrand's Children Seeks to Prove He Let Estate "Hold the Bag."

Lee Miller, counsel for the children of the former Anna Gould, now the Duchess of Talleyrand, cross-examined Edwin Gould all day yesterday before Referee James A. O'Gorman in the hearing in the accounting suit over the $82,000,000 estate of the late Jay Gould, in an effort to show that George Gould allowed the estate to "hold the bag" in connection with various underwriting enterprises.

It was George Gould's practice, Mr. Miller charged, to turn over to the estate such securities as he had engaged to underwrite and, later, was unable to dispose of and was, therefore, personally responsible for. George argued, Mr. Miller said, that the estate was "morally responsible" to relieve him of the burden in such instances. During the four hours he was on the witness stand, Edwin at no time admitted that he believed his elder brother had done anything culpable.

In his testimony in the proceedings, which led to his being removed as trustee, George Gould had said he had conferred with his brothers regarding the $29,000,000 Missouri Pacific Railroad bond issue in which estate funds were largely invested. Edwin said yesterday that he could remember no such conference and that he was in Mexico when the matter came up. He thought it entirely likely, he testified, that the secretary of the estate had written him concerning the situation. Edwin said that he had had a high opinion of the bonds.

Estate Took $7,000,000 Worth.

It was brought out that the estate took $7,000,000 worth of the securities. George took $9,000,000 worth personally and Mrs. Finley J. Shepard invested $1,000,000, leaving $12,000,000 worth outstanding.

"Wouldn't it surprise you," asked Mr. Miller, "to learn that on two other occasions when your brother George entered underwriting syndicates he took practically no risk, for, when the public failed to take the bonds, the estate stepped into the breach?" Edwin said that it would.

"Do you recall," Mr. Miller asked Edwin, "hearing George say, 'The Missouri Pacific needs money, but I feel the estate is as far committed as it ought to be under the circumstances. I will advance the money and when the estate has more funds it will take the matter off my hand'?"

"I do not," said Edwin.

Edwin was questioned regarding an investment of $1,581,157, which the estate made in the securities of the International & Great Northern Railroad Co., which included a cash loan of $365,000. He said that the estate took over 97,513 shares of the stock at par, paying $487,000, and that this gave them practical control of the road. He admitted that subsequently no dividends were paid.

"My sister Helen thought that the property could be built up if our brother Frank were put at the head of the company," Edwin said. "She believed the road could be made as successful as the Missouri Pacific."

It developed from the testimony that, beginning in 1903, the company failed to pay interest on the loans and that interest charges of $473,000 were charged back to the estate as principal and paid out in cash.

"Did you know, as a trustee and life tenant, that you were receiving out of the principal of the trust estate this amount of interest in cash?" Mr. Miller asked.

"I don't remember."

Frank and Anna, it developed, objected to the payment from the estate and demanded that the entire amount of their incomes from the trust fund be paid, threatening court proceedings if the trustees failed to meet their wishes.

Marriage Certificate Shown.

The marriage certificate of Helen Gould and Finley J. Shepard was produced at the morning session to prove that the union could not have violated the restrictions made in Jay Gould's will that none of his children should marry without the approval of a majority of the trustees. The certificate was signed by George J. Gould, Anna, Edwin, Howard, Frank, Sally C. Gould, Duncan Gould and Edith M. Gould. The wedding, Edwin said, was on Jan. 22, 1913.

The trial will be resumed at 10:30 o'clock next Wednesday at the office of Taylor, Knowles & Hack, 165 Broadway.

FATHER KILLS HIMSELF WHERE DAUGHTER DID

Reputed Son of New York Millionaire Found Dead in Pacific Coast Home.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—Frank R. Chambers, said to be the son of a millionaire New York clothing manufacturer, shot and killed himself tonight in his store in Burlingame, a fashionable suburb, where only a few weeks ago his daughter, Mary Louise Chambers, committed suicide.

On Oct. 7 Mary Louise Chambers, 18-year-old daughter of Mr. Chambers, killed herself by poison in Burlingame, Cal. The police said that they had information that she was a drug addict.

Another story was that she killed herself because her mother and father had separated. Mr. Chambers was stated to have obtained a divorce from Louise Chambers on July 20 in Portland, Ore.

ENRIGHT PRAISES Y. M. C. A.

Also Advises Brooklyn Children to Join Boy Scouts or Girl Scouts.

Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright praised the work of the Y. M. C. A. in developing the highest type of American manhood and asserted that new Y. M. C. A. buildings would materially aid the police in diminishing the number of injuries received by children playing in the streets in an address yesterday before the "Boys' Thousand Club" of the Bedford branch of the Y. M. C. A., Bedford Avenue and Monroe Street, Brooklyn.

The Commissioner spoke at the second of a series of "Boys' Afternoons" now being held there every Friday in connection with a drive to erect a new boys' building for the Bedford branch on Gates Avenue, between Nostrand and Marcy Avenues.

"I am not here soliciting for future policemen, but I would like to say before I leave that I think it a grand thing for the boys and girls of this city to join the Boy Scouts or the Girl Scouts," said Mr. Enright. "They will find more moments of pleasure in these grand organizations than any place they may try to go. These organizations give the boy and girl a good moral perception. More organizations like these, and we will have no more bad boys or girls. Now I ask that every one of you boys here try and join the Boy Scouts."

Robbers Steal Car, Boy and $40,000 in Gems In Philadelphia, Leave Lad and Escape

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24.—Bandits today made off with a jewelry salesman's motor car and a fifteen-year-old boy watching it, drove to the northern part of the city, transferred jewelry valued at $40,000 to another machine, and sped away.

The boy, Walter Smith, was found sobbing in the stolen automobile, which is owned by S. E. Dickson, agent for the J. R. Wood Company, a New York jewelry firm. Dickson parked the car at Thirteenth and Master Streets to avoid traffic congestion and asked Smith to watch it for him. Soon afterward, Smith told the police, two men threatened him with a pistol, hurled him into the back seat of the car and drove off.

At Venango Street, Smith said, another car drew alongside and the men transferred the jewel cases to it and climbed in themselves. The missing jewelry, according to Dickson, consists of pearly necklaces and women's diamond rings.

Rawson L. Wood, a member of the firm of J. R. Wood & Co., 51 Maiden Lane, said last night that no report of the robbery had been received at the firm's office. "We have a representative in Philadelphia by the name of Dickson," Mr. Wood said, "but we have not heard from him." The loss, he added, would be partly covered by insurance.

4 MURDERERS HANG IN MONTREAL JAIL

Go to the Gallows at Dawn for Killing Bank Messenger in $160,000 Theft.

"GO EASY," PLEADS ONE

Another Pens Message to God and His Daughters—Two Others Get Life Sentences.

MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—Four men at dawn today paid the penalty on the gallows in the Bordeaux jail for the murder of Henry Cleroux, a bank messenger, last April after the robbery of a collection car of the Bank of Hochelaga. Two other men who were also sentenced to die escaped the hangman's noose by a last-minute commutation of their sentence to life imprisonment.

The men hanged were Louis Morel, Frank Gambino, Giuseppe Serafini and Tony Frank. The sentences of Mike Valentino and Leo Davis were commuted.

Louis Morel and Frank Gambino were hanged at 4:56 o'clock. Giuseppe Serafini and Tony Frank followed them to the scaffold three minutes later. Gambino's last words on the scaffold were addressed to Executioner Ellis, whom he enjoined to "go easy."

Morel Gives Out a Statement.

Mass was said for the condemned men shortly before they walked to the scaffold. All the men spent the hours immediately preceding the execution in prayer. They had a light lunch at midnight. Morel wrote two letters, one to his daughters and one for publication in the newspapers after his death. The letter penned with a steady hand by the ex-detective in the gray prison cell and headed with the words, "For the Journalists," follows:

"To My Creator:—I offer you my death in a spirit of reparation for all the sins of my life. Lastly, I offer you my death as an act of perfect love, as a last act of love for earth. I pardon all and I implore the Holy Virgin to appease the anger of God and to preserve Nieri from eternal malediction."

(Nieri was a suspect who turned King's evidence.)

Gambino was pinioned first because he was in a state of collapse. The last rites of the Roman Catholic Church were given the men at the scaffolds. With the crucifix held to his lips by the priest and his eyes riveted on it, Morel went at his side. Morel stared steadfastly ahead until Gambino had been plunged to his death. Church bells near by sounded 5 o'clock shortly after Morel had dropped through the scaffold.

Meanwhile, in the jail, the wife and mother of Tony Frank sat in an automobile near the big entrance to the jail. At times the sound of their weeping could be heard from the jail courtyard. Earlier in the evening Mrs. Gambino made her last visit to her husband.

The letter written by Morel to his daughters was made public. It was as follows:

"To my children: I write you my last thoughts before leaving this earth. My heart is torn with grief and remorse at the miseries I have caused you. I beg God to keep you and I also pray to Him to prolong your lives and to keep your souls and your hearts charitable. It has been since giving me the eternal kiss. I love you, my children, and I pray to God to bring you peace in Heaven."

On April 1, when eight masked men held up the limousine of the Bank of Hochelaga, killing Cleroux, they seized $162,000 and fled, followed by a hail of bullets. Their automobile crashed into a telegraph pole.

Seven of the robbers fled, but the eighth, Harry Stone, a narcotic smuggler, was killed. Buried in the ruins of the machine was found $40,000 in cash.

Within twenty-four hours the police arrested six men and two women and announced that $6,000 found on the suspects had been identified as being part of the bank loot.

ANDERSON MAY SERVE YEAR.

Parole Board's New Rule May Apply Also to His Case.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Oct. 24.—Through the refusal of parole to five first offenders the State Board of Parole disclosed a new rule at Sing Sing today, which requires a prisoner to be there at least one year and which, if not rescinded or suspended specially for him, will keep William H. Anderson, former State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, in prison three months longer than he anticipated.

If the board adheres to its new policy, several prisoners, including Anderson, who had expected to be out before Christmas will spend the holidays in prison. When Anderson was locked up in Sing Sing seven months ago today, it was announced that, if he behaved and did his work, he would be eligible for release Dec. 24, after nine months of imprisonment.

When James L. Long, the Superintendent of State Prisons and one of the members of the board, was asked if the new policy would be enforced against Anderson or whether an exception would be made in his case, he replied:

"I don't know yet. I would not care to talk about his case until it is reached by the board."

CLERGY FOR STATE PARKS.

Bishop Manning and Rabbi Krass Favor $15,000,000 Bond Issue.

The State Council of Parks announced yesterday that the $15,000,000 bond issue for the extension and development of the State parks in a comprehensive and unified plan had been approved by the Right Rev. William T. Manning, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of New York, and the Rev. Dr. Nathan Krass of Temple Emanu-El.

"The State parks bond issue has my fullest support," wrote Bishop Manning. "The extension of our State park system is of the highest importance for the health and welfare of the people of this great State and city now and in the future. I hope that the bond issue for this purpose will be overwhelmingly supported by our citizens at the coming election, and I believe that it will be."

Dr. Krass said:

"I am heartily in favor of an extension of our State park system, in order that the masses of our population may have suitable and wholesome outdoor places of recreation."

Cardinal Patrick J. Hayes of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New York had previously endorsed the bond issue.

MAYOR ANSWERS ATTACK ON BUDGET

Denies Citizens Union Charge That He Has Scrapped the "Pay-as-You-Go" Policy.

CHANGED TO AID SCHOOLS

Head of Child Welfare Board Calls Browne's Accusation "Cowardly and Unjust."

Mayor John F. Hylan made the following reply yesterday to the criticism of the 1925 budget offered by the Citizens Union:

"The Citizens Union in a statement given to the press and appearing in THE NEW YORK TIMES of today's issue stated among other things the following:

"'* * * For debt service the appropriation has jumped from $75,600,000 in 1918 to $103,500,000 in 1925, an increase of $27,900,000, or over 35 per cent. This is due to the Hylan scrapping of the pay-as-you-go policy.' * * *

"This is another example of misinformation on the part of this organization. The pay-as-you-go act has not been scrapped. If that organization's adviser would refer to the budget for 1918 he would note that $3,700,000 were included therein for tax note redemption, which notes are issued under the pay-as-you-go act and are redeemed in the budget of the year succeeding their issue; and then by reference to the proposed budget for 1925 he will find that for the very same purpose the appropriation is $7,000,000. If this act had been scrapped the story would be reversed.

"The pay-as-you-go act was amended, and this was done when the Board of Estimate appealed to Governor Smith to except from the pay-as-you-go act the cost of constructing new schools, otherwise there would have been no new schools constructed. Since 1918, and more particularly since the pay-as-you-go act was amended, $180,000,000 have been authorized for the construction of new schools, with the result that thousands of new school seats are being added monthly for the use of school children, and nothing has been done during this period to 'Garyize' the schools, as many would like this Administration to do.

"The bonds so issued are for a term depended upon the minimum life of the improvement for which interest and redemption charges are so included in the budget. By reference to the budget he will note that for redemption of bonds and interest thereon he will find an increase of $5,000,000 over last year, which is due largely to this construction program.

The Mayor also distributed a prepared statement in which he criticized what he regarded as the attitude of indifference on the part of certain newspapers whose editors had commented unfavorably upon the magnitude of the new city budget. He said that although invitations had been sent out over the radio, through newspaper advertisements and by other public notice not more than a half-dozen people appeared at the public hearings to offer suggestions on the budget.

The Citizens Union issued another chapter of its critique upon the budget, in which it said in part:

"In striking contrast with the increase of $100,000,000, or nearly 100 per cent. made by the Hylan Administration in the the payroll cost of the City Government in the seven years during which it has been in office is its niggardly appropriation for food and other supplies to Bellevue and Allied Hospitals.

"Notwithstanding the increased cost of such commodities and all others since 1918, which the Administration makes the basis of its budget defense, the appropriation for food supplies to Bellevue for the proposed budget for 1925 is $510,000, or $31,500 below the appropriation of $541,500 made for the same purpose by the Mitchel Administration for 1918. In the year the number of patient days was 781,283, and the number estimated for next year is 784,002. In other words, while the number of patients to be fed next year is estimated at only 1 per cent. below the number in 1918, the money made available for feeding them next year is 6 per cent. below the appropriation in 1918, in spite of the fact that every article of food costs substantially more now than it did in 1918, unless the quality is to be inferior.

Father William A. Courtney, President of the Board of Child Welfare and pastor of St. Stephen's Church, in East Twenty-eighth Street, one of the largest parishes in the city, characterized as "cowardly and unjust" the charges made on Thursday by Stewart Browne, President of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, to the effect that money paid to widow beneficiaries was diverted to the buying of drink. Addressing the Board of Estimate in its session for consideration of the budget Father Courtney said:

"It is very strange that out of a $400,000,000 budget Mr. Stewart Browne can only see $6,000,000 going to poor widows, and he wants to deprive the widows of that $6,000,000."

ONTARIO DRY BY 39,879.

Majority May Go Higher—Move for Local Option in Cities.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 24.—Returns from 6,522 sub election districts out of a total of 7,322 counted at 10:30 o'clock tonight show a "dry" majority of 39,879 in the Ontario liquor plebiscite. The vote was 541,008 for continuation of the Ontario temperance act and 501,124 for Government control.

For the Temperance act 477,324, for Government control 447,157. Virtually all of the subdivisions yet to be heard from are in rural districts, and it is generally conceded that the dry majority will continue to mount to higher figures as the returns are completed.

The women's votes, especially in the rural districts, constituted the principal deciding factor in the balloting in favor of the Temperance act. Their votes reversed the lead of the wets in virtually all of the larger towns and cities.

The New York Times regrets the necessity for the omission of 8 columns of advertisements from today's issue.

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

CRAIG POINTS WAY TO RUN CITY BUSES

Tells Mayor Municipal Assembly Has Power to Authorize a System.

PROPOSES FOUR BILLS

Declares Home Rule Act Makes an Appeal to the Legislature Unnecessary.

Controller Charles L. Craig sent a letter to Mayor Hylan, which was read at yesterday's session of the Board of Estimate, in which he informed the Mayor and his fellow-members that, without any further enabling legislation in Albany, they had within their grasp the power, if they chose to use it, to inaugurate a system of municipally owned and operated bus lines.

The Controller attached to his letter copies of four bills which, he proposed, be sent immediately to a specially called meeting of the Municipal Assembly, which consists of the Board of Estimate as its upper house and the Board of Aldermen as its lower branch. Should that body, which the Mayor himself is generally supposed to dominate in most city affairs, pass the four bills, Controller Craig holds that, under the broad powers already conferred upon the city by the Home Rule act, it will be possible almost immediately to inaugurate a city-wide network of municipally owned and operated bus lines without the need of further appeal to the State Legislature in so far as concerns limitations upon the city's prerogatives.

Controller Craig's letter was heard in silence. It was then referred to Corporation Counsel George P. Nicholson for an opinion upon its validity in its legal aspects. Pending his study of the points made by the Controller, Mr. Nicholson declined to express an opinion yesterday upon their merit.

Four Bills for City Buses.

Controller Craig's letter, which is under yesterday's date and addressed to Mayor Hylan, follows:

"I have delivered to the Clerk of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment branch of the Municipal Assembly, four bills providing for the operation of municipal buses by the City of New York.

"The first of these bills amends the Greater New York charter by designating the Board of Estimate and Apportionment as the body which shall be authorized to establish municipal bus routes and prescribe the conditions of operation and approve the rates of fare and character of service.

"The second bill amends the charter by providing for the operation of such buses by the Commissioner of Plant and Structures under such terms and conditions, rates of fare and character of service as may be sanctioned by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

"The third bill amends Section 1,458 of the Greater New York Charter so as to except the City of New York from those who are required to have a franchise for the operation of buses on the streets of the city.

"The fourth bill amends a provision of the Transportation Corporations law, which, in terms and effect, applies only to the City of New York. The amendment excludes the City of New York from the provision that it shall be deemed to be a common carrier, and as such subject to the jurisdiction of the Transit Commission in bus operations.

Court's Remark Cited.

"Much stress has been laid upon decisions made by the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals, to the effect that the City of New York lacked power to operate municipal buses. In the most notable of such decisions, rendered in an action brought by Edward Schafer, Mr. Justice Mullan, after expressing the view that it was a 'cause for regret that the City of New York has not been given greater power to work out its own destiny in the matter of transportation,' said:

"The proofs make it quite clear that some of the bus lines have rendered a noteworthy service and that in the case of several of the routes the buses have afforded transit service to the neighborhood and that there will be greatly in need of some kind of traveling accommodation when the bus lines now serving them shall be discontinued. Indeed, the court may take judicial notice of what is so generally known to those who live here, that many of these bus lines have supplied a justified demand for transportation, and that their discontinuance promises to work a serious hardship upon a considerable portion of a public that has shown marked forbearance under transit conditions so inadequate in some respects and so indecently bad in others as would be tolerated only by a patient people.

"It was in the light of these decisions and for the purpose of correcting the several restrictions that operated against the people in the cities of the State and in favor of the public utility corporations that the people of the entire State in the November election of 1923 overwhelmingly approved an amendment to the Constitution of this State, conferring home rule powers upon the cities. The Legislature, in obedience to the mandate of this Constitutional amendment, at the 1924 session, passed the City Home Rule law, which provides for a local legislative body for each city in the State, and which is known as the Municipal Assembly. While it is true, as some of the judges observed, before the change was made in the Constitution and the statutes, that municipal bus operation is a matter for legislation, it is also true that such legislation is now within the authority of the Municipal Assembly of the City of New York, for whose action I have prepared the bills above referred to, and copies of which are handed you herewith.

"The purpose of such consequence to the people of the City of New York that I feel entirely justified in requesting you to call a special meeting of the Municipal Assembly and to certify to that body the necessity for the immediate passage of such measures."

Attached to the Controller's letter were copies of the four bills. When the Board of Estimate and the Board of Aldermen, acting in their capacity as the Municipal Assembly, last met it was expected not to convene again until late next month. The Mayor, however, has it in his power to convoke that body in special session at will. It is that power which Controller Craig invokes in the final paragraph of his letter.

Two weeks ago Mayor Hylan first showed a disposition to swerve from his policy of municipally owned and operated buses "at home." He assented to the granting, at a 10-cent fare, of a franchise to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company for the operation of buses over the Grand Concourse in the Bronx. That action was followed by a flood of petitions that rolled in upon the Board of Estimate from individuals and corporations who wanted to operate bus lines.

By Oct. 22, when the first public hearing on the bus situation was held, crystallize the City Administration's policy. Fifty one-petitions for 250 bus lines had been submitted by thirty-seven private individuals and corporations. At last Wednesday's hearing the Mayor announced that the City Administration realized the inconvenience, if not the hopelessness, of waiting for the State Legislature to give it permission to operate buses and stood willing, if public sentiment desired it, to grant responsible corporations franchises for short routes and with recapture clauses included.

CHANCE LEFT $250,000.

Baseball Star Gave Bulk to His Wife Before Death.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 24.—Frank Chance, late leader of the Chicago White Sox baseball team, who died several weeks ago, left an estate valued at between $250,000 and $300,000, according to Karl Pancake, a brother-in-law.

While the amount involved in Chance's will as filed for probate a few days ago was around $30,000, he had transferred real estate and other items amounting to about $250,000 to Mrs. Chance.

Dr. Hussey Retires Bicycle Which Has Borne Her 25 Years

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Oct. 24.—The Oranges have looked for the last time upon the familiar spectacle of Dr. Mary D. Hussey astride the bicycle which she has used for twenty-five years in making her calls as a practicing physician and which served as her only means of local transportation. Dr. Hussey, who is known as "the dean of New Jersey suffragists," took it from its time-honored resting place on the porch near the door of her North Arlington Avenue home today and put it in honorable retirement in the loft of the barn behind the house.

She said that it would remain there a relic of a thousand associations of the days before motor cars made the highways risky for cyclists. Increasing timidity caused Dr. Hussey to forsake her wheel. She has not decided how she will get around hereafter, but she goes abroad little now, having retired professionally.

DAHL DENIES CITY WON IN B. M. T. SUIT

Assails Hylan for Interposing Technical Delays in $30,000,000 Damage Action.

DEMANDS SPEEDY HEARING

Either That, He Says, or Immediate Construction of the Nassau Street Line.

Gerhard M. Dahl, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation, sent an open letter yesterday to Mayor Hylan, in which he took exception to the opinion of Corporation Counsel Nicholson that the recent ruling of Judge Knox in the Federal Court in the action of the B. M. T.'s predecessor to recover $30,000,000 damages from the city is virtually a city victory. Mr. Dahl wrote in part:

"The decision of Judge Knox defeating the technical delays which you interposed to our suit to compel the City of New York to live up to its contract with us and, among other things, promptly to build the Nassau Street line, is an encouragement to the people of New York.

"Usually cities in this country live up to their contracts. It has remained for you to become the conspicuous leader of the policy of a great city boldly refusing to live up to the solemn terms of an agreement. During the six years that you have so loudly shouted about the contract obligation of the companies to carry people for five cents, which the companies have been continuously doing, you have openly defaulted on those obligations which were assumed by the City of New York in the same contracts.

"The suit to compel you to live up to this contract was instituted in April, 1923, by Mr. Garrison, who is then Receiver. Since that date you have used every technicality possible to delay the suit and to prevent its coming to trial on its merits. On a technicality you sought to get out of the United States Court and you delayed matters by appealing to the Supreme Court of the United States in May, 1924. The Supreme Court of the United States promptly denied your motion. Then you had your Corporation Counsel interpose other technical motions. You have now been defeated on the last of these motions. You know that you have no defense on the merits and therefore you resorted to delays and technicalities.

"Aside from the legal obligations of the city you must know that the Nassau Street line is the most important link in the existing subway system in New York. If the Fourteenth Street-Eastern line is completed and the Nassau Street line built, we can increase our service to ninety trains per hour through the De Kalb Avenue station, an increase of 50 per cent. on the Brighton and South Brooklyn lines. Have you any interest in improving the service to the people of Brooklyn? The next step is to try this out on its merits. Will you instruct your Corporation Counsel to cooperate with our counsel so as to obtain a speedy hearing? Or, preferably, will you proceed to build the Nassau Street line at once? It not—why not?"

2 SHOT BY BANDITS, BUT SAVE PAYROLL

Five Fight Pistol Battle in Broadway Building on Floors Above Passing Crowds.

Thousands of persons were scurrying along the west side of Broadway, between Fortieth and Forty-first Streets, on their way to work shortly before 9 o'clock yesterday when an armored car belonging to the Brinks Express Company of 149 Broadway drew up at the curb and stopped.

There were six armed messengers inside, and two of them, Franklin Good, 23 years old, of 67 Weirfield Street, Brooklyn, and John Callahan, 21 years old, of 400 East Eighty-fifth Street, got out with a wooden box containing the $15,000 payroll of the Otis Elevator Company, which had come from its office at 260 Eleventh Avenue. The money was for the 200 workmen engaged on various jobs about the city, and part of it was for the thirty-five men employed in installing elevators in the new twenty-five-story office building which is going up on the Broadway site.

The elevator company's office is in a wooden shack on the second floor, and Good and Callahan started up the stairs, carrying the box between them. About 600 men were at work in various parts of the structure. Their hammering, with the rattle of passing street cars and the backfiring of automobiles, combined in a discordant chorus.

As Good and Callahan reached the second-floor level and started toward the shack they saw a man stepped from behind a scaffold and, with leveled revolvers, ordered the payroll guards to throw up their hands.

"Like hell we will!" Good answered, and he and Callahan whipped out their automatics. The five men opened fire simultaneously. There is a half-finished corridor leading toward the elevator company office, and down this Good ran, with the payroll box under one arm, firing as he went. Two of the three bandits followed.

Near the door of the office Good dropped with a bullet through his left lung. Another bullet had shattered his right elbow as he fell with the box containing the money beneath him.

As soon as the shooting began, one of the bandits started for another stairway, leading to Fortieth Street. Callahan followed. The two men blazed away at each other. They were only a few yards apart and how both escaped being riddled with bullets is a mystery. They came together on the stairs and the bandit forced Callahan against the wall after a struggle. He fired twice, with his revolver only a few inches from the guard's face. One bullet smashed Callahan's nose and the other knocked out several of his teeth. He fell and his assailant escaped. The four other messengers in the armored motor-car outside knew nothing of the battle until it was over.

Good and Callahan were attended by Dr. Charlton, who answered an ambulance call sent to Bellevue Hospital. They were placed in adjoining beds, where they told the story of the attempted hold-up to detectives from the West Thirtieth Street station. It was said at the hospital last night that Good's condition was critical.

HYLAN TONES DOWN TRANSIT 'CHARGES'

Estimate Board Asks Governor to Oust Commission in Milder Terms.

DEATH

ALBANY GOES WILD IN GREETING SMITH

Twenty Thousand Men Parade as the Governor Ends His Up-State Campaign.

AND MORE HEAR HIM SPEAK

He Denounces Republicans as Obstructionists and Says Roosevelt Obeys Party Machine.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 24.—All previous demonstrations for Governor Smith in Albany were eclipsed tonight when citizens regardless of party turned out to welcome the Governor back to the capital and the Executive Mansion, on the completion of his swing through the State in behalf of his reselection. The local Democratic organization hired Harmanus Bleecker Hall, arranged a parade, in which 20,000 marched, and took care of the preliminaries, but it was the city as a whole that voiced its welcome.

Governor Smith practically ended his up-State campaign at Troy last night, when in the largest hall there he attacked the legislative record of Theodore Roosevelt, but it was here tonight that the campaign officially ended, when no fewer than 15,000 persons packed themselves hoarse in Harmanus Bleecker Hall and 10,000 more outside added to the cheering.

From the platform in the hall radio loud speakers carried the Governor's remarks to the outside crowd. With the Governor were Senator Copeland and the local candidates for State Senate and Assembly. Mayor Hackett presided, having been introduced by Edwin Corning, Chairman of the Democratic County Executive Committee. It was fifteen minutes before the Governor was able to still the audience and begin his speech.

The Governor made much the same speech as at Troy last night, keeping to Mr. Roosevelt's legislative record. He insisted that if elected his opponent would be controlled by the Republican machine and would have no mind of his own. He told of the record of the Republicans in the Assembly since he has been in office and declared that during Colonel Roosevelt's term he was as obstructive to good government as any other Republican.

Expresses Confidence in the People.

"Upon this record," Governor Smith said, "they are seeking a vote of confidence from the people of the State of New York. Upon the record of their candidate they are asking that he be put at the head of the Government of this State. I have sufficient confidence in the judgment and common sense of the rank and file of the people of the State of New York to be able to distinguish between constructive, forward-looking Democratic achievement and Republican machine politics."

After detailing Mr. Roosevelt's record while he was in the Assembly in 1920 and 1921, the Governor told of his party's record of obstructive tactics to this constructive program during the last two years.

"They insisted upon retaining the cumbersome and unworkable Council of Farms and Markets, solely and absolutely in the interest of Republican patronage," he said.

"They delayed for one year the passage of a bill for the regulation of automobiles, and permitted the slaughter of human beings to continue until driven by the force of public opinion to accept the measure in 1924.

"They stood against amendments to the child welfare laws that would permit the State to make contribution to localities for the care of orphan children.

"They stood against bills for the prevention of stream pollution for the protection of our fish hatcheries and the restoration of our oyster industry. They listened to the wail of big business interests that use the public streams of the State as a dumping ground.

"They opposed an amendment to the Constitution to give to the people themselves the right to initiate amendments to that document.

"They stood against the Board of Regents and against the Commissioner of Education on the Stadium bill.

"They turned down flat and cold every proposition to restore the direct primary, to provide for nonpartisan boards of elections, and to amend the Corrupt Practices act to make it workable.

"They defeated a well-thought-out plan for the elimination of grade crossings in the State in the interest of the preservation of life and limb.

Charges Promotion of Quackery.

"They defeated salutary amendments to the medical practice act prepared by the Department of Education to safeguard the health of the people of the State. They defeated a bill giving to the Attorney General power to prosecute violations of the Medical Practice act, and did what they could to promote quackery.

"While they agreed to the extension of the emergency rent laws, they coldbloodedly turned down every proposal intended to give State financial aid for the construction of homes. Under the force and pressure of public opinion and after a year's delay, they agreed to the creation of a Bureau of Housing and Regional Planning.

"After giving their promise, they cruelly assassinated a bill providing for an eight-hour day for women and children in industrial establishments. Likewise, they defeated a proposal for the creation of a minimum wage board with power to recommend living wages for women and children in industry.

"They defeated a provision of law intended to proclaim that the labor of a human being should not be a commodity or article of commerce. Following the record of their party in Washington, they defeated a bill that would prevent the granting of temporary injunctions in labor disputes without the taking of testimony to ascertain the facts.

"In 1921, they abolished the Industrial Council in the Labor Department, but on the demand of employers and employees they were obliged to re-establish it in 1924.

"They defeated every proposal to abolish the un-American and undemocratic censorship over motion pictures, and they retained it solely for patronage purposes.

Cites Public Utility Record.

"They defeated every single proposal intended to give the people better control over public utility corporations and to return to cities the power they once had over their own contracts with public utility corporations. They rejected every proposal to empower the cities to own and operate bus lines.

"They insisted upon saddling the expense of the completion of the New York and New Jersey tunnel upon the taxpayers of this year and next year, in the face of a proposal that would have turned the vehicular tunnel over to the Port Authority, which could have completed it with the sale of Port Authority bonds. After conference with their Republican friends and neighbors in the State of New Jersey, they continued a costly commission at the expense of the taxpayers of this State for purely political purposes.

"They defeated the proposal for an Executive budget, favored by the leading men of their own party. They also rejected the proposal to lengthen the term of the Governor."

Governor Smith will leave for New York City tomorrow morning, arriving there in time to attend a luncheon given by Democratic women at the Commodore Hotel at noon. He will remain in the city over Sunday and make a speech Monday night at Mount Vernon. The rest of the campaign will be devoted to the boroughs of the city.

SUING CARROLL FOR $100,000

Ida Simonton Claims Play "White Cargo" Was Written From Her Book

The action began by Ida Vera Simonton against Earl Carroll, the producer; Leon Gordon, playwright; the Mulnor Productions, Inc., and others to prove her claim that the play "White Cargo" was written from her book "Hail, Eyewreck," that was published in 1923, was placed on trial yesterday before Federal Judge Knox. Damages of $100,000 are claimed and an accounting of the earnings of the play is asked for.

CITY'S REGISTRATION TOTALED 1,499,545

Final Figures Show It Was Only 455 Below the Predicted 1,500,000.

The Board of Elections announced yesterday that 955,703 men and 543,842 women in New York City qualified during registration week to vote at the Presidential election Nov. 4.

Women first voted for a President in 1920. They then registered, locally, 501,055 strong, according to the records. In the four years since then their registration has increased 42,787, about 8 per cent.; a shade under the 8.7 per cent. the city gained as a whole.

The women have lost ground slightly in comparison with men. Men registrants during the quadrennial period increased 83,212, or 9.5 per cent. Accordingly, where women provided 36.4 per cent. of the total registration in the Harding-Coolidge year they provide 36.2 per cent. for the Coolidge-Davis-La Follette vote.

The registration of the two classes of voters in the greater city in the last Presidential year and in the 1923 "off" year shows:

	1920.	1923.
Men	872,491	947,932
Women	501,055	397,084
Total	1,373,546	1,105,016

The total 1924 registration for New York City, both men and women, was 1,499,545, according to revised figures the board made public yesterday. This total was 5,415 higher than that which the board announced in the hurried hours immediately after the closing of the six-day poll Oct. 11. The difference, less than one-third of 1 per cent., was found in a subsequent check-up of all districts. The final official total accordingly comes within 455 of the mark of 1,500,000, which had been predicted.

The registration of men and women by counties of New York City for 1924, 1923 and 1920 shows:

1924.	Males.	Females.	Total.
New York	316,690	182,914	499,604
Bronx	150,233	82,451	232,684
Kings	338,397	190,176	528,573
Queens	125,298	73,732	199,031
Richmond	25,085	14,568	39,653
Total	955,703	543,842	1,499,545
1923.			
New York	254,870	123,163	378,033
Bronx	114,511	54,628	169,139
Kings	288,083	125,682	393,765
Queens	80,618	43,117	123,735
Richmond	20,810	10,414	31,224
Total	747,952	357,094	1,105,016
1920.			
New York	329,943	182,277	506,220
Bronx	126,514	72,544	199,058
Kings	313,586	122,063	494,926
Queens	91,902	53,204	145,106
Richmond	19,909	10,367	30,336
Total	872,491	501,055	1,373,546

BETTING ON ELECTION VIRTUALLY AT A STAND

Odds of 6 to 1 on Coolidge and Lack of Democratic Money Given as Cause.

Betting on the election is virtually at a standstill in the financial district, according to the larger commissioners in Wall Street. Two reasons are given, one being the prohibitive odds now posted in favor of Coolidge and the other the lack of Democratic funds.

Fried & Co. report large amounts of Coolidge money at odds of 6 to 1. But wide as the odds have been of late, few bets have been made. Activity, however, is reported in the New York State election. Fried & Co. report odds of 6 to 4 in favor of the re-election of Governor Smith, and considerable money is changing hands on this basis. This firm also has $5,000 to place at even money that Smith will defeat Roosevelt by 75,000; $2,000 at 5 to 4 that the Governor will win by 100,000 votes, and $2,000 at odds of 5 to 7 that Smith will win by 150,000 votes. Odds of 10 to 1 are still quoted against La Follette's chances.

G. B. de Chadenedes reports that while a few small wagers have been placed on Coolidge's chances at 6 to 1, the ruling price is really 5 to 1. The firm has $100,000 to offer at these prices. This firm was commissioned yesterday to wager $10,000 to $40,000 that La Follette would carry California, and $10,000 to $25,000 that La Follette would get more votes than Davis in Greater New York.

W. L. Darnell & Co. placed a $10,000 bet on an even basis that Gustave Hartment, Republican, running for Supreme Court justice, would be elected. The firm has several thousands additional to wager the same way. The firm also has $7,000 to place that Sol Bloom will defeat his opponent for Congress in the Nineteenth Congressional district.

EDW. LAURILLARD ARRIVES.

English Producer Brings Two Musical Plays—Selwyn Returns.

Edward Laurillard, the English producer, arrived yesterday from London on the Aquitania, accompanied by Edward Kuenneke, the German composer. Mr. Laurillard said that he had brought over two musical plays, "Lovers' Lane," written by Arthur Whimperis and Harry Vernon, and "Miss Hohendeck," by Saalfeld. The music for both had been composed by Mr. Kuenneke, who also composed the music for "Carolina," which had been played in New York. He also wishes to arrange for the production in New York of "The Intimate Revue," which is running in London.

Mr. Laurillard said there was a slump in the theatrical business in London and things were in no way by any means. The public demanded so much for their money these times, he added, that there was very little profit in it for the producer after everything was paid.

Arch Selwyn, theatrical producer, returned on the Aquitania, and said that he saw Raquel Meller in Paris and she would not be able to come over with the new revue for at least five months.

Mme. Wanda Landowska, noted European performer on the harpsichord, arrived yesterday on the France from Paris for an American concert tour. Her instrument is said to be an exact duplicate of the one used by Bach. During the Summer Mme. Landowska said she played in Holland, Austria, Italy and Germany.

After a concert at New Brunswick, N. J., on Nov. 6, she will give three recitals of seventeenth and eighteenth century music in New York, and at the third one she will be assisted by Willem Mengelberg of the Philharmonic Orchestra, assisted by a chamber music ensemble. She is the author of "Ancient Music" and other works.

Tomford Harris, Pianist, Plays.

Of the several pianists who began their programs with a Bach-Busoni (or Liszt) number, Tomford Harris, who gave a recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, bore the palm for sobriety, clearness and exactitude. Mr. Harris is not emotional; he treats composers with respect, puts them before his audience with painstaking and efficient craftsmanship and allows his hearers to enjoy the works without forcing his personality upon them unduly; also, his reticent use of the pedal is to be admired.

The Haydn sonata had a delightful air of simplicity and gayety. The modern group, which included two Goossens pieces (for the first time), was triumphantly capped by a Prokofieff toccata. Mr. Harris's beautifully neat execution exactly suited the Chopin group which he had chosen. He finished on the note of the Mozart-Liszt "Don Juan" fantasie.

Mr. Harris was warmly applauded and recalled after every group.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Frank Craven's latest play, "New Brooms," will be produced in Atlantic City next week, with a cast including Robert McWade, Blythe Daly and Robert Keith. Mr. Craven will be the producer.

Ariel Lee, lately arrived from London, will be seen with the Charlot Revue Players in "The War of the Worlds," soon to open.

FIRMIN GEMIER, FRENCH ACTOR, HERE

Director of Odeon Theatre, Paris, Comes at Invitation of the State Department.

MET BY A COMMITTEE

Founder of Shakespearean Society of France to Open Here in "The Merchant of Venice."

Firmin Gemier, Director of the Odéon Théâtre, Paris, arrived yesterday on the French liner France at the invitation of Secretary of State Hughes and was met at Quarantine by a committee which included Dr. A. G. H. Spiers of Columbia University, Louis Shipman of the Players' Club, Miss Rachel Crothers, George Middleton of the Authors' League of America, Macklyn Arbuckle of the Lambs Club, Emery A. Tédd, Vice President of the French Institute, and Winthrop Ames. He was greeted at the pier by the French Consul.

Mr. Gemier, who does not speak English, said, through Henri Roche, who acted as interpreter for him, that it was a great pleasure for him to come to the United States, as he had been longing to do so for many years, and it was still more interesting because he was going to appear before the American people in Shakespeare's plays.

The company from the Odéon Théâtre, he said, would arrive on the French liner Rochambeau on Oct. 30 and would open on Nov. 10, at Jolson's Theatre, in "The Merchant of Venice," under the management of Lee Shubert. Mr. Gemier will act Shylock and the leading rôles in the other plays in his répertoire.

He went to the Hotel Plaza with Mr. and Mrs. James K. Hackett, who went to Paris three weeks ago to bring him over.

Mr. Gemier is about 54 years old, a little above medium height, and well built. He is clean shaven, with dark brown eyes and hair, what remains of it, as the noted actor-manager of the Odéon is partially bald, and keeps his hat on.

In the statement he prepared on the voyage for the press he said in part:

"I have founded in France a Shakespearean society, with my friends Edouard Herriot and Walter Berry. This society received your compatriot, James K. Hackett, when he was the guest of the French Government, and I had the joy of appearing with him during the season. He played Macbeth and Othello superbly, and I played in "The Merchant of Venice."

"After that he took me to Stratford-on-Avon for the Shakespearean anniversary, where he unfurled the American flag and I the flag of France. Metaphorically, Hackett has never let go of my hand, and today he brings me to you with the sanction of the American Government. I have now the rare chance of being presented to the American public by a committee comprising some of your most eminent citizens, whose invitation to me has had the full approval of your State Department. This committee is presided over by Otto Kahn.

"I am told that when a European arrives in America you always put the following question to him: 'What is your message and what are you bringing to us?' But I am thinking primarily of what I have come to find here. I come with my company in the hope of pleasing you, but with the greater purpose of knowing you and learning from you.

"I wish to see what your American directors, your artists and your authors are doing. I have heard it said that they have advanced with gigantic strides. I have come, above all, to see everything that is essentially American.

"I also wish to see how the Europeans who have been here before me and who are the glory of the theatre of the Old World, realized in your country, thanks to the magnificent means that your theatre put at their disposal.

"My theatre is the Odéon and it is on the left bank of the Seine, the home of the students of the Latin Quarter and those of us who are groping toward the ideal in all arts. I and my company propose only half of this theatre. The other half must continue to play the daily performances that we owe to the State.

"Our performances will begin on Nov. 10 and, as homage to Shakespeare, with our French version of "The Merchant of Venice." We will perhaps give you a second play of Shakespeare."

The Shuberts announce that "The Merchant of Venice" will be repeated Tuesday afternoon and night; "Le Procureur Hallers" will be played Wednesday and Friday nights and Saturday afternoon, and "L'Homme et ses Fantomes" will be the program on Thursday and Saturday nights.

For the second week "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme" will be played Monday and Tuesday nights and Tuesday afternoon; "L'Homme qui Assassina" will be acted on Wednesday and Saturday nights, and "Monsieur Beverly" on Thursday night and Saturday afternoon. "L'Homme et ses Fantomes" will be repeated Friday night.

"Le Mariage de Figaro" will be played on Monday night, Nov. 24, beginning the third week. The future repertoire will be announced later.

MUSIC

By OLIN DOWNES.

Anne Hull and Mary Howe.

A program of music for two pianos was given last night in Aeolian Hall by Anne Hull and Mary Howe. It included two "arrangements," the first a Bach chorale transcribed by Miss Hull, the second a set of three Spanish dances transcribed by Miss Howe. The other pieces were Mozart's D major sonata; Gliere's "Orientale," Schumann's "Andante and Variations," Ravel's "La Valse," as transcribed by the composer; "La Nuit" and "Les Larmes," Rachmaninoff, and Saint-Saens' Scherzo in B minor. This music was performed respectfully. There was no display of wayward emotion until, perhaps, the Straussian reminiscences of Ravel's "La Valse," when the performers were taken by its swing and played with an abandon approaching recklessness.

They were dealing in a somewhat hard and unmalleable medium. On one piano a performer may display delicate coloring and sensitive feeling; here she can be intimate and personal. With two pianos this is almost impossible, for practical reasons. Two pianos rarely sound in an ensemble with nuance and variety of light and shade. The pedal must be exercised with care and confidence which ordinarily results in dryness of tone. An ensemble of string or wind instruments—especially the former—is far more responsive to the wishes of the interpreter. These limitations must be met by impeccable technic and fineness of touch, by constant search for the utmost contrast and range of dynamics attainable.

Miss Hull and Miss Howe accomplished the substantial and intelligent treatment of compositions which made a well-balanced program. Their musicianly zeal and the catholicity of their taste interested the audience, which applauded with enthusiasm until the performers extended the program.

JEWISH THEATRICAL GUILD GETS CHARTER

Prominent Actors Incorporators of Society to Uphold Best Traditions of the Race.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Prominent actors and others affiliated with the theatrical profession are the incorporators of the Jewish Theatrical Guild of America, a membership corporation, which received a charter from the Secretary of State today. The organization will have its principal office in New York City. William Morris, Edward Canton, Samuel Bernard, Harry Cooper, Sime Silverman, Hugo Riesenfeld and Frederick Block of New York City are the incorporators of the guild.

Purposes of the organization are to assemble and embody the Jews of the amusement art and industries for the purpose of upholding the honorable and sacred traditions of the race, and to provide for the specific needs of the Jew in the particular circumstances arising from the nature of theatrical conditions, also to encourage closer and finer brotherhood and citizenship.

Another object is to found a permanent memorial where may be perpetuated the names of the Jews in the amusement world who have contributed to worthy things. The promotion of Americanism, American ideals and voluntary contributions to charities directly within the sphere of the organization and to all other creeds are further purposes of the guild.

The Jewish Theatrical Guild will hold an open meeting at the Bijou Theatre, New York, next Sunday afternoon.

THREE DANCERS IN DAY.

Maryon Vadie and Maria Theresa and Mme. Pavlowa.

Three entertainments of stage dancing were an unusual concurrence in local halls yesterday, beginning with a much-applauded matinee by Maryon Vadie at the Town Hall. The young American was assisted by her husband, Ota Gygi, native of Hungary and former court violinist to the King of Spain, as well as by an ensemble including the Misses Collins, Cooper, Neal, Patterson and Shakleton. Mr. Gygi gave solo violin classics and accompanied Miss Vadie's dances to the Beethoven-Kreisler "Rondino," the Chopin-Powell "Will o' the Wisp," and MacDowell's "Wild Rose."

Maria Theresa, a former member of the Duncan Dancers and in person recalling pioneer Isadora, made her reentrance last evening before a large assembly at Carnegie Hall. With Edward Harris at the piano, she danced to Schubert's full set of "Musical Moments," another of "Noble Waltzes" and brief dance-forms from Bach, Gluck, Scarlatti, Chopin and Brahms. Some aimless barefoot pacings in airy veils lacked sharp focus or contrast of delineation, but a graceful interpreter brought to them her own qualities of youthful charm and freedom.

Mme. Pavlowa continued her series at the Manhattan last night, after an afternoon reception at the McAlpin, when she told her purpose to return hereafter to New York. Though her tours may be shortened and "one-night stands" abandoned, the Russian star hopes to give annual seasons here, as in London and Paris. Her visits will share the same theatre with Chaliapin, Schumann-Heink and other stars directed by her manager, Sol Hurok, who is to control the Manhattan bookings for five years.

TOMORROW AT 3 P. M.

GREAT DEBATE!

CLARENCE DARROW vs. JUDGE A. J. TALLEY

Famous Chicago Lawyer of the Loeb-Leopold Defense — NEGATIVE — N. Y. Court of General Sessions — AFFIRMATIVE

SUBJECT:

IS CAPITAL PUNISHMENT A WISE PUBLIC POLICY?

Chairman LOUIS MARSHALL, Prominent Member of N. Y. Bar — Temporary Chairman LEWIS E. LAWES, Warden of Sing Sing

SUNDAY (TOMORROW), OCTOBER 26TH, 3:00 P. M.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE

34th STREET, WEST OF 8th AVE.

Tickets $1.65, $2.20, $2.75, $3.30. Box seats $4.40. On sale at BOX OFFICE, Tyson's, McBride's, or at the offices and by mail from THE LEAGUE FOR PUBLIC DISCUSSION, 500 Fifth Ave., Longacre 4447-10434

DEBATE! DEBATE!

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Decorative & Household Furniture

The Entire Contents

Living Room, Bed Room and Dining Room Suites, Damask and Brocade Wall Panels and Curtains, Rugs and Carpets, Paintings and Engravings, and exceptionally fine Kitchen Equipment of every description

NOW ON FREE VIEW

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION

Tuesday, October 28th at 2 o'clock

SALE TO BE CONDUCTED BY MR. ELLIOT A. HAASEMAN

Clarke Art Galleries, Inc., 42-44 East 58th Street

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, WEST 42 ST. REDUCED PRICE MATS. TODAY AND WED.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
WILL ROGERS in a New Monologue Nightly. 458 RESERVED SEATS at $1

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. — ZIEGFELD SUCCESS EDDIE CANTOR in KID BOOTS with MARY EATON. FIRST TIME SEATS AT $1.00

GLOBE — ED WYNN — B'way, at 46 St. Mats. TODAY and Wed. — (The "Perfect Fool") in "THE GRAB BAG" — An Entertainment Without a Plan — CLEAN—SWIFT—SMART—JOLLY

"COCK o' the ROOST" — "A GRAND SUCCESS"—EVE. SUN — LIBERTY THEA. Evs. at 8:30. W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Wed.

"A STRONGER, MORE LOGICAL PLAY THAN "ZAIN." Eve. Tel. — EARL CARROLL Presents WHITE CARGO By LEON GORDON — Daly's 63d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. — 416th Time

SAM H. HARRIS Thea., West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. TODAY, 2:30. — BE YOURSELF! — QUEENIE Smith — JACK DONAHUE

KLAW THEATRE, 45th St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today, 2:30. LAST 2 TIMES. — THE GREEN BEETLE — Melodrama — Romance — NEXT MONDAY EVE. SEATS NOW

MARC KLAW, Inc., Presents THE RISING SON — A New Comedy by J. C. Nugent and Elliott Nugent (Authors of "SKIMPY") WITH THE AUTHORS & RUTH NUGENT.

200 RES'D BALC. SEATS, $1.00 — MUSIC BOX THEA., W. 45 ST. POP. MAT. TODAY — EARL CARROLL VANITIES with JOE COOK

HENRY MILLER'S Thea., W. 43 St. Mts. Today & Thurs. — ANNE NICHOLS Presents — Mme. Simone The Foremost Actress of France — Supported by All-Star Parisian Cast. — Last 2 Performances of Week Oct. 27 ..... Pirandello's "NAKED" — Week Nov. 3 ..... "MME. SANS-GENE"

GAIETY B'way & 45th Street. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. — JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"

52ND ST. THEATRE, W. of 5 Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. Circle 3098. — 3RD MONTH "THE EASY MARK" — The FAR CRY

CORT THEATRE, West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES TODAY, 2:30.

APOLLO, West 42 St. TONIGHT — CHOICE SEATS AT BOX OFFICE FOR ALL PERFORMANCES — Good Balcony Seats $1.00 — OVERSHADOWS ANY REVUE EVER PRODUCED — GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS — Pop. Mat. Today $2.50 BEST SEATS

BELASCO THEATRE, W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & THURS. 2:30. — DAVID BELASCO Presents — ROBERT LORAINE in TIGER CATS — Supported by KATHARINE CORNELL.

SAM H. HARRIS Presents — MARGARET LAWRENCE in LYNN STARLING'S DELIGHTFUL PLAY — "IN HIS ARMS"

FULTON Theatre, West 46th St. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30. — VANDERBILT Mats. Thurs., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — "A SECOND 'LIGHTNIN'" — LAZYBONES — "A LAUGH AND A TEAR"

Knickerbocker B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — TOP HOLE — Musical Play With Ernest Glendinning

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — TWO SOLID SUCCESSES — INA CLAIRE — TRIUMPHS in Grounds For Divorce — LYCEUM THEA., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. — THE BEST PEOPLE — "I laughed long and loudly." — Heywood Broun.

Ernest Valdo's Comedy — THE LITTLE ANGEL — FRAZEE West 42d St. CHIC. 6692. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:40

POPULAR MATINEES TODAY — THE HAUNTED HOUSE with WALLACE EDDINGER — 39th COHAN Theatre, B'way and 42d St. M. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.

HUDSON Thea., W. 44th St. Evs. 8:40. Matinee Today & Wed. at 2:40. — A. H. Woods Presents — THE FAKE — By FREDERICK LONSDALE, with GODFREY TEARLE.

Greenwich Village 7 Ave., 4 St. Evs. 8:40. Mts. Today & Thurs., 2:40. — "Quinnipiac Electric."—Eve. Telegram. — THE SAINT

The Crime in the Whistler Room — First Subscription Bill at the Provincetown Playhouse, 133 Macdougal St. Tel. Spring 9503. — "Bobbs. Penetrating, Delicate."—Woollcott, Sun.

THE DeMille's Cinemastertpiece — TEN COMMANDMENTS — A Paramount Production (Famous Players) — Criterion THEATRE 2:30 TWICE 8:30 — By 44 St. DAILY

COLONIAL B'way & 62d Street. Mats. Sat. Midnight Show Thursday. — SISSLE and BLAKE — CAST—CHORUS OF 125—SYMPHONY ORCH. — THE CHOCOLATE DANDIES

Arthur Hopkins announces the first performance of ETHEL BARRYMORE in "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," by Sir Arthur Wing Pinero, at the Cort Theatre, West 48th St., Monday Night, 8:20. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

MARTIN BROWN'S TREMENDOUS DRAMA — GREAT MUSIC — TOM POWERS, HELEN WARE, CHRISTINE NORMAN. — EARL CARROLL THEATRE, 7th Av.-50th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES TODAY & THURSDAY, 2:30.

JUDY DROPS IN A SMASHING HIT — Funds & Judy, W. 49 St. Mats. Today & Fri. — "IT'S A PEACH." — AS WELCOME AS A FLOWER IN A GARDEN OF WEEDS."—Bide Dudley, Ev. World. "MARION MEARS SHINES IN MARK SWAN'S COMEDY."—N. Y. Times. "DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING AND SPLENDID CAST."—D. D., Tel.-Mail.

WINTER GARDEN Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. MATINEE TODAY — PASSING SHOW — Famous Runway and Revolving Restaurant

WINTER GARDEN — THE TALK OF NEW YORK! — TOM'W NIGHT CONCERT. COMEDY-SINGING-DANCING STARS from ARTISTS AND MODELS, THE DREAM GIRL, HASSARD SHORT'S 8TH REVUE, PASSING SHOW AND OTHER STAR ACTS. JACK ROSE, Master of Ceremonies. WARNING! Buy Your Seats Now! Smoking Permitted in All Parts of House.

RITZ Thea., 48th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Wed., 2:30. — HASSARD SHORT'S RITZ REVUE — Good Seats. Evs. $2, $3, $4. Mats. $2, $1.50, $1

NATIONAL Thea., 41st, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — FLORENCE REED — In a New Play, "ASHES"

REPUBLIC West 42d Street. Evenings 8:30. Matinee Today & Wed., 2:30. — 3D YEAR — Anne Nichols' Laughing Success — ABIE'S IRISH ROSE

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today and Wed. — PIGS

BIJOU THEA., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY at 2:30. — COMEDIENNE! — with Charlotte Walker, Cyril Keightley

ASTOR Thea., 45th St. & B'y. Evs. 8:30. — ARTISTS AND MODELS OF 1924 — MATINEES TODAY and THURS.

IMPERIAL Thea., 45th St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S Musical Play — ROSE-MARIE — with MARY ELLIS — SEATS 6 WEEKS AHEAD.

POP. MATINEE TODAY Best Seats $2.50 — THE LAUGH-A-MINUTE REVUE — I'LL SAY SHE IS — With The MARX BROTHERS

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. — Ambassador 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — FAY BAINTER — In the Musical Gem, The DREAM GIRL with Walter Woolf

LAST 5 WEEKS — POP. MAT. TODAY AT 2 — THE MIRACLE — Staged by MAX REINHARDT—Company of 100. EVES. $1 to $3. MATS. $1 to $2.50

CENTURY 62d St. and Central Park West. Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2. — SHUBERT THEATRE. NIGHTS at 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. — POP. PRICE MAT. TODAY — GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES

WE NEED MORE SEATS! SO WE ARE MOVING TO THE BAYES THEATRE MONDAY — NOW AT PRINCESS THEA., 39th, E. of B'way. MAT. TODAY 2:30. Evgs. 8:30. — MY SON

3RD MONTH! DANCING MOTHERS — EDGAR SELWYN'S PLAY SENSATION — MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Theatre, W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

PLAYHOUSE 48 St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — THE SHOW-OFF — MATINEE TODAY, 2:30. — By George Kelly. — 9th Month—JOYOUS COMEDY SUCCESS

JOLSON'S 59th St. Theatre at 7th Ave. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. — Bewitched

THE GUARDSMAN — GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30.

LYRIC THEATRE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. TWICE DAILY 2:30—8:30. — PHONE CHICKERING 8266 — William Fox Presents — The Iron Horse — A John Ford production

BELMONT Thea., 48th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. — CONSCIENCE — with LILLIAN FOSTER

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. Mat. Today. — JOHN GOLDEN'S NEXT WEEK — 7th HEAVEN — The SHAME WOMAN with FLORENCE RITTENHOUSE — Sunday Concerts 2 to 5:30 and 7 to 11:30.

MOROSCO Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Wed., 2:30. — "BOLD, BUT AMUSING—A POSITIVE DELIGHT."—Mantle, News. — JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT — IN A NEW COMEDY — THE FIREBRAND

COBRA LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. — 7TH MONTH—DRAMATIC SENSATION — 39th St. Thea. East of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Wed., 2:30. — IZZY — With JIMMY HUSSEY

COMEDY 41st, E. of Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Thurs., 2:30. — MR. & MRS. COBURN in Laughter Comedy — THE Farmer's Wife

49th ST. Theatre, West of B'way. Evs. 8:35. Mats. Today and Wed., 2:30. — COMEDY SENSATION — THE WEREWOLF

8th Month 48th ST. Theatre, West of B'way. Mats. Today & Tues. — "EXPRESSING WILLIE" — Rachel Crothers' Play-Comedy. Smart. Witty.

"One of the theatre's very best." —Percy Hammond, Herald Tribune. — MINICK — Comedy Hit With O.P. Heggie

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — Selwyn Theatre, Tomorrow Night at 8:30 — Jas. B. Fead presents BRANSON DE COU'S — DREAM PICTURES AROUND THE WORLD — Re-Live your trip abroad. Pictures and Music.

ELTINGE Theatre, West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — DeMille's Cinemasterpiece — TEN COMMANDMENTS — A Paramount Production (Famous Players) — Criterion THEATRE 2:30 TWICE 8:30 — By 44 St. DAILY

LOWELL SHERMAN in "HIGH STAKES"

44th ST. Theatre, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. — ELIZABETH HINES in — MARJORIE — A REAL MUSICAL COMEDY HIT — GREATEST COMEDY CAST IN TOWN

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents — WHAT PRICE GLORY — By Maxwell Anderson & Laurence Stallings — PLYMOUTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.

GEORGE CHOOS' LAUGHING HIT — "THE BUSYBODY" — With ADA LEWIS—JOSEPHINE DRAKE — Times Sq. Thea. MATINEE SAT. — Evenings 8:30.

CENTRAL B'way at 47 St. — Continuous Noon to Eleven. POPULAR PRICES. — WILLIAM FOX presents — DANTE'S INFERNO — HEAVEN!—HELL!! — VIVIDLY REPRODUCED FROM DORE'S ART MASTERPIECES

MOTION PICTURES.

UNION CHURCH 48th Street, 99 Steps West of Broadway — EVERY THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY Eve. 8:30. Sat. Mat. 2:30.

FAMOUS EUROPEAN — PASSION PLAY — BROUGHT TO AMERICA IN AUTHENTIC FORM—FILMED FOR THE FIRST TIME

Enacted by the greatest living interpreters—Impossible of duplication elsewhere at any cost.

A Mr. Otto Lang, member of the famous family of Oberammergau, appears in person to introduce the play.

LAST 8 DAYS — TEX AUSTIN'S — RODEO — OLYMPIC GAMES of the COWBOYS & COWGIRLS — MADISON SQ. GARDEN — Today at 2:30—Tonight at 8:30. — Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. Sunday Included.

THE FAY FOLLIES — ANNOUNCES ITS PREMIERE — OCTOBER 30th — The Only Midnight Theatre in New York

B. F. Keith's New York — HIPPODROME — KEITH'S PAGEANT OF WORLD NOVELTIES. NEXT WEEK GADSKI — Daily Mat. (Ine. Sun.) 5 Nights (Ine. Sun.) at 8. Biggest Show on Earth at Lowest Prices. First and Only Time at Hippodrome Prices

THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYHOUSE — 466 Grand St. Tel. Dry Dock 7516. — TONIGHT AT 8:30 SHARP — "The Grand Street Follies" — Orchestra, $1.60. Balcony $1 and 75c

LOEW'S STATE — BROADWAY AT 45TH ST. — ELINOR GLYN'S 'HIS HOUR' — and VAUDEVILLE — WEEK NOV. 24. JACK DEMPSEY IN PERSON and in Action

COSMOPOLITAN 72d, Col. Circle. Daily, 2:30-6:30. — Marion Davies in Janice Meredith — Matinees: Orch., 75c

ROOSEVELT CLOSES HIS UP-STATE TOUR

Makes 211th Speech in Troy, and Says "We Have Taken Front Line Trenches."

'TAMMANY'S COUNTRY' NEXT

Will Campaign Here Next Week—Declares He Will Extend Civil Service If Elected.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Making the two hundred and tenth speech of his up-State campaign at Troy tonight, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt told more than 1,000 people gathered in an overflow meeting in the street in front of Music Hall that he had completed his up-State tour and was now going to New York "to nail the hide of the Tammany tiger on the barn door."

The Republican candidate then went inside the hall and delivered the two hundred and eleventh and last speech of his rural excursion.

Colonel Roosevelt also touched on deepening the channel of the Hudson, a subject of local interest in Troy and Albany. He tied this up with the State's marketing problem.

"Much money can be saved," he said, "by paying more attention to the marketing problems of the State and part of the marketing problem is the deeper Hudson. I am convinced that by deepening the Hudson you will bring the marketing problem much nearer to the solution."

Freight and terminal charges could be saved at New York and other ports if deep-sea traffic could be brought direct to the up-State cities by means of a bigger river channel, he believed.

Local Republican leaders were jubilant because the crowd was so large that an overflow meeting was demanded. They commented on the fact that Governor Smith had spoken at the same hall the night before and had packed it as densely as his Republican opponent did tonight, but that there was no overflow meeting connected with Governor Smith's appearance and the Democratic candidate spoke only inside the hall.

To Speak Here Next Week.

As the schedule now stands, Colonel Roosevelt will be back in New York just before noon tomorrow. The final week of his speechmaking will be devoted to New York City and its environs.

Troy is a Smith stronghold, and the Republican candidate and his managers are elated over the reception accorded him when he reached here. As his train sped northward through the Hudson Valley's west shore this afternoon Colonel Roosevelt dictated the following statement, summarizing the campaign situation as he sees it to date:

"The people up-State are thoroughly aroused and they mean business. They have turned out in great crowds, young and old, men and women, bringing with them their children. I am more than satisfied with our trip. Up-State is going to turn in an overwhelming majority for our ticket. We have taken the front-line trenches with a rush. Now we will storm the Tammany stronghold in New York."

During his speech in Troy Colonel Roosevelt touched on civil service for the first time. His treatment of this subject gained interest from the fact that his remarks were delivered almost in the shadow of the capital city.

Would Perfect Civil Service.

"Naturally I am a strong believer in civil service," he said. "I have worked with it and I am confident that for Government work it is by all odds the best solution. I had directly under me in the Navy Department some 40,000 civilian employes. The vast majority of those were under civil service. I therefore know from personal administrative connection therewith for the last three years the governmental advantages of this system. My effort while Governor will be directed toward perfecting it. Though we must be economical in administration and see that the people get a dollar of necessary service for every dollar that is expended. It is folly of the rankest sort for the State or any business institution to underpay and treat unfairly its faithful and competent employes."

The Roosevelt special was as near New York City as Chester today after leaving Middletown and Goshen, but then the route turned northward. When the train arrived at Washingtonville, former Governor Benjamin B. Odell was the first to greet Colonel Roosevelt. He was Chairman of the Republican State Committee that ran the Gubernatorial campaign of the first Theodore Roosevelt twenty-six years ago.

Odell Escorts Candidate.

At Washingtonville the party left the train and motored to meetings at Walden and Newburgh, the latter place the home of Governor Odell. The candidate rode with Mr. Odell in his car at the head of the procession. At Newburgh Colonel Roosevelt spoke from a balcony in the City Hall, and there was a crowd of easily 3,000 filling the broad street in front of him. Traffic was diverted into side streets during the meeting.

Mr. Odell introduced the Colonel at the Washingtonville, Walden and Newburgh meetings.

There were big crowds all along the line today, a condition which has been so invariable during the whole trip as to have entered the realm of accepted fact. At the Saugerties meeting the Chairman alluded to the first Theodore Roosevelt's interest in the Boy Scout movement, a troop being present. This caused the candidate to depart from the line of his customary address.

"That reference to the scouts," he said, "makes me think of a lot of things. In the first place, I am one of the National Committee of Boy Scouts of the United States. When my father said, as the Chairman was telling you, that he was something of a scout himself, he might better have said that he was one of the first scout troop leaders before there had scouts.

"He led the troop composed of all of us little children and our cousins, and what he did was exactly what the Boy Scouts do now. He took them out to spend the night and there taught us not to be 'softies,' to handle ourselves right, think of other people and to practice the plain home virtues which go to make or break a nation."

In almost every one of his speeches Colonel Roosevelt has alluded to his experiences in the first job he had after leaving college, that of a "hand" in a carpet factory in Thompsonville, Conn. At the Kingston meeting a woman approached him and recalled herself as having worked with him in this factory. She gave him her best wishes for success.

ROOSEVELT PARADE TODAY.

Candidate Will Be Met on Arrival From His Up-State Tour.

Local Republican leaders made arrangements yesterday for a reception for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt today, when he returns to New York City from his up-State speaking tour. A call has been issued for Roosevelt admirers to meet the candidate on his arrival at Grand Central Terminal at 11:46 o'clock.

The Sixty-ninth Regiment Band has been engaged to lead a parade from the station to the headquarters of the Coolidge Non-Partisan Association, in the Putnam Building, Broadway and Forty-third Street, where the Colonel will speak at 12:30 o'clock. The parade will pass through Forty-second Street to Broadway.

Colonel Roosevelt will spend Sunday resting at Oyster Bay before starting on his New York City campaign.

GEN. DAWES ASSAILS HIS PARTY'S LEADERS

Charges Republican National Committee With Attempts to Muzzle Him.

CALLS WOMEN COURAGEOUS

Tells 2,000 in Newark Speech That Actions of Chiefs Make Him "Blush for His Sex."

General Charles G. Dawes, Republican candidate for Vice President, criticized the Republican National Committee in a speech at Newark last night for trying to muzzle him on delicate issues, and trying to tell him what to say during his speaking tour. The speech recalled incidents of the early part of the campaign when the fiery General caused considerable embarrassment at Republican National Headquarters by his Ku Klux Klan speech in Maine, his explosive language, and his frank statement that he had been sent up to Plymouth, Vt., for publicity purposes.

"I blush for my sex," General Dawes said last night, "when I think of some of the advice that I have received from members of the National Republican Committee of my own sex. They said, 'Don't say this here; don't say that there. Talk about the Ku Klux here and irrigation there. You'll never get votes if you say that.' Not so with the women. They recognize the call to the colors. They understand the menace."

Later on General Dawes took another fling at the professional politicians.

"I respect the men who fight for their principles," he said. "They may be wrong, but they have the courage to fight. They are not like some of ou trimming politicians."

The "menace" referred to by General Dawes was the La Follette proposal to limit the power of the Supreme Court. He told his audience that it was up to them to decide whether to stand with Coolidge on the rock of the Constitution or with La Follette on "the sinking sands of Socialism."

"I have been criticized in quite high quarters," he went on, "for setting up a straw man to fight, but is it a straw man?"

General Dawes then quoted from an editorial by Eugene V. Debs to show that radical leaders hailed the La Follette campaign as the beginning of a revolutionary movement.

"This proves that we are not fighting a straw man," he added.

The speaker said that John W. Davis was "a very fine man," but that he was out of the running because the Democratic Party had taken no stand on the issue of the Constitution versus its foes. He said there could be no middle ground on that issue.

General Dawes spoke before 2,000 persons, who filled the Krueger Auditorium and gave him an enthusiastic welcome. The meeting was arranged by the Republican County Committee.

Spending the night with friends near Newark, General Dawes will come to New York some time this afternoon and will go to the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria. He will speak in Brooklyn this evening and will spend the night at the Waldorf. Tomorrow he will motor to Albany, where he is scheduled to speak on Monday.

Today's Radio Program

OCT. 25, 1924.
(Eastern Standard Time.)
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.
2:30 P. M.—Football, Princeton-Notre Dame.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Clifford Lodge Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:30 P. M.—Boys' story, by F. J. Turner.
7:50 P. M.—Breen's Syncopators.
8:10 P. M.—"Congress," by Congressman Emanuel Celler.
8:30 P. M.—Breen's Syncopators.
8:40-11:00 P. M.—Mary Wilderman, piano; Rose Becker, violin; L. Carson, tenor; Police Quartet; Jimmy Clarke, piano; T. A. Alban, tenor.
11:00-12:00 P. M.—Lopez Orchestra.

WNYC, NEW YORK—526.
3:00 P. M.—Bronx Municipal Terminal Market cornerstone ceremonies; addresses by Mayor John F. Hylan, Borough President of the Bronx Henry Bruckner, Commissioner of Public Markets Edwin J. O'Malley.
6:30 P. M.—Club Alabam Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Police alarms.
7:35 P. M.—Football results.
7:40 P. M.—Chateau Four.
8:15 P. M.—Talk by John MacKenzie.
8:30 P. M.—Lenox Hill Chorus.
9:15 P. M.—August Fraemcke, piano.
9:30 P. M.—J. Drugpott, tenor.
10:00 P. M.—Weather forecasts.
10:10 P. M.—Theatrical review by Ada Stirling.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
1:15 P. M.—Hotel Roosevelt Orchestra.
2:30 P. M.—Football, Princeton-Notre Dame.
4:45 P. M.—Corinthians Orchestra.
5:30 P. M.—Farm reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; news.
7:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—"The Vicissitudes of a Practical Politician," by Thomas E. Rush.
8:15 P. M.—Sandu Albu, violin.
8:30 P. M.—"Neuropathic Hospital," by Senator James J. Walker.
8:45 P. M.—Sandu Albu, violin.
9:00 P. M.—"Twenty Years More of Life," by J. A. Kingsbury.
9:15 P. M.—Pavlowa ballet music.
10:15 P. M.—Lelia Brown, soprano.
10:30 P. M.—Hotel Astor Dance Orchestra.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
2:15 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
2:45 P. M.—Orchestra.
3:45 P. M.—Concert.
4:15 P. M.—Boys' period; songs.
5:00 P. M.—Southern Harmonists.
6:30-7:00 P. M.—Ray's String Quartet.
7:00-7:30 P. M.—Alamac Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Carlton Terrace Orchestra.
8:00-10:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories; vocal and instrumental solos; news; talk.
10:30 P. M.—Williams Trio; Blue Five Orchestra.
11:00 P. M.—Clarke's Entertainers.
11:30 P. M.—Roseland Orchestra.

WBBR, NEW YORK—273.
8:00 P. M.—Male quartet; instrumental selections; Bible questions and answers.

WEBH, NEW YORK—273.
10:00 A. M.—Mother Stoner's hour.
2:00 P. M.—Royal Dance Orchestra.
3:00-7:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos; talks; readings.
7:30 P. M.—To be announced.
11:30 P. M.—Midnight Rendezvous.

WAHG, RICHMOND HILL—316.
8:00-9:00 P. M.—Charles Van Cleve, violin; A. Nelson, tenor.
9:00-10:15 P. M.—Address by General Charles G. Dawes and other speakers; music.
10:15-10:30 P. M.—Music; cross word puzzle definitions.
10:30 P. M.—Address by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt.
11:00 P. M.—Address by Ogden L. Mills.

WOR, NEWARK—405.
7:00 A. M.—Gym class.
2:30 P. M.—Colonial Inn Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—Marjorie Fouts, soprano.
3:15 P. M.—Talk by Mrs. Belloc Lowndes.
3:30 P. M.—Marjorie Fouts, soprano.
3:45 P. M.—Talk by Marian Spitzer.
6:15 P. M.—Cinderella Wolverines.
7:15 P. M.—Sports resume.
9:00 P. M.—"Inventions and Patents," by Milton Wright.
8:15 P. M.—Dorothy Hoyle, violin, and Lealia Holse, contralto.
8:45 P. M.—Anna Turkel, soprano.
9:00 P. M.—Aida Braas Quartet.
9:45 P. M.—Margulies Trio.
9:45 P. M.—Dorothy Hoyle, violin; Lealia Holse, contralto.
10:15 P. M.—Perry and Russell, songs.

WRW, TARRYTOWN—273.
9:00 P. M.—Police reports.
9:05 P. M.—Music.
9:15 P. M.—Talk.
9:30 P. M.—Music.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.
1:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
1:30 P. M.—Weather forecast.
2:30 P. M.—University of Pennsylvania-University of Virginia football game.
6:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
6:05 P. M.—Dinner dance music.
6:45 P. M.—Market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; roll-call.
8:00 P. M.—Political talk by Dr. J. W. Hill.
8:15 P. M.—Playlet, "The Bird."
9:00 P. M.—Musicale, "In a Persian Garden."
10:15 P. M.—St. James Orchestra.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.
11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather forecast.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Orchestra.
5:15 P. M.—Grand organ; trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Sport results; police reports.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.

WFI, PHILADELPHIA—395.
10:15 A. M.—Market reports.
1:00 P. M.—Meyer Davis Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—Billy Pemberton, songs.
6:30 P. M.—Meyer Davis Orchestra.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
9:00 P. M.—Talk, "Diphtheria and Its Prevention."
8:15 P. M.—Dorothy Githens, soprano.
9:00 P. M.—Talk by Congressman H. W. Watson.
9:30 P. M.—Lewis Quartet.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.
11:45 A. M.—Daily almanac.
12:00 M.—Organ; orchestra; songs.
2:00-3:00 P. M.—Arcadia Orchestra; artist recital.
4:30 P. M.—Cotton Pickers' Orchestra.
5:45 P. M.—Sporting results.
7:30 P. M.—Dream Daddy.

WHAR, ATLANTIC CITY—275.
2:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Talk.
8:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Chappy O'Donnell, songs.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals; weather report.
2:30 P. M.—Same as WNAC.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:00 P. M.—Market reports.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:40 P. M.—Hotel Kimball Trio.
8:45 P. M.—John Doherty, tenor.
9:15 P. M.—Marion Duffie, soprano; Ruth Collingsbourne, violin.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather reports.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
12:40 P. M.—Produce market report.
2:30 P. M.—Same as WJZ.
9:40 P. M.—Dance music; songs; football results.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—360.
1:02 P. M.—Studio recital.
7:05 P. M.—Music.

WEAN, PROVIDENCE—273.
8:40 A. M.—Group singing.
10:00 A. M.—Housewives' program.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Weather report; orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—Music; weather report.
8:00 P. M.—Kalua Hawaiian String Quartet.
9:15 P. M.—Same as WNAC.
10:00 P. M.—Dreyfus Orchestra.

WSAD, PROVIDENCE—261.
2:30-4:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Stories.
6:15-8:00 P.M.—Potter's Orchestra.

WDBH, WORCESTER, MASS.—209.
11:30 A. M.—Music.
12:00 M.—Weather report.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
4:30 P. M.—Market report.

WGI, BEDFORD, MASS.—360.
7:30 P. M.—Code practice; weather forecast; crop notes.
8:00 P. M.—Talk; music; weather report.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.—360.
7:30 P. M.—Code practice; weather forecast; crop notes.
8:00 P. M.—Talk; musicale; weather report.

WNAC, BOSTON—278.
10:35 A. M.—Women's Club talks.
1:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
2:30 P. M.—Dartmouth-Harvard football game.
6:35 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
8:15 P. M.—Hotel Westminster Orchestra.
9:15 P. M.—State Ballroom Orchestra.
10:15 P. M.—Copley Plaza Orchestra; songs.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.
8:00 P. M.—Alice Sharps, soprano.
8:30 P. M.—"Radio Interference," by Dr. J. H. Dellinger.
8:45 P. M.—To be announced.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.
10:30 P. M.—Same as WJZ.

WMAF, SOUTH DARTMOUTH, MASS.—360.
6:00-10:30 P. M.—Same as WEAF.

WHAM, ROCHESTER—283.
3:30-4:00 P. M.—Eastman Orchestra.
5:00-6:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
6:30 P. M.—Weather and market reports.
7:00-7:30 P. M.—Eastman Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Football scores.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.
10:45 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
2:30-4:30 P. M.—Music.
6:00 P. M.—Stringer Quartet.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.
9:45 A. M.—Market reports.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
1:30 P. M.—Daugherty's Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—Pitt.-Tech. football game.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:15 P. M.—Bedtime story.
7:30 P. M.—Sport review.
7:40 P. M.—Sunday school lesson.
8:00 P. M.—"Movie Gossip," by W. C. Mayer.
8:15 P. M.—Feature.
8:30 P. M.—Band concert.
9:35 P. M.—Time signals; weather reports.

WCAE, PITTSBURGH—462.
8:00 P. M.—Football scores.
8:15 P. M.—Feature.
8:30 P. M.—Music.

CNRO, OTTAWA—435.
8:30 P. M.—Orchestra; choir; solos; ladies' chorus.

CKAC, MONTREAL—425.
7:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental concert.
10:30 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.

WHK, CLEVELAND—382.
6:00-7:30 P. M.—Melody Maids.
8:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Stilwell's Orchestra; Bellhops Orchestra.

WTAM, CLEVELAND—389.
9:00-12:00 P. M.—Orchestra.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.
2:30 P. M.—Michigan-Wisconsin football game.

WCX, DETROIT—517.
6:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.

WMH, CINCINNATI—309.
11:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
11:45 P. M.—Music.

WLW, CINCINNATI—423.
2:30 P. M.—Market reports.

WSAI, CINCINNATI—309.
9:00 P. M.—Chime concert.
9:15 P. M.—Charlotte Metzner, soprano; G. C. Cook, baritone.
10:00 P. M.—News review.
10:30 P. M.—R. Phillips, violin; male quartet.
1:00 A. M.—Midnight Entertainers.
1:30 A. M.—Toadstool Orchestra.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—400.
8:30-10:00 P. M.—Concert; news; time announced at 10 o'clock.

WSB, ATLANTA—429.
9:00-10:00 P. M.—Win-One Quartet.
11:45 P. M.—Music.

WEBH, CHICAGO—370.
8:00-9:00 P. M.—Orchestra; Sunday school lesson; songs; talk.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Orchestra; instrumental solos; stories; readings.
12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos; readings.

WGN, CHICAGO—370.
7:30-8:30 P. M.—Music; features.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Music.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Music; features.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.
7:30 P. M.—La Salle Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Band concert.
9:40 P. M.—Travel talk.
10:00 P. M.—Popular revue.

WLS, CHICAGO—345.
8:00 P. M.—Lullaby Time.
8:15 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Musical revue.

KYW, CHICAGO—536.
10:35 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Studio concert.
12:30 A. M.—Coon-Sanders Orchestra; news every half hour.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.
7:45 P. M.—Sport news; weather.
8:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
10:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra; songs.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—546.
8:00 P. M.—Missouri Theatre specialties.

WOI, AMES, IOWA—360.
10:30 A. M.—Weather report.
1:30 P. M.—Chimes; market and weather report; talk.
10:30 P. M.—Weather report.

WCAL, NORTHFIELD, MINN.—360.
10:45 A. M.—Chapel services.
1:00 A. M.—Musicale.

WCCO, MINNEAPOLIS—417.
9:15 P. M.—Song cycle, "The Morning of the Year."
10:30 P. M.—Orchestra; Gypsy Trio.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.
6:30-7:00 P. M.—Market, weather, road reports; time signals.
7:00 P. M.—Music; address; stories; dance orchestra.
12:45-2:00 A. M.—Nighthawk Frolic.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.
9:30 P. M.—Concert.

WAAW, OMAHA—286.
12:00 P. M.-5:00 A. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.
7:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
10:00 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos; readings.
12:15 A. M.—Wowl Frolic; orchestra.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Hawaiian music.
12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Adolphus Orchestra.

WBAP, FORT WORTH—476.
8:00 P. M.—Sunday school lesson.

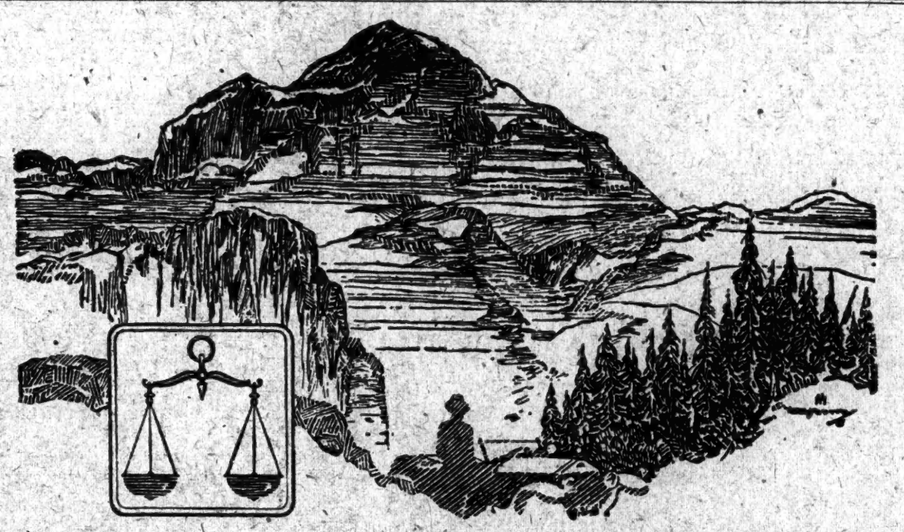
TWX, HAVANA—400.
8:30 P. M.—Orchestra.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—395.
11:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Music.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Hickman's Orchestra.

KGO, OAKLAND, CAL.—312.
11:00 P. M.—Band; address; vocal and instrumental solos.
1:00-4:00 A. M.—Orchestra; songs.

KPO, SAN FRANCISCO—423.
11:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Fairmont Orchestra.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—469.
12:00 P. M.-4:00 A. M.—Studio recital.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Music.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Cocoanut Grove Orchestra.



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* * * *

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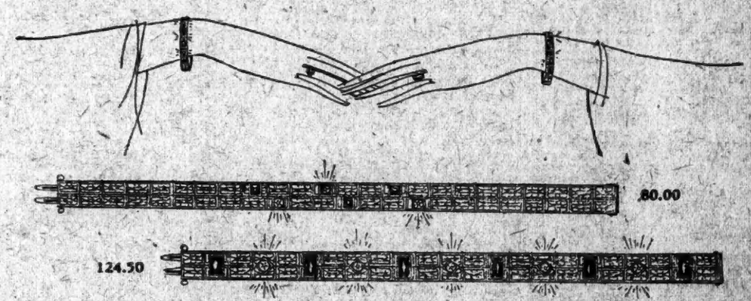
Regular price 98.50

A lovely arm will be lovelier when adorned with this flexible bracelet of platinum and white gold, with five diamonds and six synthetic sapphires.
124.50
Regular price 148.50



He'll approve this good looking scarf pin of platinum and gold, with six diamonds and two synthetic sapphires.
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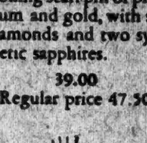

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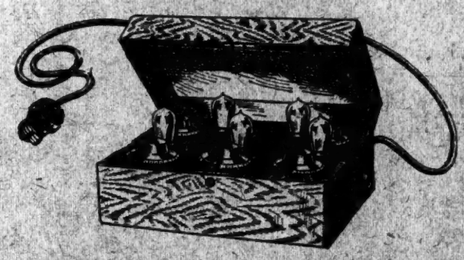

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices on Stock Exchange Steady, With Smaller Business—Sterling Lower.

Interest in yesterday's markets shifted again to the agricultural commodities; nothing of consequence occurred in stocks, bonds or foreign exchange. The stock market, where the day's transactions were the smallest since Monday, moved as a whole in a desultory way. It showed considerable strength, but the familiar contrasts were presented of some industrial shares declining a point or two while others were advancing correspondingly. It was not easy to discover any really definite trend in prices.

The bond market was again distinctly firm, though on a smaller scale of activity than in recent days. Trading continued large in the new German 7 per cents, but only with the result of confirming previous impressions that for the present the price is "pegged" around 94, a 2 per cent. premium over the issue price. Sterling again lost ground fractionally, though even the day's lowest rate was above the average of last week. Speculation, of the sort that used to dominate the market, is apparently little in evidence nowadays; perhaps because the outlook for sterling, under the influence of the heavy grain purchases in America on the one hand and of America's loans to Europe on the other, is unusually perplexing.

For yesterday's very considerable decline in grain and cotton prices there appeared to be different reasons in the different products. In wheat, which went from $1.44¾ per bushel to $1.41¼ (comparing with $1.52⅝ on Thursday of last week), there were signs that the month's speculation for the rise, in face of the very large farm deliveries always expected at this time, had been overdone. Nevertheless, it should not be overlooked that even at yesterday's lowest the Chicago market stood at the price of Oct. 1, when it had already risen 7 cents in a fortnight; also that the export movement has been far beyond previous expectations. The Commerce Department yesterday stated the September exports as 17,253,000 bushels more than in 1923, an increase of 113 per cent., and October will certainly show up very much larger. Yesterday's Bradstreet statement of American wheat and flour exports for this week again broke all weekly records.

On the other hand, the day's fall in corn to $1.01½, the lowest price since Aug. 7 except for one day in September, is clearly response to the news of harvest weather so exceptionally favorable as to make probable the raising of next month's estimate on the yield. As for cotton, which fell back six-tenths of a cent to Monday's low price, the same inferences from the harvesting conditions were evidently being applied while awaiting today's mid-month Government estimate. Yesterday's market seemed to have grown weary of "reflecting" private forecasts three-quarters of a million bales apart from one another. In the last successful cotton season, that of 1920, much the same thing happened. There was no November or mid-October estimate in those days, but a 12,123,000-bale first-of-October forecast was similarly followed in the ensuing month by "private estimates" half a million bales apart; all of them falling short of the Government's December estimate.

The week-end mercantile reviews are, if possible, even more lacking in testimony to actual trade expansion than in the past few weeks. While Wall Street is asking for evidence of a large-scale "boom in trade," the mercantile agencies merely tell us that in certain sections of the country cooler weather has helped the retail merchant's business.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, OCT. 24, 1924.

Stock Exchange call money again loaned at 2 per cent., but in the outside trading there was less on offer and few trades, if any, were made at 1½. The prevailing charge was 1½ per cent., the institutions which had previously been lending at the lower figure having a curtailed supply, which brought the higher rate. Brokers styled the fixed period market as a dull affair, and one that drags its way along without special interest in any maturity. Quotations for all dates continued without variation. Business money, too, was quiet and at prevailing discounts.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.	Year Ago.
2	2	2	2	2	5

Time Loans.

	Friday.	Thursday.
Sixty-ninety days	2½@3	2½@3
Four, five and six months	3½@3¾	3½@3¾

Commercial Paper.

	Friday.	Thursday.
Best names, 4 to 6 mos.	3@3¼	3 @3¼
Other names, 4 to 6 mos.	3½	3½

Rediscount Rate, Reserve Bank.

Rate on all classes of rediscountable paper, 3 per cent. Rate fixed Aug. 8, when it was reduced from 3½ per cent.

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....1¾

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	2⅛	2
60 days	2¼	2¼
90 days	2⅜	2¼
Four months	2⅜	2¼
Six months	2½	2⅜
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	2¾	2½

London Money.

Money in London ¾ lower at 2½ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3⅜ per cent.; three months' bills 1-16 off at 3⅝ per cent.

Gold bullion 2d up at 92s 2d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 108 1-6. Highest for the year to date 116 1-8, on Jan. 21; lowest, 106½, on Aug. 11. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 143⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅞, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House $893,600,000; balances, $88,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $78,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $719,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 3-16d up at 35 7-16d per ounce; New York price ⅛c up at 70¾c.

Range for 1924:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	38 1-2d Oct. 9	32d Apr. 7
New York	73⅛c Oct. 9	62¾c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London	32¾d Dec. 13	30¾d Feb. 6
New York	69½c Mar. 27	65½c July 30

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
824,764	870,137	1,027,049	718,520	880,713	193,866,017	184,772,695	216,096,259	137,899,946	178,530,267½

1924 High.	1924 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
88⅝	67½	200	Air Reduction (15)	81⅝	82	81⅝	82	— 1	81½	82
11¼	4⅞	100	Ajax Rubber	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛	9	9⅛
.23	.10	300	Alaska Gold Mines	.12½	.12⅝	.10	.10	— .02½	..	..
106¼	96⅞	100	All American Cables (6)	106½	106½	106¼	106½	+ ¼	105½	..
79	65	500	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾	+ ⅛	71½	71¾
86¼	41⅝	600	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. (4).ex d.	58	58	58	58	+ ⅛	57¾	58
49⅝	18⅝	100	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf...	35¾	35¾	35¾	35½	— ⅛	35	35¾
77	68½	400	Am. Beet Sugar pf. (6)...	69½	69	68½	69	— ½	69	69½
35⅜	22¼	200	Am. Bosch Magneto	24½	24⅝	24½	24½	— ⅛	24	24½
80⅝	76	100	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)..	82	82	82	82	— ½	81½	82
132⅝	95¾	20,500	Am. Can (10)	131½	132⅝	131⅝	132¼	+ ⅝	132	133¼
178	153½	100	Am. Car & Foundry (12)..	164	164	164	164	+ ¼	163½	168
36⅛	14⅝	400	Am. Chicle	34¾	34¾	34	34¼	— ⅝	34¼	34½
6⅞	3½	15,000	Am. Druggist Syndicate	6	6⅝	5⅞	6⅛	+ ⅛	6⅛	6¼
122⅞	88	600	Am. Express (6)	114½	115	114½	115	+ 1	114	114½
121½	93	100	Am. & F. Pow., 25% pd.(7)	115¼	115½	115¼	115¼	+ ¼	115½	115¾
69	50½	1,400	Am. Hide & Leather pf...	67¼	67½	66¼	66¼	— 1½	66	66½
91	72	100	Am. Ice (7)	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	— ¼	77	78
29⅞	17⅜	4,900	Am. International	27½	28¼	27¼	28	+ ¾	28	28¼
12⅞	10	100	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	..	10½	10⅝
22⅜	13⅜	300	Am. Linseed	19½	18⅝	18½	18⅝	— ⅛	18½	19
83⅜	70¼	600	Am. Locomotive (6)	79	79¼	78¾	79¼	— ¼	79¼	79¾
49⅝	35⅝	2,200	Am. Metal (3)	47	47¼	47	47¼	..	47	47½
119	94½	400	Am. Radiator (4)	116¾	117½	116¾	117¼	+ ¼	116½	117⅜
8⅞	5⅞	500	Am. Safety Razor (50c)...	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	..	8¾	8¾
15⅝	10¼	600	Am. Ship & Commerce	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛	10⅞	10⅝
79⅝	57½	22,800	Am. Smelting & Ref. (5)..	78	79⅜	78	78⅝	+ ⅛	78⅜	78⅝
105	96	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. (7).	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝	+ ⅛	104½	104⅝
40⅜	33½	1,400	Am. Steel Foundries (3)...	37	37⅜	37	37	..	36¾	37
61⅜	36⅝	2,800	Am. Sugar Refining	39	39½	39	39¼	+ ⅛	39	39½
99⅝	79	400	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)....	83	83	82½	82½	— ½	82	85
28½	6⅝	100	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛	7⅜	7½
130⅞	121¼	1,400	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)..	127¼	127¼	127¼	127¼	..	127½	127¾
167½	136⅝	3,900	Am. Tobacco (12).....	163½	163½	160⅝	161¼	— 1½	161¼	162
144¾	133¼	5,400	Am. Tobacco, Class B (12)	161⅞	161⅞	159¾	161	..	160¼	161
106¾	101	300	Am. Tobacco pf. (6).....	105¾	105¾	105¼	105¾	..	104½	106¼
126⅝	40	100	Am. Water Works & Elec.	113¼	113½	113¼	113½	+ ¼	113½	114
99	66	1,500	Am. W. W. & E. ptc.pf.(6)	94½	96	94½	96	+ 2	96	96½
78⅝	51¼	5,400	Am. Woolen	54	54	52⅝	53⅛	— ¾	53	53⅛
102⅜	92⅜	700	Am. Woolen pf. (7).....	93½	93¼	92¾	92⅝	— 1⅛	90	91
7	1⅞	300	Am. Writing Paper pf....	2½	2½	2	2	..	1¾	2
10⅜	7	900	Amn. Zinc, Lead & S.....	7⅞	8	7¾	7¾	— ⅛	7¾	8
34⅞	24	600	Am. Zinc, Lead & S. pf....	28¼	30⅛	28¼	29	+ ⅝	29½	29¾
42	28½	8,600	Anaconda Copper	36⅝	37⅛	36⅝	36⅞	+ ⅛	36⅞	37
14½	7½	400	Arnold, Constable & Co...	7½	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛	7¾	7⅞
122⅝	79	200	Associated Dry Goods (5).	120	120	120	120	+ ¼	119½	120¼
99	89	300	Asso. Dry Goods 2d pf. (7)	98	98	98	99	+ 2	99	99¼
34⅝	27¼	1,400	Associated Oil (1½).....	30¾	30¾	29⅝	30⅛	..	30	30½
109	97½	3,900	Atch., Top. & Santa Fe (6)	106⅝	107½	106⅝	106⅝	— ⅛	106⅝	107
93½	86⅜	2,500	Atch., Top. & S. Fe pf. (5)	92	92½	91⅝	91⅝	— ⅛	92	92¼
3¾	1⅝	3,900	Atlanta, Birm. & Atlantic.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	+ ⅛	2⅜	2½
138	112	200	Atlantic Coast Line (18)...	135	135	135	135	+ ¼	134	134½
21⅝	10⅜	500	Atl., Gulf & West Indies..	16	18	16	15⅛	+ ⅛	15	16
27⅝	12½	100	Atl., Gulf & W. Indies pf..	23¾	23¾	23½	23½	— ¼	22	23
140⅝	78½	2,800	Atlantic Refining	89½	90	89½	89⅝	+ ¼	89	90
30	18⅜	400	Austin Nichols	24	24¼	24	24⅛	+ ⅛	24	24½
131	104⅜	10,200	Baldwin Locomotive (7)....	118½	119⅝	118¼	118⅝	+ ⅛	118⅜	119
66	52¼	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio (5).....	61⅝	61½	61¼	61⅜	..	61¼	61⅜
61⅝	56⅛	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)..	59	59	59	59	..	58	59½
16⅝	10	100	Barnsdall, Class B.....	13	13	13	13	..	..	..
59	39¼	400	Bayuk Cigars	47⅜	48¼	47⅜	48¼	+ ⅛	47⅝	48⅝
58½	44⅜	200	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40).	54	54½	54	54½	+ ⅛	54⅜	54⅝
92⅞	37⅜	8,600	Bethlehem Steel	40	40¾	39⅝	40	+ ⅛	39⅝	40
97	89¼	1,000	Bethlehem Steel pf. (7)....	91¾	91⅝	91	91	..	90⅝	91½
110⅝	100	300	Bethlehem Steel pf. (8)....	104⅝	104⅝	104½	104⅝	+ ⅛	103⅝	104⅝
93	74	200	Blumenthal(8.) & Co.pf.(7)	75	75	74	74	— 1	73	78
7⅞	3⅝	900	Booth Fisheries	4	4¼	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛	4	4¼
120	107½	100	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	117½	117⅝	117½	117⅝	+ ⅛	117½	117⅝
29¼	13¼	2,900	Brooklyn-Man. Transit....	27⅝	27⅞	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅝	26⅞	26⅞
70¾	48⅝	100	Bklyn-Man. Transit pf. (6)	69	69	69	69	..	67	69
80⅝	56⅝	1,300	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)....	73½	73¾	73	73¼	— ⅛	73½	74
54⅞	39	1,200	Brown Shoe (4).....	53	54¼	53	54	+ ⅛	54	54⅜
67½	55	200	Burroughs Add. Mach. (3)	66	66	66	66	..	65	66
39⅝	29⅜	500	Butte Copper & Zinc.....	5	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛	5	5⅛
20⅝	1¼	1,000	Butte & Superior	17	17⅝	17	17	+ ⅛	16⅞	17⅛
23⅜	17	100	Butterick Co.	18½	18½	18½	18¾	+ ⅛	18½	18¾
19¼	19¼	4,400	California Pet. (1⅝).....	22½	22⅝	22⅛	22⅜	..	22¼	22⅜
107	92½	100	California Pet. pf. (7)....	96	96	96	96	+ 1	96	97
6⅝	2¼	400	Callahan Zinc & Lead.....	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	+ ⅛	3⅜	3⅝
54⅝	41⅝	900	Calumet & Arizona (2).....	50	51⅝	50	50½	+ 1	49½	51½
19¼	13½	300	Calumet & Hecla (50c).....	15	15	15	15	..	15	15¼
55	52¼	4	Canada Southern (3), c. i.	57	57	57	57	..	55¾	57
154½	142⅞	1,000	Canadian Pacific (10).....	148¾	148⅝	148¼	148½	— ⅝	148	148⅝
1⅞	½	100	Case (J. I.) Plow.....	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	..	⅞	1
29	14	100	Case (J. I.) Thresh. Mach.	24	24	24	24	+ 1	22	24
17⅞	9⅝	1,400	Central Leather Co.....	14⅞	15	14⅝	15	+ ⅛	14⅞	15⅝
52⅝	29¼	3,100	Central Leather Co. pf....	45	46¾	45	46¼	+ 2	46	46½
253½	199	1,400	C. R. R. of N. J. (12).....	238	247	238	245	— 12	245	250
33½	25¾	100	Century Ribbon Mills (2)	28¼	28½	28¼	28¼	+ ⅛	26	29
49½	40¾	3,800	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	46	46⅞	45⅝	45⅝	— ⅝	45⅝	46
96⅜	87⅜	1,100	Chandler Motor (3).....	31½	32⅜	31½	32¼	+ ⅛	31¼	32¼
92⅞	67⅜	300	Chesapeake & Ohio (4).....	33⅜	33⅝	33⅜	33⅜	— ⅛	33	33⅜
109½	99⅜	200	Chic. & Ohio pf. (6½).....	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	..	102¼	103
6¼	3¼	100	Chicago & Alton	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	..	5⅜	5¾
30⅞	21	3,400	Chicago & East. Illinois..	28½	30¼	28⅜	30½	+ 1⅜	30	30¼
51½	37	4,300	Chicago & E. Illinois pf...	41¾	44¼	41¾	43½	+ 2⅛	43	44
7	4	100	Chicago Great Western....	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	..	7	7¼
23⅜	10½	2,000	Chicago Gt. Western pf....	22¾	22¾	21¾	22⅜	+ ⅝	22½	23⅜
18⅛	10½	700	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul..	12	12⅛	12	12⅛	..	12	12⅜
30½	18⅜	2,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf...	20⅜	20⅞	20⅜	20½	+ ⅛	20½	20⅝
36⅜	21½	2,900	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific..	33½	33⅝	33¼	33½	+ ⅛	33½	33⅝
81	76⅝	300	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (7)	89¼	89⅞	89¼	89⅝	..	89½	89¾
39	25⅝	200	Chicago Yellow Cab (4)....	47⅜	47¾	47½	47½	— 1⅜	46	49
35⅞	25⅝	3,100	Chile Copper (2½).....	31½	32¼	31½	32⅛	+ ⅛	32⅛	32¼
75⅞	55⅝	300	Cluett, Peabody (5).....	57	57¾	57	57¾	+ ⅛	56	57¼
105½	100½	100	Cluett, Peabody pf. (7)....	101¼	101½	101¼	101½	+ ⅛	101½	104
78½	61	2,000	Coca-Cola (7	76¼	77	76¼	76½	+ ⅛	76½	76⅞
54⅜	24⅛	16,600	Colorado Fuel & Iron.....	41⅛	41⅜	38½	39	— 2	39	39¼
44	20	400	Colorado Southern	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	..	43⅝	44
60¼	50	200	Colorado South. 1st pf. (4)	60	60	60¼	60¼	..	61	65
44⅞	33	1,200	Colum. Gas & Elec. (2.60)	44¼	44¾	43⅝	43⅞	+ ⅛	43¾	44
55⅝	39⅝	200	Columbian Carbon (4).....	43¼	43¼	43	43	— ½	42½	44
103⅛	93	300	Com. Inv. Trust pf. (7)....	100	101	100	101	..	101	102⅝
68⅜	53	100	Commercial Solvents B.....	64½	64½	64½	64½	+ ⅜	64	65
39⅝	32⅝	1,900	Congoleum Co. (3).....	44⅝	44⅞	44⅝	44⅝	+ ⅜	44½	44⅝
22¼	11⅜	200	Consolidated Cigar.....	19	19⅛	19	19	+ 1	19	19¼
78⅝	60⅞	3,800	Consolidated Gas (5).....	70⅝	70⅝	70⅜	70⅝	+ ⅛	70⅝	70⅝
155⅜	129	300	Con. Gas, E. L. & P.,B.(8)	136	136	135¼	135½	— ⅛	135½	138
8	2⅜	600	Consolidated Textile	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	..	2⅞	3
60¾	43½	1,200	Continental Can (4).....	57⅜	57⅝	57¼	57½	+ ⅛	57½	57⅝
6	6	500	Continental Motors (50c.).	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	..	6⅛	6⅜
37⅞	31½	15,400	Corn Products Refin. (2)	36⅞	37⅜	36¾	37⅛	+ ⅛	37⅛	37⅜
40¾	22⅜	5,100	Cosden Co.	26½	27	26¼	27	— ⅛	26¾	27
71⅝	48	7,000	Crucible Steel (4)	55	55½	53¾	54	— ½	54	54½
18	10⅛	1,000	Cuba Cane Sugar.....	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	+ ⅛	11¼	11⅜
71⅛	53⅜	5,900	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.....	55¾	57⅜	54⅞	56¼	+ 1⅛	56¼	56⅜
39⅝	28⅜	3,300	Cuban Amer. Sugar (3).....	29¼	30	29¼	29¾	..	30	8
100	90	100	Cuban Amer. Sugar pf.(7)	98	98	98	98	..	98	98¼
8¾	4¼	100	Cuban Dominican Sugar..	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛	6¼	6⅞
74½	46⅜	1,100	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	49	50⅜	49	50¼	+ ½	50¼	50½
32½	10½	600	Dan. Boone Woolen Mills	10⅜	11⅜	10⅜	11⅜	+ ⅜	11	11½
69¾	41	1,400	Davison Chemical	46½	46½	45	46⅜	+ ⅛	46	46⅜
124⅝	104½	1,000	Delaware & Hudson (9)...	123	124¼	123	124¼	+ 1	123½	124½
146⅜	110⅜	3,300	Del., Lack. & West. (6)...	135¾	139	135¾	138⅜	+ 2¼	138¼	138½
110¼	102¼	100	Detroit Edison Co. (8).....	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	..	109½	109⅝
141⅞	112	2,400	Du Pont de Nemours (8	128⅜	130	128½	128⅝	+ ⅛	128¾	129
93	85	100	Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6)	92½	92½	92¼	92¼	+ ⅛	..	93
112⅜	104⅛	500	Eastman Kodak (17½).....	110	110¼	110	110¼	..	110	110¼
24⅜	5⅜	100	Eaton Axle & Spring.....	11	11	11	11	..	10	11
64	50½	900	Edison Elec. Illum. (4)....	57¼	57⅝	57	57⅝	+ ⅛	57¼	58
3½	3	200	Emerson Brantingham.....	2	2	2	2	..	..	..
35⅜	20⅝	1,900	Erie	28½	28⅝	28¼	28¼	+ ⅛	28	28¼
42⅞	29⅝	500	Erie 1st pf.....	38¾	38¾	38	38	..	36¾	38¾
29⅞	25⅛	100	Fairbanks-Morse (2.60)...	27⅞	27⅞	27½	27½	..	27	27¾
87⅛	61	8,800	Famous Players-Lasky (8)	82⅜	84	82⅜	83½	+ 1	82½	83
87⅝	67⅛	100	Famous Play.-Lasky pf.(8)	86½	86½	86½	86½	..	86	87
91	75	100	Fed. Light & Trac. (7).....	87½	87½	87½	87½	+ ¼	87	91
54⅝	41¼	800	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf.(7)	51⅞	52⅝	51	51	— 1	50½	52
10½	5⅞	1,300	Fisk Rubber	9¾	9¾	9¼	9¼	— ⅛	9¼	9⅝
68	35⅞	300	Fisk Rubber 1st pf.....	67⅜	67⅜	66½	66¾	— 1½	66	67½
79⅝	44⅞	5,000	Fleischmann Co. (7½).....	78	78⅝	77¼	77¼	+ 1	77⅜	78
88⅜	74⅜	400	Foundation Co. (6).....	85	85	84½	84½	— ¼	83⅜	84½
8⅝	3⅞	500	Freeport Texas	8⅝	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	..	8¼	8⅝
57⅜	32⅜	1,200	Gen. Am. Tank Car (3).....	43	46	43	46	+ 2	45¾	46
42⅝	27⅜	400	General Asphalt	42⅜	42⅝	41½	41⅝	+ 1	40⅝	42
83⅝	68⅜	100	General Asphalt pf. (5)...	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	..	82¼	83⅝
93⅝	82⅝	600	General Cigar (8).....	88	88⅝	88	88⅜	+ ⅛	88	88⅝
261¾	193⅛	8,000	General Electric (5).....	252⅜	254½	252¼	253⅜	+ 1¼	253	253⅜
108⅜	83⅜	2,800	Gen. Elec. Spec. (60c).....	104⅝	107⅜	104⅝	107⅜	+ 2	104⅜	107⅜
73⅜	56⅝	3,700	General Motors	58	58⅝	57⅞	57⅞	— ¼	57⅝	58
99⅝	83⅜	800	General Motors pf. (7).....	99¾	99¾	99	99	— ⅛	98¾	99¼
45⅜	25⅜	3,400	Gen. Petroleum (2).....	42⅜	43⅝	42⅜	43⅜	+ ⅛	43⅜	43⅝
66⅜	39⅝	100	Gimbel Brothers	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅛	59¾	60¼
147⅜	126⅜	300	Gimbel Brothers pf. (7)....	103	103	103	103	..	102½	104
11⅞	7⅝	100	Glidden Co.	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11¼	..	11¼	11⅜
39	30	600	Gold Dust	37⅞	38	37⅞	38	+ ⅛	37	39
54¼	42⅝	1,900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.....	31¾	31⅝	30¾	31	— ⅝	30⅝	31½
97	71	200	Goodrich (B. F.) pf. (7)..	88⅝	89	88¾	89	..	88	89¼
67⅞	46¼	1,600	Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf.	67⅞	68⅜	67	67	+ ⅝	67	68
25⅛	11	400	Granby Consol	18

$25,000,000 CREDIT FOR GERMANS ENDS

American Financiers Are Asked by Gold Discount Bank to Terminate Arrangement.

INDUSTRIES TIDED OVER

Under Dawes Plan a New Institution Will Take Up the Work of Financing Trade.

It was learned yesterday that the German Gold Discount Bank of Berlin had advised the International Acceptance Bank, Inc., of New York that it wished to terminate the credit of $25,000,000 which had been placed at its disposal by an American banking syndicate. The request will, of course, be complied with and on Dec. 15 next the financing arrangement will end. Its expiration will mark the end of a chaotic period in German financial history to bridge which a group of twenty-one American banks entered into an agreement whereby German industry was tided over a dangerous time.

The International Acceptance Bank, Inc., was manager of the American syndicate, which comprised banking establishments of New York, Chicago, Boston and other cities. At the other end was the new German Gold Discount Bank, a temporary institution of which Hjalmar Schacht was the head. The agreement was entered into when German industries furnished evidence that they could not carry on without some kind of financing machinery which would give them a stable currency medium and a way by which trade bills could be sold to some central bank for cash with which the corporations could pay their bills.

The arrangement was unique in financial history and, in effect, represented the throwing out of a life line by American banks to German industries in dire straits, without entailing any dollar risk upon the American institutions.

Back of the plan were Dr. Schacht in behalf of the German banks and industries and Paul M. Warburg, Chairman of the International Acceptance Bank, Inc., representing the American group. The Reparation Commission, it was understood, approved of the plan, but it was entered into, on this side, by the American banks acting solely for themselves and, so far as known, without United States Government support, although later it developed that the trade bills were of sufficiently good character to make them eligible for rediscount at the Federal Reserve Bank.

Under the Dawes plan a new German bank will be organized with a capital of 400,000,000 gold marks, or about the equivalent in gold of the American part of the recent German loan. The temporary German Gold Discount Bank will be absorbed by this new institution which, as the reorganized German Reichsbank, will become once more the central note issuing institution of Germany. It will likewise become the depository for the funds to be collected for the Reparation Commission in Germany and will receive the proceeds of the loan recently placed in foreign markets.

CHICAGO BANKS PLAN TO REDUCE INTEREST

Propose to Pay 1¾ Per Cent. Instead of 2 on Country Bank Balances.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Chicago's big financial institutions have become the dumping ground for idle money of the whole Middle West. With Chicago banks paying a higher interest rate on country bank balances than prevails in New York, the influx of funds has become so serious that remedial measures are being planned.

The Chicago banks now hold around $100,000,000 of excess deposits from country banks. Although they have no use for these funds at the present time of abnormally plentiful credit, the banks are paying 2 per cent. interest. It is likely the Chicago banks will reduce this rate to 1¾ per cent. in the hope of diverting funds to other cities.

This will necessitate action by the Chicago Clearing House Association, through which the banks now maintain a sliding scale of interest rates based on the prevailing rediscount rate of the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank on ninety-day commercial paper. The clearing house scale ranges from 1 to 2¼ per cent., the minimum applying when Federal Reserve rate is below 2½ per cent., and the maximum governing when the reserve rate is 4½ per cent. or more.

The present reserve rate is 4 per cent., which would make the clearing house rate 2 per cent. It is proposed, however, to amend the rule so that the clearing house committee may be empowered to pass on the bank's rate and change it. This action would permit a lowering of the present bank rate on country bank balances.

EXTEND DANISH CREDIT.

National City Allows Another Year for $10,000,000 Loan.

The National City Bank announced yesterday that the credit of $10,000,000 advanced last Dec. 15 to the Danish Government had been extended for one year. The credit was arranged with the Danish National Bank and was known as the Danish Stabilization Credit. It was created after conferences of Danish financiers and Government economists, who recommended that a fund be established through borrowing abroad to eliminate the fluctuations of the krone.

The original credit will expire on Dec. 15 next, and the extension is for one year from that date. Since the currency equalization fund was set up in New York, fluctuations in the Danish currency have been reduced to a minimum.

GERMAN BANK SEEKS LOAN.

Land and Mortgage Institution Wants $5,000,000 Here.

A loan of $5,000,000 is sought from american investors by a German land and mortgage bank. Several New York houses have been approached, but so far as known none has closed the deal. Proceeds of the loan, as explained by the agent representing the farm loan bank, would be used to provide credits for German farmers.

Several obstacles stand in the way of granting the loan, according to bankers. German credit, as gauged by the recent German reconstruction loan, would not merit a low interest coupon. At the same time the agricultural industry of Germany, as in most other countries, is not sufficiently profitable to bear a high charge for loans.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London Quiet, Paris Heavy—Sharp Fall in French Bonds.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Trading was quiet and prices moved irregularly on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols ⅛ lower at 57¼; British 5 per cent. war loan, 102⅞; 4½ per cent. war loan, 98¾; both unchanged.

De Beers Mining ¼ higher at 11⅝; Rand Mines unchanged at 2⅝.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes declined 1 franc 20 centimes to 50 francs; 5 per cent. war loan declined 75 centimes to 69 francs.

The exchange on London rose 10 centimes to 86 francs 15 centimes per sovereign; the American dollar was quoted at 19 francs 17½ centimes, against 19.14½ yesterday.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1924.

Day's Sales—	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
United States Government bonds...	$2,201,600	$3,957,100	$9,276,950	$9,093,950	$5,565,400
Other domestic bonds	7,362,000	5,001,000	8,733,000	5,664,000	3,739,000
Foreign bonds	2,848,000	1,192,500	1,970,000	1,297,000	878,000
Total all bonds	$12,411,600	$10,150,600	$19,979,950	$16,054,950	$10,182,400
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds...	$746,771,220	$661,806,180	$1,433,475,857	$1,663,703,030	$2,246,155,650
Other domestic bonds	1,761,026,200	1,234,523,100	1,622,342,600	736,785,500	573,002,000
Foreign bonds	471,711,000	374,562,500	507,641,300	268,347,700	247,675,300
Total all bonds	$2,979,508,420	$2,270,891,780	$3,563,459,257	$2,668,836,230	$3,066,832,950

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range 1924. High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.	Yield
100.1	Oct. 19,'22	86.1	June 2,'21	101.28	98.22	64	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	101.6	101.8	101.6	101.8	...	101.7	101.9	3.32
102.25	Oct. 19,'22	86.1	July 11,'21	101.28	98.30	3	Liberty 3½s, registered	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	...			
102.13	Aug. 15,'24	83.00	May 19,'20	102.14	98.27	...	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	102.12	102.30	3.69
102.6	July 30,'24	83.25	May 19,'20	102.6	97.30	...	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....			
102.13	July 8,'24	81.12	May 20,'20	102.13	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	....	....	....	....	....	101.18	....	3.47
101.15	July 23,'24	81.18	May 21,'20	101.15	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, registered	....	....	....	....	....			
103.00	July 15,'24	90.00	June 7,'20	103.00	99.20	...	¼ Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47	102.00	102.00	102.00	102.00	...	102.00	102.16	...
102.21	Aug. 15,'24	84.00	May 21,'20	102.21	98.8	34	Lib 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	102.16	102.16	102.14	102.16	...	102.15	102.17	5.89
102.16	Oct. 22,'24	84.00	July 30,'20	102.16	98.4	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....			
102.00	July 29,'24	81.12	May 20,'20	102.00	98.4	16¾	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	101.22	101.23	101.20	101.22	—1	101.22	101.23	3.65
101.27	Aug. 1,'24	83.16	May 23,'20	101.27	98.2	...	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....			
102.25	Aug. 6,'24	85.20	Dec. 30,'20	102.28	99.8	141	Liberty 3d 4½s, 1928	102.9	102.10	102.8	102.10	+.1	102.9	102.10	3.63
102.21	Aug. 5,'24	82.12	May 19,'20	102.21	99.8	4	Liberty 3d 4½s, reg.	102.9	102.9	102.8	102.9	....			
103.00	Aug. 9,'24	82.00	May 20,'20	103.00	98.8	1,937	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-38	102.21	102.22	102.19	102.21	....	102.21	102.22	3.60
102.25	Aug. 9,'24	82.15	May 20,'20	102.25	98.7	204	Liberty 4th 4¼s reg.	102.18	102.19	102.18	102.19	+.1			
107.00	Oct. 21,'24	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	107.00	99.8	117	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52	106.29	106.29	106.27	106.28	+.1	106.23	106.29	3.80
106.20	Oct. 23,'24	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	106.20	99.13	...	Treasury 4½s, registered	....	....	....	....	....			

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine s f 6s, Ser A, 1957	2..... 93¾	3..... 93⅝	4..... 93⅝	5..... 93⅝	10..... 93⅝	15..... 93⅝	20..... 93⅝	25..... 93⅝	30..... 93⅝	35..... 93⅝	40..... 93⅝	45..... 93⅝	50..... 93⅝	55..... 93⅝	60..... 93⅝
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	4..... 113	5..... 113¼	3(c)..115	3..... 113¼											
City of Berne 8s, 1946	6..... 112														
City of Bord'x 6s, 1934	5..... 87⅝	12..... 88	1..... 83⅝												
City of Carlsbad s f 8s, 1964, int cfs	2..... 98	6..... 97¾	11..... 98	2..... 97¾	3..... 97¾	26..... 98	18..... 98¼	5..... 98	2..... 98¼	44..... 100	conv 6s..'23	1..... 119			
City of Christiania s f 8s, 1945	1..... 110⅝														
City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944	1s1f. 95	7..... 95¼													
Cy of Greater Prague 7½s, 1932	1..... 90½	2..... 90⅝													
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	1..... 88½	1..... 88⅝	4..... 88⅝	8..... 88⅝											
City of Marseilles 6s, '34	1..... 87⅛	2..... 87½													
City of Porto Alegre s f 8s, 1961	1..... 94	2..... 92½													
City of Rio de Janeiro s f 8s, 1946	1..... 93	2..... 93	3..... 96½												
Chinese Ry 5s, 1951	1..... 42	2..... 41¾													
City of Rotterdam s f 6s, 1964	2..... 103¾	5..... 103¾	1..... 103¾	3..... 103¾											
City of Tokio 5½s, 1952	13..... 64⅝														
City of Trondhjem s f 6½s, 1944	4..... 96														
Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951	4..... 101⅜	5..... 101⅜	3..... 101⅜	1..... 101⅜											
Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser B, 1946	2..... 100¼	12..... 100													
Cy of Soissons 6s, 1936	6..... 87														
City of Tokio 5½s, 1952	13..... 64⅝														
City of Trondhjem s f 6½s, 1944	4..... 96														
Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951	4..... 101⅜	5..... 101⅜	3..... 101⅜	1..... 101⅜											
Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser B, 1946	2..... 100¼	12..... 100													
Dept of Seine temp 7s, '42	20..... 92⅜	2..... 92½	2..... 92½	2..... 92½											
Dom Canada 5s, 1926	5..... 101⅜	5½s, 1929	6..... 94	5..... 93⅝	2..... 104										
Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, int ctfs	7..... 92	1..... 95	5..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	3..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	2..... 95¼	22..... 95¼	3..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	1..... 95¼	1..... 95¼
Dom Canada 5s, 1926	5..... 101⅜	5½s, 1929	6..... 94	5..... 93⅝	2..... 104										
Dutch E Ind s f 5½s, 1953	10..... 89½	trust rcts	6..... 89½	2..... 89¾	6s, 1947	2..... 96⅜	5..... 96⅜	6s, 1962	10..... 95¾	5..... 95¾	5..... 95¾	1..... 95¾			
Dutch E Ind s f 5½s, 1953	10..... 89½	trust rcts	6..... 89½	2..... 89¾	6s, 1947	2..... 96⅜	5..... 96⅜	6s, 1962	10..... 95¾	5..... 95¾	5..... 95¾	1..... 95¾			
Fremarican Industri Dev temp deb 7½s, 1942	1..... 94⅞	5..... 95													
French Gov 7½s, 1941	7..... 101½	1..... 101¼													
French Govt 7½s, 1941	7..... 101½	1..... 101¼													
Fremarican Industri Dev temp deb 7½s, 1942	1..... 94⅞	5..... 95													
French Gov 7½s, 1941	7..... 101½	1..... 101¼													
German Extnl loan 1924 s f 7s, when issued 1949	32..... 94¼	19..... 94¼	72..... 94¼	2..... 94¼	26..... 94¼	7..... 94¼	10..... 94¼	3..... 94¼	10..... 94¼	15..... 94¼	20..... 94¼	5..... 94	1..... 94¼	10..... 94	84..... 94¼
German Extnl loan 1924 s f 7s, when issued 1949	32..... 94¼	19..... 94¼	72..... 94¼	2..... 94¼	26..... 94¼	7..... 94¼	10..... 94¼	3..... 94¼	10..... 94¼	15..... 94¼	20..... 94¼	5..... 94	1..... 94¼	10..... 94	84..... 94¼
Jap Govt 4s, sterling loan 1931	29..... 91½	Holland Amer 25-yr s f 6s, 1947	1..... 83⅜	5..... 83⅜	40..... 81¼	Denver & R G con 4½s, '36	1..... 85	imp 5s, '28	35..... 93	6..... 93¼	1..... 93½	1st & ref 5s, 1949	5..... 45¼	5..... 45¾	3..... 46	10..... 46½	registered	1..... 44⅜	Bankers Trust ctfs of dep stamped	9..... 43	Derby (D G) 1st s f 7s, 1942	5..... 73	2..... 72½	Det Edison ref 5s, 1940	1..... 99¼	1..... 99¼	col tr 5s, 1933	1..... 101	1st & ref 6s, 1940	2..... 106¼	2..... 106¼	2..... 106½	Det United Ry con 4½s 1932	2..... 93	Jacob Dold Pack 1st s f 6s, 1942	5..... 84½	Dom Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1939	3..... 93	Donner Steel s f 7s, Ser AA, 1942	1..... 94¼	DuPont de Nem 7½s, 1931	1..... 108	2..... 107¾	2..... 107¾	1..... 108	Duquesne Ltd 1st 5½s, '49	5..... 103⅛	col tr 6s, 1949	1..... 105¼	1..... 105¼	1..... 105¼	2..... 105⅛	Eastern Cuba Sug 7½s, '37	1..... 103⅜	5..... 103⅞	1..... 104	Edison El Ill of N Y 1st con 5s, 1939	1..... 100	El Paso & Swn 1st & ref 5s, 1965	3..... 90¼	Emp Gas & Fuel 7½s, Ser A, 1937	15..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	3..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1st f..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	10 f..... 96¾	15..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	2..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	10 f..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	2..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1

COTTON REPORT CHANGE DESIRED

New Orleans and Liverpool Exchanges Object to Semi-Monthly Statements Here.

SAY IT UPSETS BUSINESS

Return to the Monthly System of the Department of Agriculture Is Advocated.

Officers of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange and the Liverpool Cotton Exchange are protesting against the issuance of semi-monthly Government crop reports governing the progress of the cotton crop, according to a statement issued yesterday by Edward E. Bartlett Jr., President of the New York Cotton Exchange. Mr. Bartlett says he has received letters from these institutions soliciting the aid of the New York institution in having the present system of issuing crop reports by the Government changed.

The protest is based upon the ground that the issuance of these semi-monthly reports disorganizes the trade in general. Issuance of semi-monthly cotton reports by the Department of Agriculture at Washington is a new departure. Prior to 1924 only monthly reports were issued during the crop season. Such a semi-monthly statement will be issued by the Department of Agriculture at 11 A. M. today.

Mr. Bartlett said that the letters of protest and solicitation of the aid of the New York Cotton Exchange in bringing about a change in the present method were received from A. Bryce Muir, President of the Liverpool Cotton Exchange, and Edward S. Butler, President of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

A statement issued by Mr. Bartlett yesterday says in part:

"Both Mr. Muir and Mr. Butler stated in their letters that the issuing of reports twice a month by the Department of Agriculture had had a very disorganizing effect on the cotton trade generally. Mr. Muir emphasized that strong opposition had come from the spinning interests in Manchester, and expressed hope that the New York Cotton Exchange would take up the matter with the Government.

"While the cotton trade generally appreciates that the Department of Agriculture in adopting the system of semi-monthly reports, which was inaugurated this year, did so with the idea of further stabilizing the industry, it is to be regretted that the plan worked out quite the opposite. Coming with such frequency, these reports have proved to be irritant and have had a depressing influence upon the cotton business generally and greatly increased the hazards of the trade.

"Previously, crop estimates were issued by the Government monthly, and that plan was much more satisfactory than the one now in practice. Under the semi-monthly plan of reporting, business in the spinning, yarns and cotton goods branches of the trade is at a standstill a week before the report is due, because of uncertainty as to what the report will show. Violent fluctuations are caused, resulting in serious curtailment of business until the market readjusts itself. By the time this is accomplished the date for the publication of the next report is approaching, and the trade enters into another period of anxiety and uncertainty.

"It would be bad enough if the disturbing influence of these reports was confined to the local markets, but it has been made apparent that the frequency of the reports disarranges and confuses the cotton trade of Great Britain and other foreign countries which are large buyers of the American staple.

"Causing almost constant revision of the figures of world supply in relation to demand and throwing prices out of balance, as it does, this frequent repetition of disturbances to the trade can have but a demoralizing effect upon the cotton industry at large."

SIMMONS KILLS RUMOR.

Exchange Did Not Vote on Election Deadlock, Says President.

Reports were received in newspaper offices here yesterday afternoon that the governors of the New York Stock Exchange, at a meeting held yesterday, had decided that the Exchange would remain closed on the day after election if the vote would not show a sufficient majority to elect a President.

E. H. H. Simmons, President of the Exchange, denied unqualifiedly last night that any such vote had been taken, or even proposed to members of the New York Stock Exchange. Mr. Simmons added that possibly the bear speculators in the financial district were attempting to make capital out of the circulation of rumors that the election would be deadlocked.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
20 railroads	70.69	69.91	70.32	+ .34
50 industrials	115.53	117.32	117.72	+ .58
90 stocks	94.55	93.63	94.02	+ .38

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Oct. 23	94.09	93.18	93.64	+ .00
Oct. 22	94.08	93.07	93.55	+ .38
Oct. 21	93.43	92.40	93.19	+ .57
Oct. 20	92.35	91.23	91.62	— .37
Oct. 18	92.75	91.53	91.99	+ .75
Oct. 17	92.39	91.41	92.24	+ .84

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Oct.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	95.30	Oct. 1	90.49	Oct. 15	94.02
1923	81.20	Oct. 4	77.15	Oct. 29	79.44
1922	94.09	Oct. 16	88.18	Oct. 2	93.64
1921	86.13	Oct. 20	81.54	Oct. 17	84.86
1920	84.05	Oct. 5	79.76	Oct. 28	81.29

YEARLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

*1924	97.17	Aug. 20	82.36	Apr. 23	94.02
†1923	92.52	Mar. 6	77.83	July 5	79.02

Full Years.

1923	92.52	Mar. 6	77.15	Oct. 29	84.15
1922	94.09	Oct. 16	81.21	Jan. 10	90.53
1921	93.13	May 9	68.16	June 21	88.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 5	63.70	Dec. 22	87.96
1919	90.19	Nov. 3	80.78	Jan. 11	89.69

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.		
	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 81.17	+ .07	— .12	+ 8.89

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

Oct. 23	81.10	+ .03	
Oct. 22	81.07	+ .10	
Oct. 21	80.97	+ .06	
Oct. 20	80.91	— .03	
Oct. 18	80.94	+ .06	
Oct. 17	80.88	+ .15	
Oct. 16	80.73	— .04	
Oct. 15	80.77	— .14	
Oct. 14	80.91	— .09	
Oct. 13	Holiday.		
Oct. 11	81.00	+ .04	
Oct. 10	80.96	— .05	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	81.69	July 26	76.95	Jan. 2	81.17
†1923	79.43	Jan. 3	75.58	Oct. 2	76.78

Full Years.

1923	79.43	Jan. 3	75.58	Oct. 2	78.71
1922	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921	76.21	Nov. 29	67.56	June 20	75.27
1920	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.66
1919	70.85	June 3	71.05	Dec. 18	72.00

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.		
	Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues ..101.44	— .00	— .27	+ 3.06

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Oct. 23	101.53	+ .07	
Oct. 22	101.48	— .07	
Oct. 21	101.53	+ .03	
Oct. 20	101.50	— .13	
Oct. 18	101.63	+ .09	
Oct. 17	101.54	— .62	
Oct. 16	101.56	— .01	
Oct. 15	101.57	— .08	
Oct. 14	101.65	+ .06	
Oct. 13	Holiday.		
Oct. 11	101.59	— .06	
Oct. 10	101.51	— .10	
Oct. 9	101.61	— .05	
Oct. 8	101.66	— .06	
Oct. 7	101.71	+ .06	
Oct. 6	101.65	— .13	

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	101.83	Aug. 14	97.81	Jan. 5	101.44
†1925	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	98.56

Full Years.

1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	97.83
1922	103.10	Apr. 17	97.40	Nov. 14	99.91

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

MARLAND OIL BONDS PLACED PRIVATELY

Issue of $20,000,000 First Financing by an Oil Concern in Recent Weeks.

Announcement was made yesterday that a new issue of $20,000,000 two-year 5 per cent. notes of the Marland Oil Company had been placed privately by J. P. Morgan & Co., the Guaranty Company of New York, F. S. Smithers & Co. and Potter & Co. The issue furnished moneys to be used in redeeming purchase money obligations outstanding, to pay off bank loans and to provide a balance which will be used for other company purposes. According to reports in oil trade circles, the Marland Oil Company has been a heavy purchaser of crude oil at prevailing prices. This is the first oil company in some time to do any new financing, although reports have been current for months that a number of large oil companies were contemplating such steps.

Another piece of financing done privately was announced yesterday when Blair & Co., Inc., reported they had sold $1,740,000 of New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Railway Company 5 per cent. equipment trust certificates, Series A, dated Nov. 1 next. Authorization was given yesterday to the same railroad company by the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue $1,770,000 of first mortgage 5½ per cent. bonds, Series A.

Annual Cotton Handbook Out.

The fifty-fourth edition of the Annual Cotton Handbook for 1924, published by Comteiburo, Ltd., is being distributed. It contains much valuable information and statistics on the cotton industry and is used for reference by cotton merchants, traders, importers, exporters and mills in all parts of the world.

Rocky Mountain Company Report.

The St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Company reports a net income of $80,594 for the period from July 1 to Sept. 30.

New Bond Offerings of the Week

Week Ended Oct. 24, 1924.

INDUSTRIAL

Bond or Note.	Amount.	Price.	Interest Rate.	Yield. Per Cent.	Term Yrs.	Due.	Interest Payable.	Syndicate or Firm.
*Cheney Brothers gold (fdg.) bonds	$5,000,000	..	5	4-5.75	1-10	1925-34	M.&N.	Bankers Trust Co., Brown Bros. & Co.
†Industrial Works of Bay City, Mich., mortgage bonds..	2,000,000	99	6½	6.60	15	1939	M.&N.	J. G. White & Co., Inc., Harris, Small & Co., Detroit; National Bank of the Republic, Chicago.
‡Cuban Dominican Sugar Co. sinking fund bonds	15,000,000	97½	7½	7.75	20	1944	M.&N.	National City Co., Lee, Higginson & Co., Cassatt & Co., Potter & Co., W. A. Harriman & Co., Inc.

*Redeemable at 102½. †Redeemable at 107½ to Nov. 1, 1925; thereafter at ½ per cent. less per annum. ‡Redeemable at 105 as a whole; at 110 for sinking fund.

PUBLIC UTILITY

Calumet Gas & Elec. rfdg. mtg. bonds, Series A.....	2,500,000	97	6	6.20	30	1954	A.&O.	Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.
†Los Angeles Gas & Electric rfdg. mtg. bonds, Series I...	6,000,000	96½	6½	6.75	25	1949	A.&O.	Bond & Goodwin & Tucker, Inc., Mercantile Securities Co. of California, E. H. Rollins & Sons, Harris, Forbes & Co., Blyth, Witter & Co.
‡American Power & Lt. gold deb. bds.	5,000,000	96½	6	6.35	72	2016	M.&S.	Bonbright & Co., Inc.

†Redeemable at 105 to Oct. 1, 1939; thereafter at ½ per cent. less per annum. ‡Additional offering.

STATE AND MUNICIPAL

Seneca Falls, N.Y., U. F. S. D. bonds.	320,000	..	4½	4.20	1-30	1925-54	J.&J.	Equitable Trust Co.
Town of Pelham, N. Y., school dis. bds	547,000	..	4¼	4.05-.10	6-35	1930-59	A.&O.	A. M. Lamport & Co., Inc.
Portland, Ore., water bonds.....	2,035,000	..	4	4.25	11-30	1935-54	M&SM&N	Harris, Forbes & Co.
Lakeland, Fla., building bonds...	650,000	..	6½	4.85	13-29	1937-53	J.&J.	George H. Burr & Co.
Chicago, Ill., impt. bonds	4,375,000	..	4	3.80-4	2-19	1927-42	J.&J.	A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., A. G. Becker & Co., Central Trust Co. of Illinois, Bonbright & Co., Inc., Union Trust Co. of Chicago, Hill, Joiner & Co., Inc.
Town of Hempstead, N. Y., U. F. S. D. No. 16 bonds...	135,000	..	4½ 4¼	3.75-4.15 3.75-4.15	1-27 1-27	1928-51 1928-51	M.&N. M.&N.	A. M. Lamport & Co., Inc.
Seneca Co., N. Y., highway bonds...	147,000	..	4-4½	4	5-28	1929-53	M.&S.	George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.
Village of Liverpool, N. Y., water bds.	150,000	..	4.40	4-25	3-40	1927-64	J.&J.	George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.
Town of Long Lake, N. Y., School District 1 bonds.....	150,000	..	5	4.25	2-21	1928-55	J.&J.	George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.

FARM LOAN

*First Joint Stock Land Bank of New Orleans farm loan bonds	1,000,000	101½	5	4.80-3	20	1944	M.&N.	Harris, Forbes & Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., William R. Compton Co.

*Optional 1934.

Real Estate Mortgage Bonds are not included in this table.

WEEK'S NEW BONDS TOTAL $45,016,000

Industrial Group Led With Aggregate Offerings of $22,000,000—Farm Loan, $1,000,000.

$13,500,000 FOR UTILITIES

State and Municipal Securities Amount to $8,156,000—Large Issues Expected Soon.

New bond offerings this week totaled $45,016,000, comparing with $152,762,000 the preceding week. Save for industrial and public utility financing, the offerings by groups were light. This was attributed to the after-effects of the $110,000,000 German loan, bankers believing that a breathing spell would be a good thing for the market before calling on it to absorb more large issues.

By groups the offerings of this and last week compared as follows:

	This Week.	Last Week.
Industrial	$22,000,000	.....
Public utility	13,500,000	$17,500,000
State and municipal	8,616,000	11,631,000
Farm Loan	1,000,000	2,500,000
Foreign	.....	116,697,000
Railroad	.....	4,434,000
Totals	$45,016,000	$152,762,000

A large number of sizeable offerings are said to be in prospect in the next two weeks. Among these are $25,000,000 of Brooklyn Edison 5 per cent. bonds, $15,000,000 of Central Leather Company bonds and $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 of Illinois Central Railroad Company equipment bonds. The French loan of $150,000,000, it was said yesterday, would be held over for a short time. It was thought probable that the French loan in this market would precede by a few days the French internal loan, as a full subscription here would have a favorable effect upon French investment sentiment at home.

As a result of the present condition of the bond market, many banking houses are placing issues privately. The demand from investors for new bonds was said to be sufficiently good to subscribe in advance of a formal offering, the bonds of first-rate credits running up to $20,000,000 or $25,000,000.

CONTRACT FOR A LOAN TO SWEDEN IS SIGNED

Public Offering of $30,000,000 to Be Made Next Week—Inquiry Is Heavy.

Although final details have not been completed for the public offering next week of the new $30,000,000 issue of 5½ per cent. bonds of the Kingdom of Sweden, it was indicated yesterday that the issue would be fully subscribed by the time the books were actually thrown open. Inquiry from investment banks and private investors was reported to be heavy. Some buying by banks to meet their own investment needs was also reported.

Word was received by the National City Company that the new loan contract had been signed. The loan will be the first foreign Government issue to be placed in the New York market since the German loan was floated. The issue will consist of thirty-year bonds, callable after ten years, according to dispatches from Christiania, and it was understood that the public offering would be at about 100, to yield approximately 5.50 per cent. The bonds will be sold early next week.

Money from this loan will be used to pay off certain indebtedness of Sweden in America and to consolidate its floating debt. A surplus will be left over to take care of other governmental needs.

BROOKLYN EDISON GROWS.

Company Not Planning to Split Shares, Official Says.

The Brooklyn Edison Company has made it known through an official that, although the tendency has been for local public utility companies to split up their stocks into no-par value issues, or to reduce the par value of the shares, in order to make them more attractive to the small investor, it is averse to any change which would lessen the investment value of its present shares.

The Brooklyn Edison this year is doing a record business and is unable to keep pace with the demands for new services, the official said yesterday. It is estimated that at least 100,000 new customers will be added to the company's books this year, and if the sale of the Flatbush Gas Company is approved by the Public Service Commission this should, it is said, add 42,000 new customers more, making a total of 142,000 for the year.

Loans, Investments and Deposits Gain In Member Banks' Weekly Reports, Oct. 15

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Increases of $82,000,000 in loans and investments, of $239,000,000 in net demand deposits and of $36,000,000 in time deposits are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly consolidated statement of condition on Oct. 15 of 744 member banks in leading cities.

Loans on United States Government securities declined by $2,000,000 and loans on corporate securities by $3,000,000, while "all other," largely commercial loans and discounts, increased by $82,000,000. Holdings of United States bonds and certificates of indebtedness advanced by $5,000,000 and $4,000,000, respectively, and those of corporate securities by $29,000,000. Treasury notes show a reduction of $13,000,000.

Total loans and discounts of the New York City members show a net decrease of $9,000,000, declines of $3,000,000 in loans on United States Government securities and of $20,000,000 in loans on corporate securities being offset in part by an increase of $17,000,000 in "all other" loans and discounts. Investments of these banks in United States Government securities were $2,000,000 less and their holdings of corporate securities $9,000,000 larger than a week earlier.

Of the total gain of $239,000,000 in net demand deposits, $53,000,000 was reported for the New York district, $42,000,000 for the San Francisco, $41,000,000 for the Boston, $37,000,000 for the Chicago and $26,000,000 for the Cleveland. Time deposits show an increase of $36,000,000, of which $14,000,000 was reported for banks in the New York district.

Reserve balances of all reporting banks were $12,000,000 less and those of New York City banks $33,000,000 less than a week ago.

A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of reporting members during the week and year ended Oct. 15, 1924, follows:

	Week.	Year.
Loans and discounts, total	+$57,000,000	+$825,000,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	— 2,000,000	— 68,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	— 3,000,000	+734,000,000
All other	+62,000,000	+159,000,000
Investments, total	+25,000,000	+335,000,000
U. S. bonds	+ 5,000,000	+266,000,000
U. S. Treasury notes	— 13,000,000	— 284,000,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	+ 4,000,000	+311,000,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	+ 29,000,000	+642,000,000
Reserve balances with F. R. Bank	— 12,000,000	+250,000,000
Cash in vault	+ 2,000,000	+ 3,000,000
Net demand deposits	+239,000,000	+1,863,000,000
Time deposits	+ 36,000,000	+ 706,000,000
Government deposits	— 22,000,000	+ 70,000,000
Total accommodation at F. R. Banks	.....	+478,000,000

+Increase. —Decrease.

PRINCIPAL RESOURCE AND LIABILITY ITEMS OF REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AND BRANCH CITIES AND IN OTHER SELECTED CITIES, AS OF OCT. 15.

	All F. R. Bank Cities. Oct. 15.	F. R. Branch Cities. Oct. 15.	Other Selected Cities. Oct. 15.	New York City. Oct. 15.	City of Chicago. Oct. 15.
Number of reporting banks	258	195	294	67	47
Loans and discounts, gross:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	$151,152,000	$33,232,000	$26,136,000	$67,567,000	$24,944,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	3,223,827,000	624,591,000	590,879,000	1,764,084,000	535,817,000
All other loans and discounts	5,215,827,000	1,628,830,000	1,361,758,000	2,833,281,000	736,279,000
Total loans and discounts	$8,570,786,000	$2,286,653,000	$1,918,673,000	$4,163,932,000	$1,296,540,000
U. S. pre-war bonds	91,964,000	74,465,000	98,724,000	40,685,000	4,127,000
U. S. Liberty bonds	800,395,000	243,410,000	191,048,000	362,010,000	83,011,000
U. S. Treas. bonds	34,758,000	17,200,000	18,178,000	14,529,000	8,511,000
U. S. Treas. notes	131,025,000	111,006,000	48,059,000	259,994,000	86,818,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	227,685,000	58,464,000	18,128,000	150,189,000	18,189,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	1,596,295,000	678,780,000	511,113,000	848,167,000	190,364,000
Total loans and discounts and investments	$11,850,888,000	$3,580,080,000	$2,801,722,000	$5,067,706,000	$1,682,455,000
Reserve balances with F. R. Bank	1,206,494,000	276,543,000	194,452,000	728,511,000	166,531,000
Cash in vault	150,527,000	63,020,000	79,609,000	60,919,000	30,597,000
Net demand deposits	9,178,119,000	2,142,201,000	1,735,330,000	3,226,055,000	1,246,975,000
Time deposits	2,586,347,000	1,366,863,000	976,657,000	785,977,000	411,870,000
Government deposits	157,479,000	56,770,000	15,862,000	38,508,000	9,143,000
Bills payable and rediscounts with F. R. Bank:					
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	36,565,000	12,693,000	7,631,000	33,650,000	25,000
All other	30,229,000	10,781,000	16,164,000	10,653,000	.....

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from preceding page.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y Chi & St L 5½s, 1974	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
38.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
26.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
20.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
10.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
2.....	95	95	95	95	95	95
3.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
1.....	95	95	95	95	95	95
5.....	95	95	95	95	95	95
11.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
1.....	95	95	95	95	95	95
6s, 1961						
18.....	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
1.....	103	103	103	103	103	103
N Y Dock 4s, 1951	78	78	78	78	78	78
N Y Edison 1st & ref 6½s, 1941	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½
2.....	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾
6.....	112½	112½	112½	112½	112½	112½
1.....	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾
N Y G E L H & P pur money 4s, 1949	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
coll tr 5s, 1948	101	101	101	101	101	101
N Y L E & W Coal 5½s, 1942	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
4.....	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
N Y N H & H 7s, 1927	108½	108½	108½	108½	108½	108½
5.....	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
8.....	87½	87½	87½	87½	87½	87½
7s, francs 10.....	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
deb cnb. 6s, 1948	77	77	77	77	77	77
8.....	77	77	77	77	77	77
1.....	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼
2.....	76½	76½	76½	76½	76½	76½
4.....	77	77	77	77	77	77
non-con deb 4s, 1955	56½	56½	56½	56½	56½	56½
5.....	56½	56½	56½	56½	56½	56½
1956	56½	56½	56½	56½	56½	56½
cv deb 6½s, 1956	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
1.....	52	52	52	52	52	52
N Y C & W ref 4s, 1992	67	67	67	67	67	67
N Y Railways ref 4s, 1942	17	17	17	17	17	17
cfts of deposit	17	17	17	17	17	17
1.....	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
N Y & Rich Gas 1st 6s, 1951	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½
1.....	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½
1.....	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½
1.....	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½	99½
6.....	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
s f 6s, 1952	99	99	99	99	99	99
1948	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
1.....	103	103	103	103	103	103
ref 5s, 1941	97	97	97	97	97	97
1.....	97	97	97	97	97	97
1.....	97	97	97	97	97	97
ref & imp 5s 2047	87	87	87	87	87	87
Ser C.....	87	87	87	87	87	87
1.....	87	87	87	87	87	87
new 5s, 2047	87	87	87	87	87	87
Ser D.....	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
ref & imp 6s 2047	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
2.....	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
10.....	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
1.....	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
1.....	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
Nor States P 1st & ref 6s, 1941	103	103	103	103	103	103
2.....	103	103	103	103	103	103
Northwestn Bell Tel 7s, 1941	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
2.....	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
1.....	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
1.....	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
Og & Lake C 4s, 1948	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
8.....	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Ohio Pub Ser ref 7s, 1947	107	107	107	107	107	107
Ser B.....	107	107	107	107	107	107
2.....	107	107	107	107	107	107
Ohio Pub Serv ref 7½s, Ser A, 1946	110	110	110	110	110	110
Ont Pw Co 1st s f 5s, 1943	99	99	99	99	99	99
Old Ben Coal 1st g 6s, 1944, int frfts	98	98	98	98	98	98
O S L gtd ref 4s, 1929	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½
1.....	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
1.....	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
Oreg-Wash R & Nv 1st & ref 4s, '61	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
6.....	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
Otis Stl 7½s, 1947	93	93	93	93	93	93
2.....	86	86	86	86	86	86
Pac Gas & El 5s, 1942	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
2.....	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
Pac Pow & Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
4.....	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1937	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
1.....	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
5s, 1952	93	93	93	93	93	93
1.....	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼
4.....	93	93	93	93	93	93
Pan Am Pet & Trans cl "A" 7s, 1930	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½
2.....	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½
Park Lex s f 6½s, 1953	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½
1.....	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½
Penn R R gen 4½s, 1965	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
gen 5s, 1968	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
11.....	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
1.....	103	103	103	103	103	103
6½s, 1939	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾
23.....	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾
2.....	110½	110½	110½	110½	110½	110½
sold 7s, 1930	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
10.....	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
2.....	108½	108½	108½	108½	108½	108½
2.....	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾
Pere Marq 1st 5s, 1956	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½
21.....	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½
Phila Co 6½s, 1933	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
1.....	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
Phila Co 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1944	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
1.....	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
Phil & Rdg 5s, 1973	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
2.....	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
Pillsbury Flour Mills 1st g 6s, 1943	96	96	96	96	96	96
3.....	96	96	96	96	96	96
Pitts C C & St L 4½s, 1940	86	86	86	86	86	86
2.....	86	86	86	86	86	86
P lst conv 5s, 1949	110	110	110	110	110	110
Pur Ass A, 1970	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
5.....	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
Port Arthur C & P 6s, 1953	71	71	71	71	71	71
6.....	71	71	71	71	71	71
Port Ry L & P 1st cons 5s, 1942	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾
1.....	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾
1st 5s, 1955	84	84	84	84	84	84
Ser B.....	87	87	87	87	87	87
1.....	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
1.....	101	101	101	101

AUSTRALIA INVITES OUR BUSINESS MEN

J. A. M. Elder, the New Commissioner, Hopes to Promote Trade Relations.

WOOL THE CHIEF EXPORT

Says His Country Is Ready to Supply Sheep for Our Consumption.

An invitation to American business men to visit Australia and learn for themselves the trade possibilities offered there was extended by J. A. M. Elder, the new Commissioner for Australia in the United States, who took up his duties here yesterday.

Mr. Elder succeeds the Hon. Donald MacKinnon in the post here, Mr. MacKinnon having sailed for home last Thursday to enter politics. Mr. Elder is the fourth Commissioner for Australia since former Prime Minister Hughes established the office in 1917. The new Commissioner arrived last Monday. He is the former managing director of John Cooke & Co. of Melbourne, represented the Associated Chambers of Commerce on the Commonwealth Board of Trade, and in 1919 was a special investigator for the Commonwealth Government to study and report on trade conditions in Europe.

Seeks to Develop Trade.

In a talk with newspaper men Commissioner Elder said he was "here to learn, here to try and do some good for the country I am representing," the first objective being to develop so far as possible the trade relations between Australia and the United States. Australia takes considerable American goods, but America takes relatively little of Australian goods, he said, adding that a more thorough knowledge of Australia's products and of Australia herself would improve this situation to the benefit of both countries.

In the last thirty years Australia has increased her output of wool by about 60 per cent, and today this product forms around 50 per cent. of the Commonwealth's total exports in value, Mr. Elder said. He pointed out that American buyers of wool had been going to London in the past where they obtained only "second pick," but that by going to Australia they could take the best that Australia produces. Australia would do more than supply our needs in this connection, he said, as she stood ready to help our own industry by selling us sheep as well as wool. Tariff laws of the United States would not, in the face of the abnormal demand for wool, prevent Australia from building up her market in this country, he asserted. The wool market was certain to remain high for a period of years because the derelict supply left from the British purchases during the war had now disappeared and this supply had amounted to approximately 2,000,000 bales, he said.

Expects High Wool Price.

Either wool would go very high in price or something would be mixed with it to bring the price down for manufacturing purposes, the Commissioner added. The value of the wool in the average suit of clothing, he said, was 8 shillings, or about $2 a very small part of the total cost of the suit.

With less than 6,000,000 inhabitants, Australia's bank depositors numbered 3,620,000, or 62 per cent. of the population, more than five times the percentage of bank depositors to the population in the United States, according to the Commissioner, who cited these figures as evidence of Australia's thriftiness.

To the question whether Australia was in the market for American loans, Commissioner Elder said there was a growing feeling in his home country that the Government could well enter this market for future financing and that Australians generally should take note of the fact that Americans were desirous of investing in Australia.

"There is a very apparent desire in America to get closer to Australia," he said. "We of Australia appreciate that desire and this office is at the service of both countries."

WOOL MARKET IS STRONG.

Buying for Clothing Trade, However, Is Still Light.

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow:

"The strength of the raw wool market persists undiminished. While the situation among the retail and wholesale clothiers leaves very much to be desired, the manufacturers evidently are looking ahead to better business, and already are buying considerable weights of wool on Jan. 1 dating. Election results appear to be generally discounted.

"The news of spreading contracting of the 1925 domestic clip is of especial interest. In Wyoming 42½ and 43 cents is understood to have been paid, with rumors of 45 cents refused. Elsewhere attempts have been made to contract, with some success, while in Texas the Fall Kerrville Wool is reported to have been sold at slightly rising 48 cents, or rather on the upper side of $1.23 clean basis, landed Boston.

"The financial difficulties in Boston have been settled and the market is slightly firmer. Bradford, also, is feeling better."

DRY GOODS STORE SALES UP

But Road Sales Are Behind Those of Week and Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current distribution of dry goods was slightly ahead of last week's volume and about the same as that of a year ago for the same week.

"Road sales did not reach the figure of a week ago and were somewhat less than during the same period last year.

"There were more customers in the market than in 1923 during the corresponding week.

"Collections were not quite equal to the corresponding period last year."

Butte Mining Company Report.

Operating results of the Butte & Superior Mining Company for the third quarter of 1924 show net income, after depreciation and reserve for taxes and shutdown expense, of $53,193, compared with a deficit of $58,669 in the second quarter and compared further with a deficit of $23,019 in the third quarter of last year. No provision has been made in the current year's figures for depletion.

Distributing Corporation Gross.

The United States Distributing Corporation reported gross receipts of $8,466,850 and net income of $274,986, after taxes, in the third quarter of 1924. This brings the nine months' gross to $23,870,285, and the net to $358,119, equivalent after allowing for dividends on the preferred stock, to $4.67 a share earned on the 310,000 shares of no par value common stock.

Wright Aeronautical Profits.

Net profits of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation in the third quarter of the year amounted to $136,000, compared with $124,000 in the same quarter of 1923. Net profits for the nine months of this year were $313,000, against $277,000 in the same period of 1923.

TRADE GAINS SHOWN IN MANY INDUSTRIES

Bradstreet's and Dun's Report Pre-election Apathy Is Not Checking Business.

Moderate improvement is visible in many lines of industry, according to the summaries of trade conditions published today by the commercial reporting agencies. The situation is thus summed up by Bradstreet's:

"Some improvement is noted in automobile retail sales and deliveries to dealers, but the betterment is not great enough to cause any marked change in production schedules. Production is going along conservatively manufacturers watching closely for any movement in the sales field that would warrant substantial expansion of programs.

"A few of the major producers are operating on schedules close to capacity, but the industry as a whole is following the normal production curve."

Live Stock Prices at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Heavy hogs were strong to fifteen cents higher, and other kinds steady to twenty-five cents lower, with light showing the most decline, and many were going over without satisfactory bids. Fancy butchers sold up to $10.65, while the average price for the day was $9.75. Receipts were 28,000 and the carry-over at the last was 18,000.

The general run of lambs sold 15@25 cents lower, although a few best brought former prices. The top on natives was $14.25. Receipts were 16,000. Cattle were generally steady, with receipts of 5,000.

AUTO TRADE CONSERVATIVE.

Retail Sales Increase, but Output Remains Unchanged.

Although there is much conservatism displayed by automobile manufacturers, so far as ratios of operation are concerned, there has been considerable improvement in retail sales and deliveries, according to Automotive Industries, which says:

"Some improvement is noted in automobile retail sales and deliveries to dealers, but the betterment is not great enough to cause any marked change in production schedules. Production is going along conservatively manufacturers watching closely for any movement in the sales field that would warrant substantial expansion of programs.

"A few of the major producers are

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S.	81½ 82
Argentine 6s, 1957	M. & S.	93¾ 93⅞
Argentine 7s, 1927	F. & A.	102¼ 102⅜
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	J. & J.	84 86
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	100¼ 100⅜
Belgium 6½s, 1949, rects.	M. & S.	97 97¼
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D.	109¼ 109⅜
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	107¾ 107⅞
Brazil Cent. Rys 8s, 1952	J. & D.	82½ 83¼
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N.	96¾ ...
Carlsbad 8s, 1954	M. & N.	97¾ 98
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	113¾ 114¾
City of Berlin 6s, 1940	M. & S.	95 95¾
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N.	112 ...
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N.	87¾ 88
City of St. Prague 7½s, 1952	M. & N.	90¾ 90¾
City of La Plata 8s, 1961	J. & D.	93 94
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	96¾ 96⅞
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952	A. & O.	98 100
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	101⅜ 101⅝
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	F. & A.	104 104⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	102 102¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N.	103 103¼
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947	M. & N.	95¾ 95¾
Rep. of Colom. 6½s, 1927	A. & O.	90¼ 90½
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N.	97¼ 97½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	107¾ 108
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O.	103¾ 103⅝
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.	103¾ 104
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	A. & O.	92¼ 92½
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & D.	41¾ 42
City of Christiania 8s, '45	A. & O.	110¾ 111
City of Christiania 6s, ...	...	... ...
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	J. & J.	95½ 95¾
City of B. Aires 6½s, '55	J. & J.	95¾ 95¾
City of Montevideo 8s, '52	M. & N.	90 90½
City of Trondhjem 5½s, '44	J. & J.	96¾ 96¾
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, 1951	A. & O.	101 101¼
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, 1952	A. & O.	100¾ 101¼
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, 1947	M. & N.	92¾ 93
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & N.	96½ 96½
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	95 97
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	P. & A.	88 90
Rep. Cuba 5½s, 1953	J. & J.	96½ 96¾
Denmark 8s, 1945	J. & J.	111¾ 112
Denmark 6s, 1942	J. & J.	100¾ 100⅝
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	F. & A.	109¾ 110
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	F. & A.	109¾ 109¾
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J.	95¾ 96
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S.	95¾ 96
Dutch E. I. 5½s, 'rects.	M. & S.	89½ 89⅝
Dutch E. Ind. 5½s, rects.	M. & N.	89½ 89⅝
El Salvador 8s, 1948	M. & S.	105¾ 106
Fran. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	94½ 95
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	101 101¼
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	105¾ 105¾
Finland 6s, 1945	M. & S.	87¾ 87¾
German Loan 7s, '49, w. i.	A. & O.	93¾ 94
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	100¾ 100⅝
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	82¾ 82¾
Japanese 6½s, 1954	F. & A.	91¾ 91¾
nd. Bank (Japan) 6s, 1927	...	... 99¾
Con. Power (Japan) 7s, 1944	...	... 91½
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953	M. & S.	87¾ 87¾
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, 1947	J. & J.	85¾ 85¾
Norw. Mort. 6½s, 1940	M. & S.	93¾ 94
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N.	85¾ 85¾
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N.	87¾ 88
City of Soissons 6s, 1936	M. & N.	86¾ 87
U. S. of Mexico 4s, ...	...	... 17
U. S. of Mex. 4s, '54, A. J.	J. & J.	18 18¼
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1910	J. & J.	22½ 23
U. S. of Mexico 5s, ...	...	... 38 43½
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1913	J. & J.	38 40
Mex. Irrig. Wks. 4½s, '43	M. & N.	18 20
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972	M. & S.	99½ 99¾
King. of Neth. 6s, 1944	A. & O.	100¾ 100⅞
King. of Norway 6s, 1946	J. & J.	100¾ 100⅞
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	A. & O.	98¾ 98¾
King. of Norway 6s, 1943	F. & A.	98 98¼
King. of Nor. 6s, '44, ctfs.	F. & A.	98 98¼
King. of Sw. & Nor. 6s	M. & N.	88¼ 88½
Paris-Orleans R. R. 7s, cfs. 1934	...	... 98
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	F. & A.	80½ 81
Paris-Lyon-M. 7s, 1958	M. & N.	92¾ 93
Paulista Ry. 7s, 1942	M. & S.	97 98
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947	F. & A.	103¾ 103¾
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	A. & O.	109 110
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O.	93 96
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	94 95¼
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	A. & O.	94¾ 94¾
Rotterdam 6s, 1954	M. & N.	100 100¾
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958	F. & A.	101 101¾
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942	M. & S.	92 92¾
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36	J. & J.	104¾ 105
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	M. & N.	96¾ 97
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42	J. & J.	92¾ 92¾
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939	J. & D.	105¾ 106
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.	114¼ 114¾
Swiss Gov. 5½s, 1946	A. & O.	99¾ 99¾
City of Tokio 5s, 1952	M. & S.	64½ 65
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.	104¾ 105¼
City of Zurich 6s, 1945	F. & A.	105¾ 106
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A.	110⅝ 110⅝
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A.	105¼ 105½
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1937	J. & J.	92½ 93

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	103½	104	Pan 2s, r, 1938	102¾	103⅜
2s, c, 1930	103½	104	Pan 3s, r, 1961	96¼	98
4s, r, 1946	96	99	Pan 2s, c, 1938	...	...
4s, c, 1946	96	99	4s, 1925	100¼	101
4s, r, 1925	100¼	101	4s, c, 1925	100¼	101
4s, c, 1925	100¼	101	Pan 2s, r, 1936	102¾	103¾
Pan 2s, r, 1936	...	...	P I 4s, '34	92	93
			P I 4s, '35	92	93
			P I 4s, '36	92	93

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	86¼	...	Armour, Del.	...	...
Ad Rumely	10½	10¾	Do pf.	86½	87¾
Do pf.	38½	39	Art Metal	14½	16¼
Alaska J.	1¼	...	Assets Real	¼	...
Alb & Sus.	191	...	Do pf.	14¼	15¼
Alle & W.	98	105	Bald L pf.	115¾	116½
Alli Rty.	114	...	Bar Leath.	22	26
A C & D Do pf.	116¾	116¾	Do pf.	91	95
Allis-Ch M pf.	98	99	Barnsdall. Class A	17¼	18¼
Amal S 1st pf.	90½	...	Bayuk Cig 1st pf.	95½	98
Am Ag Ch.	12	12¾	Do 2d pf.	94½	100
Am Bk N.	136	142	Beech-Nut pf.	113½	...
Do pf.	84½	84½	Booth Fish 1st pf.	30	31½
Am B Sug pf.	36½	37½	Do 1st pf 2.	30	31
Am B S Fdy pf.	106	107	Do 2d pf.	8¾	8¾
Am Can pf.	117½	118½	Brown Shoe pf.	92¼	...
Am C & F pf.	120	120½	Bush Term.	17¾	18¾
Am Chain, Class A.	22¾	23	Bush Ter. pf.	78½	78¾
Am Chicle ctfs	30	33	B, R & F.	63	66
Do pf.	77	85	Do pf.	85	89
Do ctfs.	97	...	Buff & S.	80½	125
Am Cot.	94	...	Do pf.	118	120
Am & F'P full pd.	115½	116½	Burns Bros.	108¾	109
Am H & L.	11	11¾	Do pf.	98	...
Am H & L pf.	77½	78¾	Do pr pf.	115	119
Am Ice pf.	122½	...	Do B.	24½	25
Am Ind pf.	97¼	100½	Bush Ter.	62½	73
Am Linseed pf.	106	107	B T Bldg pf.	97	98
Am Snuff.	145	147	Caddo Oil.	1⅜	1⅝
Do pf.	93	105	Case T M pf.	50	60
Am Stl Fd pf.	107¼	109½	Cent R M pf.	94	96
Am S Tob pf.	26	35	C'tain-teed	35	36½
Am T & C.	40	42½	Do 1st pf	77	83
Am Type F.	106½	110	Do 2d pf.	73¾	85
Do pf.	100	108	C & A ofs.	6	8
Am W W & E pf.	76	96	Do pf.	12	12¾
Am Whl pf.	92½	94	Do pf ctf	11	15
Am Zinc pf ctfs.	1	2	C & N W.	60	61
Ann Arbor.	13	19	C R I & P pf.	77¼	78
Do pf.	31	35			

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business Oct. 22:

	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. *1925.	Corres. Period Fisc. Yr. *1924.
Receipts, Customs	$35,181,226.20	$37,226,776.84	$174,500,945.90	$167,761,919.60
Internal revenue—Income and profits tax	22,042,841.26	26,823,937.91	423,786,781.82	443,360,542.30
Misc. internal revenue	69,915,755.31	71,977,495.49	280,390,302.40	347,784,058.76
Miscellaneous receipts— Proceeds Gov't-owned foreign obligations: Principal	...	...	147,151.06	37,978,592.75
Interest	475,000.00	475,000.00	10,711,761.52	11,527,620.92
Railroad securities	57,414,474.89	1,186,953.72	86,869,933.44	9,284,866.25
All others	...	6,626.83	808,379.26	1,633,937.45
Trust fund receipts reappropriated for investments	1,870,950.00	1,243,907.96	8,118,193.77	7,972,374.29
Proceeds sale of surplus property	...	494,521.90	3,654,042.18	17,463,609.60
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,320,542.06	2,984,782.83	7,946,603.64	8,771,539.00
Receipts from sales, sources credited direct to appropriations	1,297,274.75	1,681,371.84	8,181,391.89	16,204,511.54
Other miscellaneous	11,869,840.39	36,921,917.39	51,146,860.40	86,124,041.91
Total ordinary receipts	$201,792,629.03	$183,716,618.11	$1,070,640,346.54	$1,155,741,611.04
Excess of ord. rcts. over total exp's against ordinary receipts	...	...	1,231,885.96	21,350,024.12
Excess of total exp's chargeable against ord. receipts	53,841,274.82	159,195,984.86	...	...
Total exp's chargeable against ord. receipts	$255,633,903.85	$342,912,582.97	$1,069,317,461.58	$1,134,482,589.92

*Receipts and expenditures for June reaching the Treasury in July are included.

UNITED GAS AND ELECTRIC

Reports September Income of $185,219 Available for Dividends.

Net income available for dividends of $185,219 is shown in the September statement of earnings of the United Gas and Electric Corporation and subsidiaries. This compares with net income of $187,071 for the same month of 1923. For the twelve months net available for dividends was $2,190,579 against $2,063,743 in the preceding year, an increase of $126,836.

Directors of the Eastern Shore Gas and Electric Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on the preferred stock, payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 15.

Rome Bank Gets $800,000 Check.

TORONTO, Oct. 24.—The liquidators of the Rome Bank of Canada today received a check for $800,000 from E. W. Burgis of New Orleans, representing the price paid by him for the bank's interests in New Orleans light and traction companies. The sale was made with the approval of the court and of the inspectors representing the creditors.

Colorado Fuel and Iron Improves.

The report of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company for the quarter ended Sept. 30 reflects a deficit of $297,789, as compared with a deficit of $316,644 for the same quarter of 1923. Net earnings from operations were $652,272, as compared with $673,110 for the same period of last year. The income above fixed charges was $56,163, as compared with $66,026 in the same period of 1923.

ANGLO-AMERICAN OIL SALES.

Earnings Increase, Says Chairman, Here on the Aquitania.

F. E. Powell, Chairman of the Anglo-American Oil Company, who arrived home on the Aquitania yesterday, said that the earnings of his company were running about 10 per cent. above last year. As consumption in England has increased at least 20 per cent. above last year, he estimated, and the number of automobiles has increased 20 per cent.

He stated that his company was selling 1,000,000 tons of petroleum products annually, including gasoline and lubricating oils. The distribution is handled largely by 7,000 pumping stations throughout the British Isles. Most of the oil is purchased from the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. He added that his firm recently lost its 100,000-ton annual contract with the United States Shipping Board. The contract was awarded to an American company.

Plans a Big Power Dam in Utah.

The Utah Power and Light Company has asked the engineering authorities of that State for permission to develop 140,000 horsepower on Green River at Split Mountain, where the company plans to build a dam 225 feet high to form a reservoir with a capacity of 200,000 acre-feet.

Peabody on Chicago Bank Board.

The Union Trust Company of Chicago announced that at a meeting of its directors Stuyvesant Peabody, President of the Peabody Coal Company, was elected a director to succeed the late Frank C. Caldwell.

National Tea Sales Increase.

Sales of the National Tea Company in September were $3,132,000, against $2,876,000 in September of 1923. For the first nine months of the year the total was $28,073,000, against $21,755,000 for the first nine months of 1923.

$60,000,000 for Telephone Plant.

The Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania plans to spend a total of $60,000,000 for construction in the next five years, according to Vice President Staples.

Sell 75,000-Share Radio Issue.

Prichitt & Co., Inc., sold yesterday an issue of 75,000 shares of no par value capital stock of the Freed-Eisemann Radio Corporation at $30 a share.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	81¼	83
Adirondack Power & Light pf	97	99
Alabama Trac., Lt. & Power	83	84½
American Gas & Electric	82	84
American Gas & Electric pf	44	45
American Light & Traction	140	141
American Light & Traction pf	83½	84
American Power & Light, new	43	44
American Power & Light pf	89	91
American Public Utilities	86	90
American Public Utilities pf	88	92
Appalachian Power	71	74
Appalachian Power pf	89	91
Arkansas Light & Power	90	94
Arkansas Light & Power pf	93	96
Associated Gas & Electric pf	48	50
Carolina Light & Power	230	234
Cen. Power & Light pf	88	92½
Cities Service	143	145
Cities Service pf	78¾	79¾
Cities Service pf B	75¾	77¾
Cities Service, bankers' shares	143¾	144¾
Colorado Power	73	75
Colorado Power pf	92	96½
Columbus Ry., Power & Light	112	115
Columbus Elec. & Power	112	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	98	...
Commonwealth Power Corp.	103¾	103¾
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	76	77¾
Conn. Light & Power 7% pf	105	107
Conn. Light & Power 6% pf	121¾	124
Consolidated Gas pf	57	58
Consumers' Power 6% stock	91	94
Continental Gas & Electric	84	86
Continental Gas & Elec., partic.	90	92
Continental Gas & Elec., prior	90	92
Con. Gas & El., warrants	16	17
Eastern Texas Electric	11	73
Eastern Texas Electric pf	100	...
Electric Railway Securities	14½	15½
Electric Bond & Share	101¾	103
El Paso Electric	68	70
El Paso Electric pf	100	...
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	89	94
Federal Utilities	19	...
Federal Utilities pf	90	...
Georgia Ry & Power	82	83
Georgia Ry. & Power 7% pf	96	98
Georgia Ry. & Power 8% pf	106	108
General Gas & Elec.	57	59
General Gas & Elec. conv. pf. A	83	86
General Gas & Electric pf. A	102	106
General Gas & Electric pf. B	130	135
Galveston-Houston Electric	35	37
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	71	74
Illinois Power & Light pf	92	95
Kentucky Securities Corp	78	82
Kentucky Securities Corp pf	76	79
Lehigh Power Securities	19	20
Michigan Electric pf A	2	4½
Mississippi River Power	32¾	34
Mississippi River Power pf	87	90
Mountain States Power	26	27
Mountain States Power pf	87	91
National Power & Light	161	164
National Power & Light pf	95	97
North Carolina Pub. Ser. pf	90	98
Northern Ohio Electric	9	11
Northern Ohio Electric pf	24½	...
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	44	46
Northern Ontario Lt. & Pow. pf	77	79
Northern States Power	101	103½
Northern States Power pf	93	98
Northern Texas Electric	70	73
Northern Texas Electric pf	70	78
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	89	...
Pacific Gas & Electric	91½	92
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	93	95
Portland Ry., Light & Power	32	35
Portland Ry., Light & Power pf	72	75
Power Securities Corp	8	9
Power Securities Corp. 2d pf	40	42
Pub. Service Co. of	...	...
Puget Sound Power & Light	70	73
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 6% pf	83	85
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 7% pf	103¾	104¾
Republic Railway & Light	37	39
Republic Railway & Light 6%	57½	60
Sierra Pacific Electric	17	19
Southern California Edison	98	99¼
Southern Cal. Edison 7% pf	103	105
Southern Cal. Edison 6% pf	115	118
Southern Power & Light	30	...
Standard Gas & Electric pf	49	50
Tampa Electric Co	103	...
Tenn. Electric Power	28½	30
Tenn. Electric Power 1st 6% pf	78	80
Tenn. Electric Power 2d 6% pf	66	68
Tenn. Electric Power 7% pf	93	94
Toledo Edison pf	93	95½
United Gas & Electric	17½	18
United Gas & Electric pf	78	80
Western Gas & Electric	24	25
Western Gas & Electric pf	84	87
Western Power	23½	24¾
Western Power 7% pf	80	82
West. Penn. Power 7% pf	101	103

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Lt. 6s, 1950	102	103
American Gas & Electric 6s, 2014	95	96
American Power & Light 6s	93¾	94
Appalachian Power 1st 5s, 1941	95	96
Arkansas L. & Power 6s, 1945	99¼	101
Associated Gas & El. 6½s, 1934	92	93
Central Power & Light 5s	96½	98
Cen. Power & Light 6½s	95	98
Cities Service debenture B	128	...
Cities Service debenture C	98	...
Cities Service debenture D	97¾	99¼
Cities Service debenture E	107	109
Colorado Power 1st 5s, 1963	91¼	93
Columbus Elec. & Power 5s, 1947	102	...
Connecticut Power 5s, 1965	97	100
East Texas Electric 5s, 1942	93½	94½
El Paso Electric 5s, 1932	97½	99
Galveston-Houston Elec. 5s, 1944	84½	86
General Gas & Electric 7s, 1932	97	101
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1925	99¼	100¼
Lehigh Power 6s, 1927	100¾	101½
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	86¾	88
Mississippi River Power 7s, 1935	102¾	103¾
National Power & Light 7s	97¾	98¼
Newp't News & H. Ry., G. & E. 5s	83	84
No. Car. Pub. Ser. 5s, 1942	87½	88
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	83	85
Power Securities Corp., Inc.	76	79
Power Sec. Corp., Inc., trust	76	79
Puget Sound P. & L. 5s, 1949	98½	98¾
Savannah El. & P. 7½s, 1941	104½	...
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	99¼	100
Standard Gas & Electric 5s, 1935	92	93
Tampa Electric 5s, 1938	96	98
Wash. Coast Util. 6s, 1941	99½	101
Western States Gas & Electric 5s	93½	95

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Oct., 1933	105¾	107¾	5.90
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	103½	105½	5.30
Anac. Cop. Co.	...	Jan., 1929	103½	103⅝	5.00
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	7¼	Apr., 1925	101⅜	101⅝	3.15
Bell Tel. of Can.	7	Apr., 1925	101¼	101⅜	3.15
B. & O. R.R. Sec.	6	July, 1992	102⅝	102⅞	5.30
Can. Nor. Ry.	6	Mar., 1925	100¾	100¾	3.05
Cent. Argentine	6	Feb., 1925	100¾	100¾	3.30
Cent. States El.	7	Mar., 1929	101¾	102¼	5.48
Chi., R.I. & Pac.	5	July, 1929	98¼	98⅝	5.25
Detroit Un. Ry.	6	July, 1929	99	99¼	6.10
Empire G. & F.	7	May, 1925	101¾	101¾	3.20
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1933	99¼	99¾	6.05
Fisher Body	6	Feb., 1925-28	100⅜	102¼	...
General Cigar	6	Dec. 1, '25	101¼	102	4.00
Do y	6	Dec. 1, '26	101¼	102¼	4.90
Do	6	Dec. 1, '27	101¼	102¼	5.26
Gulf Oil	5	Dec., 1937	98¼	98⅝	5.18
Gulf Oil of Pa.	5½	Jan. 1, '25-28	100¼	100⅝	...
Hacking Valley	5	Mar., 1926	101	101¼	4.00
Humble O. & R.	5½	July 15, '32	99⅝	100¼	5.48
Kan. City Term.	5½	Nov., 1926	102¼	102¾	4.12
Kennecott Cop.	7	Feb., 1930	107¼	107½	...
Lake S. & M. S.	4	Sept., 1928	98¾	99¼	4.58
Mo. Pac. R. R.	5	July, 1927	99½	99⅝	5.06
Phil. Rapid Tr.	6	Dec., 1925	100¼	100¾	6.15
Pillsbury Flour	7	Mar., 1931	106¾	108¾	7.04
Pure Oil	5½	F.A.'25-26	100	101¼	...
Sloss-Sh. S. & I.	6	Aug., 1929	101¾	102¾	5.39
Solvay & Co.	6	Apr., 1934	101¾	102¾	5.60
S. O. of N. J.	6½	May, 1933	107⅜	108⅛	4.21
Swift & Co.	6½	May, 1932	99¼	99¾	6.55
Un. Pac. R.R. cv.	4	July, 1927	99¼	99¾	4.21
Vacuum Oil	7	Apr., 1936	106¼	106¾	6.20
West Kn. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	108¾	109¾	5.43
Wheel. S. Corp.	6	July, 1926	102¾	102¾	...
Wsl. Central	5½	Apr. 15, '27	101	101¼	4.92

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.
Anglo-American	16⅛	16¾	16
Atlantic Refining

ALL GRAIN PRICES TAKE DOWNTURN

Wheat Rallies From 7 Cents Below Recent High, but Closes With a Loss of More Than 3.

EXPORT SALES ARE HEAVY

Corn Falls Off Nearly Four Cents —Oats Also Shows Weakness.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Scattered liquidation developed in all grains, and, with free selling on stop loss orders and a lack of aggressive support until near the close, the finish was about the bottom with losses of 1¾@2¾ cents on 4¾@4¾ on rye.

There was no evidence of general liquidation in wheat and the weak world's technical position, which has been responsible for the continued unsatisfactory action of the market for a number of days, is being lighted regularly.

Further rains fell in parts of Argentina, but were not general, according to private cables.

The foreign demand for wheat remains brisk for deferred shipment, with sales estimated at 1,300,000 to 1,500,000 bushels in all positions, largely domestic grain. Houses with export connections were free buyers toward the last and helped sustain the market. Considering the selling the decline today was very orderly. At the low point wheat showed 7¾@11¼ cents, corn 10¾@12¾ and oats 6@7¾ under the high of last week. There was some selling of futures here by houses with foreign connections that looked like closing spreads between this market and Liverpool.

Winnipeg was weak and 3¼@3¾c lower with October leading. Cash wheat basis in the West showed little change during the day except at Kansas City where premiums were 1@1c lower.

Primary arrivals today were 3,060,000 bushels, against 2,632,000 bushels the previous week and 1,186,000 last year.

Shipments were 3,038,000 bushels; week ago, 1,046,000; last year, 646,000.

Many local longs went out of their lines of corn during the day, especially toward the last and found support lacking. The first car of new grain of the season was received here today. It came from Roanoke, Ill., graded sample, testing 32.2 per cent. moisture and sold at 80 cents. The basis on old corn was unchanged to ¼ cent higher, with unconfirmed reports of 400,000 bushels sold to Canadian distillers. Two houses mentioned as selling 100,000 bushels each claimed late in the day that they had done no business.

The break in corn was not unexpected, and the scattered liquidation has been hanging over the market for some time. Oats were influenced largely by the action of corn. In rye there was a fair trade and leading bulls took some futures, despite the fact that Minneapolis December closed 2¼ cents under Chicago, compared with a shipping difference of around 8 cents.

Primary arrivals of corn for the day were 547,000 bushels; week ago, 594,000; last year, 592,000; and shipments, 435,000 bushels; week ago, 404,000; last year, 307,000.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Dec.	$1.45	$1.41¾	$1.41¾	$1.44¾	$1.06¾	
May	1.42¾	1.39¼	1.39¼	1.42¾	1.11¾	
July	1.31⅞	1.30¼	1.30¼	1.33⅛	1.07⅛	

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.05¾	1.01¼	1.01¼	1.03⅝	.74¼	
May	1.08¾	1.04¾	1.04¾	1.07⅜	.77¾	
July	1.06¾	1.03¼	1.03¼	1.07⅛	.73¾	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Dec.	.44¼	.44⅛	.44⅛	.44⅜	.31⅛	
May	.53⅝	.52¾	.53	.53⅜	.44½	
July	.54¼	.53¾	.53¾	.53⅞	....	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.25¾	1.23¼	1.23¾	1.30½	.99¾	
May	1.30¼	1.28	1.28¼	1.33¼	.78¾	

Cash prices for the principal grains at Chicago follow: Wheat, No. 2 hard, $1.41@1.42¾; No. 3 hard, $1.40@1.40¾; No. 2 yellow $1.04¼@1.06; No. 3 mixed $1.03. Oats, No. 2 white, 48¾@49c; No. 3 white, 46¾@47¾. Rye, No. 2, $1.25@1.26¾.

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Oct.	16.12	16.80	15.90	16.27	12.95	
Nov.	15.55	15.00	15.00	15.40	....	
Dec.	14.90	14.42	14.42	14.80	....	
Jan.	14.00	13.42	13.55	14.10	11.35	
May	13.55	13.12	13.20	13.70	....	
Dry-salted bellies—						
Oct.	14.37	14.45	14.45	14.62	....	
Nov.	14.00	13.87	13.87	13.97	....	

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Oct.	1.52⅝	1.52⅛	1.53¼	1.57⅝	.97¼	
Nov.	1.51⅞	1.51¼	1.51¾	1.56⅛	....	
Dec.	1.50	1.49¾	1.49¾	1.46¾	.95⅝	
May	1.53¾	1.49¾	1.50	1.53⅝	.96⅛	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Oct.	.50	.47¾	.47¾	.49¾	.41⅝	
Nov.	.50	.47¾	.47¾	.50¼	....	
Dec.	.50¼	.47¾	.47¾	.50¾	.38⅜	
May	.50¾	.50¼	.50¼	.51¾	.43⅝	

LONDON EDITOR HONORED.

Geoffrey Dawson Guest of the Recess Club at Luncheon.

Geoffrey Dawson, editor of The Times of London, was the guest of honor yesterday at a luncheon at the Recess Club, 60 Broadway, given by Sir William Wiseman of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Following the luncheon there was an informal discussion of English business and politics, with Mr. Dawson answering the questions of American bankers.

Among those attending were Otto H. Kahn, Mortimer Schiff and J. P. Morgan of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Dwight Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co., Frederick Topping of the White Star Line, Averill Harriman of W. A. Harriman & Co., James Gerard, ex-Ambassador to Berlin; Gerhard M. Dahl, chairman of the board of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Rapid Transit Corporation; Frank Polk, former Acting Secretary of State; W. C. Potter, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, and Walter Rosen of Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.

EUROPE SELLS SUGAR HERE.

Foreigners Said to Be Taking Lower Prices Than New York Refiners.

The shadow of foreign competition in the sugar industry is becoming more evident, according to leading factors in the sugar trade. According to the review of the industry made today by the Federal Sugar Refining Company, European beet sugar producers are underselling New York refiners in the Eastern market.

It is considered probable by this authority that there will be arrivals in New York from Europe's expected drop, and "offerings in this market of Dutch, Belgian and German beet sugar have already been heard of at prices under those of our refiners."

To Finance Store Expansion.

A special meeting of preferred stockholders of the National Department Stores, Inc., has been called for Nov. 3 to secure permission to issue mortgages through a subsidiary to finance new construction by E. Nugent & Bros., totaling $8,000,000, and the Frank & Seder store in Philadelphia, amounting to $2,400,000.

Stock Exchange Appointment.

James B. Mabon has been appointed by the Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange as trustee of the gratuity fund.

Ware Radio Profits Are $9,983.

The Ware Radio Corporation reported a net profit of $9,983 for the first six months of 1924.

C. M. KITTLE TO HEAD SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

Will Become President, Succeeding Julius Rosenwald, Who Will Become Chairman of Board.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Charles M. Kittle, senior Vice President of the Illinois Central Railroad, will be elected President of Sears, Roebuck & Co. next Tuesday at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the company, according to an official announcement tonight by Julius Rosenwald.

Mr. Rosenwald, who has been President of the company since 1910, will be elected Chairman of the Board of Directors. At the same time General R. E. Wood, who recently resigned as Vice President and merchandise manager of Montgomery Ward & Co., will be elected a Vice President.

Other than the simple statement that "the load is getting too heavy for Mr. Loeb and myself," Mr. Rosenwald would say nothing concerning the reasons for the changes. Albert H. Loeb, who has been senior Vice President of the company for some time, and active in its management, has been seriously ill with heart trouble since he was stricken on May 20 and has been confined to his bed practically ever since.

Mr. Rosenwald laid emphasis on the fact that all of the present Vice Presidents of the company will retain their positions. These in addition to Mr. Loeb are Max Adler, O. C. Deering and Leasing J. Rosenwald. The induction of Messrs. Kittle and Wood into their new positions is expected to take place immediately after the meeting of the directors.

Mr. Kittle began his career thirty years ago as a water boy in a section gang on the Illinois Central Railroad at the age of 14. When he was 17 years old he became a telegraph operator. He attended night school and later became cashier and then chief clerk to the superintendent. In 1910 he was made Superintendent of Claims, following which he became assistant to the President. On Dec. 1, 1916, he was made senior Vice President of the railroad. Mr. Kittle is 44 years old and is married. He lives at 221 East Walton Place, Chicago.

CAUTION AMERICANS ABOUT GERMAN STOCKS

American Chamber of Commerce in Germany Says Many Are Unsound.

BERLIN, Oct. 24. (Associated Press). —In view of the requests from the United States for information concerning the value of many German corporation paper shares three to five years old, issued on an inflation basis, the American Chamber of Commerce in Germany today publishes a warning to the American public against such investments.

"The gratifying interest evidenced by American bankers and by the American public in German securities which found expression above all in the successful flotation of the reparation loan," the statement says, "is greatly jeopardized by the offering in America of such German securities which are entirely unsound and which in no way are suited for investors in foreign countries. We consider it our duty to warn the American public against such investments, which are apt to injure greatly the interest in German economics."

The Frankfurter Zeitung issues a similar warning and urges Americans, in order to prevent a repetition of the unloading German paper marks, to consult reliable investment bankers before putting their money into questionable securities.

WHEAT LITTLE OVER MARGIN

Rome Estimates World's Needs Nearly as Great as the Supply.

ROME, Oct. 24 (Associated Press).—Predictions concerning the world's wheat supplies and requirements for the wreat year from Aug. 1, 1924, to July 31, 1925, made by the International Institute of Agriculture in a statement issued today, show that the wheat available may be estimated at 494,000,000 quintals, with requirements of about 485,000,000 quintals. [A quintal is about 220 pounds.]

These figures show there is only a narrow margin between the amount to be raised and the requirements, but, according to the statement, they need not give anxiety. While far from being as favorable as in late years, when the available supply greatly exceeded the probable requirements, the statement says that rising prices probably will reduce consumption from the amount forecast.

It is pointed out by the institute that the estimates of the yield still are tentative and may have to be reduced later. It is added also that the new crops of the Southern Hemisphere may be less favorable than forecast, in which case there might be danger of lack of equilibrium between the supplies of wheat and the normal requirements.

NEW FRENCH LOAN DEC. 10.

4,000,000,000 Francs to Be Raised to Meet Budgetary Expenses.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—The French Finances Ministry today announced that it would float the proposed internal loan of 4,000,000,000 francs on Nov. 10 if that date and the conditions are formally approved.

No Parliamentary sanction for the loan is needed, as the Chamber last December authorized the Government to issue if necessary during this year a loan to the extent of 12,000,000,000 francs, of which 4,000,000,000 francs could be used for the defrayal of budgetary expenses. That is the purpose of the present loan, a large part being already assigned to meet advances made to the State by the Bank of France.

The loan will be issued in 100-franc bonds redeemable at 150 at the end of ten years. At the end of five years the first drawing of bonds to be redeemed will take place, and each successive year there will be a drawing until the end of the tenth year, when the whole loan will have been repaid.

The date of the issue of the 4,000,000 loan to Germany has not yet been fixed, and it is still doubtful whether it will be offered to the public.

LIVERPOOL'S COTTON WEEK.

British Stocks Largely Increased—Imports Much Greater.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 24.—Weekly cotton statistics: British stocks, 399,000 bales, against 358,000 last week, 376,000 two weeks ago and 400,000 this week last year; of which American, 200,000 bales, against 160,000 last week, 175,000 two weeks ago and 158,000 a year ago. Imports, 112,000 bales, against 55,000 last week of which American 83,000, against 33,000.

Forwarded, 67,000 bales, against 67,000; of which American, 42,000, against 47,000. Exports, 8,000, against 6,000; of which no American, against 2,000. Sales, 28,000, against 32,000; of which American 16,000, against 17,000.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Pe- riod.	Pay- able.	Holders of Record.
Federal Motor pf.	$2	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 27
St. Lakes D. & D.	2	Q	Nov. 15	Nov. 8
Household Prod.	75c	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Lanc. Mills pf.	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 27

EXPORT OF GRAIN INCREASES HEAVILY

Total Shipments in September Were $71,182,000 Above 1923, a Gain of 118 Per Cent.

WHEAT EXPORT DOUBLED

Increase in Quantity Over Last Year 17,253,559 Bushels, Increase in Value $27,076,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—An encouraging showing has been made in the exports of grains and grain products during September, 1924, as compared to the same month in 1923. The value of these exports during last month was $71,182,000, an increase of $38,552,000, or 118 per cent., over that of September a year ago.

Gains have been made in the exports of every grain except corn and rice. The principal grains have been in the exports of wheat, $27,078,000; rye, $10,423,000; wheat flour, $1,094,000; malt, $878,000; barley, $546,000, and oats, $131,000. The loss in the exports of corn was very slight, $216,000, but more substantial in the case of rice, $963,000. The value of the exports of oatmeal was also less by $391,000; of rye flour, $10,000; bread, biscuits, &c., $12,000; breakfast foods, other than wheat preparations, $52,000.

There are two reasons for the substantial increases here recorded and they are interlocked. In the case of practically all of these products, the export price per unit was appreciably greater in September, 1924, than for September, 1923; for example, the export price of wheat during the past month was $1.36 per bushel, while for September, 1923, the price was $1.12. The relative prices for rye during September, 1924, and 1923 were $1.08 and 80 cents per bushel respectively; for corn, $1.23 and 93 cents per bushel; barley, $1.11 and 74 cents per bushel; oats, 50 and 46 cents per bushel; rice, $4.85 and $4.15 per 100 pounds; and flour, $6.14 and $5.01 per barrel.

Furthermore, the increase in the volume of the exports of wheat and rye during September, 1924, as compared to September, 1923, was most gratifying. The shipments of wheat during the past month amounted to 22,662,000 bushels, or an increase of 20,305,000 bushels, or 112 per cent. over September, 1923. The exports or rye during the same periods were 11,563,000 bushels and 2,558,000 bushels, respectively, or an increase of nearly 450 per cent.

These gains in the exports of bread grains are one of the results of the better outlook in Europe, coupled with, of course, the known lack of over 250,000,000 bushels of bread grains in that part of the world. On the other hand there was a considerable loss in our rice exports in September, 1924, only 1,038,000 pounds was shipped, as against nearly 23,000,000 pounds for the same month the year before.

The value of the exports of grains and grain products for the nine months of January to September, 1924, was $217,409,000 or $30,390,000 less than for the same period of the previous year. This is 12 per cent. only, and it should be noted that the amount of wheat and rye exported since Aug. 1 is over 60,000,000 bushels, compared to 34,000,000 for the same two months of 1923.

Total export of grains and grain products during September, and the export of the principal products, were as follows:

	Month of September— 1924.	1923.
Total	$71,181,784	$32,629,259
Barley, bushels	1,005,151	2,203,418
Barley	$1,173,706	$1,629,906
Corn, bushels	235,421	1,135,178
Corn	$307,941	$1,082,617
Corn meal	406,036	272,078
Oats	$256,619	$126,242
Rice, pounds	1,037,766	22,930,994
Rice	$50,178	$1,013,778
Rye, bushels	11,563,445	2,558,138
Rye	$12,476,169	$2,052,850
Wheat, bushels	22,662,007	15,406,648
Wheat	$27,078,011	$17,313,064
Wheat flour, barrels	1,402,267	1,308,244
Wheat flour	$8,940,063	$7,879,155
Malt, bushels	1,100,617	865,933
Malt	$1,141,233	$268,129

For the nine cnths ended with September total exports of grains and preparations of grains were $217,409,287 in 1924, as against $247,799,838 in the same period of 1923. Exports of wheat during the nine months were 75,561,091 bushels, against 80,194,646 last year, but value of the exports was $94,507,100, against $94,-164,416. Of rye, the nine months' exports were 25,685,036 bushels, against 2,158,138 last year, the value being $21,812,803, against $90,830,900.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Cash Grains Decline Sharply—Lard and Cotton Lower—Coffee at New High.

Substantial declines were registered in all the cash grains yesterday, the weakness in the contract options facilitating the reaction in the spot articles. Cash lard and cotton were also lower, while coffee, No. 7, advanced ¼ to 20¾ cents, a new high. Butter was also higher, whole other provisions and metals were firm.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago. Prices are those of the New York cash markets, unless otherwise indicated:

FOODSTUFFS—	Oct. 24, 1924.	Oct. 17, 1924.	Oct. 26, 1923.
Wheat, No. 1 red	$1.61¾	$1.60	$1.27
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.35	1.32	1.19
Oats, No. 2 white	53½	53¾	.52
Flour, Std. Spg. pats.	7.10@8.10	8.00@8.50	6.35@6.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	20¾	20¾	11¾
Sugar, granulated	.07¼	.075	.061
Butter, cr. 92 sc.	.58	.58¼	.48¼
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts	45@.48	.47	.44
Lard, mid-W	16.95@16.75	17.10	12.80
Pork, mess	30.00@31.00	31.00	25.00
Beef, family	21.00@22.00	22.00	20.00
METALS—			
Iron, Lk. Phila.	21.50@22.50	22.50	23.26
Steel billets, Pitts.	36.00	36.00	40.00
Lead	4.70	4.10	4.75
Copper	13.13½	13.50	12.50
Tin	52.00	49.75	42.37½
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	33.85	32.45	31.75
Printcloths	.06¾	.06¼	.07⅛

Range of prices, 1924, to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.69	Oct. 15	$1.19	Mar. 27
Corn	1.49	Aug. 16	.89¾	Jan. 1
Oats	.55¾	July 28	.45¾	Jan. 1
Flour	8.75	Oct. 8	6.45	Jan. 2
Coffee	.20¾	Oct. 24	.10⅞	Jan. 9
Sugar	.07	Feb. 14	.054	June 5
Butter	.62	Jan. 1	.38¾	Apr. 17
Eggs	.48	Jan. 1	.32	Mar. 17
Lard	17.85	Oct. 10	10.45	May 28
Pork	31.00	Oct. 7	24.00	Feb. 25
Iron	24.00	Jan. 3	19.00	Feb. 26
Steel billets	40.00	Jan. 3	34.00	Sept. 4
Tin	58.75	Mar. 1	39.75	May 23
Copper	14.00	Mar. 3	12.50	July 9
Cotton	35.70	Jan. 2	22.15	Sept. 4
Printcloths	.08	Jan. 3	.06¼	Oct. 14

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Oct. 23): 6,567 packages. Prices 4c higher. Creamery, higher than extras, 92-score, 58¼@59c; 91-score, 56½@57c; 90-score, 55½@56c; 89-score, 54½@55c; 88-score, 53½@54c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40@40¾c; extras, 92 score, 59@59½c; firsts, 58¼@58½c; seconds, 56½@57c; renovated, firsts, 53½@54c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 27@27½c; No. 2, 26c; lower grades, 25@25c. Cheese—Receipts, 1,041 boxes. Firm; State whole milk, fancy, specials, 24½@25c; fancy, average extras, 23½@24c; fancy, ordinary, 23c; fancy, average extras, 22½@23c; nearby and Western fancy white, firsts to extra firsts, 22@22½c; nearby gathered white, firsts to extra firsts, 21½@22c; nearby white, seconds, 20½@21c; nearby white, miscellaneous, 19@20c; nearby white, common, 17@18c; nearby white, pullets, 18@18c; nearby white, prime, 20@21c; Pacific Coast, white, fancy, 23½@24c; Pacific Coast, white, choice, 22½@23c; Pacific Coast, white, lower grades, 18@20c; Western, processed browns, 20@21c; Western, whites, 22@22c; nearby, finest selection, whites, 22@22c; firsts to fancy, 20@21c; medium, 18@19c; dirties, 15@16c; checks, from local handling, 15@15c.

Open. High. Low. Close. Previous Day.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	22.70	22.81	22.61	22.80	23.10
Dec.	22.75	22.83	22.56	22.60@22.61	22.92
Jan.	22.91	22.92	22.68	22.70@22.71	23.02
March	23.21	23.22	22.97	23.00@23.02	23.32
May	23.40	23.40	23.15	23.17@23.18	23.40
July	23.10	23.10	22.88	22.88@22.90	23.10

*Option expired at noon.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet 60 points decline, at 23.35c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 22.70c, 20 points decline; sales 1,800 bales. New Orleans 22.50c, 25 points decline; sales 1,023. Savannah 22.70c, 20 points decline; sales 261. Augusta 22.40c, 30 points decline; sales 764. Memphis 22.25c, 25 points decline; sales 3,700. Houston 22.70c, 20 points decline; sales 17,806. Little Rock 22.25c, 25 points decline; sales 5,067. Dallas 21.85c, 20 points decline; sales 13,538.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	47,531	58,188	30,021
Exports	20,843	80,051	15,424
Exports, season	4,615,243	5,440,279	1,909,344
N. Y. stocks	185,462	144,395	25,641
Ports stocks	1,057,087	851,805	742,156
N. Y. arrivals	3,507	1,804	5,280

Liverpool sales: Spot cotton quiet, 17 points decline; 13,000 for speculation. Sales, 4,000 bales; American, 2,000. Imports, 30,000 bales; American, 20,000. Futures opened steady, 4 to 7 points decline; closed barely steady, 12 to 13 points decline. Prices: October, 12.07d; December, 12.07d; January, 18d; March, 13.05d; May, 13.06d.

Manchester: Yarns firm; cloths quiet.

FORECASTS OF YIELD PUT COTTON LOWER

Market Drags in Spite of the Strength in Stocks—Loss Is 20 to 25 Points.

OCTOBER TRADING CEASES

Final Deliveries of This Month Aggregate 75,000 Bales—Official Crop Report Due Today.

Neither a strong stock market nor the appearance of killing frosts at various points in Oklahoma, Arkansas and Texas proved sufficiently stimulating to prevent another decline in cotton yesterday. A slow, dragging market developed soon after the opening, which carried prices off 20 to 22 points and left final quotations about the lowest of the session. Trading was limited and mainly of an evening-up or routine nature. The general disposition to look for a slight increase in the official crop estimate due at 11 o'clock today was reflected in an average guess of seventy-nine members of the Exchange, 77,000 bales over the last report, or 12,276,000 bales. Week-end figures showed 604,000 bales in sight, or 58,000 bales less than last week. Spot sales at Southern markets increased to 56,000 bales, one of the largest days' transactions this season, at an average decline of 20 to 25 points in quotations.

The most important development of the day came with final trading in October contracts before that position was taken from the board at midday. Final deliveries aggregated 75,000 bales, and holders of contracts who retained their interests until the eleventh hour had cotton for sale. After maintaining a premium of 90 points over December the past few days, liquidation ran October to a discount of several points under December for a few moments. October started at 22.75 and sold as low as 22.61, with the last transaction at 22.80. As a result of the premium held throughout the month, cotton has been attracted to New York in large volume. On Oct. 1, the running stock was 46,000 bales and now exceeds 185,000 bales. The first of the month the stock in licensed warehouses aggregated 41,000 bales and yesterday was 151,000.

Week-end figures showed a movement of 604,000 compared with 597,000 last year, making the total for the season 4,467,000, against 4,247,000 last year. Shipments took 377,000, compared with 386,000 a year ago, making the total for the season 2,461,000, against 2,616,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	22.70	22.81	22.61	22.80	23.10
Dec.	22.75	22.83	22.56	22.60@22.61	22.92
Jan.	22.91	22.92	22.68	22.70@22.71	23.02
March	23.21	23.22	22.97	23.00@23.02	23.32
May	23.40	23.40	23.15	23.17@23.18	23.40
July	23.10	23.10	22.88	22.88@22.90	23.10

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Manchester: Yarns firm; cloths quiet.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 24.—Sixty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,100,510, were chartered today. They include:

Lindner, Grother & Ragones, Manhattan, women's apparel, $50,000; S. M. Brock, J. L. Finnegan, (Attorney, W. Schwartz, 238 Broadway.)

Invincible Clothes, Manhattan, $10,000; E. V. Eichler, D. Wolfe, D. Metmelstein. (Attorney, M. & S. Meyers, Forty-second Street and Broadway.)

Nordhaus Tire Service, Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; M. G. Owen, R. E. Allen, C. C. Jewett. (Attorney, F. E. Knorr, Albany.)

Smith & Hildebrandt, Olean, merchandise, $10,000; C. G. and C. Smith, G. H. Hildebrandt. (Attorney, J. K. Ward, Olean.)

A. G. Tarrant Co., Manhattan, novelties, 2,500 shares common stock, no par value; S. C. Tarrant, J. S. Fair, S. L. Whitlock. (Attorneys, Leventritt, Riegelman, Carns & Coots, 128 Broadway.)

Mach Realty Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; L. Knobel, M. E. Klinkenstein, J. E. Benjamin. (Attorneys, Cohen, Haas & Schimmel, 302 Broadway.)

J. M. U. Publishing Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 100 shares common, no par value; J. M. and L. Ullmann. (Attorney, L. Tyroler, 1,400 Broadway.)

Hoshor, Montayne & Co., Manhattan, brokerage, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; W. G. Montayne, E. L. Presby, J. C. Hoshor, (Attorney, G. F. Heustis, Port Richmond.)

Otis Sawyer Boiler & Foundry Co., Oswego, $40,000; J. F. Otis, W. F. and E. Sawyer. (Attorney, J. L. Burnham, Syracuse.)

Melodyne Co., Manhattan, radio sets, $10,000; E. Hajos, H. Kirshbaum, P. Meison. (Attorneys, Kurtz & Ruby, 141 Broadway.)

International Trading Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; G. Bankoff, E. Jacobs, E. Lachman. (Attorney, M. Bain, 2 Rector St.)

William Armstrong Publishing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Goldman, J. Feldman, G. W. Miller. (Attorney, J. Brenner, 61 Park Row.)

Forest Wet Wash, Queens, 10 shares common stock, no par value; F. W. Krapf, A. J. Kratt Jr. (Attorney, M. J. Mecabe Jr., 48 Cedar St.)

O. E. Frank Heater & Engineering Co., Buffalo, $20,000; O. M. Frank, A. H. Cundall, L. E. Coffey. (Attorneys, Brown, Ely & Richards, Buffalo.)

Gitman Co., Manhattan, syrups and confections, $25,000; S. and A. Gitsewez, A. Rosenthal. (Attorney, A. R. Slater, 149 9th Ave.)

1,200 Broadway, realty, $15,000; I. J. Smith, L. Kurzs, I. Kaplan. (Attorney, H. M. Goodman, 111 Broadway.)

Louis Beaky Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; S. G. Grady, T. J. McKee, R. W. Alley. (Attorneys, Ewing, Alley & Voorhees, 111 Broadway.)

Sabre Realty Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; D. A. and L. S. Sanders. (Attorney, E. W. Hofstatter, Nyack.)

A. Schwartz & Co., Manhattan, hay and straw, $10,000; A. Schwartz and Edwards. (Attorney, H. Weiss, 309 Broadway.)

Sinai Kosher Grape Products Co., Manhattan, syrups and wines, $10,000; A. Pletschet, D. Buchman, J. Landes. (Attorney, G. Cohen, 217 Broadway.)

Sloat & Forrester, Mount Vernon, real estate, $100,000; D. A. Forrester, M. L. Sloat. (Attorney, S. Wilcox, 1958 Broadway.)

Metropolitan Wood Heel Corp., Brooklyn, $20,000; S. Beckshin, G. Saccardi, R. F. Caprosso. (Attorney, M. M. Kahn, 116 Graham Av., Brooklyn.)

Knit Stores, Brooklyn, $10,000; J. Rheda, T. Wingate, F. Wohlfahrt. (Attorneys, Coller & Coller, 277 Broadway.)

De Luxe Beauty Shop, Bronx, $10,000; M. Stark, M. Bernfeld, H. Mandel. (Attorney, N. Spiegelhalter, 1 East 161st St.)

Allan-Norman Holding Co., Manhattan, $60,000; A. Vogel, M. Radanoff, E. Kurtz. (Attorney, Greenfield, Stein & Senior, 120 Broadway.)

Hoffman Construction Co., Yonkers, $5,000; R. M. Peltier, W. Calvin Jr., A. H. Thompson. (Attorney, E. B. Nichols, Yonkers.)

Lindeman & Lindeman Construction Co., Brooklyn, $20,000; S. Lindeman, J. and P. Kooperanian. (Attorney, C. Rothaus, 180 Bristol St., Brooklyn.)

Fink & Neuhaus Contracting Corp., Bronx, builders, $10,000; W. A. and J. Fink Jr., S. Neuhaus. (Attorney, A. H. Goodman, 1,482 Broadway.)

New York Tray Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. and S. Himmelfarb, L. J. Wiener. (Attorney, M. Shilvock, 1,482 Broadway.)

405 West 148th St. Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Finkelstein, L. Clark, A. King. (Attorney, E. Sultan, 2 Rector St.)

Tri-Boro Development Co., Queens, $25,000; D. E. and W. J. Carroll, J. F. McCarthy. (Attorney, C. E. Schwanda, Long Island City.)

Johnson's La Petite Corp., Manhattan, building, $12,000; F. V. Brown, D. B. Smith. (Attorney, J. J. McGinnis, 186 Remsen St., Brooklyn.)

Hoffman & Paskin, Brooklyn, butter and cheese, $20,000; S. Hoffman, L. April, J. Rosenthal. (Attorney, I. Frankenberg, 31 1st St.)

Suros, Manhattan, preservation materials, 2,500 shares common stock, no par value; J. J. Schlesinger, T. Eberhardt, J. Buhler. (Attorneys, Woodward, Dennis & Buhler, 281 Broadway.)

Lincoln Realty Corp., Woodmere, Nassau Co., $5,250; L. M. and A. Bloch, R. Schukert. (Attorney, G. Frey, 1,429 34 Av.)

Reed service, Buffalo, realty and brokerage, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; W. W. Reed, E. F. A. Kurtz, I. E. Haffa. (Attorney, H. E. Webster, Buffalo.)

Potanex Jewelry Co., Manhattan, $25,000; I. Tarnov, S. Simmerman, R. Weinberg. (Attorney, H. I. Parlin, 291 Broadway.)

Bell Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. A. Clark, M. Dederick, A. Herrman. (Attorneys, Albany Service Co., 220 Broadway.)

Arlington-Mabley, Manhattan, theatrical costumes, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; K. Arlington, D. Galway, M. Silverstein. (Attorneys, Bosley, Schiller & Seiling, 154 Nassau St.)

79th St.-Madison Av. Corp., Manhattan, contractors, $5,000 shares common stock, no par value; A. V. Tine, L. S. Fowler. (Attorney, A. C. Vandiver, 27 Wall St.)

Mill Service Corp., Manhattan, sweaters, $5,000; D. L. Gluck, B. Scheer, R. Adler. (Attorneys, Karelsen & Karelsen, 37 Nassau St.)

H. C. Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, 500 shares common stock, no par value; H. and C. Hagerty, E. Van Tine. (Attorneys, Maltsy & O'Keefe, 31 Chambers St.)

100 Tire Sales Co., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; R. E. Allen, W. Dow, C. C. Jewett. (Attorney, F. J. Knorr, Albany.)

Werbas, Brooklyn, theatre, Manhattan, moving pictures, $25,000; A. L. Elvanger, M. Werbas. (Attorney, J. P. Bickerton Jr., 214 West 42d St.)

Forepine Oil, Rochester, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; R. B. Castle, V. M. Swan, D. L. Hines. (Attorneys, Castle & Fitch, Rochester.)

Lorraine Mfg. Co. of New York, Manhattan, fabrics, $100,000; J. R. and W. B. Metcalf, W. Whitall Jr. (Attorneys, Dorman & Dana, 32 Liberty St.)

Thalheims Wearwell Shoe Co., Manhattan

10 LINERS TO SAIL WITH 2,800 TODAY

Among Notables on Leviathan Are Minister Jay and Ex-President Gomez.

SOTHERNS GOING TO ITALY

Many Travelers on the Duilio—Countess de Caene of France on the Lancastria.

Ten liners sail today for Europe and South America with 2,800 passengers.

Among those sailing today on the Leviathan of the United States Lines for Cherbourg and Southampton are Dr. Guillermo Gomez, former President of Venezuela, and his family; Peter Augustus Jay, Minister to Rumania, who is sailing for Bucharest to take up his duties, accompanied by Mrs. Jay and family; J. S. Worthington, international golfer, on his way to London, and Frank Brandt and Martin Steffler, German bankers.

Others on the Leviathan are John M. Doyle and Miss Mary Doyle, E. P. Breckenbrack, European director of the Shipping Board, and his family; Mitchell Gruhn, an associate of Sam Harris, the theatrical producer, and Mrs. Gruhn; David Mesabov and Mrs. Mesabov, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Morse of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Parker of California, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer L. Ralphs of California, and Robert Ross and Arthur Simpson of New York.

Also on the Leviathan will be Saul H. Schiff and Mrs. Schiff, J. R. Tunis, V. V. Hosker, Captain Godfried Carden of the Coast Guard Service, J. R. White of the United States Shipping Board and E. L. Neville of the Hydrographic Office at Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Edward Alsop of Washington, D. C., with her two daughters.

Passengers on Duilio.

The Duilio of the Italian line is sailing today for Naples and Genoa with 1,440 passengers. Among the notables on the ship are: Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sothern, Mrs. Curtis Judd of Boston, the Rt. Rev. E. M. Dunne, Bishop of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. George Brewster Montgomery of Buffalo, accompanied by Mrs. C. Pelham Richardson of Pelham Manor, N. Y.; Professor Felix Lamond, Director of the School of Music of the American Academy in Rome, accompanied by Mrs. F. Lamond and Miss Cettine Haynes Commodore V. Wadhams and Mrs. A. V. Wadhams of Wadhams, N. Y.

Also from New York are: Dr. and Mrs. William A. Rodgers, James Stewart Alexander and Miss Stewart, Mrs. E. C. Preston, Miss Aline Preston, Mrs. William Nicklas, Miss Barbara Anne Nicklas, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh C. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. John Crossan Cooper, Miss Eleanor Cooper, Miss Barbara Cooper, Miss Louise K. Alexander, Mrs. E. B. Marvin, Mrs. M. Fish Stokes, Miss Katherine Fish, Miss Barbara Fish, Miss Louise Moore, Miss Alice Gwynne, Mrs. Belia A. Landauer, Miss Ruth Yarbrough, Paul T. Haskin, Miss Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Simeon Ford Gilfillan, Mr. Oliver Harriman, Miss M. Nairn, Miss B. Mohr, Miss Louise H. Wood, Mrs. Jules Murray, Miss Murray, Miss Aimee Reno, Arnold Wood, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Strom and family, Miss Anne Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. A. Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. S. I. Burmann, E. Needle, Mrs. Charlotte Wellman, Seymour Schlussel, Miss Helen La Shaw, Mrs. H. G. Bauer, Mrs. Priscilla C. De Maiduit, Mrs. Ollie Hancock Griffin, Miss Yolanda de Urbina, Mr. and Mrs. John Palmer Gavit, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Temple, Mr. and Mrs. C. Moller, Miss Mary E. Cooley, Miss M. L. Cooley, Miss M. R. Coffin, Dr. and Mrs. Harold Heath, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Paddock, E. L. Paddock, Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Hunt, H. C. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. N. Aeppli and C. W. Mann.

Sailed on an Early Iron Ship.

Howard De Walden Cooke of Portland, Me., who first crossed the Atlantic in the Cuba, the Cunard Line's first iron steamer, which entered the service in 1864, just sixty years ago, will sail today on the Lancastria to view again the places he saw more than half a century ago. Mrs. Cooke and Miss Anna and Miss Jane Cooke will accompany him.

Others leaving on the ship for Cherbourg, Southampton and London are Countess de Caene of France, who escaped with Americans in France during the war, and who had been touring this country under the auspices of the Gold Star Mothers; and George M. Smythe, who paddled his own canoe from Canada to New York, coming down along the coast. He will make his fifteen-foot boat to London and paddle from there down the Thames, across the English Channel and along the coasts of France, Spain and Portugal to the Mediterranean and then on through the great inland sea to Rome.

Mrs. Cora H. Strickland of 27 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, is going over to visit her son, who is studying at Cambridge. Mrs. T. Otterspoon, an Australian, whose husband was killed in the rescue of members of the 106th Infantry of Brooklyn at Cambrai in 1918, is sailing for England.

Sailing on the Aurania.

Passengers on the Cunard liner Aurania for Queenstown and Liverpool today include Francis Fawcett and daughters, Beatrice and Muriel, of Long Beach; Louis Chase, William McDonald, Mrs. Edith Jackson, Captain H. C. Halloway, Robert Lewis, Captain Neal P. Pilcher, Miss Mary Snow, Arthur Sanderson, Miss Kathleen Lewis, Miss Nellie Walsh, Miss Florence Davies, Mrs. M. Passmore, Mrs. Deborah Bull, H. Barratt, Mrs. Alice Elkins Laird, Charles E. White, Harry Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews.

The Royal Mail liner Orbita will sail today for Cherbourg, Southampton and Hamburg. Her passengers include Canon W. H. Shibbeck, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Cowrill, the Rev. and Mrs. J. Mc. Anna, Mr. W. J. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Digby W. O'Donoghue, Dr. E. L. Kokkines, Miss Ruth Straus, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Burrowes, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Burkee, Mr. and Mrs. Bowen R. Robeson, Mrs. C. B. Rice, J. K. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phillips, T. N. Prentice, Mrs. M. E. Hathaway, Mr. and Mrs. F. Mabbett.

The United American lines steamer Cleveland sails at noon for Hamburg, via Cherbourg and Southampton. Among those sailing are William H. Allen, Mrs. R. H. Ambery, Frederick Dana, George Doring, Dr. William Haines and Rinaldo Haines, Frederick Hasselwander, Stelevic Hans von Klenitz, Dr. Rudolph Kramer, Christopher Matzen, Walter F. Meyle, Mrs. Wolfgang Muller-Clem, Enoch Nicholas, Charles S. Olmstead, Miss Opal Dorothy Reynolds, Mrs. H. B. Richmond, Curt Riedel, Mrs. Frances Alice St. Clair, Rudolph Wintzer, Paul Blass.

Leaving for South America.

Among the passengers sailing today for Rio de Janeiro and Buenos Aires on the Western World of the Munson Line are Dr. and Mrs. Ernest Dowling of Buenos Aires. Dr. Dowling has been in the United States for several months studying hospitalization for the Argentine Government. Others are Holger Birnkrauer, Claude H. Fletcher, Argentine representative of the All American cable Company; Henry Longier, Miss Elizabeth Byington, Mr. and Mrs. José Meavers, Miss Maria E. McIntyre, R. V. Harwell, Mr. and Mrs. D. Delaney, Miss Sophie Gearfield, Edwin Fleisher, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Coffin, Samuel Peters, Mr. and Mrs. John Percival, Mayor Ralph Dusenbury, Misses Emma and Catalina Murchison, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Whittemore, Harry C. Koch, Mr. and Mrs. J. Grace and children, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Kinentt, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Alpher, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Robertson, Miss Isabella Thurston Muir, Quarrille, Alex. Mashikowa, Mrs. Maria C. Marone, Charlotte Morone, Miss Mateo Moreno and Francisco Arana.

Some of the notables due to arrive today on the Conte Verde of the Lloyd Sabaudo Line from Genoa and Naples are Giovanni Martinelli, tenor of the Metropolitan Opera Company, and family; Mrs. Graziella Pareto of the Chicago Opera Company, Domenico Porcella, Italian Consul at Santo Domingo, and family; Maestro Pietro Yon, the organist, and his family; Dr. Vincenzo Panoni of the Italian Hospital.

Coming in on Volendam.

The passenger list of the Holland-America liner Volendam, incoming today from Holland, France and England, includes the names of J. C. Fabel, Ambassador of the Netherlands at Tokio; Mrs. W. B. Beauchamp, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Vander Morse, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Guzman, Mrs. L. van den Heuvel Bartlett, Mrs. A. L. Konts, Mr. and Mrs. S. Magnin, Dr. G. B. Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. H. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Wallace and Mrs. A. Phelps.

Among the passengers due to sail today for Panama, Callao and Valparaiso on the Aconcagua of the South American Steamship Line are the Hon. R. H. Alfaro, Minister of Ecuador to Chile, and party of ten; C. M. Larrea, Secretary to the Ecuadorean Minister, Mrs. Larrea and Master Carlos Larrea, the Hon. Aramaye de Rio, Bolivian Consul at Antofagasta, and family; Alberto Helfmann, Attaché to the Chilean Legation at Berlin, Mrs. Helfmann and Miss Helfmann; Dr. Mauricio Hochschild, Pedro Godoy, Engineer of the Chilean State Railways; Mr. and Mrs. Paul W. Alexander, Alfonso Herring, R. S. Burns, Humberto Aniere de Urbina, W. B. Taylor, John Sheehy, the Rev. Maters Alvaro-Galono, Ernesto Arantibar, Pedro Bellares, R. C. Bond, Mrs. Madelyn Ward, Miss Isabel Stephens, Hugo Melendez, Victor Belon, Miss Julia N. Belon and others.

PRECEDENT IS SET IN SHOW INSURANCE

Court Ruling Expected to Revolutionize Contracts for Shipping Theatrical Properties.

An opinion by Federal Judge Learned Hand, filed yesterday, finds that the Globe and Rutgers Fire Insurance Company is liable for a policy of $100,000 which it issued to cover the costumes and scenery of "The Passing Show of 1921." These properties were in a car leased by the Winter Garden Company from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The car caught fire in transit from Toronto to Montreal in October, 1921.

The case hinged on agreements with the railroad company which the plaintiff had to sign in order to get the car, and an agreement with the insurance company, which also had to be signed to obtain the insurance. The vital provision in the agreement with the insurance company was to the effect that any agreement made with any other company touching the property insured would nullify the contract.

William Otis Badger Jr., counsel for the plaintiff, said yesterday that the opinion would revolutionize the making of similar contracts, that the forms the two companies involved insisted upon had been recognized as being correct enough for many years and that the opinion indicated that in their present shape they were worthless so far as the two clauses referred to were concerned. He said:

"Unless the agreement of the insurance company, as it appeared, had been signed by the plaintiff the property could not have been insured, and unless the agreement prepared by the railroad company had also been agreed to by the plaintiff its properties could not have been transported. In other words the Winter Garden Company had either had to yield to these exactions or give up its tour."

Concerning a contention of the defendant that the plaintiff could have transported its properties by freight or express, and thus be free of the objectionable provisions of the agreement, the opinion says:

"It would be an unreasonable restriction upon the assured, because it would compel him to transport his play or separate from his baggage, which must go by express in the United States and in Canada by express or freight. This would in many days which would often lose several performances and prevent any certainty in booking."

Judge Hand says that it is incredible that the assured should have consented to such a method; that the uniform practice for the troupe to travel with its properties, and that it was unreasonable to insist that the plaintiff should abandon methods which had always existed in the business. Concerning the responsibility of the defendant the opinion says:

"What indeed could be said in defense of one who, actually knowing that the whole trade was conducted in just the way that the assured meant to conduct its business, laid the snare to avoid a loss because the assured had not gathered from the warrant that he must revolutionize his methods? That would be the extreme of unfair dealing, and yet the defendant's rights must be judged exactly as though it knew all these things."

The value of the property destroyed was about $130,000, and one of the points on which the defense was that the plaintiff failed to have it fully valued. In regard to this the opinion said:

"This it might have done but it would have served the defendant not a whit. The valuation was useless against the carrier except in case of negligence, and there is no scintilla of proof that the carrier was negligent."

The Winter Garden Company was represented also by Mile Otis Bennett and Percy L. Compton. The defense was represented by Martin Schenck and Murray C. Bernays of the law firm of Davies, Auerbach & Cornell.

AUTO DEMOLISHES SHERRY'S WINDOWS

Leaps Curb on Fifth Avenue and Plunges Broadside On at the Dinner Hour.

Patrons of Louis Sherry's restaurant, at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street, faced table covers and napkins as tourniquets last evening to staunch the flow of blood from two men who were injured when an automobile, operated by a sleepy-man, mounted the sidewalk and shattered the large plate-glass windows in front of the place.

One of the victims of the accident, believed from cards in his pockets to be M. Fiegelman of 778 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, was removed unconscious to City Hospital. He had been crushed against the building. It was feared that his left leg would have to be amputated. Simon Ehlberg, 40 years old, of 326 Fortieth Street, Brooklyn, who was knocked down on the sidewalk by the automobile while he was passing the restaurant, also was taken to the hospital by Dr. Seifert of Reception Hospital, suffering from cuts and contusions on the arms, head and body.

The car was being driven by the Rev. Alfred Budd of 136 Elizabeth Street, Derby, Conn., and in the rear seat were two other men. Mr. Budd later told police of the East Fifty-first Street Station that he had come from Derby, Conn., and was on his way to Oyster Bay to participate in the laying of a wreath on the grave of Theodore Roosevelt by Boy Scouts.

As he turned into East Fifty-eighth Street from Fifth Avenue on his way to the Queensborough Bridge, Mr. Budd explained, he lost control of the car.

Plan Baku-Teheran Air Line.

MOSCOW, Oct. 24.—An aerial passenger service between Baku and Teheran is to be inaugurated Nov. 1 by the Soviet Government and will be maintained even during the Winter. Although Teheran is only 250 miles south of Baku by air line, the train journey is circuitous and requires more than a week. The airplanes will make it in five or six hours.

SURGEON GENERAL BACK FROM GENEVA

Dr. Cumming Says Consular Inspection of Emigrants to America Is Hampered.

PASSENGERS ON AQUITANIA

Nicholas Roerich, Russian Artist, Talks on the Mysteries of Tibet.

Surgeon General Hugh S. Cumming of the United States Health Service returned yesterday on the Cunarder Aquitania from Geneva, where he attended meetings of the Health Committee of the League of Nations and of the International Health Bureau, which he declared was now the Supreme Court of the medical world. Speaking of the inspection of immigrants abroad he said:

"The consuls at the ports of embarkation," Dr. Cumming continued, "are handicapped by the fact that many of the immigrants have their visas from consuls inland, which of course must be accepted."

Another passenger on the Aquitania was Valentine Williams, a novelist, formerly editor of The Paris Daily Mail, who is here on his first visit.

Archbishop Redwood, Catholic prelate of New Zealand and the oldest Catholic Archbishop in the world, arrived on his way home. He is 86 years old and has been a Bishop for fifty-one years.

Nicholas Roerich, Russian artist and writer, arrived on the liner from Tibet, to assist at the first anniversary of the museum founded in his name, at 310 Riverside Drive. He brought eighty paintings executed in Tibet under the shadow of the snowcad Himalayas.

"The greatest spiritual country in the world today is Tibet," said Mr. Roerich. "There we can learn much of the mysteries that have so far been concealed from us. To do this one must not go there sword in hand. We must go as friends bearing gifts and uttering kind words. We have brought with us an image of the Buddha Maiterya, the new Buddha that is now being worshipped in that country, where a great sensation has been created by the disappearance of the Tashi Lama, the spiritual head of Tibetan nation. No one knows where he has gone—some say to Mongolia, others to China and Manchuria. The people cannot elect a new Tashi Lama until they have proof of the old one's death."

Another passenger on the Aquitania was Princess Prem de Karpurthala, who speaks English and French fluently and said she had come for a visit and would return to Paris.

J. M. McIntyre, a traffic policeman usually on duty outside the Cunard piers, returned with Mrs. McIntyre from a trip to Europe given to him by William B. Leeds because of the courtesies he had shown to him when he arrived in New York.

The Aquitania brought 1,073 passengers and 5,400 sacks of mail.

Ten midgets from Russia and four Armenia who arrived for the Ziegfeld Follies were detained for further examination by the immigration officials and will be sent to Ellis Island today. Their average weight was about thirty-five pounds, and the man in charge of them weighed quite 225 pounds.

NEW AUTO PLATE SYSTEM.

Only Four Numerals in Black on a Yellow Background.

Commissioner Charles A. Harnett of the Motor Vehicle Bureau announced at a conference of automobile representatives yesterday that a new system of numbers had been prepared for the 1925 motor vehicle license plates. The color will be black upon a clear yellow background, a marked improvement over the dull gray of the number used this year.

The numerical system adopted embodies the use of letters for serial numbers and on no plate will there be more than four consecutive numerals. So far as possible the various letters have been allotted so as to clearly distinguish certain localities of the State. For instance, the letter "A" will be used in Albany and the vicinity. For New York City the letters "N. Y. C." and "T" will be used, the letter "T" being added because the former three letters do not supply sufficient serial numbers for the 280,000 plates prepared for the five boroughs.

Each letter will be preceded by a digit from 1 to 8 inclusive. The series "1" will begin with 1N1, running to 9N9,000, followed by 1T1 to 1T9,000, and so on. The letters to be used in Brooklyn, where 160,000 plates will be provided, will be K and L. Nassau County will use L and T and Suffolk County will use the letter T. It is expected that only a small number of the "T" letters will be required in New York City.

Commissioner Harnett said that the plates were now ready. They will be sent to the different offices of distribution this month. Actual distribution to car owners will start about Nov. 15. In this city the armories and branch offices used last year will be utilized for branch distributing points, and plans are being made to establish several additional branch places so that residents in all the boroughs may obtain the plates near at home and with the least difficulty. It is expected that several branch offices will be opened in some of the department stores.

ESTATE TO MRS. KREISLER.

Property of Her Father, George P. Lies, Valued at $701,042.

Mrs. Harriet Kreisler, wife of Fritz Kreisler, received $701,042 under the will of her father, George P. Lies, according to the appraisal of the estate filed yesterday. Mr. Lies, who died May 15 last, made a will giving the bulk of his estate to his daughter, who was his only heir at law, and two weeks before his death made a trust deed of property valued at $423,000 under which Mrs. Kreisler is given the income for life and upon his death the principal was to go to his daughter in fee of him. The property in this trust deed was taxed on the ground that it was a gift in contemplation of death.

The total estate, including the trust property, was appraised at $838,042, of which $362,565 was in realty and included 7 and 9 Waverly Place, worth $155,000; 44 and 51 West Fourth Street, $132,565; 326 East Seventy-eighth Street, $40,000, and 1,510 Avenue A, $35,000. Included in the trust deed were 1,000 shares Atchison common, $126,940; 340 Southern Pacific, $34,130, and 440 Union Pacific common, $57,165.

New York Finances Coffee Crop.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Oct. 24.—The National Bank of Nicaragua has arranged with a syndicate of New York bankers for funds to finance the Nicaraguan coffee crop, an operation requiring $3,000,000. The crop is only about half that of last year.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Thirty-three new members have been added to the roster of the Textile Color Card Association of the United States, Inc., it was announced yesterday by Marston Haven Morse, managing director of the association. Included in the number are five foreign concerns.

Herman Greenberg and Pius Ludwig have organized the Greenberg & Ludwig Company for the manufacture of jumper, sailor and middy coats for jobbers. The firm is now showing its Spring lines at 28 to 36 West Twenty-seventh Street.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—3@3½% for the best names. Thursday—3@3½% for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Floor Coverings Are Wanted.

The opening of the Spring season in floor coverings, which will occur soon after election, promises to be quite a good deal more favorable to the manufacturers than was the Fall opening several months ago. At that time the demand was so limited that the leading factor in the trade found it necessary to stimulate it by means of an auction, later reducing its opening figures to the levels reached in the sale. Now, however, prices are on the upturn, due to either production costs growing out of the increasing expense of raw materials, and the demand is active. One of the features lately has been the increasing call for carpets, largely due to hotel and other contract work. Some of the mills are said to have been obliged to refuse some of this business because of inability to fill the orders.

Cotton Goods Men Mark Time.

Little of importance transpired in the local cotton goods market yesterday so far as the finished cloths were concerned. With all of the principal lines of ginghams now priced, there is little left to do but wait a few days to see how the trade will accept them. The action of Southern producers of the goods in reducing prices, while the Eastern manufacturers held theirs on a par with Fall figures, has left some uncertainty as to the future trend of values. Prices made on Southern lines admittedly are such as to return no profit, if not an actual loss, on the goods they cover. Whether, after production is partly covered, they will restore prices, or whether Eastern mills will reduce theirs for competitive purposes is a question at the moment. In many lines the two sections do not come into actual competition, but buyers are prone to use the prices of one to manipulate the others to their own advantage.

Fur Dealers' Dinner Tonight.

More than 2,000 persons, representing all branches of the fur industry, will attend the annual dinner and fashion show of the American Fur Dealers' Association, which will be held tonight in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Commodore. Twenty of the leading style houses of the fur industry will present models, all of them the work of American designers, during the course of the show. Some of the individual garments to be displayed will, it was said yesterday, run up to $30,000 in value. Among the exhibitors will be Otto Kahn, Inc., Revillon Frères, H. Jaeckel & Sons, Milgrim, Leo D. Greenfield and M. Cohen & Bros.

Strong Retail Fabric Demand.

Retail turnover of piece goods continues satisfactory and has been a helpful factor in an otherwise quiet dress goods market. The vogue of the simple straightline silhouette has made it much easier for garments to be made at home, and, with the fabric the whole decoration, as will be the case for Spring, the indications are that the sale of goods over the retail counter will be further stimulated. Consumer demand is largely concentrated on new or novelty fabrics with the suede-finished woolens, flannels and the ribbed and satin-faced cloths well to the fore.

Worumbo Lines Open Monday.

The women's wear Spring lines of the Worumbo Company will be opened on Monday. It was announced yesterday. The lines are featured by new developments of suede finish fabrics, both with respect to weave and lightness of weight. Prices range from $4.90½ to $7.87½. The new leading numbers in the Fall lines are repeated at unchanged prices. These are Shakanda, a cashmere, at $6.02½ and Obmurow, a woolen, at $5.25. Kermansuede, a closely shorn fabric, considered the acme of its class, is quoted at the highest price of the line at $7.87½. For the Spring ensemble costumes Zephyr, cashmeres of very light weight are featured. Twill weaves in the suede cloths are likewise stressed. Bright shades rule in the firm's color ranges, with special emphasis on the pinkish tans, burnt rose, lavender and lipstick red.

Novelty Ideas in Handkerchiefs.

Novelties dominate in the lines of women's handkerchiefs which have been selling for the approaching holiday season. According to wholesalers here, probably never before has the novelty and of the business received such strong emphasis. The patterns used are highly varied and the use of color is marked, practically to the exclusion of the former popularity of staple whites. The prospects are said to indicate that the retail Christmas period will be one of the best in years so far as handkerchiefs are concerned.

Reorders for Men's Fabrics.

Some duplicates in men's wear Spring fabrics have come through to selling agents, but the volume thus far has not been large. The reorders are largely for woolens, there being little change of a favorable nature in worsteds. With the further shewing of their Spring lines on the road by the manufacturing clothiers, it is figured that the mills will have a more adequate basis on which to gauge the probable reorders they are to receive. In any event, it is not believed that much will be stirring in the men's goods trade until after election day.

Topcoats Are Selling Freely.

Early reports have it that retailers are buying men's Spring topcoats rather freely. In fact, according to wholesalers' representatives here, the topcoat demand is one of the bright spots in the selling of men's Spring clothing on the road. This is not surprising, as the topcoat vogue for several seasons past has been growing steadily, with all lines in the larger centres gaining every year. It is understood that retail turnover of topcoats this Fall has been such as to preclude the carryover of any of these garments into the Spring.

Gray Goods Sales Fair.

Despite the imminence of the Federal report on the condition of the cotton crop, a fair amount of business was put through in the local gray goods market yesterday. During the morning most of the printcloth sellers were second hands, but when the break in cotton became pronounced first hands also started to let out goods at the decline. Sales included 38½-inch 64-60s at 8½ cents, and 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 60-48s at 6½ and 7¼ cents, respectively. In the sheetings quite liberal trading in 36-inch 5.50s was reported at 7⅝ cents, with both first and second hands letting the goods out at that figure. Seven cents was paid for 36-inch 6.10s and 8½ cents for 5-yard sheetings of that width. The best trading to be done on 37-inch 48-48 5-yard sheetings was 10¼ cents. Fine-yarn cloths were quiet, but in the specialties there was trading in 37½-inch 4,387-yard sateens at 13½ cents.

Less Willing to Pay Premiums.

While the bulk of the anthracite output continues to be absorbed readily at the prices established by the line companies and the larger independent operators, Seward's Journal will say today, the small operators are having more difficulty in obtaining the high premiums on certain sizes that were formerly paid without hesitation. They are experiencing even more trouble in disposing of the slow-burning coals. This situation was brought about last week by mild weather, as well as by increased production at the mines that were affected by floods and local strikes earlier in the month. Bituminous shippers report that business is a little better, but few of them describe it as "good."

BUSINESS RECORDS

FAILURES FOR THE WEEK.

BRADSTREET'S reports 547 failures for the week in the United States, as compared with 326 for the previous week and 349 for the corresponding weeks 1923 to 1920. The New England States had 33, Middle 78, Western 70, Northwestern 42, Southern 78, Pacific 42, Canada had 104 as against 48. In the United States about 74.1 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 11 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against

HENRY J. PEPER & CO., INC., contractors, 1,127 Broadway, by M. Epstein & Son, for $300; D. Pellettieri & Co., $1,600; Inc., J. Muriesch, $606.

NATHAN SMITH, jewelry, 45 Forsyth Street, by Hyman Kandel, for $260; Libbie Lewis, $100; Bertha Sperper, $184. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets, about $10,000.

MANHATTAN KNICKERBOCKER CLOTHING HOUSE, INC., 155 Canal Street, by A. Levine on a claim for $1,400. David Steinhardt was appointed receiver, under $2,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $20,000; assets, about $4,000. A second petition was filed against the corporation by these creditors: Giant Clothing Jobbers, Inc., $1,000; Platzman & Schwartz, $300; Israel Grossman, $1,000.

ROSSITER SHOES, INC., 515 Madison Avenue, by Commercial Printing Co., $107; D. J. Resnick, $401; Rose Klauber, $1,070. Raynor Alley was appointed receiver, under $2,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $15,000; assets, about $7,000.

SAMUEL GLADSTONE, doing business as Excello Fur Co., 499 Sixth Avenue, by Ethel Greenstein, for $1,000; Leo Horowitz, $1,000; Max Stein, $1,000.

EAGLE COSTUME CO., INC., 125 West Twenty-seventh Street, by Mary Lockette, for $217; Emma Sliett, $48; Rose Schoen, $200. Irving Lopes was appointed receiver, under $2,500 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets, about $5,000.

THE WHOLESALE JEWELRY CO., 1,000 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn. Involuntary by Charles A. Ash, for $867; Rose Friedman, $453.

JOSEPH FREEMAN, jobbing cutlery and novelties, 681 Penn Street, Brooklyn, by Solomon Prizgan for $48; Benjamin Sugarman, $130, and H. Heimer, $861.

JOSEPH and JOSEPH AUSTIN, doing business as the Austin Knitting Mills, 580 Grand View Avenue, Queens, L. I., by C. L. Funkstein for $4,000; Helen B. Nash, $117, and Roxane L. Miller, $58.

MOSES DWEK, hosiery, linens and laces, 628 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, by Isaac Schreiber for $277; Jamal Silk Undergarment Co., $277, and Hasan & Attia, $278.

Petitions Filed—By

G. B. COSTUME CO., INC., theatrical costumes, 1476 Broadway. Liabilities, $4,975; assets, $4,000.

THEODORE LE BERTHON, 654 East 226th Street. Liabilities, $4,285; no assets.

SIDNEY and ISAAC MILLER, copartners, trading as Miller Bros. Paper Bag Co., 653 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $15,356; no assets.

HYMAN and BENNET ANTOPOLSKY, confectionery business, 300 Utica Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $5,220; no assets.

MORRIS COHEN and SAMUEL SOMNER, theatre stools, 1416 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $19,781; no assets.

JACOB ROSENBAUM, mirror manufacturer, 1,071 51st Street, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $14,640; assets, $3,000.

MARIE NEWTON, farm superintendent, Central Islip, L. I. Liabilities, $1,750; and assets of $150.

Receivers Appointed.

NEW TUMID FURNISHING CO., INC., 54 Canal Street, by Edwin C. Klein, Jr. appointed, under $3,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities not stated; assets, about $6,000.

PINE-COLL WATCH CO., INC., 18 John Street, by Albert Pine appointed, under $500 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $12,000; assets, about $1,000.

ABE KNIFTS, doing business as Akay Coat & Suit Co., 1,359 Fifth Street, Mason Barlow appointed, under $250 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $50,000; assets, about $500.

Phillis Press House, 56 West 20th Street, John W. Giles appointed, under $500 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $15,000; assets, about $1,000.

LOUIS FRUNESO, doing business as Hygrade Delicatessen Store, 35 New Main Street, Portchester. Moses Miller appointed, under $700 bond, by Judge Winslow.

Schedules Filed.

JOHN S. SMITH CORPORATION, auto accessories, 235 Seventh Avenue. Liabilities, $39,369; assets, $36,504, main item being stock, $12,000; fixtures, $8,000. Principal creditors are Cosmopolitan Bank, $13,500; John S. Smith, $4,000; General Motors Acceptance Corporation, $1,102.

SOLOMON KARNDAR, individually and as a member of the firm of Gustav & Kashdan, cotton goods, 1,103 First Avenue. Liabilities, $3,000; assets, $627.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

MORRIS W. GITLITZ, 7,802 17th Avenue, Brooklyn.

MICHAEL KARP, 511 Alabama Avenue, Brooklyn.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed today in the case of George Silvertz, 1,909 Howard Street, with liabilities of $50,000 and assets of $15,

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

B. G. Kahn Co., Inc.—I. Ruthberg.....$484.60
Baldwin Chains Inc.—Manufacturing City of New York, costs.....$114.52
Brewer, Wm. S. (Multiple Duplicating Check Co.)—L. D. Forman.....$272.65
Chambers, Letterette—Rivinius.....$214.95
Cranfield, Austin M.—H. J. Nightingale.....$187.54
Conway, Henry J.—Schneider & Meyer.....$306.82
Dimondi, James F.—Berkshire Products, Inc.....$210.00
Depay, Jean (Hawaiian Rolling Bar Co.)—H. Wasserman.....$284.21
D'Aquila, Frank and Jack—C. H. Droege.....$282.91
Frank E. Melton, Inc.—M. Brown.....$1,064.32
Same—B. Brown.....$864.32
Hanson, Wm. H.—Lewis & Co.....$106.83
Greenberg, Samuel—J. I. Krefetz.....$265.35
Green, James G.—F. J. Smith.....$368.67
Grauer, George H.—Wheeler Service Bureau, Inc.....$268.70
Holly, Leland E.—F. Prevot.....$113.60
Holder, Johanna—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc.....$127.20
Hallmark Construction Corp.—Amherst Corp.....$1,047.10
H. C. & A. I. Perey Contracting Co., Inc.—New York Telephone Co.....$1,781.52
Heinrich, Max—Samuel Rodd.....$2,950.23
Holley Mfg. Co.—Baron G. Collar, Inc.....$1,781.52
Hayes, Patrick—Central Brewing Co.....$1,781.52
Joseph Dimando, Inc.—Joseph Dimando and James F. Dimando—Berkshire Products, Inc.....$1,781.52
Jessel, Morris J. and Wm. H. Stoffers (Jessel Stoffers)—N. Simon et al.....$121.62
J. J. Little & Ives Co.—Acceptance Corp. (costs).....$109.57
Kahn, Samuel G.—L. Reichenbach Sr. et al.....$286.42
Kelsey Textile Corp.—I. Gitenstein (costs).....$87,546.63
Keller, Geo. W.—C. Cenedagh.....$150.00
Lense, Salvatore—E. Lehrers.....$190.41
Lombard, Harriet—J. J. Finigan.....$196.83
L. Schepp Co.—Wuppertaene & Co. (costs).....$116.52
Lenox, Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$2,003.81
MacDonald, John A. D.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$115.79
Melville, Henry H.—D. Shikes.....$406.20
McDonald, Jane—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc.....$127.20
Maroney, Clarence E.—M. Maroney.....$164.60
Moran, Joseph—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc.....$127.20
Musto, Joseph and Louis—Same.....$171.15
McClure, James N.—F. Giraldi.....$261.65
Miroth Construction Co., Inc., Morris Rothberg and Morris Aronheim—E. W. Mc Clure & Bro., Inc.....$266.70
Neck Realty Corp. and Joseph Keen—James Genforti Construction Co., Inc.....$1,977.96
Same—Same.....$5,195.87
Nolens, Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$249.61
Niebuhr, Walter F.—I. H. Aldrich.....$1,368.72
1,215-1,235 West 16th St. Corp.—N. Y. Heating Co.....$3,088.28
Orlentieri, George, Henry Schuldenfrei and York Dress Co., Inc., Isaac Bernstein.....$2,835.70
Pani, Joseph J.—G. E. Everhart.....$5,000.00
Penner, Hyman, Louis Sacks and Morris Goldfarb—W. Cartner.....$280.65
Parker, Carrie—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$231.13
Richter, Benjamin or Fred—L. E. Keating.....$214.20
Rathman, Max—S. C. Rieger.....$100.19
Rehnstein, Jacob P.—Jacob P.—Consolidated Realty Corp.....$10,446.89
Robbins, Marguerite E. O.—Edmar, and Terence P. Cudeck, receivers.....$1,128.28
Roach House Cleaning Co., Inc.—D. Richter et al.....$124.71
Sonepsouh, Carolyn—C. J. Sonisch.....$233.21
Sraen, Frank and Frank Vatrula (S. & V. Fur Co.)—J. H. Stein Co.....$166.69
Schmerz, Sanitary Refrigerator Co., Inc.—Industrial Comm. State N. Y.....$626.00
State Bank—Standard Bank.....$9,448.91
Sherwon Products Corp. and Harry B. Sherwin—H. E. Lesan Advertising Agency, Inc.....$1,781.52
Schnabel, Morris, Samuel Goldstein, Jack Weiner, Ruben Skolnick and Louis G. Brodwin—R. Skolnick et al.....$192.23
Steuben Advertising Co., Inc.—M. Lichter.....$144.23
Thonet, Mrs. Lucille—Burns Bros.....$176.87
Valenti, James—Francis H. Leggett & Co.....$1,065.10
Weill, Henry M.—Cruikshank Co.—Lincoln Trust Co. et al.....$1,065.10
Same—J. Lewin.....$267.85
Wolzemuth, Samuel A.—Lincoln Trust Co. et al.....$267.85
Same—Same.....$268.57
Wickestaham, Wesley C.—F. W. Eaton.....$424.10
World Publicity Corp.—Luther Williams Banking Co.....$501.24
Welling, Benjamin—Colonial Development Corp.....$1,420.07
Wallerstein, Charles and Jack Charles—(Wallerstein & Charlan)—Van Iderstone Co. (costs).....$611.25
Zimmann, Louis, Samuel Korp and U. S. Luggage Co., Inc.—G. H. Walker.....$563.68

In Bronx County.

Canales, Louis E.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$37.90
Cohen, Jacob—M. Clarkson.....$65.28
Frank, Isidore—Claire Knitting Mills Inc.....$126.
Farrell, James C. and Kathryn E.—G. Green.....$
Haller, Esther—S. Mayer.....$

Jurgens, William B. A.—C. J. Jurgens.....$90.05
Parnes, Moses—Bronx Hospital.....$90.23
Rosenkrantz, Meilis—Bronx Hospital.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Three Buildings Comprising Part of the Brook Club Property in Resale.

M. L. DRYFOOS THE BUYER

Nathan H. Stone Resells West Side Dwelling Held at $55,000.

Three buildings comprising a portion of the Brook Club property known as 10, 12 and 14 East Forty-first Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues, were resold by Oscar Mandel and Gordon L. Harris to Milton L. Dryfoos, the operator.

The buildings have a frontage of sixty-two feet on Forty-first Street and were recently acquired by the sellers. Hutler & Baldwin, Inc., were the brokers in the resale and Orville Carreau, Inc., represented the buyer.

Apartment House Trading.

Operators figured prominently yesterday in the purchase and resale of apartment house properties.

Max N. Natanson, operator, resold to Louise Kissling the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 140th Street, known as 1,794 Amsterdam Avenue and 500 West 140th Streeet, and consisting of a five-story apartment on plot fronting 52 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the street. The building is built to a depth of ninety-six feet. On the ground floor there are two stores. The building rents for about $11,500; but this amount will be materially increased when the store leases expire on May 1, 1925. The property was held at $110,000 and was sold for all cash above a first mortgage for $65,000, having ten years to run. The brokers in the transaction were J. P. & L. A. Kissling.

Joseph G. Abramson, operator, purchased from Starets & Wacks Realty Corporation, Samuel Staretz, President, 300 West 111th Street, at the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue, a six-story new law walk-up, size 171 feet by 100 feet.

The property shows a gross rental of $23,000 per annum and was held at $150,000 and was purchased above a first mortgage of $109,000. Lowenfeld & Luxenberg were the brokers in the transaction.

George Karsch sold the five-story tenement house, with stores, on the southwesterly corner of First Avenue and Ninety-second Street, size 25.8 by 75 feet. The buyers are David and Harry Lippmann, operators. E. H. Ludlow & Co. were the brokers.

Sherman & Kirschner sold to S. & S. Rothstein the six-story apartment house at 245 West 111th Street on a lot 37.6 by 100 feet.

In Harlem, Jackson & Co. sold for Max Stern to a client the five-story tenement, with stores, at 53 East 113th Street, housing twenty families and showing an annual rental of $6,500. The property was held at $40,000. The same brokers sold for Sol Blum two five-story walk-ups, 50 by 100 feet, at 14 and 16 East 118th Street, renting for $12,500 a year and held at $76,000; sold for Chasmore Construction Company to an investing client the five-story tenement house at 435 East 117th Street, housing twenty families and having an annual rental of about $5,000. The property was held at $30,000.

Jackson & Co. also sold for Barnett Goldfarb to Prudon Realty Corporation, represented by Isidore Witkind, 2,405 Second Avenue, a five-story tenement house, with stores, 25 by 100 feet. It shows an annual rent roll of $5,500 and was held at $38,000. This is the first sale of the property in twenty-one years.

The Fanestine Real Estate Corporation sold to Adam Scott two four-and-a-half-story tenements at 310 and 312 East Thirty-first Street, held at $30,000. Albert L. Levy was the broker.

The three-story tenement with stores at 824 Tenth Avenue, 21.9 by 100, near Fifty-fifth Street, has been sold by Louis Gaide, as executor, to Sarah Coleman for a state consideration of $26,000.

Hyman Mostov bought from Julius Mafer the five-story tenement with stores, 141 First Avenue, 23.3 by 100 by irregular, south of Ninth Street.

Charles Reinhart resold to Lorenz Stack and Eberhard Pauntie the five-story tenement, 236 East Ninety-fifth Street, 18.9 by 100.8.

Isidor H. Kempner & Sons, operators, sold to Meyer Gusman 281 First Avenue, northwest corner of Sixteenth Street, a five-story store and flat, 23 by 65, for all cash. The brokers were Enright & Bartfeld.

Private Dwelling Sold.

Nathan H. Stone sold to Ida E. Solwan the private house at 53 West Eighty-sixth Street, which he recently purchased from Mark E. Stroock. The property is 22 by 50 by 100 feet and was held at $55,000. There was taken a first mortgage of $30,000 and a second mortgage of $14,000. The Hudaky Company was the broker in the transaction and the purchaser was represented by Arthur J. Messing.

On the east side John Wolfe sold the four-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 80 feet, which has been remodeled into apartments, at 962 Lexington Avenue, adjoining the northwest corner of Seventieth Street, which is the residence of Grosvenor Atterbury, the architect. The buyer is the Property Operating Company. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

The premises 359 and 361 West Forty-sixth Street, two three-story private houses on a plot 33 by 100 feet, were sold by I. K. Moore to a client for $65,000.

The same brokers also sold for the Cadwal Realty Corporation 208 West Seventy-eighth Street, a three-story private dwelling on a plot 18.9 by 100 feet to Miss Kestler. Negotiations for a resale are pending.

P. J. Walsh sold the four-story dwelling for the estate of Thomas H. Bauchle at 25 West Eighty-sixth Street to an investing client.

Van Vliet & Place have sold 37 and 39 Seventh Avenue and also 160 and 162 West Thirteenth Street, being the southeast corner. The plot is 47 by 100 feet, with two three-story and two four-story dwellings.

The estate of Letitia Bedell sold to a client of Porter & Co. for occupancy the three-story dwelling at 105 West 122d Street, size 20 by 100 feet.

Business Building for Chrystie St.

J. Finkelstein & Son sold the five-story tenement at 58 Chrystie Street, 25 by 100, near Canal Street, to an investor, who will demolish the structure and erect a six-story office building for the jewelry trade.

August Belmont Leases Large Suite.

Ladd & Nichols, Inc., have leased the entire sixteenth floor apartment, containing eighteen rooms and six baths, at 550 Park Avenue, for Mrs. Adelaide Lawrence to August Belmont for a term of years.

TRADING IN BROOKLYN.

Builders Buy Thirty-five Lots—To Erect Private Dwellings.

William Liss, Inc., sold for a client to the Meditrasco Construction Company thirty-five lots, being 256 by 100 feet on the east side of Van Sicklen Street, 154 feet north of Avenue S and 284 by 100 on the west side of Lake Street, 200 feet north of Avenue S.

The buyer will improve with one and two family houses, and took in part payment five two-family stucco houses now being completed, located on the west side of East Seventh Street, 100 feet south of Avenue U. The houses were held at $15,000 each.

Abraham Beier, representing various clients, purchased from the Platin Building Corporation 123, 129 and 133 East Ninety-fifth Street. The property consists of four-family brick dwellings, held at $22,000 each.

Martin Real Estate Company, as brokers, sold for A. Louise Hinchman to Ethel S. Chilton the dwelling 270 Henry Street and resold the premises for Miss Chilton to Samuel D. Barbari.

In Flatbush Samuel Galitzka, as broker, sold for Hildege Ducharme to Yetta Segal for occupancy a new one-family detached house, on a plot 20 by 100 feet, known as 848 East Tenth Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.

TODAY Sat., Oct. 25 2 P. M., on Premises, Rain or Shine

250 Lots at Absolute Auction

On Northern Boulevard, (Broadway)

BAYSIDE Queens Boro, N. Y. City

216th and 217th Sts., one block from Bell Ave., thoroughfare leading to Bayside station, and opposite Belleclaire and Oakland Golf Clubs on Rocky Hill Road.

These lots will be offered with sensible restrictions in order to preserve the present desirable residential character of this section.

70% ON MORTGAGE

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Attys., 32 Liberty Street, New York City

67 Liberty St. New York City

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.

Telephone Cortlandt 0744

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Adventist

THE CITY TEMPLE.
120th St and Lenox Av.
LOUIS K. DICKSON, Pastor.
Subject, Sunday night at 7:45 o'clock: "MYSTERY, BABYLON THE GREAT." The name of the woman riding on the scarlet beast—What does this great prophecy tell us of our days?
Broadcast from Station WSAP (263 Meters).

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.
(West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.)
Dr. JOHN ROACH STRATON, Pastor.
10:30 A. M.—Bible School.
11:30 A.M.—Dr. STRATON on "CHRIST'S CHALLENGE."
7:45 P. M.—Dr. Straton on "SWALLOWED BY THE WHALE; OR, PAYING THE PRICE OF SIN."

CENTRAL BAPTIST.
E. Cor. 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. BENJAMIN L. HERR, Son of the Rev. Dr. J. D. Herr, a former Pastor of the Church.
9 A. M.—Mixed Adult Bible Class. Studies in "Revelation." Teacher: COL. E. N. SANCTUARY.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"THE 'GREAT PARENTHESIS' 1000 YEARS LONG; OR OPENING THE BOOK AT GRACE AND CLOSING IT AT JUDGMENT."
8 P. M.—"THE BLUNDERS OF A RABBI IN THE FIRST CENTURY, THE ACCUMULATED BLUNDERS OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY, THE ISSUE OF THIS HOUR: AN ETHICAL OR SACRIFICIAL CHRIST."
Friday Night, 8 o'clock—Prayer and Testimony Meeting. Dr. Haldeman's Bible Exposition."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square.
A. Ray Petty, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Reality of God."
8:00 P. M.—"Unsorted Live Wires." Special Announcement.
8:30 P. M.—Memorial Service in memory of Edward Judson. Special Speakers—Special Music.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST.
Madison Avenue at 31st St.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
PASTOR PREACHES 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST
Park Av. and East 64th St.
11 A. M.—Dr. WOELFKIN.
9:45 A. M.—Church School: Men's Class; Women's Class.
8 P. M.—Dr. WOELFKIN on "ANAK—THE GREAT FIND."

WADSWORTH AVENUE BAPTIST,
124 Wadsworth Av., near 180th St.
Rev. LEONARD F. REQUA Jr., Pastor.
11—Rev. H. Clarke Colebrook, "Building Life and Building Building."
8—Rev. Leonard F. Requa Jr., "Where Love Leads."
NEW BUILDING FUND CAMPAIGN, LOYALTY WEEK, Oct. 27 to Nov. 2, 1924, Except Thursday and Saturday. Everybody Welcome.

Christian Science

AUTHORIZED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES AND MEETINGS are held in the following NEW YORK BRANCH CHURCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, The First Church of Christ, Scientist in Boston, Massachusetts
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.
FIRST....Central Park West and 96th St.
SECOND...Central Park West and 68th St.
THIRD.....Park Av. and 63d St.
FOURTH....Ft. Wash. Av. and 178th St.
FIFTH.....9 East 43d St.
SIXTH.....1,301 Boston Road, Bronx
SEVENTH.....620 West 112th St.
EIGHTH.....103 East 77th St.
NINTH.....Town Hall, 121 West 43d St.
TENTH.....25 Waverly Pl.
ELEVENTH...2,382 Gd. Concourse, Bronx
TWELFTH.....33 West 66th St.
THIRTEENTH.....211 West 82d St.
FOURTEENTH.....446 West 152d St.
NOTE—Wednesday meetings in Fourth, Sixth and Seventh Churches are at 8:15 P. M. Wednesday meeting in Ninth Church at 12 noon. Fourteenth Church has no Sunday evening service. The second Sunday service in Seventh Church is at 4:30 P. M.
FREE LECTURES ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE will be delivered by members of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship as follows:
Oct. 27, 8:15 P. M., Sixth Church.
Oct. 27, 8:00 P. M., University Place Church, at Tenth St., under the auspices of Tenth Church.
Oct. 28, noon, Town Hall, Ninth Church. The public is cordially invited.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.
Park Av. and 34th St.
11 A. M.—JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, "The Immorality of Morals."
8 P. M.—Forum: Mrs. Robert M. La Follette and Mrs. Glendower Evans, "The Third Party."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
DR. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN,
142 West 81st St.
11 A. M.—Dr. Finis S. Idleman.

Divine Science

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST.
Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Sunday, Oct. 26, 11 A. M. Subject: "READING THE SUBCONSCIOUS."
Sunday School for Children at 11 A. M. Wednesday Evening Meeting at 8 P. M. DAILY HEALING MEETING at 12 o'clock, Waldorf-Astoria. The public is cordially invited to all meetings.

ADDALENA MENZEL
Free Lectures.
Hotel Gregorian, Thirty-fifth Street, 5th Ave., Broadway.
Sun., 8:15—"Never Fear, Never Doubt, Go On!"
Thurs., 8:15—"Truth, the Only Healer."

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE
Central Park West & 64th Street
11 A. M., SUNDAY, OCTOBER 26th
DR. FELIX ADLER
"The Ethical View of Evolution"
Sunday Evening, at 8 P. M., Oct. 26th
Open Forum Meeting on THE ELECTION
SPEAKERS:
MISS ELISABETH MARBURY
DR. OGDEN L. MILLS
MR. ARTHUR GARFIELD HAYS
MEETINGS OPEN TO PUBLIC

Interdenominational

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
129 West 60th St.
11 A. M.—Rev. J. Cuthbertson of Japan Evangelistic Band.
8 P. M.—Pastor preaches.
Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Prayer and Testimony. The last of the series of four addresses given by the Pastor on the Book of Daniel will be Sunday afternoon at 4. Subject: "The Seventy Weeks."

Interdenominational

MISSIONARY SUNDAY
OF THE
CHRISTIAN AND MISSIONARY ALLIANCE.
at the
GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
260 West 44th St.

SUNDAY SERVICES:
10 A. M.—Devotional Service, REV. ANTON CEDARHOLM.
10:30 A. M.—Sermon, Followed by Annual Missionary Offering, REV. W. M. TURNBULL.
2:00 P. M.—Special Missionary Service for Children.
3:00 P. M.—Continuation of Missionary Offering.
7:00 P. M.—Missionary Message.
8:00 P. M.—Stirring Evangelistic Service.

CHRISTABEL PANKHURST,
the distinguished author and Bible teacher, under auspices of
THE NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE
(headquarters 330-348 West 55th St.),
on "The British General Election From a Christian Viewpoint."
At the Church of the Strangers, 309 W. 57th St., Sunday, 4:15 P. M.

Special Singing with the Institute Orchestra.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Professor HUGH BLACK D. D., of the Union Theological Seminary.

UNION FIELD THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Broadway at 120th St.
PUBLIC LECTURE on "THE RELATIONSHIP OF EASTERN AND WESTERN MYSTICISM," by Dr. RUDOLPH OTTO, Professor of Theology in the University of Marburg, Thursday, Oct. 30, and Friday, Oct. 31, at 4 o'clock.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL.
Fifth Av. and 43d Street.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. ENELOW on "Does the Bible Deserve a Place in Modern Life?"
Friday Evening Services, 5:30 o'clock.
Daily Noon Service, 12:30 o'clock.
All Are Welcome.

CENTRAL & FREE SYNAGOGUES
Carnegie Hall, Seventh Ave. and 57th St.
Sunday Morning, Oct. 26, at 10:45 o'clock, DR. WISE
Will Preach on
"YOU GENTILES AND WE JEWS."
All Are Welcome.

JEWISH SCIENCE.
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
Sunday, 11 A. M., at HOTEL MAJESTIC (Ballroom), 2 West 72d St.
Subject: "RELIGION AND POLITICS."

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
11 A. M.—Sermon by Rev. C. E. Krumbholz.
8 P. M.—"The Wrong Fire."

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park West.
The Rev. Dr. Paul Scherer, Pastor.
11—Dr. Wilbert W. White will preach.

ST. JAMES, Madison av. and 73d St.
Dr. WILLIAM F. SUNDAY, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

CALVARY, 5 West 125th St.
At 11 A. M. the pastor, Dr. C. ODELL, will preach in the Young Men's Christian Association Auditorium on "A Book of Remembrance."

CHELSEA, 178th St., W. of B'way—Dr. Reisner, 11—"Why Pray?" 8—"Old-Fashioned Religion." Scotch service; bag-pipers; solos.

GRACE METHODIST, West 104th St.
Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, D. D., Pastor.
11:00 A. M.—"Where is Calvary?"
7:15 P. M.—Great Roosevelt Service.

OLD JOHN STREET, 44 John St. (Fulton St. subway station.)
REV. FRANCIS S. UPHAM, D. D., Minister.
9:30—Class Meeting; Rev. Thos. Knox.
11:00—Sermon, Bishop W. F. McMurry, D. D. of Louisville, Ky.
3:30—Platform Meeting, Bishop McMurry, Dr. James R. Joy.
6:45—Song Service and Testimony, Rev. John Callahan.
8:00—Address "Old John St.," Dr. A. B. Sanford.
Services commemorative of the 158th anniversary of the dedication of this church, Mother church of American Methodism. Bishop McMurry preaches Mon., Tues., Wed. and Thurs., at 1 o'clock, midday.

MADISON AV. METHODIST, 60th St.
Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, D. D. } Ministers.
Rev. John M. Pearson, D. D. }
11 A. M.—Bishop Herbert Welch.
8 P. M.—Mr. Pearson.
10, Men's Forum. 6:15, Social Tea.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE,
14th St. and 7th Av.
Rev. HOUGH HOUSTON, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"Love and Its Responsives," Dr. Houston; 8 P. M.—"Evangelism and the Kingdom," Dr. MacMullen.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., near Columbus Av.
J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Undiscovered Worlds."
8 P. M.—Musical Service.

ST. JAMES'S,
Madison Av. and 126th St.
Rev. FRED W. STACEY, Minister.
11 A. M.—Rev. Stacey.
8 P. M.—Rev. Dr. E. O. Harbin.

ST. PAUL'S,
86th St. and West End Av.
Raymond L. Forman, D.D., Pastor, Preaches.
11 A.M.—Dr. Ida Belle Lewis.
8—Dr. Forman on "Grace Before Meat."

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 4th St., W. of Sq.
Rev. LEWIS E. CHRISTIAN, Pastor.
11—"Mercy, and Modern Life."
8—"The Young Woman in the Far Country."

New Church

NEW CHURCH (Swedenborgian).
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
11 A. M.—Rev. ARTHUR WILDE, Pastor. "BLOTTED OUT OF THE BOOK OF THE LIVING." Questions Answered.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.
Clark St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
Take West Side subway to Clark St.
Rev. E. M. LAWRENCE GOULD.
11 A. M.—"Seeking Death."

New Thought

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, Cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y. Subject, Oct. 26: "The Secret of the Man Who Makes Good." Congregational Singing. All Welcome.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY.
Not better—but worse—but DIFFERENT.
Sundays, 11 A. M.
Chalif Hall, 163 West 57th St.
CHARLES EDWARD SEARS, Lecturer.
Subject: "The Pharisee and the Publican."

New Thought

DR. G. ARTHUR GAYER,
and DR. HENRY KNIGHT MILLER,
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11 A. M.,
"THE BLUEBIRD OF HAPPINESS."
Music. Healing Meeting. Free Admission.

ANNA C. NOLLE
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11 A. M.
"WHY WORRY? USE PSYCHOLOGY."
HEALING MEETING.
Many Healed at Each Meeting.

MARY CHAPIN,
Commodore Ballroom, Sunday, 11 A. M.,
"WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT?"
As a man thinketh so is he.

UNITY SCIENTIFIC CHRISTIANITY.
RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker.
See display advertisement on this page.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH.
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers, { William Pierson Merrill, Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
Dr. MERRILL will preach at 11.
Rt. Rev. Arthur C. Headlam, D. D., Bishop of Gloucester will speak at 4 on "The Reunion of the Churches."
BIBLE SCHOOL 9:40—A. M.
Midweek Service, Wednesday 5 P. M.
NOON SERVICE every day at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D.D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN.
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. DWIGHT WITHERSPOON WYLIE, D.D., LL.D., Pastor.
9:45 A. M., Church School.
11 A. M., 4:30 P. M., Preaching by Pastor, Wednesday evening at 8, Preparatory Service.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
FIFTH Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street.
11:00 and 4:30—Services of Worship.
Rev. Silas Evans, D. D., President of Ripon College, Ripon, Wis.
10:00—Men's and Women's Bible Class.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.—Preparatory Service at 5 East 48th St., conducted by Rev. H. G. Mendenhall, D. D., Stated Clerk of Presbytery.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.
5th Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Ministers, { Rev. George Alexander, D. D. Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, D. D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers.
9:45 A. M.—Children's Church and Sunday School. 11:00 A. M., DR. FOSDICK.
8 P. M.—Oratorio by Handel.
JUDAS MACCABAEUS, by Handel.
Midweek service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FORT GEORGE, St. Nicholas Av. & 186th.
LYMAN R. HARTLEY, Minister.
11 and 8 P. M.—"The Mystery of Life's Inequalities."
Pulpitorial—"Distance, Clarity and Volume."

FORT WASHINGTON PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway at 174th Street
Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor.
Preaches at 11 A. M.
8 P. M.—Rev. A. Gordon Maclennan, D. D., of Philadelphia.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN,
West End Av. and 91st St.
11 and 8—Rev. William C. Covert, D.D., LL. D. Gen. Sec. Presbyterian Bd. Christian Education.

HARLEM-NEW YORK.
Mount Morris Park West and 122d St.
Dr. FREDERICK W. EVANS, Pastor.
11—"Do You Need Glasses?"
8—"The Clothes You Should Wear."

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Corner South Oxford Street, Brooklyn.
Charles Carroll Albertson, Basil Douglas Hall, A. Philip Gulles, Paul W. Pennington, Ministers.
11 A. M., Dr. Albertson.
7:45 P. M.—Mr. Hall.
Evening—Musical Service of Worship. Justus Pfeiffen, trombone, Metropolitan Opera Orchestra; Ugo Imbrie Dubinsky, violoncello, Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra; Louis Green, violin, Metropolitan Opera Orchestra; John Hyatt Brewer, Mus. Doc., Organist and Director.
6—Fellowship Supper for young people.

MADISON AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN.
Northeast corner 73d St.
Ministers, { Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D. Rev. John Hopkins Denison, D. D. Rev. William Raymond Jellifs, Rev. George Stewart, Ph. D.
11:00 A. M.—Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. John Hopkins Denison, D.D.
8:00 P. M.—Dr. Coffin.

PARK AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Park Av. and 85th St.
TERTIUS VAN DYKE, Pastor, at 11.
EDWIN D. MINER at 8.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS,
5th Av. and 130th St.
Rev. WILLIAM ALLAN, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Has Even God His Price?"
8 P. M.—"The Last Thing a Woman Needs."

RUTGERS CHURCH.
Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Minister, worships during building of new edifice with WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
DR. RUSSELL PREACHES AT 4:30.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN,
Southwest cor. 96th St. and Central Park W.
Rev. GEORGE J. RUSSELL, Minister.
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. PRESBYTERIAN,
St. Nicholas Av., cor. 141st Street.
REV. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D., Pastor.
11—"Mysteries in Religion."
8—"The Sin of Waste."

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. at 105th St.
DR. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN preaches.
11—"WHAT GOD IS DOING WITH US."
8—HARVEST HOME CONCERT.
With Address by Dr. Keigwin.
"THE BASKET OF SUMMER FRUIT."

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
8 P. M.—Selections from "Elijah"—Choir.

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 112th St.
8 and 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11—Preacher, Rev. Caleb R. Stetson, D. D.
4 P. M.—Annual Masonic Service.
Preacher, Bishop Freeman.
Daily Services, 7:30 and 10 A. M., 5 P. M. (Choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS',
West End Av. and 80th St.
Rev. S. The Lemoy Townsend, D.D., Rector.
Rev. Harold Belshaw, Associate Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M.—Evensong (Mr. Belshaw).

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
REV. CHARLES W. NAUMAN, Minister-in-Charge.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon.
Rev. Henry Lubeck, LL. D.
4 P. M.—Oratorio, Gounod's "Gallia."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE.
86th St., Bet. Madison and Park Avs.
Rector, Rev. George R. Van De Water, D. D.
9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
Preacher, Rev. Bernard C. Bell, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—Choral Evensong and Address. Rev. JOHN ACWORTH, Minister in Charge.

New Thought

DR. G. ARTHUR GAYER,
and DR. HENRY KNIGHT MILLER,
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11 A. M.,
"THE BLUEBIRD OF HAPPINESS."
Music. Healing Meeting. Free Admission.

ANNA C. NOLLE
Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11 A. M.
"WHY WORRY? USE PSYCHOLOGY."
HEALING MEETING.
Many Healed at Each Meeting.

MARY CHAPIN,
Commodore Ballroom, Sunday, 11 A. M.,
"WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT?"
As a man thinketh so is he.

UNITY SCIENTIFIC CHRISTIANITY.
RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker.
See display advertisement on this page.

Protestant Episcopal

CALVARY, 4th Av.-21st St.
Rev. Harold L. Gibbs, Minister in Charge.
8 and 10:15—Holy Communion.
11—Preacher, Rev. Harold L. Gibbs.
8—Masonic Service, open to public. Preacher, Rev. Robert W. Courtney.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th St.
Rev. W. RUSSELL BOWIE, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service, Sermon (Rector).
8—Later Evensong, Sermon (Rector).

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST.
5th Av. above 45th St.
Rev. HENRY DARLINGTON, D. D., Rector.
8 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M., Rector.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
Rev. H. P. SILVER, D. D., Rector.
8 and 10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
SERMON BY THE RECTOR.
4 P. M.—SPECIAL MUSICAL SERVICE. First Part of "The Beatitudes," By Cesar Franck.
Noonday Service daily except Saturday, 12:20 to 12:40. Music and brief address.

ALL SAINTS' DAY:
8 and 10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion, Address, Rector.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th Av. and 20th St.
Rev. HENRY MOTTET, D. D., Rector.
8:00 A. M.....Holy Communion
9:30 A. M.....Children's Service
11:00 A. M.....Right Rev. Dr. Lloyd
12:00 M.....Holy Communion
8:00 P. M.....Rev. Edward C. Russell

7:30 A. M.....Holy Communion, weekdays
12:30 P. M.....Short Noon-day Services

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION,
Trinity Parish,
Broadway and 155th St.
Rev. M. H. GATES, D. D., Vicar.
8 and 9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9:45 A. M.—Sunday School, 11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon.
8 P. M.—Choral Evensong and Annual Memorial Service of the Masonic Square Clubs of New York. Brother the Rev. Milo H. Gates, D. D., Preacher. Address by Bro. Chas. E. Chalmers.
All Master Masons cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION,
74th St., east of Park Av.
Rev. E. RUSSELL BOURNE, Rector.
Sunday Services, 8 and 11 A. M.

ST. ANDREW'S 5th Av. and 127th St.
Services 8-11 A. M., 8 P. M.
Rev. A. E. RIBOURG, D. D., Rector.

ST. GEORGE'S,
Stuyvesant Square,
16th St., east of 3d Av.
REV. DR. KARL REIBLAND, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).
8—Evening Prayer and Sermon (Chapel).
Vesper Service resumed Sunday, Nov. 2.

ST. IGNATIUS,
West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, Rector.
Masses 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction 4.

ST. JAMES'
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, D.D., Rector.
8 A. M.; 11 A. M. (Rector); 4:30 P. M. (Rev. Sidney T. Cooke).

HOLY TRINITY,
In the Parish of St. James'
East 88th St., between 1st and 2d Avs.
Rev. Samuel M. Dorrance, Vicar.
Services: 8 A. M., 10:45 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. JAMES'S, Jerome Av. (190th St.)
Rev. DE WITT M. PELTON, Ph. D., Rector.
Services 8, 11 and 4.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST,
11th St., West of 7th Av.
Rev. HOBART B. WADE, Rector.
Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL, Trinity Parish,
Broadway, Fulton and Vesey Sts.
REV. S. H. McCORMACK, D. D., VICAR.
8, 10:30, 11, (Sermon), 4—British Harvest Festival; Bishop Shipman, Preacher.
Daily (7:45) 8; 12 or 12:15, 5 P. M.

ST. MARK'S-IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth St., west of Second Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Sermon. Rector.
"WHAT IS OUR REAL BRITISH INHERITANCE AND SHOULD IT CONTROL"
4 P. M.—Fall, Drama, Symposium, Speakers: MR. AND MRS. CHARLES COBURN, MRS. MONTROSE J. MOSES, MR. STARK YOUNG.
8 P. M.—Service of Symbolic Worship. REV. EDWARD COSBEY.
9 P. M.—Singing Hour: Soloist: Louise Stallings, "Modern French Songs."

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
130 West 46th St.
REV. T. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.
Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15. Children's Mass, 9. High Mass and Sermon (Rector), 10:45. Vespers and Benediction (Dr. Delany).
ALL SAINTS' DAY, Saturday, Nov. 1, High Mass and Sermon (Rector), 10:45. Week Day Masses, 7, 8, 9:30. Benediction, Fridays at 8 P. M.

ST. MARY'S, 521 West 126th St.
Rev. CHARLES BRECK ACKLEY, Rector.
Sunday Morning, 8, 9:30, 11 A.M., 5:30 P.M.

Church of St. Matthew and St. Timothy,
38 West 84th St.
Rev. A. H. Judge, D. D., Rector Emeritus; Rev. Frederick Burgess Jr., B. D., Rector. 8, 11 (Rector) and 8 (Rector-Emeritus).

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th St., near Broadway.
Dr. Seagle, Rector. Services 8-11-4-8.

ST. THOMAS'S,
FIFTH AVENUE and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address (Rev. Wilbur L. Caswell.

THE TRANSFIGURATION,
Little Church Around the Corner,
1 East 29th St.
Rev. RANDOLPH RAY D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 9, 10:30 A. M.
Choral eucharist & sermon (Rector) 11 A. M. Choral evensong and devotion, 4 P. M. Daily Services, 7:30, 9, 5 P. M.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Broadway and Wall St.
Rev. CALEB R. STETSON, S. T. D., Rector.
7:30 and 9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion (Sermon). Preacher, Rev. Father Paul B. Bull, Community of the Resurrection, Mirfield, England.
3:00 P. M.—Evensong.
Organ recital daily, 12:30 to 1 P. M.

TRINITY CHAPEL. Trinity Parish,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
Rev. J. WILSON SUTTON, D. D., Vicar.
8—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer and Holy Communion.
4—Evening Prayer.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK. THE MIDDLE CHURCH.
29 Av. and 7th St.
Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister, will preach.
11 A. M.—"Martin Luther and the Pervasive Influence of Protestantism."
8 P. M.—Studies in the Poe of Daniel; 5. "Prayer and Power."

THE MARBLE CHURCH.
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. David James Burrell, D. D. } Ministers
Rev. Daniel A. Poling, LL. D. }
11 A. M.—Dr. Burrell will preach.
Subject: "The Winds of Doctrine."
8 P. M.—Dr. Poling will preach.
Subject: "How to Hear."

Reformed

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 49th St.
Malcolm James MacLeod, Minister.
Dr. MacLeod will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Evening Subject: "Mischief-makers in the Church."
9:45 A. M.—Church School meets.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.

TO-DAY

At 2:30 P. M. Rain or Shine, on Premises under Mammoth Tent

CONTINUATION

ABSOLUTE AUCTION

I have been ordered to sell all the remaining

NEW YORK CITY 5c FARE

Corona-Flushing SUBWAY LOTS

NO MATTER WHAT THEY BRING

Choice Lots on Roosevelt Ave.
Choice Lots on Jackson Ave.
Choice Lots on Willets Point Boulevard
Choice Lots on Polk Ave. & Adjacent Sts.
Also good locations near Jackson and Roosevelt Aves.

Near 111th-112th St. Station and at Willets Point Boulevard Subway Station, and a few blocks from Alburtis Ave. Subway Station, Corona Extension Queensboro Subway, I. R. R. and B. M. T.

80% On Installment Contract Payable 2% a Month **70%** ON MTGE

TITLE POLICIES FREE
TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO.

HOW TO GO—Take Queensboro Subway (I. R. T., Corona-Alburtis Ave. Division) from 42nd St. or B. M. T.-Broadway or 2nd Ave. "L" to Alburtis Ave. Station—or Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) trolley from 59th St. and 2nd Ave., Manhattan.

BY MOTOR—Via Queensboro Bridge and Jackson or Roosevelt Aves to property overlooking Flushing Bay.

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New York City

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BUILDING and PERMANENT LOANS for BUYERS

of these

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Subway Lots

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
The Prudence Company
Queens County Savings Bank of Flushing and Corona
The Franklin Society For Home Building and Savings

and several Building and Loan Associations expressed a willingness to make loans to responsible parties on proper plans for the construction of homes and business buildings on these

Corona-Flushing, N. Y. C.
5c fare subway lots

HARTSDALE MANOR

NEW YORK

In the Heart of Hartsdale
Known as "The Robert Caterson Tract"

ABSOLUTE AUCTION TO-DAY

at 2 P. M., rain or shine, in large tent on premises

500 CHOICE HOME SITES

Fronting on Columbia Avenue, Central Park Avenue, Lakeview Avenue and Holland Place, Hartsdale, N. Y.

70% at 5½% 60% at 5% 50%at4½%

5% discount for all cash. Title Policies of the Westchester Title & Trust Co. issued free of cost to purchasers.

THE BEAUTIFUL rolling hills of Hartsdale call to you. Come to this attractive countryside and build your home! From every point of view, whether you are homeseeker or investor or both, Hartsdale now presents you with the biggest offer in its history of steady progressiveness.

The property t be auctioned is in every sense of the word "the cream of Westchester County"—in the very heart of Hartsdale. On all sides of this tract known as "The Robert Caterson Property," all Hartsdale has been developed, leaving these many exclusive acres of delightfully wooded and modernly improved property open for offer now made.

We have subdivided 500 choice home sites at *Hartsdale Manor*. Homes here will be in a healthful vicinity, near all conveniences and comforts of modern life, within an easy commuting distance of New York City.

Visit and inspect for yourself this wonderful opportunity for a home in Westchester County. The big outdoor auction on the premises will open up a complete new section of Hartsdale, already one of the most attractively arranged communities in the suburbs.

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Cor. 99th St.
12-Story High-Class Elevator Apartments.
All latest improvements, clothes dryer, etc.
8-9 Rooms
3 Baths
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12-Story Elevator Apartments: All Improvements; clothes dryer, etc.
6, 7, 9 Rooms
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2178 Broadway
S. E. Corner 77th Street
7 Rooms

Della Robbia

740 West End Ave.
N. E. Corner 96th Street
4 Rooms & 1 Bath

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Between 82nd and 83rd Streets
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60 West 68th St.
A High Class Apartment Hotel Near Central Park West
A very quiet and convenient location
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WITH BATH.
Very attractive rates.
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Opposite Columbia University Campus.
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2 and 3 Rooms
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$60 Upward

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2 Rooms, Bath & Kitchenette

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Beautiful Large Apartment
All Improvements
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Ideal and attractive extra large size rooms.
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Suitable Doctor, Dentist, Professional or private use.
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Cor. Riverside Drive
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9 and 10 rooms
Rental $3,500-$4,500

Rockledge Hall
250 West 102d St.
Cor. Riverside Drive
(Fireproof)
4 and 5 rooms
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Gramont
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Cor. Broadway
(Fireproof)
4 rooms—$1,600
6 rooms, 2 baths—$2,400
7 rooms, 3 baths—$3,200

155 Riverside Drive
Cor. 88th St.
(Fireproof)
10 rooms
Rental $6,000

450 West End Ave.
Corner 82d St.
(Fireproof)
11 rooms
Rental $4,200

Beverly
285 West 81st St.
Adjoining Broadway
(Fireproof)
8 rooms
Rental $2,700

150 West 80th St.
9 Story
6 rooms, 2 baths
Ground floor Apt. Suitable for physician.
Rental $2,250

WOOD, DOLSON CO., Inc.
Broadway, 72d-73d Sts.
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12-STORY FIREPROOF APARTMENT
30% co-operatively owned
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HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
3 & 4 Rooms with Real Kitchens
3 Rooms and Kitchenette
$1200 UPWARD PER ANNUM
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9 minutes to Manhattan by subway
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13 Rooms—4 Baths

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One tenant to a floor

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Most Attractive 3 & 4 Room Corner Apartments
Each having a Dining Alcove and fully equipped Kitchen, Maid, Porter and Valet Service Available.
Rentals $1600 to $2800

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See Supt. on Premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

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NEAR 155TH STREET
High Class Elevator Apartments
Facing Park
4-5-6 Rooms
1, 2 and 3 Baths
Four Elevators
Moderate Rental.
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725 Riverside Drive
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Desirable Corner Location
6 and 7 Rooms 2 and 3 Baths
Rental $1,800 Upwards
For Immediate Occupancy
Large, Modern Improvements and Decorations.
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Just South of 181st St.
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Every modern improvement. Supt. on premises, or
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ONE, TWO AND THREE BATHS
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1 Room, Bath, $77.50
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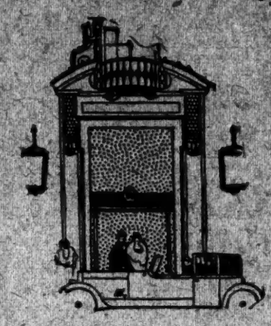

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COMPLETE AND PERFECT SERVICE

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Furnished and Unfurnished
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New fifteen-story apartment, containing every modern appointment.
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With Dining Room, Alcove and Real Kitchen
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THE APARTMENTS CONSIST OF
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The rooms are of unusually large size, with abundance of closet space
These apartments are being constructed by Newmark, Jacobs & Newmark, who have built some of the highest class apartments in the Heights.
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All Large Rooms With Abundance of Closet Space
Latest Improvements. Clothes Dryer. Elevator and Hall Service Day and Night.
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124 East 84th St.
Between Park and Lexington Aves.
9-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING
APARTMENTS OF
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Rentals $2,000 to $3,600
One 4-room doctor's apartment
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Large, light and attractive rooms. Choice location, opposite Park and convenient to all transit.
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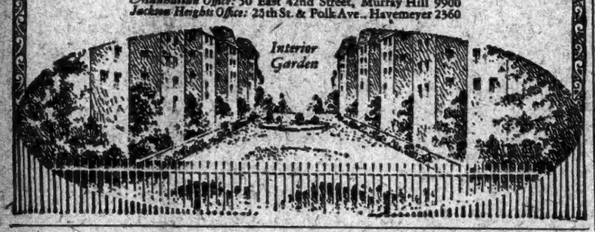

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Also a few 3 and 4 Room Suites still available

At Particularly Attractive Rentals

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High-Class Elevator Apartments

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13-story fireproof.
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154 EAST 22d ST.
3 & 6 Rooms

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FURNISHED
Rooms, Baths $100
Rooms, Baths ..... $125-$175
Year's lease; maid service included.

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Just Completed
76-82 Hicks St.
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3 & 4 Rooms, 1 Bath
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One Block from Park
7 & 8 Rooms, 3 Baths
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Near Montauk, Riding and Driving and Carlton Clubs. One block from subways and street cars.
Within easy and quick access to shopping, business and theatre districts of New York and Brooklyn. Physicians' and Dentists' apartments on ground floor. Moderate Rentals. AGENT ON PREMISES.
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Size 15.6x75.5½.
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Two blocks west of University Av.
Seven rooms, sun parlor each floor, three-car garage, plot 28x100, separate showers, extra lavatory, tile kitchen, &c.; finest construction throughout; savings bank's long term 5½ per cent. mortgage; liberal terms. Inquire Montgomery Holding Corp. on premises. Phone Bingham 9066.

A COUNTRY HOME IN THE CITY,
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Tax exempt; 15 rooms, 3-car garage; substantially built; large rooms; supreme comfort and convenience. West 197th St., corner Claflin Av., 1 block west of University Av. Kingsbridge 1354.

BEAUTIFUL TWO-FAMILY HOUSES,
VERY REASONABLE PRICED.
Beautiful layout of 13 rooms; 3 sun parlors overlooking Claremont Park; reasonable cash payment; immediate possession. Teller Av., 70 feet north of 171st St.

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Unusually well built by registered architect with every up-to-date convenience. 181-183 West 197th St., West Bronx, near Webb Av., two blocks west of University Av.

TWO-FAMILY brick tax exempt house; last one builder has; sacrifice; quick buyer; every convenience; two-car garage; exceptional rooms; established street; terms; owner on premises. 1,584 Jessup Av., Bronx.

NEW two-family brick; every modern improvement; 7 and 6 rooms, 2 baths; rooms sun parlor each floor; ideal location. Tiebout Av., near 181st St.; three blocks east of Grand Concourse.

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BAYRIDGE—For sale, one-family, brick, 7 rooms, tile bath, shower, parquet, laundry, steam, instantaneous heater, on Ridge Boulevard in 80s. Sterling 7968.

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One-family, detached, 6 rooms, tiled kitchen, sun porch, garage; $12,750; terms. Two-family brick, 11 rooms; all improvements; $11,500. Ocean Parkway section. New four-family brick, 3 apartments rented, 3-car garage; bargain price. Jahoda, 1,273 East 7th St. Dewey 9163.

$500 CASH, $76 MONTHLY,
buys this 1-family brick house with driveway, 6 rooms and bath, all improvements; located West First St., between Avs. P and Q, near Av. F station, Culver line. Caporale Doniz Co., Dewey 9041.

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DALY'S TWO-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES.
Located in 35th St., between Hayes and Fillmore Avs., with garage driveways, 13 large rooms, 2 tile baths with showers, 2 large sun porches, hot water heating system, electric light, cast flooring throughout; streets all improved; price $18,500, cash $4,000, balance on terms to suit. Apply THOMAS DALY, Owner and Builder, Roosevelt Av. and 35th St., 2 blocks west of Junction Av., "L" station, Elmhurst.

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BELLEROSE (6 Virginia Road)—30 minutes to Manhattan; owner sacrifices 7-room new house, also furnishings; house worth $14,500; make offer; easy terms for quick buyer. Phone Floral Park 754.

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$17,500 for a $20,000 house in a $25,000 neighborhood; 7 rooms, 2 baths and garage; $10,000 cash required; also 15% reduction on 2 others now offered at $13,750 for 6 rooms and bath, and $14,500 for 7 rooms and 2 baths; about 20% cash required. Wilson, Flushing 3823.

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Beautiful corner cottage, large plot, beautiful residential section; garage; 20 minutes Penn. Station; $19,000; easy terms. Flushing 5020.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Beautiful cottage, large plot, beautiful section, six rooms and bath; all improvements; $12,500; easy terms. Flushing 5020.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Finest location, new 8-room house, 2 baths, garage, latest improvements. Phone Far Rockaway 4704.

FOREST HILLS, L. I.
Brick house, English type, six large rooms, enclosed porch, breakfast nook, extra lavatory in cellar, brass pipe, copper boiler, large modern heating plant, Colonial stairway, 2-car brick garage; substantial house built by day labor; will decorate to suit; Herrick Av. and Ingram St.; 10 minutes to station; 2 blocks south of Tribune model house. Boulevard 2502.

FOREST HILLS—Lease distinctive new dwelling, 7 rooms, garage; laundry; 2 minutes from station; $1,800 a year. Frank Napton, Murray Hill 1176.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS—Unusual bargain, 10 large rooms, 2 baths, gun cellar; $6,000 cash; first mortgage $9,000. Boulevard 6348.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

GARDEN CITY—Charming Colonial brick residence, splendid view, adjoining country club course; plot 120x100, landscaped; rooms, 5 baths, sun porch; double brick garage, slate roof, copper leaders; hardwood floors, hot water heat; exceptionally low price quick buyer. Roxbury Road, Chester Av., four blocks Nassau Boulevard Station.

HUNTINGTON HARBOR—On high ground, within 300 feet of the beach, commanding the finest water views on Long Island; semi-bungalow, 5 large rooms with space for two more, tile bath, fireplace; all improvements; plot about one-quarter acre; ownership at beach 350 feet in length; deep anchorage; price for quick sale $8,000; terms. Daniel Gale, 382 New York Av., Huntington, L. I. Phones 972 or 1180.

HUNTINGTON, L. I.—Charming new bungalow of five rooms and bath, all improvements; high elevation, good section; only ten minutes to station; lot 80x120; very good value at $5,500, and only $600 cash, balance like rent. Louise Bates Rosenthal, 62 Green St., Huntington, L. I. Phone 656.

JAMAICA'S Finest Park Hill Section—Distinctive type house, plot 7,000 square feet, offered $2,500 reduction; 20 minutes Manhattan; 535 trains daily; 5-cent fare; steam, parquet floors, sewer connect, tile built-in bath, kitchen, equipped breakfast room; quarry tile sun parlor, garage; positively greatest bargain; $1,000 cash, $40 monthly principal. Monfesse, builder, 34 Union Hall St., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 8010 daily.

JAMAICA—Detached six-room house, driveway, all improvements; near B. M. T. "L" and main station L. I. R. R.; $8,500; cash $2,00. 71 Banfort Av. Jamaica 7057M.

KEW GARDENS, L. I.
Cooperative apartment owner will sell or rent his vacant four-room apartment at a sacrifice; submit offer; you will have splendid neighbors in this cooperatively owned building. Apply Kew Hall, by station, or phone Richmond Hill 9670, or Room 707, 358 5th Av. Fitzroy 0621.

KEW GARDENS—7 rooms, 2 baths; garage; sacrifice $17,500. Richmond Hill 1437W.

LYNBROOK—Beautiful Colonial seven-room home; open fireplace, oak floors, breakfast nook, extra toilet, sun parlor, tiled bath, full attic, large plot; price $11,000. Lynbrook Highland Realty Corp., 45 Franklin Av., Lynbrook 3042.

LYNBROOK—Homeseekers, we have for sale some very attractive homes, from $7,500 to $25,000. See O'Rourke & Cash, 63 Atlantic Av., Lynbrook.

RICHMOND HILL (10,732 116th)—House detached, seven rooms, bath, all improvements, newly decorated, good neighborhood; $70. Chelsea 3129.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE—Now is the time to buy; good values in homes and building plots. Erisman, Inc., Rockville Centre, west end of railroad plaza. Telephone 50. Open Sundays.

ST. ALBANS, L. I.—BARGAIN.
7 rooms, Colonial, tile bath and kitchen, parquet, nook, fireplace, all improvements; 50x100; $9,500. R. Tisall, 11,449 125d St. Virginia 2458.

WOODHAVEN — Lower floor two-family house, five rooms, bath, enclosed porch; all improvements; adults; $70. 8607 85th St. Phone Richmond Hill 7403R.

WOODMERE, L. I.—Best location, finely furnished house, one acre, for Winter or year 'round; immediate possession; very reasonable. Telephone Cedarhurst 3222.

WOODSIDE, L. I.
Will sacrifice on account of late season six 2-family, tax exempt, stucco houses, 11 rooms, sun porches; all latest improvements; unexcelled transportation—all subways, 2d Av. "L" and L. I. Railroad; houses two blocks from Woodside station; easy terms. Inquire at 3,743 64th St.

FOR SALE.
Attractive, substantial, corner residence; centre hall, twelve rooms, two baths, three lavatories, laundry in basement, open and enclosed porches, parquet floors throughout, awnings, screens and double windows; shrubbery and well kept lawn; two-car garage; immediate occupancy; furnished or unfurnished. HARRY EDWARDS, Attorney, 15 William St., New York City.

COMMUTER'S home, 6 rooms, bathroom; all modern improvements; plot 52x100; price $5,250; $500 down, balance easy payments; immediate possession. Write "S," 853 Columbus Av.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

CHAPPAQUA—State Road, 650 elevation, near station; 100x200; new 9 huge room house and garage; $23,000. Owner, T. Szarvar. Tel. 131 Chappaqua.

CRESTWOOD OPPORTUNITY.
Charming home on well-landscaped corner plot, 150 feet frontage; stucco; ten rooms, three baths, fireplace, sleeping porch; all improvements; hot water heat; convenient to station; attractive price and terms. "Owner," 205 Tuckahoe Av., Crestwood, N. Y. Telephone Tuckahoe 3437.

GREENACRES, $18,500.
Here is that real bargain you have been seeking, an artistic house of seven rooms, three baths (two tiled), sun room, pantry, large living room with fireplace, vacuum vapor heat, oak floors; plot about 75x150; garage; copper screens; shades; more land if wanted; convenient terms; without question the best buy in this charming development.

R. FRANKLIN HULL,
Depot Plaza, White Plains. Tel. 2660-1.
Office Open Sunday.

LAKE OSCAWANA, N. Y.
Two hours' automobile ride from New York. Bungalow sites $100 and up. Lake 2½ miles long; fine bathing, boating and fishing; let you a booklet entitled "Lake Oscawana in Pictures." Wanagru Realty Co., 45 West 57th St., New York.

LARCHMONT.
A home that you will admire, situated on elevation, with beautiful outlook; wooded plot; living room with stone fireplace, dining room, kitchen, maid's room and bath; on second floor has 3 fine bedrooms and bath; garage; excellent fixtures; decorated; owner must sell for $17,250, which is below cost of construction. Phone Larchmont 623 or see THOS. B. SUTTON, Westchester County Real Estate, 45 Boston Post Road, Larchmont, N. Y.

LARCHMONT—New stucco home, tile roof, wooded plot 100x150; highly restricted; eight rooms, three baths, two porches, attached garage, hot water heat, beamed ceilings in living and dining rooms; beautiful oak floors throughout; house of unusual and artistic design; asking $29,500. Chauncey B. Griffen, 255 Post Road, Larchmont. Tel. Larchmont 500, or 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9328.

LARCHMONT—Lovely English rambling cottage, just completed, every appointment, shrubbed grounds, shade trees, 6 large sunny rooms, enclosed sun porch, heated attached garage, stone fireplace, hardwood floors; best construction, near station; exceptional at $16,000. See today.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.
83 Boston Post Rd., Larchmont, phone 564.

LARCHMONT—In beautiful Larchmont Park, stucco construction, pre-war built, 7 rooms, breakfast porch, 2 baths, garage, shrubs, lawn, trees, fine plot; a real home; ready to move right into; coal in cellar; sickness cause of selling; been holding at $21,500, but owner tells me to sell. Deming, 41 Post Road. Tel. 463; evenings, 973.

LARCHMONT—Unfurnished rental; modern 6 rooms, two baths; choice location; restricted beach privileges; at great sacrifice. Telephone New Rochelle 1363.

MAMARONECK.
Stone-shingle, 9 rooms, 3 baths; all improvements; open fireplace; garage; ¼-acre residential park; price, $15,500; cash, $2,500. $15,000 cash and $60 monthly buys new Dutch Colonial, stucco; hardwood floors; open fireplace, solarium; garage; lot 50x100.
Double house, 6 rooms, bath; all improvements; attic; separate entrances; lot 50x100; cash, $1,500, and $50 monthly rent of one pays expense of both.
STEPHEN J. STILWELL,
Opp. Depot, Mamaroneck, N. Y. Tel. 894.

MOUNT VERNON—Doubles dwellings of unusually attractive design; Green Court, a restricted residential park; three minutes' walk from New Haven or Westchester stations; rent of one apartment pays charges, owner living rent free; small cash payment from approved purchasers. Columbus Av. and 4th St. Phone Oakwood 8804. Agent on premises.

MOUNT VERNON—Some one will buy exceptional bargain; modern, spacious seven-room stucco home, two baths; sun parlor; garage; plot 100x100; Fifth Ward; only $22,000; JUST redecorated; house two years old. P. O. Box 268, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

MOUNT VERNON—Lovely five-room apartment, newly decorated, tiled bath, sun parlor, open fireplace, hot water heat, heated garage; $95 monthly; immediate possession. Peter Rhynas, 228 North 6th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone Oakwood 7085.

MOUNT VERNON'S largest listing in houses and apartments for rent and sale.
J. BLANK REALTY CO., 18 Depot Place.

MT. VERNON—Residential property, sale or rent. Ragetto, 16 East First St.

NEW ROCHELLE—We are authorized by owner to sell his 7 room, 1 bath, house which is excellently located for the commuter at $11,500, which is a low price; well constructed and spacious plot; an opportunity not to be had every day.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.
228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, phone 2242.

NEW ROCHELLE—New semi-detached home for rent, furnished or unfurnished, by year or short term basis; 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, sun porch; garage. Hot water heat; all conveniences; Lakeview; near car line; convenient to trains. Owner on premises, 286 Clove Rd.

NEW ROCHELLE — For rent, unfurnished, brick attached house, 7 rooms, tiled bath, hot-water heat, gas, electricity; newly decorated; garage; ready to move into; rent $123 month. Owner, 241 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 New Rochelle, N. Y.

PELHAM—Beautifully located NEW English home, genuine bargain, $17,500; 2 rooms, solarium, 3 tiled baths, shower; cedar closet; fireplace; garage; numerous other modern conveniences.
MIRK, 9 Crary Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

1 P. M. TODAY

Classified advertisements for insertion in The New York Times tomorrow will be accepted up to 1 P. M. today, subject to omission.

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

PELHAM—Sacrifice, $13,000, under cost; near station; solid brick construction; heavy tile roof; nine enormous rooms, two dressing rooms, four baths; double garage; steam heat; oak floors; vacuum service; incinerator; electric refrigerator; tiled kitchen; easy terms; biggest bargain in years. Thomas J. Good, Pelham, N. Y. Telephone 5845 Pelham.

PELHAM—Owner will sacrifice new brick house, Spanish tile roof; contains eight large well-planned rooms, 3 tiled baths, sun parlor, centre hall; 2-car garage; corner plot 125x100; make offer. Murray B. Parke, 1,315 Pelhamdale Av., Pelham 4743.

PELHAM—Need cash, will sacrifice new 7-room house of best construction. Write Builder, Box 42, Pelham Manor.

PELHAM MANOR
Attractive English cottage on plot 100x160 in select residential section, convenient to station; contains large living room, sun porch, dining room, spacious open porch, butler's pantry, kitchen, maid's room on 1st floor; 4 bedrooms, dressing room, sleeping porch, 2 tiled baths on 2d. Garage. Offered at a low price on reasonable terms. Apply S-3350, FISH & MARVIN, Pelham, N. Y., phone Pelham 1907, or 527 5th Av., N. Y., phone Murray Hill 0526.

PELHAM MANOR
TO RENT.
New stucco private home, 8 rooms, 2 tiled baths; garage; Esplanade and Carol Place; finest residential section; rentals $150 to $175; write for illustrated booklet T. John Altieri Co., Esplanade and Carol Place, Pelham Manor. Telephone 6596 Pelham.

PELHAM MANOR—Best section; most complete small house; artistic and unusually attractive; 6 rooms, 2 baths; built-in garage; fine fruit trees; evergreens; beautiful garden; owner moving away, quick sale $22,500; terms; might possibly rent for Winter. Box 536, Rye, N. Y.

PELHAM MANOR—For sale or lease, charming seven-room Colonial house, two baths, enclosed porches; well located, completely isolated, ample grounds; owner leaving town; your opportunity if you act quickly. Murray B. Parks, 1,815 Pelhamdale Av. Pelham 4743.

PELHAM MANOR—Colonial house, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, every modern appointment; sun room; garage; monthly rental $300. O'Neill, 1,013 Edgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 1847.

PELHAM MANOR.
For sale, Colonial design eight-room house, two tiled baths, hot water heat; garage; lot 75x100; price $17,000; no agents.
OWNER, Tel. 4724 Pelham.

PELHAMWOOD—New Colonial house in beautiful residential section; convenient to station, schools, shopping; at a sacrifice; owner transferred to West and must leave at once; 6 rooms, solarium, living room 25x18, built-in garage, lovely shade trees; for quick sale $17,500.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.
4,768 Boston Post Rd., Pelham, phone 5100.

RYE.
Wonderful bargain; country residence, 11 rooms, 3 baths, fireplaces; all improvements; ½ acre, lawns, trees, shrubbery; garage; cash $3,500; balance easy; look it over.
STEPHEN J. STILWELL,
Opp. Depot, Mamaroneck, N. Y. Tel. 894.

RYE—To rent for Winter, comfortable house, near station and school; four master's, three servants' bedrooms, four baths, one master's bedroom and bath ground floor; hot water furnace; garage. Telephone Rye 491.

RYE—ENGLISH "GARDEN HOMES."
furnished & unfurnished, $1,200-$1,500 yearly
EDNA M. DRUMMOND—NR. STATION.
90 Purchase St. Tel. Rye, N. Y., 811.

RYE—A cozy 6-room house to rent, furnished, Winter; rate $100 monthly, with garage; other unfurnished houses. J. W. From, Forest Av. Tel. 827 Rye.

RYE—For rent; Colonial cottage; open fireplace, beautifully decorated, glassed-in porch; $100 per month. H. J. Magill, 347 East 43d St. Murray Hill 0686.

SCARSDALE.
Exceptional offer. Frame Colonial house with center hall, living room, dining room, breakfast nook, kitchen on 1st floor; 3 bedrooms and bath on 2nd floor; 1 car garage attached. Situated on plot 75 x 106; convenient to schools, church and station. Price $16,500; this week only. For further information, apply to FISH & MARVIN, Scarsdale, N. Y., phone Scarsdale 610, or 527 5th Av., N. Y., phone Murray Hill 0526.

SCARSDALE—Magnificent country estate near station; must be sacrificed; 2¼ acres, in finest residential section; additional acreage includes valuable corner if desired; complete and ready for occupancy; $50,000. Willis Vernon Cole, 331 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 6851.

SCARSDALE—Would lease for Winter to small family, warm, sunny home, near station, eight rooms, two baths, two lavatories, sun rooms, two open fireplaces, garage; fine neighborhood. A. I. Box 324, Scarsdale, or telephone Scarsdale 980.

SCARSDALE—Ideal for late commuter; English stucco house; 8 good-sized rooms, sun porch, fireplace; good plot; immediate sale necessary. JULIA BENNETT, Scarsdale.

SCARSDALE—To rent for Winter months, cozy, artistic seven-room furnished home; gas; large grounds; garage; $100 month. Murray Howe. Phone Scarsdale 618W.

WALGROVE PARK, Dobbs Ferry — New Dutch Colonial house; six rooms, bath and toilet in cellar; hardwood floors, sun parlor and balcony; ample closet space; laundry; hot water heat, fireplace; plot 51x96. Joseph R. Wood, telephone Dobbs Ferry 395.

WHITE PLAINS.
$35 MONTHLY, PRINCIPAL $2,000 CASH.
Unfortunate circumstances compel owner to sacrifice new attractive 7-room house, glassed-in porch, tiled bath, shower, oak floors, steam heat; garage; large plot; excellent section; near schools, churches, station.
LAWRENCE & BRECE,
Depot Plaza, White Plains. Tel. 3631.

WHITE PLAINS—New house in the highlands; 6 rooms, tile bath, oak floors throughout; fireplace; beautiful electric fixtures, screens, screen doors, shades, curtain rods, gas range, laundry in cellar; garage; plot 50x100; price $14,000; reasonable amount cash needed, balance easy terms. Write or phone owner, Jane B. Schmitt, White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 869M.

SPECULATORS, ATTENTION!
We have a plot of over one acre, with a large house and garage; there are two corners, and the location is on Chester Hill; the house could be remodeled for two families to show splendid income; there would be room for four two-family houses; these would command a big price later when there is a great demand; the entire property can be bought for $35,000; think it over now; this is a good opportunity to make REAL money. COOLEY REALTY CO., 30 Prospect Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Oakwood 7660.

ENGLISH COTTAGE.
SACRIFICE.
The real thing in design and construction is offered at a price considerably below cost. Plot 120x124; 8 rooms, 3 baths; steam heat; built-in garage for two cars. A charming home for a small family. Highly restricted section between Bronxville and Mount Vernon.
COOLEY REALTY CO.,
30 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Phone Oakwood 7660-01.

LARCHMONT—EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
Colonial clapboard, pre-war built; open porch, 7 rooms, all large, tiled bath, open attic; plot 65x100; finished neighborhood; bathing privileges; actually worth $16,000; owner leaving town, will sacrifice quick sale; act quick and phone me about this place. C. WOODFORD DEMING, 41 Post Road. Tel. 463; evenings, 973.

$23,750.
AN ASTONISHING BARGAIN.
$1,500 cash and monthly payments of $100; this pays off mortgage, taxes, insurance and interest; new artistic six-room Colonial; everything modern, near school and station; act quickly. HARRY R. MONROE, White Plains, N. Y. Main and Court Sts. Tel. 3500-2096-1403.

BARGAIN — New "honor built" modern home, 6 rooms and bath; plot 75x100; five minutes from Mount Vernon station, New York Central; inspection Sunday, Monday. 46 Crescent Place (Sherwood Park), Yonkers.

TO RENT—Furnished, November to May, on Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; lovely sunny corner house; 5 minutes' walk from station; rent $200 monthly to careful party. ANDERSON REALTY CO., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SEND for free descriptive list, "Westchester Homes," incomparable Y. Price $12,000 upward. White Realty Co., 57 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

$13,000, ATTRACTIVE new Dutch Colonial, seven rooms, two porches, oak floors, tile bath; garage. Zaegel's Office, Crestwood, N. Y.

NEW seven-room house, Worrall, 2,456 Yates Av., Pelham Parkway station, Westchester & Boston Railroad. Astor Village.

AT RYE—Very attractive, modern eight-room house, furnished or unfurnished. Rye 286. Phone 1899 Rye.

FOR Mount Vernon house sale, rent, see ANDERSON REALTY CO., Oakwood 8300.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

ENGLEWOOD—WEST ENGLEWOOD.
New 6 and 7 room homes on a small estate, 50x220, with plenty of shade trees, enclosed sun-room with radiator and French doors, steam heat in every room, double shingle on lower half, to be painted same as clapboard, tile bath with built-in tub, one-piece sink in kitchen and white enamel gas range, pantry with built-in cabinets, living room 12x22, large dining room, double oak floors, chestnut trim; B. X. cable wiring, linen and guest closets, three big bedrooms with closet in each and large attic which can be used as an additional bedroom; house set back 40 feet from street, sidewalks, macadam road, gas, water, electricity; no sewage; nearest station, stores, buses, trolley, churches and schools; price only $7,000, first mortgage $4,500; $47.50 per month pays principal and interest.
REIS, Realtor.
Teaneck Road and West Englewood Av., West Englewood, N. J. Phone Englewood 1873-W. Send for descriptive booklet. Open daily and Sundays.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—For rent, furnished or unfurnished, attractive stucco house, 10 rooms and three baths; hot water heat, three-car garage; unfurnished $175, furnished $200. Phone Frank B. Probst, Englewood 1890.

LEONIA REAL ESTATE
For the most complete list of houses for sale or rent, see or write
BOWLES & CO.,
Broad and Central Avs., Leonia, N. J.

NORTH BERGEN—Six rooms, sun parlor, heat; garage; new two-family house. 1,127 4th Av. Union 184.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—Wonderful opportunity, new 9-room Craftsman home, cabinet gas range, water heater, steam heat; Gumwood trim; corner plot, 81x120; sewer, paved street; price $7,000; cash $1,000; monthly $55. 2-family stucco, 12 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; paved street; $8,500 on easy terms; come out today! John A. Baldwin, opposite station.

RIDGEWOOD—Attractive home with 1¼-acre plot; running brook, lawns, shade and garden; well-built, six rooms, bath; all improvements; garage; convenient depot and school, 40 minutes commuting service; $9,500; photos. Buckley & Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD—Wooded section, near station; good 8-room house; all improvements; sacrifice, $9,000. Bedell, 90 West Broadway, Manhattan.

TENAFLY—Small house and garage; wonderful location; $1,500 down, balance like rent. Welling, 5,045 Grand Central Terminal.

HERE IS THAT BARGAIN YOU HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR ! ! !

Builder must sacrifice at once, six-room, easy housekeeping home, that is eight minutes' walk to West Shore R. R. and ten to Erie; 4 blocks from Ft. Lee Trolley, stores, churches and grammar school; high school three blocks; house contains large, bright living and dining rooms, modern kitchen, pantry, with built-in cabinet, also ice-box pantry, built-in ironing board and breakfast table in kitchen; hardwood floors and chestnut trim downstairs; large front porch; 3 lovely bedrooms and large tiled bath; attic stairs to large open attic; white enamel trim throughout; upstairs built over with the best materials and careful workmanship; plot 50x100, on highest elevation overlooking surroundings.

SACRIFICE PRICE, $7,500;
AS LOW AS $1,000 CASH,
PAYMENTS, $65 MONTHLY.

This is the best bargain we ever offered.

TO INSPECT THIS HOME SEE
HALBERG & LONGFEL

Any person or firm that places before the public in a newspaper or other public publication in New York State an advertisement containing any assertion untrue, deceptive or misleading is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Apartments to Let—Furnished and Unfurnished

60 cents an agate line. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

Reward of $100 offered for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one who may have obtained money under false pretenses through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Furnished—East Side.

GRAMERCY PARK, 40—Two rooms, kitchenette, stew park; park privileges; reasonable. Wellman.

LEXINGTON AV. (52)—Beautiful studio apartment, two large sunny rooms, real kitchen, bath, silver, linen, china; lease 2-6 months or longer. Plaza 9371.

LEXINGTON AV., 958 (near 84th St.)—Attractive, large, sunny, back parlor, newly decorated; suitable for two; maid service; one or months; private house.

MADISON AV., 677 (61st)—Lady large sunny room, bath, fireplace, front studio, modern; furnished or unfurnished. Murray. Rhinelander 2102.

MADISON AV., 402.
H. C. KOPP & CO.
FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
VANDERBILT 4900.

MADISON AV., 175—Charming, newly decorated apartments, suitable bachelors; furnished; $50 up.

MADISON AV., 635 (52d)—Sunny 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Rhinelander 9334. Welch.

MADISON (60th)—7 light rooms, elevator; year, season; reasonable rent. Lenox 4189.

PARK AV., 957 (cor. 82d)—Four-five rooms, corner apartment, completely furnished; exclusive appointment. Phone Rhinelander 9693 or Vanderbilt 8194.

HOTEL GLADSTONE,
114 East 52d St., at Park Av.
For the Winter months
several beautifully furnished suites of one or more rooms; now available.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH AV., 178—Handsomely furnished great studio, kitchenette, bath; $100. Gramercy 2816.

7TH AV., 340 (corner of 54th St.)—Beautifully furnished two-room apartment, tiled bathroom, tiled kitchenette, large foyer hall and plenty of closet room; first-class references must be given; $250. Apartment 5B.

12TH, 34 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, alcove, all improvements; lease $120. Inquire Chr. Volzing & Son, Inc., 208 West 54th St., or on premises.

14TH, 301 WEST—Exclusive two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath, victrola, private telephone, silver, linen; $17; 4 until 7.

16TH, 340 WEST—Large front room, suitable two; improvements; private house; telephone.

16TH, 31 WEST—2 and 3 rooms, all modern improvements; newly decorated.

18TH, 28 WEST—Two rooms, bath; hotel service; reasonable rent. Hotel Caledonia.

27TH, 29 WEST—Two room and bath apartment; modern and light; service.

31ST, 4 WEST (HOTEL WOLCOTT)—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, FROM $45 PER WEEK OR $190 PER MONTH; CONCESSION ON EIGHT MONTHS' LEASE.

35TH, 42 WEST.
HOTEL GREGORIAN.
14-STORY MODERN BUILDING; APARTMENTS OF 1, 2, 3 ROOMS; EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED, WITH PLENTY OF LIGHT AND SUNSHINE; EACH ROOM HAS PRIVATE BATH; $20 PER WEEK AND UP.

44TH, 122 WEST (HOTEL LANGWELL)—Attractive 3-room suites; $40 week, lowest rate in city. Owner management.

46TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $75 to $125 monthly and up. Longacre 3560.

45TH, 125 WEST—One-two rooms; maid service; telephone. Apply Mr. Fetlis.

47TH, 64 WEST—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ONE AND TWO ROOM APARTMENTS, WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; PRICES REASONABLE.

48TH ST., 59 WEST—Unusually attractive and delightfully homelike apartment, 2 rooms and bath; lease. Darrah.

50TH, 334 EAST—Two rooms and bath; light housekeeping.

51ST ST., 228 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; ONE ROOM, BATH, $70 UP; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

52D, 20 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished, just altered 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; exceptional location; all improvements. Sanders.

52D, 29 WEST—Handsomely furnished small apartment; maid service; breakfast if desired.

54TH, 24 WEST—Excellent apartment; one large room, bath, kitchenette; well furnished.

54TH, 161 WEST—Beautifully furnished three rooms and breakfast room. Shown by appointment only. Circle 7195.

55TH, CORNER 7TH AV.
(THE REGALA) MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE ROOM AND BATH, $80 UPWARD; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH, 140 WEST—4 large rooms and kitchen, completely furnished; also maid's room; sublet year or less. Phone or call Circle 3187. Rent $400.

55TH, 12 WEST—Attractive one-room studios, open fireplaces; $125, $135, $140 monthly; continuous tenancy; year's lease.

56TH, 18 WEST—Two rooms and bath, nicely furnished; $95 a month. Call 12 to 5. Mrs. Kaye.

56TH, 19 WEST—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, pi no. Elberson or Supt.

57TH ST., 301 WEST—Two rooms, bath and miniature kitchen; perfect light; elevator building; $100 up. Columbus 7430.

57TH, 140 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE, TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $65 AND UPWARD; REFERENCES.

59TH ST., 200 WEST.
Three rooms, kitchenette, bath, handsome living room; sell Italian furnishings; one year lease. Peloggio. Circle 0391.

59TH, 200—Three-room apartment; overlooking park; expensively furnished; kitchenette; large. King, 506 Lenox.

59TH (Central Park South)—Suite in large apartment; kitchenette; $23. Circle 7916.

61ST, 10 WEST—Newly furnished 2 room and bath; hotel service; $35 to $50.

62D, 8 WEST—Beautiful Broadway five room, bath apartment; unique interior; $90 monthly.

63TH, 59 WEST (near Broadway)—Beautiful small apartment, private, complete, piano, $125.

64TH, 113 WEST—Front parlor, piano, connecting bedroom, bath, shower, kitchenette, steam.

107TH ST., 217 WEST—HIGH-CLASS, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, ONE AND TWO ROOMS WITH BATH; HOUSEKEEPING AND NON-HOUSEKEEPING. CALL AFTER 3:30 P. M. OR PHONE STUYVESANT 1774.

107TH, 209 WEST—Excellently furnished 3 rooms, large closets, bath, kitchenette; lease.

107TH, 636 WEST—Beautifully furnished 6 sunny rooms, 2 baths; October lease; bargain. Apt. 6A. Endicott 9830.

107TH, 254 WEST—Nicely furnished 1-room apartment; bath; suitable for 2.

107TH (222 West End Av.)—Six attractive sunny rooms, levator; short, long lease.

110T—Exclusive apartment house, beautifully furnished 3-room apartment, consisting of two large rooms, with sitting room, with private master bath; must be seen to be appreciated. Trafalgar 1063.

110TH, 145 WEST—Unusually attractive 4 rooms, real kitchen; baby grand player; immaculate; immediate possession. 6386 Midtown. Higley.

112D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suite, bath; hotel service, restaurant; by week, month or year; from $28 week or $100 month up. Entrance 1000.

112D, 18 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED PARLOR; BEDROOM, PRIVATE TILED BATH, SHOWER; REAL KITCHENETTE; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

112D, 116 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE 2 ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY. ENDICOTT 8545.

122D, 230 WEST (near West End Av.)—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette, southern exposure, wonderful location, nicely furnished. Lease $347 week. Tel. 124 West 72d.

123D, 139 WEST—Exceptionally large, unusual, attractively furnished balcony apartment; living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; piano. Spencer. Endicott 3810.

123D, 309 WEST—Nicely furnished one-room kitchenette, bath apartment; monthly or weekly.

123D, 47 WEST—Artistic, sunny studio apartment; gas, electricity included. Tel. Endicott 1073 for appointment.

124TH, 104 WEST—Charming three-room elevator apartment; year's lease. Trafalgar 8414.

125TH, 203 WEST (RENT REALTY CO.)—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS.

125TH, 18 WEST—Very attractive 2-room kitchenette apartments, 2 bedrooms.

125TH, 40 WEST (Opp. Harlem's mansion)—Beautifully furnished, light, airy floor front 3 rooms, bath; complete; open fireplace; $60.

126TH, 17 WEST (Near Riverside)—Beautiful room apartment, real kitchen; $45. Trafalgar 8414.

Furnished—West Side.

72D, 158 WEST—Charming 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, also one room. Clarke.

74TH ST., 129 WEST—Suites of two and three rooms, $115 to $155; elevator service; maid service if desired. L. J. Phillips Co., 148 West 72d St. Trafalgar 8300.

74TH—Beautifully furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette front apartment; $120. Trafalgar 8414

74TH, 53 WEST—Three rooms, bath, fireplace, beautifully furnished; exclusive; $115. Superintendent.

75TH, 325 WEST—Exquisitely period furnished, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Endicott 9262.

75TH, 162 WEST.
TWO ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, BATH; NEWLY FURNISHED. APPLY SUPT.

75TH ST., WEST—Refined couple having large apartment, would rent room. Telephone Endicott 9180.

75TH ST., 25 WEST—Sunny south front, entire floor, beautifully furnished apartment.

76TH, 28 WEST—Very attractively furnished 2 rooms, kitchenette; select. Supt.

77TH AND BROADWAY—The Belleclaire is open for homelovers who have no inclination for housekeeping; excellent cafeteria, cheerful suites, with comfortable beds; quiet, but close to activities; reasonable rates. Endicott 7100.

77TH, 272 WEST—Beautifully furnished 1-2 room apartments, excellent service.

78TH—Beautiful three-room front apartment, kitchenette, radio; immediately, $135. Endicott 0270.

79TH, 218 WEST—Parlor floor, studio, fireplaces, garden, phone, southern exposure; subway.

80S—Beautiful two-room apartment, southern exposure, kitchenette, piano; $140. Endicott 9078.

80TH, 103 WEST (HOTEL ANDERSON)—2 ROOM SUITES; REFINED ATMOSPHERE.

80TH, 249 WEST—2 rooms, bath, with, without kitchenette; very desirable.

81ST, 209 WEST—Leaving city; sacrifice handsomely furnished 3-room elevator apartment; real kitchen; $150 month to October or sell complete home very reasonable.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., OPPOSITE PARK (ENDICOTT HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $35 WEEKLY OR $150 PER MONTH; CONCESSIONS ON EIGHT MONTHS' LEASE.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
COLONIAL HOTEL, FACING PARK.
All apartments newly furnished and decorated; parlor, bedroom and bath, $30 weekly, or $125 per month up.

85TH, 23 WEST—2 exceptionally large, sunny rooms, dressing room and bath; unusual surroundings; suitable studio.

85TH, 350 WEST—Furnished 3-room apartment, real kitchen; everything new. Children.

87TH, 145 WEST—Exquisitely, completely furnished three rooms; piano; $150. Schuyler 5104.

90TH, 108 WEST—Front parlor, connecting bedroom, steam, electric, telephone, bath, private entrance, cozy home; suit business people; $14 week; reference. Taft.

90TH, 44 WEST—Large, beautiful room, bath, kitchenette; gentlemen; breakfast; furnished; unfurnished.

91ST, 157 WEST.
ROOM AND BATH, MAID SERVICE, $35 AND UP; 2 ROOMS, BATH, $50 UP.

91ST ST. AND BROADWAY—Sublet suite of 2 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, in new Hotel Greystone. Apply R. S. Fitzhugh.

91ST, 5 WEST—Apartment, ground floor, seven large rooms, two baths; rent $150; sell lease, furniture; reasonable. Valmas.

92D, 215 WEST (Apt. 7-J)—Going away for Winter, will rent my luxuriously furnished three-room housekeeping apartment; Oriental rugs, Knabe piano, bronzes, fine paintings, silver, linen, &c.; $250 per month. Phone Riverside 8813. Sterne.

92D, 317 WEST—Very attractive furnished apartment, 3 large rooms, bath, small kitchen; exclusive; reasonable.

92D, 201 WEST—ARTISTIC THREE ROOMS, BATH; LUXURIOUS ELEVATOR; LEASE SEPT. JULY; IMMEDIATE.

92D, 33 WEST—Apartments, 2 rooms, bath, furnished, unfurnished; service. Riverside 2088.

92D, 306 WEST—Beautiful large room, bath, steam heat; maid service; elevator.

93D (680 West End Av.)—Two bedrooms, swin beds; living room, bath; very spacious; immaculate; all appointments pertaining to real comfort and home. Thayer.

96TH ST., 38 WEST.
Magnificent floor private house; newly furnished; unusual opportunity; service; $200 monthly.

99TH, 305 WEST (SCHUYLER ARMS).
Delightfully situated modern housekeeping apartment hotel.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $110.
Four rooms, bath, real kitchen, $165.
Rates include maid service, linen, laundry, electricity, silverware, kitchen utensils, &c.

99TH, 810 WEST—Eight large, light rooms, beautifully furnished; elevator, near Riverside; owner going abroad. Call or phone Riverside 0987.

102D, 202 WEST—Three-room suite, piano; suitable two or three bachelors; breakfast optional; all improvements; $35 week; references exchanged. Furber.

103D, 308 WEST—Beautiful large room, southern exposure, bath, kitchenette, steam heat.

104TH, 308 WEST—Apartments, 1 and 3 attractive rooms, private bath, kitchen.

108TH, 320 AND 328 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATH; REAL KITCHEN; PIANO; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

108TH, 321 WEST—Newly opened one-room apartment, separate kitchen; also single.

109TH, 201 WEST—2 ROOMS WITH REAL KITCHEN AND BATH, COMPLETELY FURNISHED; ELEVATOR; PHONES; ALL FRONT; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; $80 MONTH; ELECTRICITY FURNISHED. APT. 23.

109TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—1, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator, $60 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

100TH, 55 WEST—5 furnished, family apartment; large, light, all improvements; reasonable.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.)
CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
One, two and three room apartments; bath and kitchenette, $55 month up; high-class elevator apartment house. References essential. Phone Academy 9612.

111TH, 506 WEST—Four rooms, $135; handsomely furnished; immediate possession; front, elevator; real home; unusual value. Cathedral 6836.

111TH, 503 WEST—Five rooms, elevator apartment; $125. Cathedral 5810. Apt. 5A.

112TH, 553 WEST—Furnished apartment, two bedrooms, living room, dining room, large kitchen; piano and victrola. Apt. 4B.

113TH, 507 WEST—2-3-4-5 rooms, completely equipped housekeeping apartments, unusually artistic homes, high-grade, fireproof elevator buildings; linens, silver, Oriental rugs.

113TH, 504 WEST—Attractive four-room elevator apartment; southern exposure; very desirable.

114TH, 609 WEST—Four-room front apartment; two bedrooms; newly decorated; $150; piano. Call 2-5, Apt. 4A.

115TH, 419 WEST—Comfortably furnished immaculate six-room apartment; will sell reasonable.

117TH, 353 WEST—4 rooms, beautifully furnished, immaculate; immediate; elevator. Apartment 27.

118TH (overlooking Columbia)—Six rooms, outside, magnificently furnished; immediately; $125. Circle 7222.

119TH, 435 WEST (opposite Columbia)—2 bedrooms, living room, bath, kitchenette, 6M.

122D, 509 WEST—Attractive four-five rooms, Columbia neighborhood; $100-$125. Wilson.

122D, 509 WEST (2d)—Family will share 4-room apartment; bargain.

125TH ST., 5 BROADWAY (31 Tiemann Place)—Attractive 3 rooms, front, kitchen, bath; reasonable.

127TH AND BROADWAY (69 Tiemann Place) —Four attractive sunny rooms, bath; elevator. 8110.

128TH, 624 WEST—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath; also furnished apartment, 1 room and private bath.

140TH, 506 WEST—Sublet 3 rooms, nicely furnished, high-class elevator house; good accessible neighborhood; reasonable rental. 1E.

140TH (near Broadway)—Five rooms, all outside; newly decorated; linens, china, silver. Telephone Audubon 9259 (Sunday 9-6 P. M. or evening time Sunday.

140TH (Near Riverside)—Beautiful room apartment, real kitchen; $45. Telegraph 8414.

Furnished—West Side.

178TH, 718 WEST—3 large outside rooms, modern elevator, $125. Levey.

181ST (106 Northern Av., city)—4-room apartment, all outside rooms. Phone Washington Heights 2805. Gyory or Supt.

185TH, WEST (17 Washington Terrace, between Audubon-Amsterdam Avs.)—4 rooms, completely furnished; private home; references. 0378 Wadsworth.

187TH—Four elegantly furnished outside rooms, newly decorated, elevator; permanent. Billings 0474.

BANK ST., 23 (near Sheridan Theatre)—Private apartment, three rooms and bath, all improvements; telephone; reasonable. Apt. 2E.

BROADWAY CORNER—Six rooms in 1405, beautifully furnished, elevator apartment, for sale; rent reasonable. For particulars phone Audubon 8451, Apartment 106.

BROADWAY, 3,120 (corner 124th)—1-2-3-4-5 furnished and unfurnished apartments, newly decorated, telephone, elevator and maid service. Call Morningside 1723.

BROADWAY, 3,117—Four rooms; beautifully furnished; elevator service. Apply Superintendent.

GROVE ST., 61 (corner 7th Av.)—Will sublet 5-room apartment with lease; sell furniture reasonable.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (177 Waverley Place)—3 rooms, kitchen and bath; all improvements. Apply Supt. in basement.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (11 Charles)—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; fireplace; garden; modern. Connelly.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 110—Five large, beautiful, sunny rooms, facing park; very reasonable.

POMANDER WALK, 17.
CHARMINGLY PICTURESQUE.
Five rooms; service. Jackson. Riverside 7576.

RIVERSIDE, 550 (125th subway)—Good location; service; 6 rooms, refined furnishings; piano; short, long term; concessions. Morningside 6042.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548—7 light rooms; beautiful river view; yearly lease $165; 6 months $190. Baldwin. Morningside 5790.

RIVERSIDE (125th subway)—6 rooms, location; furnishings cultured home; concessions. Morningside 6042.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450 (Apt. 34)—Four rooms and bath; completely furnished; silver; will sacrifice; from Nov. 8.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 676 (Apt. 6D)—Leave for Europe, sell or rent my high-class apartment; 2 years' lease. Audubon 5552.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 243 (northwest corner 127th)—Attractively furnished 2 to 5 large, sunny rooms, baths and kitchens in high-class elevator house; best value in the city; $80 upward.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 41—Large front studio; overlooking park; fireplace, bath, kitchenette; $80.

WEST END AV., 588—Exquisitely appointed four-room apartment, overlooking river; ideal home; beautiful piano, books, silver and linen; yearly lease; $375 per month. Schuyler 7216. Apt. 15-B.

WEST END AV., 255—Exceptionally well furnished apartment, three rooms, including real kitchen; all sunny; lease. Finch.

WEST 75TH ST., 235 (9A)—Attractively furnished, complete 4-room apartment; large drawing room; river view. Endicott 2541.

WEST END AV., 674 (93d)—2 beautiful front rooms, bath, kitchenette; conveniences.

WHY live in a hotel? Have a beautifully furnished home, 1 or 2 rooms and bath, maid, telephone and elevator service; immaculate. 167 West 71st St., opposite the Alamac Hotel.

APARTMENT, two rooms, running water, shower, steam, electricity, telephone; convenient rapid transportation to business. K 655 Times Downtown.

APARTMENT, five rooms, heated; town residence; beautiful grounds; $65. Dongan Hills 1001.

ANY SIZE, location, rental; no charges to you. M. & C. Jacoby, 152 West 42d St. Bryant 8308.

Furnished—Bronx.

High-class two, three, four room,
CONCOURSE PLAZA,
161ST-GRAND CONCOURSE,
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,
furnished, unfurnished also transient rooms.
FOR INFORMATION CALL JEROME 4700.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

CLARK ST., 68 (opposite subway station)—2 rooms, bath; $50. Main 2805.

MODERN 2-room apartment, handsomely furnished, private bath, kitchenette, maid service; reasonable. Prospect 9314.

Furnished—Long Island.

ASTORIA—Furnished apartment, $85. 1,095 Steinway Av. Astoria 1460.

Furnished—Westchester County.

NORMAN ROCKWELL'S STUDIO
for rent; $40 per month.
BURKE STONE, Inc. PELHAM 1073.

Furnished—New Jersey.

NEWARK—Abington Apartments, 445 Mt. Prospect Av.; five beautiful rooms, $120; unfurnished, $85; all improvements. Branch 9931.

FOR RENT—New three-room furnished apartment; best section Montclair, one block from railway station. Phone Montclair 419M.

Unfurnished—East Side.

4TH AV., 455 (31st)—Entire floor, suitable dwelling and business; $75.

15TH, 105 EAST—Three-room housekeeping apartment; elevator building; phone; bath; $70.

17TH, 106 EAST (Gramercy Park section)—Two rooms, alcove, kitchenette and bath; large, light rooms, modern improvements. Inquire Nat Friedman, Inc., 12 East 22d. Caledonia 5464, or Supt. on premises.

18TH, 118 EAST—Gramercy section, housekeeping apartment; two rooms, bath, private hall, open fireplaces, all improvements.

27TH, 117 EAST—6 rooms, bath, heat, renovated, improvements, possession, lease; $100.

29TH, 28 EAST—Two-room and bath apartment, modern and light; service.

31ST ST., 129 EAST—3 rooms and bath; fireproof building; elevator service, telephone, mail chute; superintendent on premises.

31ST, 131 EAST—Entire floor; 3 rooms, kitchenette; sunny; open fireplaces; $100.

32D (186 Lexington Av.)—Modern 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; furnished, unfurnished; reasonable.

34TH, 127 EAST—Two rooms and bath; rent $75.

34TH ST., 122 EAST (Park)—Eight sunny rooms; elevator; open fireplace; $2,400.

36TH ST., 110 EAST—Attractive apartment in new elevator building off Park Av.; two large rooms and bath, $100; southern exposure. Apply premises or Butler & Baldwin, Inc., 15 East 47th. Vanderbilt 5015.

36TH, 163 EAST—Exclusive Murray Hill; artistic bungalow on roof, six rooms, two baths, open fireplace; tiled roof gardens; elevator, river view, restaurant; $4,500.

36TH, 153 EAST—Unusually attractive apartment, 4 large rooms, fine view, 9th floor; short lease; $2,200.

36TH, 163 EAST—Two, three rooms, bath; elevator; restaurant premises; $1,800-$2,500.

37TH ST., 156 EAST (Murray Hill)—New 9-story building; large, unusually well planned 3 and 4 room housekeeping apartments, $1,700 up; doctor's suites; service if desired; location and management assure permanent social desirability. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 E. 44th St. Murray Hill 8300.

38TH ST., 155 EAST—3 rooms, bath, foyer, and kitchenette, open fireplace, north and south exposure $125; shown this afternoon, 12-5.

40TH, 124 EAST (southwest corner Lexington Av.)—New fireproof building; 3, 4, 7 & large, light rooms; two elevators, night and hall service; doctors' and studio apartments; maid service available.

43D, 202 EAST (Biarritz Apartments)—Unfurnished or furnished; 2 rooms and bath and real kitchen; 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; all modern improvements; newly decorated; one block from Commodore Hotel and subway station; $75 and $90. Agent on premises.

43TH, 210 EAST—Two rooms, bath, shower, kitchenette arrangement; $65; owner on premises; references required. Murray Hill 6813.

47TH ST., 21 EAST,
at Madison Av., one and two room apartments, steam heat, open fireplace; generous hot water supply; moderate rentals. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 21 East 47th St.

50TH, 40 EAST—To lease, large studio living room, fireplace, alcove, dressing room; bath, kitchenette; ideal location for living quarters or business; references required. Lanfranchi, Plaza 7426.

52D ST., 140 EAST (The Clifton)—5 rooms and bath, $1,200 per annum. Laurenmax Corporation, 444 Madison Av. Plaza 1227.

54TH ST., 148 EAST—Attractive apartment of two rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent $65. Phone Plaza 2100.

55TH, 127 EAST—Apartment, large rooms, floor through; select neighborhood; newly decorated.

56TH, 443 EAST (near Sutton Place)—Six rooms, bath; all modern improvements. Inquire Wirth, 451 East 60th St.

60TH, 138 EAST—2-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; convenient to subway; references required; open for inspection.

61ST, 55 EAST—Beautiful floor, also small apartment; roof garden; shown 12 to 6 or Rhinelander 2555.

63D, 141 EAST—Two rooms, paneled walls; kitchenette, modern, tiled bath.

Unfurnished—East Side.

62D ST., 34 EAST—Unusual opportunity in exclusive block; 2 apartments, three and four rooms, bath, fully equipped with enameled kitchen, innumerable closets; sunshine; attractive roof garden. Apply between 2 and 6 on premises or telephone Rhinelander 1159 before 10 A. M.

65TH ST., 25 EAST,
NEAR MADISON AV.,

LARGE, LIGHT AND AIRY.
Inquire Superintendent on premises.
RHINELANDER 2904.

65TH, 12 EAST—3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, non-housekeeping; elevator; catering; valet, maid service. Dowd & Clemens, Inc., 874 6th Av. Circle 0023.

64TH, 114 EAST—Unusually bright, sunny, six-room apartment; open fireplace; restricted building; immediate possession. Butterfield 3467.

96TH, 108 EAST (near Park Av., half block from subway express station)—Large living room, bedroom, kitchen, bath, in modern first-class apartment house; ground floor. Inquire doctor's office.

87TH, 51 EAST—Four and six rooms, electric, all improvements; $75-$100.

93D, 67 EAST—Whole floor, 6 large, light rooms all latest decorations; all modern improvements; $150.

124TH, 325 EAST—First floor, four large, sunny rooms, all improvements; $50.

129TH, 51 EAST—6 rooms, elevator, switchboard; very reasonable rent.

134TH, 496 EAST (Second Floor)—Four rooms, bath, hot water, $38. Janitor.

222D, 666 EAST—Seven large rooms, all improvements, large closets, new parquet floors; most beautiful private house; built like mansion; private entrance; three blocks from east and west side subways; reasonable rent. Inquire on premises, Olinville 5220.

BELGRAVE BLOCK,
Madison Av., 40th to 50th St.; apartment, 2 rooms and bath; possession immediately; satisfactory references required; moderate rentals. Superintendent on premises, or Lauremax Corporation, 444 Madison Av. Tel. Plaza 1227.

LEXINGTON AV., 501—5 rooms and bath; also parlor floor and store, 25x40; $2,400 per annum. Laurenmax Corporation, 444 Madison Av. Plaza 1227.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,125 (corner 78th St.)—Elevator apartment, 6 rooms; all modern improvements.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,273—2, 6 rooms, electric, all improvements; $65 to $115.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,440 (near 94th)—6 light, large rooms; all improvements; $70.

MADISON AV., 680 (at 62d St., The Southern)—Several attractive 5-room and bath apartments, elevator, restaurant, maid service available; $1,200-$1,800. Apply premises.

MADISON AV., 1,335—3 rooms and kitchenette; elevator apartment; $1,200.

PARK AV., 1,080 (9D)—Six rooms, 3 baths; ninth floor; one block from subway express station. Inquire Supt. or call Broad 1226.

PARK AV., 1,126—Four-room apartment; all modern improvements; $85. Inquire Superintendent.

PARK AV., 945—Five rooms, electric, all improvements; $90-$100.

PARK AV. (lower 70s)—Four rooms; sublet, sacrifice. Telephone Atwater 4105.

PARK AV., 520—Elegant 12 rooms and 5 baths. Superintendent, Regent 3068.

PARK AV., 571—Eight beautiful rooms, also doctor's apartment; elevator apt. house.

THE GILFORD,
46th St. and Lexington Av.
Recently completed elevator apartment house.

TWO ROOMS
Kitchenette and Bath,
$125 PER MONTH.

Large, sunny rooms; maid service. Vanderbilt 4316.

MURRAY HILL DISTRICT.
201 East 36th St., new 2 and 4 room and bath apartments, all outside rooms; modern improvements; rent $60 to $90. Agent on premises.

MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av., at 42d St.

HOTEL GLADSTONE,
114 East 52d St., at Park Av.
Limited number, but most desirable suites; one or more rooms at attractive rentals.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH ST., 11-13 WEST (near 6th Av., Washington Square)—4 rooms, high-class elevator apartments.

11TH, 276 WEST—Duplex studio apartment, three rooms, large skylight, mosaic bath, open fireplace, kitchenette, ample closets; also 2-3 room apartments in Spanish and Georgian style. Apply on premises or telephone Watkins 8518.

11TH, 128 WEST—High-class, elevator, five sunny, newly decorated outside rooms and real kitchen, bath; reasonable; best value in this desirable neighborhood.

12TH ST., 71-77 WEST.
Attractive layout and surroundings.
9 rooms,
with complete kitchen; $1,400-$1,600; best values in the neighborhood.

11TH ST., 31 WEST.
High-class fireproof elevator house, 4-5 rooms and bath, $1,600 to $2,200.
16TH ST., 125 WEST.
High-class elevator house,
3-4-5 rooms and bath.
Rentals $1,080 to $1,900.

Various apartments, all types, in this desirable residential section.
Rentals $900 to $3,000.

J. IRVING WALSH,
73 West 11th St. Chelsea 5580-5581.

12TH, 145 WEST—Four beautiful rooms, steam, electricity, parquet floors, telephone.

14TH, 200 WEST—7 rooms, bath, heated; $100. Duross, 67 7th Av.

16TH, 5 WEST—Skylight studio, 2 rooms and bath, sculptors, &c.; also apartments, $60 and $90; quiet; references.

19TH ST., 317 WEST.
TWO ATTRACTIVE 3-ROOM APARTMENTS, private entrance; suitable for doctor or private family; $80-$100.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
191 9th Av. Chelsea 5266.

20TH, 448 WEST—2 rooms, bath, all improvements; possession Nov. 1; evenings.

21ST ST., 342-346 WEST.
2, 3 and 4 room suites
in new modern building, with large, light rooms; conveniently located for all transportation lines; $60 to $100.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
191 9th Av. Chelsea 5266.

24TH, 438 WEST—In remodeled house, large studio room, north; large south room; kitchenettes; transportation excellent. Chelsea 9945.

25TH ST., 263 WEST—6 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, moderate rentals. Apply on premises or Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 21 East 47th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1275.

54TH, 246 WEST—2-4 beautiful rooms, steam, electricity, parquet floors, telephone.

28TH, 9-11 WEST—TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; NEWLY REMODELED; VERY REASONABLE. HEIL AND STERN, AGENTS, 1,165 BROADWAY.

28TH, 344 WEST—Delightful new apartments, two rooms, bath, electricity; excellent residential block; ideal business woman, couple; $65.

29TH, 333 WEST—Five large sunny rooms, bath, steam, electricity; restricted section.

27TH ST., 18 WEST—One room and bath; all improvements. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

30TH, 45 WEST—Two light rooms, baths, kitchenettes, fireplaces, steam heat; seen 3 to 5. Owner, Riverside 9682.

45TH, 41 WEST—One floor, either for dwelling or suitable high-class business; $2,500; elevator service, all conveniences. Murray Hill 6548.

49TH, 120 WEST—6 beautiful rooms, newly decorated; all improvements. Inquire restaurant.

49TH, 54 WEST—Newly decorated, remodeled building, two rooms, bath; $100 upward.

50TH, 3 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; unusually large, attractive; southern exposure; exclusive elevator apartment; near 5th Av.

50TH, 70 AND 72 WEST—2 and three rooms, bath and kitchenette, $65-$80-$100. Dowd & Clemens, Inc., 874 6th Av. Circle 0023.

51ST, 34 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure; completely equipped kitchens; door and elevator service; very large rooms; $2,100-$2,400. Apply on premises or Cryster Realty Corporation, Murray Hill 9050.

50TH, 16 WEST (Apt. 3)—2 large rooms, kitchenette, bath; Elberson or Supt.

Unfurnished—West Side.

57TH ST., 205 WEST (CORNER 7TH AV.).
THE OSBORNE.
11-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
Newly modernized apartments of
A 3, 4 ROOMS AND BATHS,
kitchens or kitchenettes.
Rents $1,500 to $3,000.
High ceilings, foyers, large closets, telephones; immediate possession.
Manager on premises. Circle 5420.

57TH ST., 200 WEST (Apt. 3F)—Five very large rooms for rent; immediate possession; unfurnished; can be examined at any time. Telephone Plaza 2024, or Circle 9449; lease can be had until Oct. 1, 1926, at $3,400 per annum.

57TH, 301 WEST—Unusually light 2 and 3 room apartments; miniature kitchen; also 2-room studio apartments, with miniature kitchen; elevator building; 2 rooms, $90; studios, $105; 3 rooms, $125; can be seen any time. Columbus 7490.

57TH ST., 22 WEST.
1 and 2 rooms, bath; elevator service; near 5th; $1,200 upward; agent on premises. L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d, Trafalgar 8300.

58TH, 123-127 WEST (The Milano)—Unusual apartment of 7 spacious, sunny rooms; the rentals are $2,400-$2,500; ownership management; immediate possession.

58TH, 34 WEST—1-room apartment, bath; parquet floor, panelled walls; elevator; $100.

58TH, 37 WEST—Two elegant rooms and bath; $53.24 monthly.

58TH, 34 WEST—2 rooms, foyer, bath, parquet floor, paneled walls, elevator; $150.

59TH ST., 30 WEST—Sublet 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; overlooking Central Park.

64TH, 23 WEST.
New modern building, near Central Park West; 2 and 3 rooms, with real kitchen. Superintendent on premises, or Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

66TH, 155 WEST (Broadway)—Five attractive light rooms, electricity, modern improvements; $68.

67TH, 1 WEST (Hotel des Artistes)—Two choice studio apartments now available; free cooking, refrigeration, restaurant, electric dumb waiter; maid service; swimming pool; rent, $2,400

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Section.

FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Undisplayed classified. Business Opportunities.

TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 2 lines. Agate line of 6 words.

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	50c
Help Wanted	55c
Lost and Found	60c
Real Estate, &c.	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
For Sale	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Automobile Exchange	70c
Mortgage Loans	70c
Employment Agencies	80c
Business Opportunities	$1.00
	Per Word
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Continued from preceding page.

EXCEPTIONAL two-room-and-bath apartments, ideal for couple or bachelor, convenient to 66th St. subway; elevated, buses, &c.; living room, 12x21, fireplaces, ample closets, private hall, electric grill equipment; reasonable rent, $85-$90 monthly; lease; references. Apply The Haggstrom-Callen Co., Managing Agents, 1,974 Broadway, Trafalgar 3760.

25% RENT REDUCTION.

227TH ST., WEST (corner Marble Hill Av.)—At Broadway subway station and one block from New York Central Station, MODERN ELEVATOR HOUSE, all modern improvements; day and night service. Supt. on premises, or phone office, Gramercy 3303.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

161ST, 305 EAST (near Park Av.)—5 rooms, elevator apartment; $60.

165D, 101 WEST—Four and five rooms; near Jerome station, 6th and 9th elevated, and Lexington subway; $15 per room; good neighborhood; very desirable.

165TH, 153 EAST (corner Grand Concourse)—Four modern large rooms; latest improvements.

176TH, 156 WEST—2-3 rooms, every modern improvement; select tenants; reasonable.

176TH, 220 EAST (Marguery Hall, Mount Hope Section)—4-5 rooms, convenient to Concourse, elevated trains and subways. Owner's telephone, Murray Hill 6410, or agent, Bingham 0756.

179TH, 96 WEST (corner University)—3-4-5 room apartments; reasonable rent.

196TH, 245 EAST (corner Briggs)—3-4 rooms front, low rental; near school, church, Concourse; good neighborhood.

197TH ST., 125 WEST—Six-seven rooms; sun parlors, garages; new 2-family brick houses; large rooms, supreme comfort; finest residential neighborhood. Kingsbridge 1854.

ANDREWS AV., 1,921—Large attractive 5-room apartment; all improvements; $70.

BAINBRIDGE AV., 2,889 (corner 190th)—Five and six beautiful rooms, parquet floor, telephone, shower bath; all latest improvements; $70-$85.

BAINBRIDGE AV., 2,732 (corner 190th St., near Concourse, park, schools)—Three rooms, $58; also four rooms, for doctor or dentist; concessions; new building.

BECK ST., 784 (corner Longwood)—Three; four large light rooms; modern improvements.

BURNSIDE AV., west of Jerome (1,881 Billingsley Terrace)—6 large, light, outside rooms, tiled kitchen, bath and built-in shower; garage; reasonable rent.

FOX ST., 931—Four, five and six rooms; elevator; $60 up. Supt. or WARREN & SKILLIN, 38 Park Row.

FOX ST., 823—Ground floor, 5 light, large rooms; modern improvements; $60.

GERARD AV., 1,229 (1 block east of 167th St. station)—Five rooms, bath; elevated, near crosstown trolley and Concourse; 6 rooms, sun porch, garage.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 964 (164th)—Apartment, six rooms, bath, palatial residence; all improvements; parquet floors; private porches, car space garage included. Janitor on premises. Jerome 0150.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,095 (180th)—High-class apartments, 3, 4, 5 rooms; large; latest improvements; reasonable rents; near Jerome-Jerome Park subway, 6th station.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,964 (corner 179th)—2, 3, 5 rooms; reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,423 (171st St.)—5, 6, 7 rooms; reasonable rentals. Agents on premises.

HUNTSPOINT APARTMENTS,
163D ST., CORNER SOUTHERN BLVD.,
TO SUBLET,
8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS;
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT;
VERY DESIRABLE.
APPLY RATNER, INTERVALE 7165.

JESSUP AV., 1,387 (corner Boscobel)—3-4 large rooms; reasonable rent. Agent premises.

KOSSUTH AV., 3,215 (just north of Mosholu Parkway)—6 rooms and garage, most modern, 2-family house. Telephone Olinville 4253.

MONROE AV., 1,691—Apartment and garage; two-family new house. Bingham 3616R.

MONTGOMERY AV., 1,492 (1 BLOCK WEST OF JEROME AV., 2 BLOCKS NORTH OF WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BRIDGE)—2-3-4-5 ROOMS, LARGEST ROOMS IN WALKUPS; BUILDING JUST COMPLETED; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; LOW RENT.

MORRIS AV., 2,101 (Burnside)—Four large rooms, $70; concession; new building; switchboard.

SEDGWICK AV., 2,763 (Kingsbridge Road)—New building, sublet six rooms; year's lease; very reasonable. Freiberg, Kingsbridge 3066.

THROOP NECK (East Tremont Av.)—Morris estate, 419 Calhoun Av., near Sampson Av.; 5 large rooms; rent $60; garage; beautiful country section. Harlem 1381.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,865-1,875 (between Burnside and Tremont Avs.)—Just completed, high-class 3-4-5 room apartments, 3-5-4-5-6 rooms; finest residential section University Heights; moderate rent. Inquire premises. Phone Fordham 1241. Office phone Vanderbilt 3061.

UNIVERSITY AV., 2,467—New building; moderate rentals; 2-3-4 rooms and bath; immediate possession; near Fordham Road and Devoe Park.

UNIVERSITY AV., 2,325 (just south of Fordham Road)—Just completed, exceptional 2-3-4-5 rooms, now leasing; elevator apartments; rents moderate; inspection invited.

UNIVERSITY AV., 2,305 (Near Fordham Road)—Elevator apartment, 6 large rooms, 2 baths, new building; rental $135-$150.

VALENTINE AV., 2,184—Beautiful 6 rooms, done in French panel; all improvements. Inquire of H. Goodstein, 28 West 27th.

WEST BRONX (Summit Av., 969)—Six rooms; all improvements, $70; convenient 6th or 9th Av. "L," Jerome-Anderson Av. station; immediate possession. Schmitt.

TO lease seven large rooms, sun parlor, two toilets, needle shower, in two-family brick house; high-class, up-to-date improvements; only one block from Bronx Park station. 363 East 197th St., between Decatur and Marion Avs. Call on premises or phone Sedgwick 7517.

FIELDSTON APARTMENTS,
Broadway, 242d St.; new corner building. Two, three, five large outside rooms. Near Van Cortlandt Park, Manhattan College. Cork-tile kitchen floors; reasonable rents.
NEW CORNER BUILDINGS,
WEBB AV. AND 198TH ST.
TWO, THREE, FOUR, FIVE ROOMS.
MODERATE RENTS.
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.
NEAR JEROME AV. SUBWAY.

CHEAPEST RENT IN BRONX.
University Av., n. e. corner Tremont Av. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms, NEW BUILDING; liberal concessions. Call renting office.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BOROUGH PARK, 1,561 (83d St.)—Upper apartment of two-family house; open all around; nice grounds; six large rooms and porch; all improvements; near school and station; $90.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—Six, seven rooms, up to date; elevator and switchboard service; five minutes from Wall St.; overlooking the bay; beautiful corner apartments. 157 Hicks St.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS (179 Joralemon St.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; subway corner; 20 minutes Times Square; $75. Sterges.

FLATBUSH (302 Parkville Av.)—Upper part of two-family corner house; six large rooms and porch; all modern improvements; heat and hot water furnished; $90 per month. Mansfield 6906.

FLATBUSH (15 Kenmore Place)—Four rooms, $60; five rooms, $75; modern improvements; residential neighborhood. Brighton Line, Church Av.

FLATBUSH—Three and four rooms, finest section; moderate rent. 2010 Newkirk Av.

GREENE AV., 458—Parlor floor basement; improvements; heat; adults; $80. Lafayette 2266R.

ORANGE ST., 83 (Brooklyn Heights)—Clark St. subway station, five minutes to Wall St.; the most convenient residential section to downtown New York; three rooms and bath; corner apartment; $75 month; real kitchen. Apply Supt. on premises.

PIERREPONT ST., 144—Two rooms, $40. Girard, 215 Montague St. Main 9554.

RIDGE BOULEBARD, 6,802, corner 68th St., Brooklyn — To sublease, 2 elegant 4-room apartments in Brooklyn's most beautiful residential section. Call any time during day. Take 4th Av. B. R. T. to 69th St. Apply Superintendent.

STERLING PLACE, 430—Five rooms, bath, front; near park and subways; newly decorated; Christian owner; $75. J. Hartman.

UNDERCLIFF AV., 1,642—Exceptional 6 and 7-room apartments in new 2-family brick houses overlooking river and Speedway; garages and every modern convenience; located 2 blocks west of University Av., near 176th St. Melrose 3165.

SMALL flat, modern improvements, porch; residential American couple or school teacher and mother. 49 Harmon St., Brooklyn.

Unfurnished—Queens.

ASTORIA (Grand Av. subway station)—Four and five room, new, steam heated apartments; $65. Mathews, Grand and 4th Avs.

CRYSTAL GARDENS, ASTORIA.
4, 5 and 6 rooms, $66 to $85.
Office, 287 Hoyt Av.

Take I. R. T. from Grand Central, B. M. T. from Times Square, 2d Av. "L" from 57th St. (Astoria line) to Hoyt Av., 15 minutes from 42d St. Send for booklet.

ELMHURST (Jackson Heights)—6 attractive rooms, all outside, in modern 2-family brick house; 3 minutes from Elmhurst or station; reasonable rent; must be seen to be appreciated. 3,757 34th St. Phone Havemeyer 3878.

ELMHURST—Desirable six large, sunny rooms; sun porch, improvements, reasonable; near Jackson Heights station. Havemeyer 1886. 21 Forley St.

KEW BOLMER—3-4-5 ROOMS.
Phone Virginia 2440. Evening calls invited.

ATTRACTIVE RENTALS.
Three, four and five rooms,
$57 to $80.
All Outside Rooms.
QUEENS BOULEVARD
COURTS.
Largest apartment house in Queens; beautiful interior garden—62x125 feet; paneled stippled walls; parquet floors; handsome tiled baths, with built-in tubs and fixtures, &c.
At Lowery St. station on Queens Boulevard, Borough of Queens, Corona line, I. R. T., 15 minutes Central, 7 minutes B. M. T. (12 minutes from Times Square). Exceptional transit facilities. Superintendent on premises. Telephone Stillwell 8794 or Hunterspoint 4700.

FOR RENT,
$90 to $163 a month.
Ivy Court Garden Apartments,
3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms,
JACKSON HEIGHTS
Hayes Av. 26th to 27th St.
Ready Oct. 1.
Send for Plans, Prices, &c.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION,
Manhattan Office: 50 East 42d St., Murray Hill 9900. Or inquire at our Jackson Heights Office, 25th St., near Roosevelt Av., near the Ivy Court Garden Apartments.

JUST COMPLETED.
Astoria—Finest apartment houses,
36D-39D 3d Av., Astoria,
one block from Flushing station
of B. M. T.-I. R. T. subway and 2d Av. "L."
2-3 ROOMS, $50-$60.
All outside, light, airy apartments.
Apply on premises or phone
Caledonia 5464 or Astoria 7884.

SIX and seven rooms, large sun porch, tile bath and showers, heat and hot water supplied, new two-family brick houses, located on 35th St., between Hayes and Fillmore Avs., 2½ blocks to Elmhurst Av. subway station, Jackson Heights, Elmhurst; rent $90 and $95. Apply at office THOMAS DALY, owner and builder, Roosevelt Av. and 95th St., two blocks west of Junction Av. "L" station, Elmhurst.

Unfurnished—Staten Island.

ST. GEORGE—2, 4 and 6 rooms, all improvements. Inquire 23 Stuyvesant Place. 3 minutes from St. George Ferry.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

ELMHURST—Beautiful floor, to adults, near 25th St. Jackson Heights subway station; 5 large rooms, bath, electric, steam heat, hot water, janitor service; possession Nov. 1; references exchanged; rent $90. Henry D. Plass, 9 Cleveland Av., near L. I. R. R. Station.

ELMHURST (Jackson Heights), 78 North 19th St.—Six beautiful rooms, all improvements.

FLUSHING—18 minutes to Penn Station. PRESIDENT HARDING APARTMENTS. Stanford Av.; nothing like this luxurious on Long Island; 3 and 4 room apartments, some equipped for 5-room efficiency; reasonable rentals; booklet on request. Representative on premises. Phone Flushing 5849.

SIX-ROOM two-bath garden apartment, elevator, wood-burning fireplace, sun parlor, extra maids' rooms; Elm Court, Jackson Heights; will sublet for one year or sell; initial cash payment, balance monthly; references. Phone Havemeyer 6921, or Mr. Updike, Havemeyer 6020.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
Gardens apartment in stately four rooms; large south corner; sublet; magnificent view for miles; exceptional; $127.50; grill room on premises lightens household cares; ask any tenant regarding quality of house and service. Premises or phone Hillcrest 0622.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—5 very large rooms, sun parlor and foyer; steam heat, hot water supply; up-to-date two-family house; elevated or subway to Manhattan; good surroundings must be seen to be appreciated; $90. 3,512 34th St. Havemeyer 2518.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—High-class four-room front apartment, one flight up in restricted section of Queensboro Corporation property; $70; references required. 1,600 Jackson Av., corner 25th St.

WOODSIDE (Long Island)—5 large, attractive rooms; in new two-fmaily house; enclosed porch; pantry; tiled bath. Call Havemeyer 4761.

FOR RENT in Jackson Heights—Attractive four-room garden apartment in new building; all outside rooms; 22 minutes to Grand Central Station. Phone Miss Beaudry, Havemeyer 6817.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

MOUNT VERNON—Apartments, unusually attractive; double dwellings, including sun parlor, sleeping porch and garage; $150 to approved families; restricted residential part; three minutes' walk from New Haven or Westchester station. Green Court, Columbus Av. and 4th St. Phone Oakwood 8391. Agent on premises.

YONKERS (316 Woodworth Av., near station)—Five rooms, bath, porch; park and river outlook; best neighborhood; $70. Phone 4072W or Van Suetendael.

NEW GARDEN APARTMENTS
AT SCARSDALE.
All the conveniences of a city apartment in an ideal suburban environment.
Suites of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms,
and tiled bath, with private garages available.
Directly at the Heathcote Station of the Westchester and Boston R. R.
Now open for inspection.
FRED'K FOX & CO., INC.,
20 East 39th St., N. Y. Caledonia 0200.

BEAUTIFUL GARDEN APARTMENTS.
4 rooms and 1 bath, $140
5 rooms and 1 bath, $175
7 rooms and 2 baths, $200
Just completed; ready for immediate occupancy; front apartments with southern exposure; near station; 30 minutes from business district; wonderful values. Telephone Vanderbilt 7176.

BUNGALOW apartments, 5 rooms, open porch, $80. Van Ness, 355 So. Broadway, Yonkers.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE—Spacious five-room apartment in exclusive apartment house; every improvement; select neighborhood; ideal for commuters; close to Lackawanna station and trolley; rent reasonable. Apply Supt., 63 N. Walnut St., East Orange.

EAST ORANGE—Modern apartments to let; newly decorated; 3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms. 254 North Grove St.

MONTCLAIR, N. J. (21 Trinity Place, corner Myrtle Av.)—New apartments, four, five, six rooms and bath, all modern improvements; immediate possession. Apply on premises, or H. A. Langbein, 24 Branford Place, Newark, N. J. Phone Market 3122, or your own agent.

ROSEVILLE—323 Park Av., new steam heated apartments, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, all improvements; immediate occupancy. Apply on premises or H. A. Langbein, 24 Branford Place, Newark, N. J. Phone Market 3122.

UNION HILL, N. J., 313 Columbia St.—Six large, light rooms and bath, all improvements; walking distance ferry.

THE CLAREMONT COURT APARTMENT.
Two to nine beautiful rooms with elevator, roof garden and restaurant; 5 minutes to trolley and D. L. & W.; fine location at Claremont and North Fullerton Av. Phone Market 7397 or Montclair 0321.

BEAUTIFUL three and four-room apartments, three minutes from D., L. & W. and trolley. Apply on premises, 62 S. Arlington Av., East Orange, or phone Market 1257.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

SMALL furnished apartment or room and bath and optional meal facilities, desired by refined American couple; convenient to Flushing, Forest Hills or Great Neck section; details and rates requested. S 108 Times.

WANTED—Furnished housekeeping apartment, about five rooms, on the west side, above 59th St., for one or more months; best of care guaranteed and best references given. Address Luce, 1475 Broadway.

GENTLEMAN wishes well-furnished two or three rooms, bath, apartment; moderate rental; references; west side above 86th St.; to June 1. S 862 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

WANTED by Christian couple, four or five room apartment; outside, southeast exposure; west side preferred; not over $75 per month. G 571 Times.

A BUSINESS GIRL would like one room, bath and kitchenette, walking distance 35th St. and 5th Av.; not over $60 a month. S 119 Times.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE.

LOAD wanted, Philadelphia; half rate. Heights Express, 500 West 147th. Edgecombe 1817.

WANTED—Return loads furniture to Rochester. Bernard Costich, Rochester.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

19TH, 347 EAST—Parlor floor, suitable professional use; hospital neighborhood.

27TH AND MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Sunny outside rooms, private bath, $15-$17.50; rooms, running water, use of bath, $10.50-$14; quiet, homelike atmosphere; full hotel service; daily, $2-$4.

29TH, 29 EAST (MARTHA WASHINGTON)—500 ROOMS; FIRE-PROOF; A WOMAN'S HOTEL; ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $11 TO $18 WEEKLY FOR ONE PERSON; $17.50 TO $21 WEEKLY FOR TWO; ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $24.50 AND UP WEEKLY FOR TWO.

30TH (146 Lexington Av.)—Single rooms; refined business people; $9; references.

31ST, 106 EAST—Large sunny back parlor, piano, kitchenette, good location, clean.

36TH ST., 34 EAST—Ideal two rooms and bath, kitchenette apartment; $125.

36TH ST., 12 EAST—Large attractive room, private bath; elevator.

36TH, 14 EAST—Large, attractive room, private bath; sunshine; for two or three.

43D, 132 EAST—Front parlor and bedroom, single beds, heat, electricity. Clark.

49TH ST., 31 EAST (Hotel New Weston)—Attractive outside single room with running water; convenient to bath and showers. Plaza 6690.

50TH, 329 EAST—Large room for rent; suitable two; steam heat, electricity.

55TH, 127 EAST—Large living or bedroom, bath and kitchenette.

60TH ST., 35 EAST—One or two rooms, bath, separate or together.

74TH, 20 EAST—Newly furnished, decorated, large, single, front rooms; $9 up.

81ST (Park-Lexington)—Two rooms, kitchen, bath (private), basement apartment, Butterfield 4381.

84TH, 225 EAST (2d-3d Avs.)—Heated room, two beds, $8; gentlemen.

93D ST. (at Madison Av.)—Hotel Ashton—Newly decorated, furnished rooms with use of bath, $12 weekly up; rooms with private bath, $15 weekly up; 2 rooms, serving cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

94TH, 4 EAST—One-two rooms, porch; furnished, unfurnished; references. Lenox 8966.

95TH, 134 EAST—Attractive, nice, large room, all conveniences, for two.

97TH, 200 EAST—Nicely furnished rooms; men only; all improvements. Keating.

98TH ST., 104 EAST—Large front parlor and adjoining bedroom, steam, bath, kitchen privilege, &c.; private family; near subway. Wineburgh.

LEXINGTON AV., 858 (near 64th)—Newly decorated large room, suitable for 2; also two large, sunny rooms with bath; running water in every room.

LEXINGTON AV., 253 (36th-37th Sts., Murray Hill)—Restricted section, private baths; best social reference required.

LEXINGTON AV., 515—Splendid room in high class apartment; suitable two. Backman.

MADISON AV., 971 (near 76th)—Newly furnished, decorated large double and single rooms; running water; $5 up weekly.

MADISON AV., 189—One large double room, private bath; suitable two or three.

"ALLERTON HOUSE."

Club residence for men, conveniently located, affording every comfort of home with surroundings and service of the select club; rates, $10 to $20 a week, for approved residents only.
45 EAST 34TH ST. 143 EAST 39TH ST.
22 EAST 38TH ST. 302 WEST 22D ST.

TWO large rooms, bath and kitchenette in converted house or entire floor in private house; location 50th to 80th, between 5th and Lexington Avs.; references required. Phone Plaza 8600.

9TH, 307 (near 8th Av.)—Attractive, comfortable room; business girl, nurse; use kitchen; $10. Lenox 6111.

West Side.

11TH ST. (between 5th-6th Avs.)—Commodious room in select apartment, available to 1 or 2 business men with references; this will appeal to those who appreciate refined environment. Telephone Chelsea 0635 Apt. 10.

12TH, 82 WEST—Housekeeping room, elevator apartment, refined surroundings. Apt. 2C.

13TH, 201 WEST—Newly furnished, sunny, front, one or two gentlemen; express subway station. Magruder.

23D, 260 WEST—Single, steam heat, electricity, near bath; gentlemen; $6.

31ST, 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—LARGE OUTSIDE DOUBLE ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, TWO BEDS; $18 WEEKLY FOR ONE OR TWO; SINGLE ROOM, WITH BATH, $21 WEEKLY UP.

32D ST., 17 WEST (HOTEL ABERDEEN)—SPECIAL FALL RATES: SINGLE ROOMS, HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER, $2 PER DAY; $12 PER WEEK; WITH BATH $2.50 AND UP.

35TH ST., 42 WEST.
HOTEL GREGORIAN.
1-2-3 ROOMS, EACH WITH PRIVATE BATH.
ALL LIGHT AND AIR; COMPLETE HOTEL SERVICE; $20 PER WEEK.

36TH, 200 WEST—Attractive front room, 1 flight; French, Spanish spoken. Gilbert.

42D, 322 WEST—Nicely furnished; running water in rooms; electricity; $4.50-$5.

43D ST., 253 WEST (HOTEL TIMES SQUARE)—NEW AND 1,000-ROOM HOTEL; ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER FOR ONE PERSON $2, FOR TWO $3; WITH CONNECTING BATH $2.50 FOR ONE, ROOMS WITH TELEPHONE, $2.50 FOR ONE, $4 FOR TWO; NO HIGHER RATES; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; SEPARATE FLOOR FOR WOMEN.

44TH ST., 127 WEST (HOTEL WOODSTOCK)—COMFORTABLE ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER ON BACHELOR FLOOR; BATHS ON FLOOR; $14 WEEKLY.

43D ST., 255 WEST (HOTEL TIMES SQUARE) — ROOMS WITH CONNECTING BATH ON WOMAN'S FLOOR, $15 WEEKLY

47TH ST., 106 WEST—RALEIGH HALL, A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractive furnished rooms, with or without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel service.
RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

50TH, 226 W.—Room in private apartment; permanent gentleman. Smith, Circle 4084.

52D, 17 WEST—Beautiful large room, private bath, elevator; also small room.

54TH, WEST—Rooms, single, double, well heated; housekeeping; $10-$15. Columbus 6187.

54TH, 20 WEST.
Double room, bath, shower; private house.

55TH, 17 WEST—Large, sunny room, heat, telephone, bath; $9; gentlemen. McHugh.

56TH (Carnegie Hall neighborhood)—Warm room, adjoining bath, $15. Tel. Circle 10372.

56TH ST., 216 WEST—Pleasant hall room. Apt. 5.

57TH ST. (between 5th and 6th Avs.)—Beautifully furnished single or double rooms, electricity, steam heat; elevator. Appointment by phone, Plaza 8619.

57TH, 313 WEST—Nicely furnished, clean front room for single or double.

57TH, 323 WEST—LARGE FRONT PARLOR, steam heat; suitable for three.

58TH—Double room, suitable 2; piano, conveniences; private family; references. Plaza 3101.

58TH, 128 WEST—Beautiful room, private bath, shower; electricity, service; $22. Johnson.

58TH (near 5th)—Small attractive, homelike room; all conveniences; references. Plaza 7079.

57TH, NORTHEAST CORNER BROADWAY (HOTEL SIDNEY)—ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $2 PER DAY UP; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES.

63TH, 10 WEST—Parlor, bedroom suite, high class; private entrance; $17. James.

67TH, 15 WEST—Exceptional bedroom; business man or women; all conveniences; bath, closet, near subway station. Endicott 7870.

69TH, 11 WEST—Two sunny rooms, kitchenette, bath; also one room, $11.

70TH, 130 WEST—Attractive parlor, alcove bedroom, complete bath, steam, non-housekeeping; also medium, next bath. Owner.

71ST ST.—Three beautifully furnished rooms in exclusive apartment house, en suite or single; must be seen to be appreciated. Trafalgar 1068.

71ST, 304 WEST—Room, suitable gentleman; owner's private residence; reference. Endicott 7815.

71ST, 73 WEST—Newly decorated double rooms; new furniture, baths, phone; reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

71ST, 300 WEST—Large private bath, kitchenette, two-room suite; single, kitchenettes.

71ST, 118 WEST—Newly decorated large room, bath, steam; refined home; gentlemen.

71ST, 10 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished room; large closets; running water; service.

71ST, 153 WEST—Nicely furnished front and back parlor; all conveniences; telephone.

72D (Riverside)—Very attractive room for gentleman; $12; exclusive apartment. Endicott 5545.

72D, 261 WEST—Sunny front room, private bath, twin beds; American home.

72D, 216 WEST—Front room, running water, day beds; suitable two business persons.

73D, 168 WEST—Handsomely furnished second floor room; private bath; $20; reference.

73D, 66 WEST—Attractive single, double rooms, bath; conveniently located; reasonable; references.

73D, 48 WEST—High-class rooms; like home; elevator; subway, "L." Lewis.

73D, 160 WEST—Front room, large closets; private house; every transit facility.

73D, 106 WEST—Newly decorated large rooms; twin beds; $10, $12, $14.

75TH, 232 WEST (near Broadway)—Room, running water, kitchenette, $16; double room, $11; steam, phone, electricity; remodeled building.

75TH 327 WEST—Exceptionally furnished, with, without bath, kitchenette; steam; refined home.

75TH, 57 WEST—Two handsomely furnished rooms, high-class apartment; reasonable. Breker.

75TH, 132 WEST—Back parlor, private bath, toilet; select house; references required.

75TH, 325 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms; private baths; references.

75TH, 112 WEST—Large double rooms, baths, toilets, kitchenettes; $15 up.

76TH, 153 WEST—Parlor, bedroom, twin beds, running water; professional, private; single.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive room, with, without bath, in excellently kept house.

76TH, 42 WEST—Large southern room, opposite bath; twin beds.

76TH, 30 WEST—Attractive single rooms, gentlemen; references.

77TH, 111 WEST—Desirable large room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

78TH, 314 WEST—Attractive parlor floor; also large room, private bath; $25; smaller $16-$10-$8.

78TH, WEST—Two connecting front rooms, 3 single beds. Sehuyler 2025.

79TH ST. (corner West End)—A large, light, double room; twin beds, adjoining bath; two gentlemen; no other roomers. Phone Endicott 9740 for appointment.

79TH (393 West End)—Medium room, running water; bath adjoining; gentlemen; $11. Trafalgar 6899.

79TH, 124 WEST—Unusual room, second floor, front, kitchenette; conveniences. Endicott 10239.

79TH ST. AND WEST END—Two front rooms, adjoining bath; river view; other vacancy; elevator; gentlemen. Trafalgar 9838.

79TH, 307 WEST—Elegant 2-room, front, elevator; gentleman. Endicott 3098.

79TH, 172 WEST—Rooms in elevator apartment; double, $15; single, $10. Meyer.

80TH, 133 WEST—Clean, homelike, well-heated, double room; gentlemen; subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

80TH, 160 WEST—Elegantly newly furnished, decorated double room, adjoining bath; $15.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS FROM $2 PER DAY OR $12 PER WEEK; ROOMS WITH BATH FOR ONE PERSON, $2.50 PER DAY OR $15 WEEKLY; FOR ONE PERSON, $3.50 PER DAY OR $21 WEEKLY FOR TWO PERSONS.

81ST, 310 WEST—Double room; also front parlor; suitable two.

82D, 250 WEST—Extremely attractive two large rooms, or separate, in private family; elevator apartment; gentlemen. Apt. 33.

82D, WEST—Studio; also small room for young ladies only. Trafalgar 2981.

82D, 136 WEST (The Gables)—Large room, bath, suitable one, two. Restaurant.

83D, 320 WEST—Suite, gentlemen, couple; kitchen privileges; reasonable. Endicott 1500. Wilson.

84TH, 49 W.—Newly opened house, refined neighborhood; very reasonable rates; desirable, well furnished single and double rooms; private baths, telephone; every home comfort.

84TH, 115 WEST—Well-furnished parlor, bedroom; electricity, steam, bath; French family. Druaux.

84TH, 328 WEST—Beautifully, newly furnished large rooms, kitchenette; all conveniences.

84TH WEST—Everything new; elevator; gentleman; $8. Phone Schuyler 4072.

84TH, 320 WEST—Two outside rooms; private family; $16. Call evenings, Apt. 2W.

85TH, 327 WEST (Apt. 5)—Excellent accommodations; single, double, $9-$12; running water, electricity, shower; kitchen privilege if preferred.

85TH, 349 WEST (3E)—Comfortable furnished room, double bed, running water, shower; private family; elevator. Schuyler 2681.

85TH, 330 WEST—Furnished parlor and bedroom; 2 windows facing street; twin beds; other rooms; everything new. Childress.

85TH ST., 349 WEST—Bright, $10; double, running water, $15; kitchen privileges. Nash.

85TH, 203 WEST—Attractive, homelike; excellent transportation; two gentlemen; $6 each. 5B.

85TH, 34 WEST—Double room, kitchenette; private bath, suitable couple, 2 gentlemen.

85TH, 23 WEST—Very large room, private bath; unusual surroundings; suitable studio.

85TH, 62 WEST—Attractive rooms; private bath; quiet private home; $12-$15.

85TH, 250 WEST—Homelike, sunny, twin beds, waiter; $15; elevator. 6B.

85TH, 250 WEST—Attractive double room, $10, $12, $15; private house.

85TH, 340 WEST—Large room with running water. Schuyler 5846.

85TH, 30 WEST—Comfortable large, clean double rooms, twin beds; kitchenette; $15.

86TH, 200 WEST (Apt. 71)—Exceptionally well furnished front room; suitable one or two gentlemen; refined surroundings; references.

86TH (2,345 Broadway)—Gorgeous large front room, kitchenette, $18; smaller, $9. Adler.

86TH, 206 WEST—Beautiful front room, convenient bath, shower; elevator. Gorss. Apt. 6.

86TH, 132 WEST—Large rooms, private baths; also small rooms; well heated.

87TH, 251 WEST—Large sunny; twin beds, running water; reasonable. Apartment 23.

88TH, 25 WEST—Newly decorated residence; steam heated rooms; double or twin beds; electricity; $8, $10, $14, $18.

88TH, 130 WEST—Entire floor, private house; fitted to suit doctor, dentist; furnished or unfurnished. Schuyler 4331.

88TH, 316 WEST—Front parlor, suitable for two.

88TH, 325 WEST—Large one room; also front basement; clean, quiet, select.

89TH, 17 WEST—Large attractive room, private bath; also large front basement.

89TH, 398 WEST—Newly opened beautiful rooms, twin beds, bath; $12 up.

90TH, 31½ WEST—Attractive large and small rooms; gentlemen; select house; references.

91ST, 238 WEST—Elegantly furnished large room with private bath and shower; alcove; gentlemen preferred. Riverside 6169.

91ST, 7 WEST (W)—Neat, comfortable room; all conveniences; private family; references, Merodes.

91ST, 150 WEST—Beautiful large front room; phone, electricity; exclusive private house.

91ST, 146 WEST—Large front room, single, small; $8-$5; phone, Lawrence.

91ST, 7 WEST (W)—Parlor, bedroom; twin beds; piano; also double room.

91ST, 61 WEST—Front suite, twin beds; 2 business people; 2 flights.

92D, 294 WEST—Independent front suite; 2, 3 people; or rent separately; Americans; meals optional. Riverside 7091.

92D, 210 (Broadway)—Large, sunny, single, double; immaculate; well heated. 2B.

92D, 61 WEST—Small room, near bath; $7; gentlemen preferred.

93D, 250 WEST (Apt. 10)—Attractive, comfortable suite; separated; conveniences; elevator; reasonable.

93D, 69 WEST—Front, suitable business couple; kitchen privileges. Riverside 7587 (21).

94TH, 205 WEST—Elevator; 2 attractive, light rooms; $8-$12; quiet; refined ladies; references. Riverside 6685, Miss Littlehales.

94TH, 214 RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Beautiful double front room, convenient elevator, telephone. Beck.

94TH, 78 WEST—Clean single and double room; comfortable and reasonable. Ward.

94TH, 71 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms, bath, shower, telephone; gentlemen.

94TH, 40 WEST—Two large rooms, together, separate; parlor floor; all conveniences.

94TH, 75 WEST—Back parlor, real kitchen, private bath; $20; other rooms.

94TH, 311 WEST—Clean, sunny, outside room; gentlemen. Apt. 6E.

94TH, 314 WEST—Large room; 1, 2; private family. Apt. 4W.

95TH, 115 WEST—Attractive large room, running water; exclusive; references; gentlemen; reasonable.

95TH, 310 (Apt. 61)—Warm room; plenty sunshine; every convenience. Riverside 0300.

95TH, 157 WEST—Beautifully furnished large double room, adjoining bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

95TH, 255 WEST—Large outside room, bath, shower adjoining. Schillman, 4 west.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

95TH, 316 WEST—Medium, adjoining bath, refined surroundings; gentleman. Apt. 32.

95TH, 52 WEST—Front parlor, private bath; back parlor, kitchenette; medium room.

96TH ST., 33 WEST.
Newly furnished large rooms, some en suite, select private house; unusual opportunity.

96TH WEST—Attractive front parlor, bedroom adjoining; suitable 2-3 refined business ladies; private family. Riverside 5392.

96TH, 43 WEST—Large front and back parlor, improvements; reasonable; private bath.

96TH, 166 WEST—Nicely furnished room; all improvements; one flight. Shanley.

97TH, 311 WEST—Large comfortable room, attractively furnished; private lavatory; a real home; gentleman or couple; references. Toliver.

97TH, 209 WEST (Apt. 4E)—Large room, running water, sunny front parlor.

97TH, 230 WEST (5B)—Front room; suitable couple; twin beds; running water.

97TH, 230 WEST—Large, twin beds, medium, $10; small (lavatory), $7. 6A.

98TH, 316 WEST—Newly furnished, comfortable; modern conveniences; $15 up. Riverside 10022.

99TH, 248 WEST—Large front room, couch bed, electricity, suitable 2; $12.

100TH, 219 WEST—Attractive bright warm bath adjoining; private family. Apt. 3E.

101ST, 230 WEST (Broadway)—Cheerful, homey single, adjoining bath; elevator; Americans. 6

MALE HELP WANTED.

BOYS WANTED.

A large insurance company will give employment to boys 17 years of age or over; high school training preferred; unusual chances for advancement; free gymnasium and educational classes.

HOURS 8:30 TO 4:30 O'CLOCK. SATURDAYS 9 TO 12 O'CLOCK.

LUNCHEONS ARE PROVIDED FREE.

Apply in person, between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

BOY, strong, for errands and stock room. Bellhop Fraser, 222 Canal St.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, white; must have highest references. 228 West 76th St.

COUPLE, man as chauffeur and useful; wife housework; good home; wages $130. apply before noon, H. E. Wittemann, 186 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 2900.

DRAFTSMAN, Structural Steel—Clean-cut, ambitious man, with several years' experience, desires a position leading to executive work; one whose training will be valuable. J. B. Williamson, 53 Park Place.

DRAFTSMAN.
ORNAMENTAL IRON.
Experienced man wanted; must be able to make shop details; steady position. C. E. Melbeck & Co., 189 Banker St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, thoroughly experienced on ornamental iron works; steady position, excellent working conditions; state experience and salary. S 54 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, good all round man; city work; new buildings; alterations. Y 2077 Times Annex.

ESTIMATOR Wanted—Assistant to general estimator, by responsible building firm requiring accuracy in masonry and carpentry estimates; state experience, references and salary. Y 2117 Times Annex.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted to take care of bookkeeping, correspondence and routine work. Apply in handwriting only, giving full particulars, age, experience, references and salary expected. Bertrel Thermical Co., 142 Lincoln Av., Bronx, New York City.

GENERAL building estimator wanted, expert; best references required; state experience; give telephone; replies treated confidentially. Y 2095 Times Annex.

INSPECTORS for elevators; must be mechanics or machinists who have served time in construction or erection of high-speed electric traveling; board and salary expense paid; state experience and salary. J. C. P. O. Box 150, Trinity Station, New York.

MANAGERS wanted, one for large ready-to-wear store, one for credit store out of town; to receive attention state fully in first letter your record for past ten years, references, salary expected. E 240 Times.

MANAGER, general, chain restaurants opening new stores; salary to start $5,000; write experiences and references. Y 2068 Times Annex.

NEWSPAPER MAN.
Advertising manager wanted on Long Island weekly; state salary expected. Y 2114 Times Annex.

NEWSPAPER MAN
Wanted to edit Long Island weekly; experience on weekly required; state salary expected. Y 2113 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY.

BOY, strong, for errands and stock room. Bellhop Fraser, 222 Canal St.

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NEWSPAPER MAN.
Advertising manager wanted on Long Island weekly; state salary expected. Y 2113 Times Annex.

NEWSPAPER MAN
Wanted to edit Long Island weekly; experience on weekly required; state salary expected. Y 2115 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, bright, neat; salary $10; apply by letter only. Kalter-Cerf Mercantile Co., 291 Broadway, City.

OFFICE MANAGER and Confidential Clerk—Unusual position open in law office appealing to patent law for a man who can fill necessary requirement of personality, sufficient knowledge of law procedure, for office management purposes, executive ability and ability to meet men; compensation adequate to right man. S 878 Times Downtown.

PACKER, experienced, for perfumery house; reliable and accurate man; good salary. S 116 Times.

PAWNBROKER'S CLERK, must be experienced salesman and able to take care of stock; salary. R 1,160 Times Harlem.

PENCIL PRINTER wanted; thoroughly experienced; steady position. Union Pencil Co., 67 Broadway.

RADIOGRAPHIC TECHNICIAN wanted. Apply X-ray Department, Post Graduate Hospital, 26th St. and 2d Av.

SUPERINTENDENT for lighting fixture factory in Western city, where conditions are ideal; must be good executive and be able to turn out high-grade fixtures. Y 2126 Times Annex.

UMBRELLA MAN to take complete charge of factory; must be expert cutter and know much of the work; good proposition to right party; state full particulars of experience. Durable Umbrella Co., Ltd., 27 Front St. East, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

WINDOW TRIMMER with selling ability; steady position; state age, experience and salary desired; give references. Y 2097 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, about 19-20 years old, high school graduate, with not more than one year's experience estimating department of structural steel company; give complete information present and past employers, age and salary; confidential treatment assured. Y 2118 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN—Intelligent, good appearing young man, about 18 years, high school graduate, for a large wholesale house; need not be experienced; one who is willing to work hard will find an excellent opportunity for advancement. P 267 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, in a busy law office; opportunity to learn about law; duties full particulars, giving age, nationality, education, religion, references and salary wanted. D 821 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, by importer; good opportunity to learn business; state age, salary and religion. S 109 Times.

YOUNG MAN, inside, who knows house furnishing line. Radus, 78 Bowery.

LAUNDRY—Outside man for laundry handling family work, to help in building up route; an experienced route man preferred; must have laundry experience and good references. Call Mr. Graham, Manhattan Laundry, 338 Mercer St., Jersey City.

SEE the world; good pay aboard ocean liners stewards, waiters, bellboys, watchman, etc. For information send stamped addressed envelope Box 16, City Hall Station.

Salesmen.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN with successful sales record; well known medium priced car; extra special commission basis. Manager, 1,401 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

BOND SALESMEN.
If you have initiative and personality and can sell an unusually liked and profitable investment, there is a permanent and pleasant association awaiting you with a financial corporation of standing and responsibility; full cooperation and leads; commission basis. Give full details by letter only to J. A. Myers, 45 West 57th St.

SILK SALESMEN.
Experienced only; straight commission basis; drawing account will be given to party furnishing proof of experience and ability. S 89 Times.

STATIONERY SALESMEN,
experienced, large commercial retail store; inside position; good salary and excellent future. Goldsmith Bros., 71 Nassau St.

SALESMEN.
Men can earn big commissions selling real estate to interested parties who have answered our advertisements; live leads make it possible to average $112 per sale. Some of our men have made $600 to $700 per week in commissions; positions permanent. Call 9 to 5, Suite 1203, 350 Madison Av.

SALESMEN.
To sell Ford cars; good field for live wires, office cooperation; drawing account against commission. Apply between 5 and 6 P. M. JAMAICA AUTO AND SUPPLY CO. 18 Bergen Av., Jamaica.

SALESMAN TO SELL A CIRCULARIZING SERVICE TO MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN NEW YORK CITY; LIVE WIRE CLASSIFIED PERMANENTLY MOST PROGRESSIVE AND SATISFACTORY SELLING FIELD; EARNINGS OF $5,000 TO $10,000; COMMISSION BASIS. MAIL PRODUCING CO., 30 EAST 23D ST.

SALESMEN, capable, energetic, calling on jewelry trade to sell guaranteed overalls locally and out of town; full time or spare time; liberal commission basis; commissions paid by mail or call on manufacturing plant, 709 Throop Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN—Here is your opportunity to join New York's most progressive Ford dealer's sales force, selling pleasure cars to responsible experienced men; permanent selling connection essential; commission basis. Apply to Branch Salesroom, Ford Sales, Inc., 222 West 34th.

SALESMEN—PARQUET FLOORING. Experienced salesmen in charge of territory in Ohio, Illinois, Pennsylvania and Indiana; terms, conditions and salary basis. Address, with full particulars, Box 1,000 Times Annex.

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SALESMEN—PARQUET FLOORING. Experienced salesmen in charge of territory in Ohio, Illinois, Pennsylvania and Indiana; terms, conditions and salary basis. Address, with full particulars, Box 1,000 Times Annex.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The War Department published these orders today:

Medical Corps.

Holmes, Maj. C. D., from Panama Canal to Ft. Sill, Okla.

Krafft, Maj. H. L., from Panama Canal to Ft. Humphreys, Va.

Cox, Capt. W. C., from Panama Canal to Army Med. School, Washington.

Brooks, Capt. J. F., from Panama Canal to Ft. Jay.

Miscellaneous.

Pick, Lt. Col. W. R., Vy. Corps to New York and sail for Manila about Dec. 12.

Todd, 1st Lt. W. N. Jr., Cav., to Ft. Riley.

Moor, 1st Lt. R. D., Air Svce., to Honolulu from San Francisco about Feb. 15.

Resignation.

Fumby, 1st Lt. U. L., Inf.

Leaves.

MacNab, Col. A. J., Jr., Inf., 1 mo. ext.

Pick, Lt. Col. W. R., Vy. Corps, 10 days.

Russell, Lt. Col. G. M., Cav., 15 days.

Lewis, 1st Lt. H. L., Inf., 1 mo. 10 days.

Reichle, 1st Lt. F. A., F. A., 15 days ext.

Nold, 1st Lt. G. J., C. of E., 1 mo.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 24.—These National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

COMMISSIONS.

Mason, Capt. Frederick R., 27th Div., special troops, for assignment to Med. Dept. detachment.

Price, 2d Lt. William L., 27th Div., special troops, for assignment to Hdqrs Co.

Itjen, 2d Lt. Eugene M., 71st Inf., for assignment to Co. A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Jutter, Capt. J. Edward Jr., 104th Field Art.; Kobe, 2d Lt. Earnest, 105th Field Art., hon. discharged.

Meaney, Maj. Martin H., Lannen, Capt. John J., Quinn, Capt. Joseph P., detailed to active duty without pay for 90 days, to 165th Inf.

Quinn, Joseph H., having held the rank of Captain 165th Inf., and been honorably discharged, is placed upon the State reserve list for commissioned officers.

Naval Orders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

LIEUTENANTS.

Jennings, R. E., to the Idaho.

Hollander, B., resignation accepted.

O'Connor, J. J., and Johnson, H. W., to Rec. Ship at San Francisco.

Beck, F. C., to temporary duty nearest Rec. Ship pending transportation to Honolulu.

Mattox, R. H., to Rec. Ship at N. Y.

McLelland, R. L., to Bur. of Yds. and Docks, Washington.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen

SALESMEN to sell a well-known motor truck, factory branch connection largest; straight commission in city paid. Rite Motors Corps, Hulst Street and Queens Boulevard, L. I. C.

SALESMAN to work New York offices and local trade on infants' wear to be used as side line; one who has experience; salary against commission only; answer by letter. S 115 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced clothing, for permanent position; good salary. Kramer & Co., 481 Bergenline Av., West Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMAN to sell men's clothing, city trade; good opportunity; commission basis. S 45 Times.

HOSIERY FIRM wants side-line salesman; one number ladies' silk stocking; all territories; commission. Puretex, 350 Broadway.

GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB requires services of two high-grade men of good connections to interview and sign applicants desirous of becoming members; liberal commission basis. Apply in person, John Victoria, 7th floor, 881 Broadway.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANCY.
Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as Controller, Treasurer, or Office Manager? If so, investigate the professional courses of Pace Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Market Value," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FOR SALE.

MOVIE camera (Universal 200 ft.), hardly used, automatic dissolve, 2 extra magazines, special back focusing attachment, Goerz iris, device and sunshade, tripod, all $395; owner leaving today. Brooklyn Braid Co., 59 East 9th St., New York. Stuyvesant 9392.

SAFES, guaranteed like new; all sizes at unheard of prices; cash or terms to suit. Same Safe Co., 216 Centre St. and 145 Grand St., Tel. Canal 0181.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

GERMAN shepherd dog, imported male, year and a half old, can be seen at 735 Lexington Av. Store.

House Furnishings.

NEW FURNITURE OF CLASS
AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
French walnut dining room suites with imported tapestry chairs overstuffed.
FRENCH WALNUT BOUDOIR SUITES.
Hanging mirrors, vanity in three parts.
SOME FINE TWIN SUITES.
BANKERS' STOCK OF LIVING ROOM SUITES IN IMPORTED MOHAIR.
Also used furniture of all kinds.
TIMMINS' STORAGE WAREHOUSES,
237-239-241-243-245-247 West 117th St.

BEAUTIFUL DINING ROOM SUITE.
12 pieces, worth $1,500; sacrifice immediately, $350; large mahogany table, mirror, chairs, desk from Hampton Shops, beautiful rugs, Tiffany lamps, tapestries. See to appreciate. Croxton, 17 West 49th.

BEAUTIFUL contents four-room apartment, including small baby grand piano; everything like new; ideal for newly married couple; owner going abroad; must sell quickly. Call Yonkers 4903.

FURNISHINGS complete, five-room apartment, including silver, glass, linen, radio, Victrola, piano, complete kitchen equipment; will consider reasonable offer. Telephone Stanbury, Morningside 3500.

MUST SACRIFICE my newly furnished apartment of 4 rooms; will sell furniture in apartment together or apart; rent $70. 204 West 100th St., Apt. C.

APARTMENT, 3 rooms; ideal for bachelor, couple; Atwater 5-tube radio, Chinese rugs. Call 23 West 64th, Apartment 2A.

ELECTRIC GRILL, nursery ice box, ice cream freezer, curtains, kitchen utensils, books. 10 Fort Washington Av. Apt. 107A.

GOING SOUTH, sacrifice 10-piece walnut bedroom suit, parlor, dining suite, library table, lace panels. Bradhurst 0177.

COMPLETELY furnished 6-room apartment, including bedding; no dealers. 509 West 122d St. Apt. 11. Morningside 4670.

BEDROOM and living room suite, new, for sale. Call all week, 241 West 109th St., Apt. 5B.

ORIENTAL RUGS,
Persians, 9x12, $30-$170; sell at once. Rupel, 410 West 128th.

CONTENTS of mansion being sacrificed. 809 West 106th St.

Musical Instruments.

PIANO OPPORTUNITIES.
Mason-Hamlin baby grand, almost new; Steinway parlor grand, practically new; Steinway miniature, equal new.
Weser upright, mandolin attachment, perfect.
STEINWAY STORAGE WAREHOUSE,
257-259-261-263-265-267 WEST 117TH ST.

BOHMER, mahogany baby grand; like new; Knabe concert grand, fine condition; Mason-Hamlin two-manual, pedal-bass organs. Dolt, cor. Elton Av. & 157th St., Bronx.

PIANO, Steinway; make offer; no dealers. Paul Hulfer's, 1,339 3d Av. Ask for Mr. Devendor.

STEINWAY baby grand, $650. Curtis, 2,095 Lexington Av. (125th St.).

Office Furniture and Supplies.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables; leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time clocks and safes. Nathan's, 548 Broadway (near Prince St.).

SANITARY desks, chairs, tables, steel and wood cabinets, steel shelving; bargain. Truckman, 103 Walker St.

Wearing Apparel.

COAT—Very exceptional bargain; full length gorgeous peekskin coat; never worn; will sacrifice for $85. Phone Decatur 4537H.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

FURNITURE WANTED.
Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; rugs, works of art. S. Henry, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 5017.

BOUGHT for highest cash price contents of residences, apartments, hotels; pianos, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs, &c. Jones, 161 East 125th. Harlem 7267.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 8798.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes, &c. Poulson, 137 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10143.

QUICK—CONFIDENTIAL ACTION—CASH for diamonds, watches, jewelry, pawnbrokers' pledges. 707 West 48th. Bryant 4761.

STEINWAY or Knabe baby grand wanted. Taylor, 257 West 117th. University 1321.

OFFICE FURNITURE bought any amount; highest prices paid. Tel. Canal 4178.

GRAND PIANO wanted; late player piano. Store Pur. Exchange, 124 Fifth Av.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Pressure was low Friday night over the Canadian Maritime Provinces, the Canadian Northwest and the North Pacific States, and it was high over practically all other regions. The weather has continued fair except for local rains along the North Pacific coast. The temperature was somewhat higher Friday almost generally except in the northern Rocky Mountain and southern plateau regions. There were frosts, however, Friday morning as far south as the northern portions of Texas and Louisiana and the central portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina.

The weather will continue fair without material change in temperature almost generally east of the Mississippi River during the next two or three days. Local rains are probable, however, in Florida on Sunday.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M. and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Station.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	64	34	30.36		Clear
Albany	68	38	30.36		Clear
Atlanta	64	44	30.44		Clear
Atlantic City	68	46	30.38		Clear
Baltimore	68	46	30.40		Clear
Bismarck	70	44	30.02		Clear
Boston	68	46	30.32		Clear
Buffalo	54	44	30.46		Clear
Charleston	74	54	30.36		Clear
Chicago	62	46	30.52		Clear
Cincinnati	70	32	30.54		Cloudy
Cleveland	60	42	30.50		Clear
Denver	70	42	30.16		Clear
Detroit	68	42	30.52		Clear
Galveston	68	56	30.34		Clear
Helena	68	42	30.06		Clear
Indianapolis	60	40	30.52		Clear
Jacksonville	84	54	30.24		Cloudy
Kansas City	64	42	30.42		Clear
Los Angeles	74	52	29.98		Clear
Milwaukee	70	42	30.48		Clear
Minn.-St. Paul	62	38	30.24		Clear
New Orleans	66	52	30.32		Clear
New York	66	44	30.38		Clear
Oklahoma	64	46	30.38		Clear
Philadelphia	66	48	30.38		Clear
Pittsburgh	60	40	30.50		Clear
Portland, Me.	68	42	30.32		Clear
Portland, Ore.	64	54	29.92	.08	Rain
Salt Lake City	62	48	30.18		Clear
San Antonio	70	48	30.32		Clear
San Diego	62	50	29.90		Clear
San Francisco	72	56	30.04		Clear
Seattle	56	50	29.92	.32	Rain
St. Louis	64	44	30.46		Clear
Tampa	78				Cloudy
Washington	66	38	30.42		Clear

Northern New England, Southern New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, District of Columbia, Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperatures.

3 AM	46	12 M	61	8 PM	63
6 AM	47	1 PM	63	7 PM	62
8 AM	48	2 PM	64	8 PM	61
9 AM	51	3 PM	64	9 PM	60
10 AM	58	4 PM	64	10 PM	59
11 AM	59	5 PM	64		

Average temperature yesterday, 56.
Average same date last year, 61.
Average same date for 46 years, 53.
High yesterday, 67, at 3:30 P. M.; low, 45, at 4 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 30.23; 8 P. M., 30.36.
Humidity—8 A. M., 80; 8 P. M., 49.
Wind—8 A. M., northwest, velocity 10 miles; 8 P. M., west, velocity 14 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., clear.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Forecast:

North Carolina and South Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Georgia—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; little change in temperature.

Florida—Mostly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; probably local rains this section.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Saturday and Sunday, except possibly local rains on Coast Sunday; little change in temperature.

Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio—Fair Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Illinois—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; moderate temperature.

Indiana—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; moderate temperature.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; continued mild.

Iowa and Wisconsin—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; mild temperature.

Missouri—Fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly warmer.

North Dakota and Minnesota—Fair Saturday, Sunday, increasing cloudiness; mild temperature.

Nebraska and South Dakota—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; mild temperature.

Kansas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly warmer Saturday.

Montana—Increasing cloudiness Saturday. Sunday, probably unsettled; showers west and central; continued mild.

Wyoming—Fair Saturday and Sunday, except possibly showers Sunday extreme northwest; continued mild.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday; warmer north Sunday, fair; warmer in interior. Western Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature north and east.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:20—238 7 Av.; A. Schwartz		Trifling
1:00—1,594 Park Av.; not given		Trifling
4:30—81 Chrystie St.; Siegel Jewelry Co.		Not given
7:30—96 St. and Columbus Av.; municipal bus		Not given
9:15—196 St. and Briggs Ac., the Bronx (auto); not given		Not given
9:55—3300 E. 173 St., the Bronx; not given		Trifling
10:20—200 W. 140th St.; Sarah Cindel		Not given
10:15—87 E. 111 St. (auto in garage); not given		Not given
10:30—150 E. 63 St.; not given		None
12:00—87 Pitt St.; Sadie Rubenstein		Not given
P. M.		
12:20—56 W. 50 St.; not given		Trifling
3:20—652 Water St., A. Kaufman		Not given
2:00—1,080 East Chester Road, Bronx; G. Ferrello		Not given
2:10—90 E. 3 St., Minetowitz		Not given
2:10—337 E. 56 St.; not given		Trifling
2:10—496 Broadway; L. Schwartz		Not given
4:30—Lexington Av. and 59 St.; M. Keating		Slight
4:45—649 Columbus Av.; E. Ling		Slight
5:30—Washington Av. and 189 St., Bronx (a wagon); not given		Not given
5:45—287 E. 121 St.; not given		Slight
5:55—51 Bond St.; Borkowitz Manufacturing Co.		Not given
6:00—58 St. and 5 Av. (auto); M. Kohsman		Slight
6:40—2,432 Grand Concourse, Bronx; not given		Not given
6:40—238 St. and Martha Av.; grass fire		Not given
6:50—406 E. 10f St.; F. Condalisi		Not given
7:15—2,412 2d Av.; "L" structure		Trifling
7:15—261 E. 150 St.; C. Sapone		Not given
7:30—241 W. 43 St.; not given		Slight
8:00—1,039 E. 28 St.; C. Stoller		Not given
8:10—St. Nicholas Av. and 155 St.; not given		Trifling
9:00—97 Willet St.; D. Enner		Slight

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—In the Supreme Court of the United States today, L. H. Solomon of New York City was admitted to practice in the proceedings were as follows:

129—C. V. Duffy, collr., &c., petr., vs. the Cent. R. R. Co. of N. J.—Passed, to be restored to the call, on motion of counsel for petr.

130—T. S. Yeiser, pltf., vs. T. B. Dysart, et al.—Submitted for pltf. No brief filed for defts.

131—The St. John's Electric Co., applt., vs. the City of St. Augustine, &c., et al.—Passed, to be restored to the call.

107—Same vs. same—Passed, to be restored to the call.

108—A. W. Duckett & Co., Inc., applt., vs. the U. S.—Argument concluded for applee.

112—Y. G. Morrison Jr., et al., applts., vs. H. Work, Secy. of Int., et al.—Argued.

115—B. & O. R. R. Co., petr., vs. P. Grooger—Argued.

Adjourned until Monday next.

Earthquake Shakes English Towns.

BIRMINGHAM, England, Oct. 24.—Severe earth tremors, lasting four minutes, were felt within a radius of thirty miles of Birmingham today. Although the buildings in Birmingham were badly shaken, no damage has been reported. Among the places where the movement was felt were Walsall, Rinver, Wednesbury, Bromsgrove and West Bromwich.

Fascist Revolution Day a Holiday.

ROME, Oct. 24.—Premier Mussolini has ordered that Oct. 28, the second anniversary of the Fascist march on Rome, shall be observed as a national fete day. All the public offices will be bedlagged and illuminated and the civil servants, judges and students are to have a holiday.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Transfers and Assignments.

LIEUTENANTS—Eugene C. Casey, from 19th Precinct to 49th, assignment to desk duty continued; Michael J. Tormey, from 49th Precinct to 1st Division, assignment to desk duty continued.

SERGEANT—John J. McCarthy, from 21st Precinct to 3d.

PATROLMEN.

Elmer Barry, from 28th Precinct to 51st; Harry J. Schutter, from 43d Precinct to Traffic, Precinct D, assigned to duty in traffic towers; Frank Sario, from 51st Precinct to 28th.

From precincts indicated to Traffic Precinct A—Frank J. Canlon, 1; Edward J. Cooney, 50; Thomas J. Cassidy, 5.

From precincts indicated to Traffic Precinct B—Patrick J. Moran, 3; Michael J. Wallace, 9; Thomas J. Gorman, 13; James M. Monaghan, 9; Cornelius Marnen, 8-A; William A. O'Neill, 12.

From precincts indicated to Traffic Precinct C—James O. Mangan, 2; Patrick A. Murphy, 13.

Temporary Assignments.

PATROLMEN—Thomas J. McAdam, 2d Precinct to 13th Division, to duty in raided premises, for 23 days, from Oct. 24.

William Croughan and Edward Curry, 4th Precinct to 13th Division, Public Office Squad, to duty in office of Department of Public Markets, Municipal Building, to Nov. 16; John P. Carney, 41st Precinct to 13th Division, Training School, assigned to duty in School of Education, to Nov. 23; William F. Kingston, Traffic Precinct A, to 18th Division, Quartermaster's Department, to duty in Division of Supplies, to Nov. 1; William J. Cassidy, Traffic Precinct C to 11th Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, Oct. 28.

Assignments Discontinued.

PATROLMEN—Hugh A. Riley, 1st Precinct to 11th Division (temporary); Albert A. Schweitzer, 2d Precinct to 13th Division, Training School (temporary).

Leave Without Pay.

PATROLMAN—Francis M. Kelly, 88th Precinct, for 4 days, from Oct. 20.

Sick Leave Granted.

PATROLMAN—James J. Neville, 51st Precinct, for 15 days, from Oct. 23.

Suspended Without Pay.

PATROLMAN—Charles E. Fields, 7th Precinct.

Resignations Accepted.

PATROLMEN—Peter J. McMenomey, 65th Precinct; Leonhardt G. Bender, Traffic Precinct A.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMAN—Walter C. Wood, 13th Division, Training School.

Fire Department.

Chief Kenlon made these announcements yesterday:

Appointed as uniformed firemen, for probationary three months, at $1,200 per annum—Lawrence R. Solon, assigned to H. & L. 110; Peter J. McMenomey, to Eng. 213.

Following companies will report at Company School, 157-159 East 67th St., Manhattan, at time and date specified.

Monday, Nov. 3, 10 A. M., Eng. 91 (1st sec.), 1 P. M., Eng. 46.

Wednesday, Nov. 5, 10 A. M., Eng. 70; 1 P. M., Eng. 236.

Thursday, Nov. 6, 10 A. M., Eng. 50; 1 P. M., Eng. 284.

Friday, Nov. 7, 10 A. M., H. & L. 4; 1 P. M., H. & L. 136.

Saturday, Nov. 8, 10 A. M., H. & L. 49; 1 P. M., H. & L. 21 (1st sec.).

Members of the Department Band and Bugle and Drum Corps will report to Engineer John D. Schuyler, at Saratoga Avenue and Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, at 2 P. M., Tuesday, Oct. 28.

Special leave of absence is hereby granted Uniformed Fireman Thomas J. Cahill, Engine Co. 201, for 5 days, from 9 A. M., Oct. 27.

Estates Appraised.

New York.

GUFFIN, CLARA (April 12). Estate, $14,-007; divided between daughter, Camille, who gets $10,414, and son, Henry, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., executor, who gets $2,864.

HAGAN, DANIEL P. (Jan. 13). Estate, $7,664, divided among widow Nina, of 328 East Ninetieth Street, administratrix, who gets $6,104, and seven relatives, who divide the residue equally.

JACOB, JOHN F. (Feb. 24, 1923). Estate, $6,266; to relatives. Anna Jacob of 315 East Ninetieth Street, executrix.

LIES, GEORGE M. (April 30). Estate, $890,829, to daughter Harriet Kreisler, of 119 West Fifty-seventh Street, executrix, after small legacies to relatives and friends.

METZGER, BERTHA (Sept. 12, 1923). Estate, $185,870, to grandchildren, Herbert and Amy. Otto J. Metzger of 301 West Ninety-fourth Street, one of three executors.

MORRISON, DAVID M. (Sept. 6, 1923). Estate, $868,631, divided among children, Putnam, Natalie M., Florence, Lulu M., Lingue and Abby. Putnam M. Morrison of 47 Gramercy Park one of four executors.

SIVIN, ISAAC (Sept. 4, 1923). Estate, $179,944, divided among widow Stella, who gets $144,833; Beth Israel Hospital and Young Women's Hebrew Association, which get $500 each; brother, Nathan; sister, Sadie Sitron; friend, Helena Sivin, who get $2,000 each; sister, Mary Rabinowitz, who gets $5,000, and niece, Zipa, who gets $2,000. Isabella Sivin of 601 West 113th Street, executrix.

STEVENS, JULIA D. (March 23, 1923). Estate, $62,200, divided among relatives. Henry Bade of 178 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, one of two executors.

Kings.

CHATTERLEY, FREDERICK (Aug. 25, 1923). Net estate, $10,574, in shares of one-third to each of three daughters, Louise C. Daniels, administratrix, 600 East Nineteenth Street; Sarah C. Turner and Nell C. Fay, 34 DeKoven Court. The estate includes bank deposits, $1,178; bonds and bonds, $8,039, and a membership in the New York Produce Exchange, $1,300.

HASSACK, ROSE M. (Feb. 20). Gross estate to net, $624. To a daughter, Grace G. Hassack, 43 Winfield Avenue, Jersey City. M. A. and Wilhelmina S. A. Becker, executors, 43 Winfield Av., Jersey City. The estate consists entirely of realty.

SMITH, HOWARD M. (July 5). Gross estate, $264,181; net, $246,584. Legacies of $5,000 to each of three nieces, Lydia P. Brewbridge, 847 Allen Street; Florence E. Sherwood, 917 Eighteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., and Carrie I. Moulter, 238 Central Avenue, and nephews, H. W. Smith, 1,288 Bergen Street; F. W. and E. S. Smith, Camilles, N. Y.; to a nephew, L. B. Smith, 33 McDonough Street, $21,282; several bequests of $2,000 to others, and the residuary estate, amounting to $170,312, to a step-daughter, Florence Rector Smith, a co-executor, 35 McDonough Street. The estate includes realty, at 35 McDonough Street, $30,000; bank deposits, $3,280; mortgages, notes, &c., $44,195; stocks and bonds, $169,-704, including preferred of the Royal Baking Powder Co., 200 shares, $19,225; common, 235 shares, $31,137; Remington Typewriter Co., 200 shares preferred, $18,300; Peoples' Trust Co., 75 shares, $31,500; Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, 30 shares, $300.

BREAIGHT, JAMES W. (Oct. 12, 1923). Gross estate, $20,841; net, $19,357. To a sister, Mary E. S. Lawrence, a co-executrix, $5,528; residuary estate to widow, Emma Speaight, a co-executrix, 257 Flatbush Avenue, $15,528. The estate consists of bank deposits, $5,123; stocks and bonds, $15,504.

Westchester.

COCHRAN, JAMES (May 20). Estate, $27,683, to widow, Emily, of White Plains, N. Y., executrix.

DAWSON, JOHN (Jan. 27, 1922). Estate, $161,063, to widow, Isabella, of 174 Rich Avenue, one of two executors, who gets $143,290.

FAIRBANKS, ERNEST A. (April 30, 1923). Estate, $90,468, to

Business Opportunities

Rate One Dollar an agate line.

Bank and business references required. $100 reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money fraudulently through announcements in The New York Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

ADVERTISER HAS THE FOLLOWING: $25,000 cash; valuable formulas for the manufacture of cosmetics; rare ability for marketing same; he seeks a partner, preferably a lady of refined taste with an equal amount of money who would be willing to take charge of a distinctive beauty shop located in the '50s just off 5th Av. For further particulars write to P. O. Box 1282, City Hall Station, N. Y.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY.
An automobile manufacturer is desirous of hearing from principals who would consider selling one of the oldest popular cars in an exclusive local territory; about $10,000 is needed, and every assistance and cooperation will be given to those desirous of entering this business. S 56 Times.

A BONA FIDE APARTMENT BUILDING operation requires additional financing, approximately $30,000; investment amply secured; substantial profit and a real business. M 230 Times.

$30,000 CASH INVESTMENT, ABSOLUTELY secured; exceptional returns annually plus 50% of profits; conservative business in experienced hands. V 915 Times Downtown.

OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE OR TWO FINANCIALLY responsible young men to obtain high grade automobile agency covering densely populated section. Y 2128 Times Annex.

RELIABLE PARTY WITH $3,000 CAN join hands with a reliable man in a great chance to make money; references exchanged. C 573 Times.

HAVE HALF INTEREST PAYING ESTABLISHED business; account moving foreign country, will sell for $15,000. K 971 Times Downtown.

$50,000 TO FINANCE BUSINESS; NO SPECULATION; large turnover assured; large profits. G 294 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

DISTRIBUTER—PRODUCT SELL TO ALL industries and 90 out of every 100 men and women; start independent business with $100. Lorisa Co., 799 Broadway.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN HAS $5,000 AND services to invest in a well-established business; give full particulars. M 708 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

HAVING SOLD MY BUSINESS I WANT TO connect with a high-class house who wish to extend their business up-State; have had over twenty years' executive and selling experience and any kind of reference can be given. Address J. B., Box 24, Salina Station, Syracuse, N. Y.

MAIL ORDER BUSINESS—COMPLETE, IN-expensive holiday campaign for beginners; call for information. Mail Order News, 500 8th Av.

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

COMPLETE DRESS PLANT, 16 MACHINES ready to work; cheap rental in modern building on 22d St. Phone Madison Square 8368.

Stores and Shops.

BAKER'S WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY!!!
FOR SALE OR LEASE,
new bakery, in best location in Flatbush; two American ovens, tiled store, floor to ceiling; every improvement; apartments above; also corner store and apartments above. Apply on premises, Foster Av. and East 15th St., one block from Newkirk Av. station, Brighton line. Evergreen 7688 or Mansfield 2453. S. Deitz, builder.
BROKERS ABSOLUTELY PROTECTED.

GOOD INVESTMENT—MILLINERY STORE for sale, being in business for 12 years; good location, on Springfield Av., Newark, N. J. Inquire at Simon, 211 Court St., Newark, N. J.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS, WILL SELL well established dressmaking, cutting, fitting system; at sacrifice. Efeon System, 2,328 Broadway (85th).

Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

TEA ROOM, OR RENT; LONG LEASE; ready for business. Inquire 117 West 48th.

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FOLLOW "MAIER" FOR GOOD GARAGES. 100 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 0248.

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WONDERFUL LOCATION FOR FIRST-class drug store, large corner store in new building on main street, between large new theatre and railroad station in one of Long Island's highest class and most rapidly growing towns. Apply State & City Realty Co., 358 5th Av. Pitzroy 4329.

WONDERFUL LOCATION FOR FIRST-class drug store, best Main St. corner; 12,000 population; stores for baker, haberdasher, 5c and 10c, also. Write F. S., 500 Times Downtown.

Miscellaneous.

HIGH-GRADE ESTABLISHED, SYSTEM-atized mail order firm, with offices at Detroit, Cleveland, and headquarters at Buffalo, doing average profitable business of $1,500 weekly in general hosiery line; the owner must sell account ill health; will reply to those who are strictly interested and in a position to invest at least $5,000 cash; balance on satisfactory terms. Address J. Goldberg, 141 West Delavan Av., Buffalo, N. Y.

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TWO CROWN PRINCES CONFER IN BAVARIA

The Ex-Kaiser Is Reported to Have Advised an Agreement on Monarchist Program.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 24.—Inquiries at the headquarters of the German Nationalist Party today elicited the statement that the reported conference between Count Westarp and the ex-Crown Prince did take place, but that the only question discussed was whether the Crown Prince had any special wishes regarding the embodiment of the monarchistic idea in the Nationalist platform. The Crown Prince replied that his father must be consulted. No mandate was offered the Crown Prince.

This is the Nationalist version. From another source it was reported that Wilhelm advised that the Crown Prince immediately leave for Munich and consult the Bavarian Crown Prince to avoid any collision with the House of Wittelsbach, which also nurses strong hopes for the restoration of the throne.

Consequently the Crown Prince yesterday left for Munich, where he will be the Bavarian Crown Prince's guest.

PETERS CHALLENGES COOLIDGE ON STRIKE

Says Statement Attributed by Weeks to the President Is Not True.

SHAVER RAISES REWARD

Offers $2,000 for Proof That Boston Mayor Did Not Call Out Troops First.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Andrew J. Peters, former Mayor of Boston, has raised a question of veracity between himself and John W. Weeks, Secretary of War, which directly touches President Coolidge's veracity. This is in connection with the settling of the Boston police strike in 1919.

In a communication received today by Chairman Clem L. Shaver of the Democratic National Committee, Mr. Peters denied a statement made in New York this week by Secretary Weeks quoting President Coolidge as having said, when he was Governor of Massachusetts, to Mayor Peters while the Boston police strike was in progress, that the Mayor had authority to call out the Boston units of the State militia, and that Governor Coolidge would call out additional units if the Mayor requested.

"If Calvin Coolidge did make that statement," said Mr. Peters in his communication to Chairman Shaver, "he said what was not true."

Chairman Shaver thus added another chapter to the already heated controversy over Mr. Coolidge's part in the suppression of the Boston police strike. The first chapter was an article, written by Colonel Stephen Bonsal and published by the Democratic National Committee, which contended that Governor Coolidge had received false credit for suppressing the strike.

A reward of $1,000 offered by Chairman Shaver for proof that this contention was wrong was claimed by The Boston Post, but Mr. Shaver held that the newspaper had not disproved the statements in the Bonsal article and declined to pay. Today, on the basis of the communication from former Mayor Peters, Mr. Shaver increased the reward to $2,000.

Mr. Shaver said:

"My Boston police strike reward is now raised to $2,000.

"Ten days ago I offered a reward of $1,000 to anybody who would prove that we had misstated any fact or suppressed any evidence in our exposure of the fact that Governor Calvin Coolidge had evaded responsibility, refused to take any initiative action whatever to prevent trouble and failed utterly to meet the crisis created by the strike and riots incident thereto.

"Now comes Secretary of War Weeks and denies some of our statements, following several denials by the Boston Post.

"As a result of these efforts of Coolidge partisans to excuse and explain President Coolidge's inaction in the strike situation, I now double my reward. I will pay $2,000 to anybody who shows we have committed any error or suppressed anything.

"Secretary Weeks defended President Coolidge by making the following statement:

"'The day after the policemen went on strike Governor Coolidge made this statement: "When the Mayor and Police Commissioner met in my office Tuesday afternoon I told the Mayor that he was authorized under the law to call out the militia, within the limits of the city, and that I stood ready to call out other units of the State Guard on his request."'

"I have today received the following statement from Andrew J. Peters, the Mayor in question:

"'If Calvin Coolidge did make that statement (the one quoted by Secretary Weeks above) he said what was not true. I asked him (Governor Coolidge) in ample season, to wit, on Sept. 8 (the day before the strike) to order the troops held in readiness. He positively declined. Eight members of the Citizens' Committee were present and heard him refuse my request. At that time, Sept. 8, I had no authority to take over the police force or order out the State guard units located in Boston, as rioting had not then occurred.'

"The remainder of former Mayor Peters's statement, bearing directly on the points in question, taking direct issue with the defenders of and explainers for President Coolidge, and sustaining specifically and unqualifiedly the Democratic committee's original expose, is as follows:

"'I started the machinery of getting the troops out at 8 A. M. (Wednesday Sept. 10, the day after the strike and the morning after the night riots). Shortly after 9 o'clock the necessary papers had been drawn up. Then I immediately dispatched an order to the Police Commissioner taking over the Police Department.

"'Precepts were issued to the units of the State guard located in the city of Boston calling them out, and a request was sent to the Governor asking for three additional regiments. The order to the Police Commissioner, the letter to the Governor and the precepts to the State officials were all issued immediately and before any communication had been received from the Governor or Police Commissioner.

"'This may be confirmed by Alexander Whiteside, corporation counsel; Arthur D. Hill, succeeding corporation counsel; my secretary, E. V. B. Parke, and General Charles H. Cole, who called personally, at my request, at the Adjutant General's office to expedite our messages.

"'I hereby specifically state that the first communication received by the units of the State Guard located in Boston in connection with the police strike were the precepts sent from my office on Wednesday, Sept. 10, and I hereby challenge The Boston Post (or anybody else) to produce any order that the Governor gave to the State Guard in Boston in preparation for the police strike before the receipt of my precepts.

"To summarize:

"'1. On Sept. 9, before the rioting began, I tried to get the Governor (Calvin Coolidge) and the Police Commissioner to order out the troops in the State and to have them held in readiness. This request was refused, as the Police Commissioner said it was not necessary because he had the situation well in hand and the Governor took the Commissioner's word for it. At this time I had no legal authority to act. If the Governor and the Police Commissioner had acted on Sept. 9 the riots might never have occurred.

"'2. After the rioting had broken out, I had legal authority to take over the police force and call out the State Guard units located in Boston. I acted promptly, took over the forces and requested the Governor to call out the troops outside Boston, which he did.'

"Secretary Weeks also made the following statement:

"'When the crisis came, the Mayor, I believe, was literally and figuratively fast asleep.'

"Mr. Weeks made this remark in the course of an address delivered in New York on Wednesday night last. It was obviously based on an editorial in The Boston Post of last week, which The Post had already retracted and for which it had published an apology to Mr. Peters before Mr. Weeks repeated the slander. It is a fair sample of the accuracy of all of the Secretary's observations on Coolidge and the strike.

"I reiterate the declaration that Mr. Coolidge did nothing to avert the strike, although appealed to by the Mayor and a non-partisan citizens' committee of thirty-four leading men of Boston in ample time to take preventive steps.

"I reiterate that Mr. Coolidge evaded responsibility which was clearly his by virtue of the fact that the police are not under the control of the Mayor, but of a Police Commissioner appointed by the Governor, and by virtue of the further fact that the Mayor could not call out the guard located in the city or take over the Police Department until after rioting had started.

"I reiterate the declaration that Governor Coolidge did nothing before the strike to prevent it, and that Mayor Peters, instead of Governor Coolidge, was the man who dealt with the crisis after the strike, took command, restored order and bore the grave responsibility of the hour.

"I reiterate that Governor Coolidge did not assume control of the situation until 6 P. M. on Thursday, Sept. 11, several hours after the crisis had passed.

"I offer a reward of $2,000 for evidence that will disprove the above statements."

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Children are subject to constipation. In the excitement of play, they neglect themselves and foster this dread disease. More than forty other diseases can be traced to constipation. Don't delay. Begin at once to cleanse their systems of the dangerous poisons.

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Kellogg's Bran, cooked and krumbled, is guaranteed to bring results if eaten regularly, or your grocer will return your money. It is guaranteed because it is ALL bran! Nothing but ALL bran can be 100 per cent effective. Kellogg's Bran is recommended by doctors everywhere—they know from experience that it brings results.

Have your children eat it regularly—two tablespoonfuls daily—in chronic cases, with every meal. They will like its wonderful, nut-like flavor—so different from common brans which are most unpalatable.

As a cereal, with milk or cream, they will enjoy Kellogg's Bran, cooked and krumbled. Sprinkle it over other cereals. Cook it with hot cereals. Try it in delicious muffins, bread, griddle cakes and other recipes given on every package.

But start them eating Kellogg's Bran to-day. Start every member of your family eating it. Kellogg's Bran, cooked and krumbled, is made in Battle Creek and is served in individual packages by the leading hotels and clubs everywhere. Ask for it at your restaurant. It is sold by all grocers.

Mail Order Dept.
125 Summer Street,
Boston, Mass.

Prosperity Planks in the National Platform

I've never heard so much talk about Planks, Platforms, Policies and Politics. Perhaps it's because there were no "Loud Speakers" four years ago, and now everybody is in the air. There's a Third Party in the field.

It seems to me as if there have been enough new Planks used in this Campaign to build a board walk to Russia,—but there are not many of us anxious to travel that way.

And this isn't the worst of it. When you think you've got it all straightened out in your own mind, the next man you meet tells you just how every State in the Union is going to vote.

This Political Prophet shows you why the Electoral College can't elect any candidate, and the House of Representatives and the Senate will pick out a President and Vice-President for you,—but even this wise man won't hazard a guess as to who will be in the White House when a befuddled Congress messes it up.

Everybody agrees that if Coolidge is not elected the whole question will be referred to Washington and thrown into a Congress that's made a reputation for blocs and blockheads.

They will use an old piece of machinery to elect a President, that was designed in 1801, when Jefferson rode to the Capitol on horseback.

This antiquated piece of Political machinery will be greased with Graft. Washington will be infested with Lobbyists, and the chances are you will get a President that's a cross between a Pacifist and a Pink Socialist.

Now I don't know how you feel about it, but I would like to know who I am voting for. I would like to have something to say about who is going to have this little job of President of the United States for the next four years.

We have just given Germany $100,000,000 to put them on their feet, and as far as I can find out conditions in the rest of Europe are getting better. I don't want to see this country get into trouble just as the others are getting out of it.

I would like to see the whole wide world happy and prosperous, but I am principally interested in four more years of Prosperity in the U. S. A.

I like Silence and Success better than Socialism and Sovietism. Brains mean more to Business than a Brainstorm. They produce results without making so much noise.

I prefer Coolidge to Chaos, and according to the present political situation there isn't any other choice in this election.

E. J. Reiss
President
Regal Shoe Company

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